Argenica Therapeutics Limited Appendix 4E Final report

1. Company details

Name of entity: Argenica Therapeutics Limited

ABN: 78 637 578 753

Reporting period: For the year ended 30 June 2024 Previous period: For the year ended 30 June 2023

2. Results for announcement to the market

				\$
Revenues from ordinary activities	up	54%	to	2,790,022
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to the owners of Argenica Therapeutics Limited	up	14%	to	(5,479,488)
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of Argenica Therapeutics Limited	up	14%	to	(5,479,488)
Dividends				

Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2024

Interim dividend for the year ended 30 June 2024

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Amount per

security

Franked

security

amount per

No dividend has been declared.

Comments

The loss for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$5,479,488 (30 June 2023: \$4,090,752).

Revenue recognised during the financial year included a \$2,089,308 (30 June 2023: \$1,377,917) R&D tax incentive rebate, \$32,000 (30 June 2023: \$350,000) in non-dilutive contributions from donors to fund research activities, government grant income of \$476,629 (30 June 2023: \$21,982) and interest income of \$192,085 (30 June 2023: \$60,997).

Operating expenses during the financial year principally related to research and developments costs of a neuroprotective therapeutic drug, employee and corporate and administration expenses and non-cash share-based payments. Research and development costs increased during the period to \$6,016,753 (30 June 2023: \$4,308,080) with the commencement of a Phase 2 trial of ARG-007 in ischaemic stroke patients. Share-based payments consist of the expensing of options issued to employees and contractors.

Net operating cash outflows for the financial year were \$5,060,561 (30 June 2023: \$3,300,316) with an increase in payments to suppliers and employees following the commencement of a Phase 2 trial of ARG-007 in ischaemic stroke patient. Non-dilutive cash funding was received from the company's R&D Tax incentive claim for the year ended 30 June 2023 of \$2,089,308 (30 June 2023: \$1,377,917), contributions from the donors inclusive of GST of \$35,200 (30 June 2023: \$350,000) and government grants received inclusive of GST of \$573,649 (30 June 2023: \$721,104). The Australian Commonwealth Government's R&D Tax incentive program provides a cash refund on eligible research and development activities performed by Australian companies.

Net financing cash inflows for the period were \$11,634,065 (30 June 2023: \$3,725,005) including a placement to professional and sophisticated investors in April 2024 of 23,076,924 shares at an issue price of \$0.52 per share raising \$12,000,000 (before transaction costs) and proceeds from the exercise of options \$417,000 (30 June 2023: \$Nil)

The company had a net asset position at 30 June 2024 of \$13,950,835 (30 June 2023: \$7,666,440). The net asset position included \$15,912,660 of cash and cash equivalents (30 June 2023: \$9,289,156) and deferred income of \$704,347 (30 June 2023: \$659,069) being the unearned portion of government grants received by the company.

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Appendix 4E Final report

Director

As an early-stage company, the company's business model is highly dependent on the achievement of continued pre-clinical and clinical development success, future funding, regulatory approvals, customer engagement and general financial and economic factors.

3. Net tangible assets		
	Reporting period Cents	Previous period Cents
Net tangible assets per ordinary security	11.28	9.47
4. Control gained over entities		
Not applicable.		
5. Loss of control over entities		
Not applicable.		
6. Details of associates and joint venture entities		
Not applicable.		
7. Audit qualification or review		
The financial statements have been audited and an unqualified opinion has been issued.		
8. Attachments		
The Annual Report of Argenica Therapeutics Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024 is a	ttached.	
9. Signed		
Signed Dat	te: 28 August 2024	
Dianne Angus		

Argenica Therapeutics Limited

ABN 78 637 578 753

Annual Report – 30 June 2024



Argenica Therapeutics Limited Corporate directory 30 June 2024

Directors Ms Dianne Angus

Dr Liz Dallimore Ms Liddy McCall Mr Terry Budge

Company secretary Ms Emma Waldon

Registered office Unit 4, 117 Broadway

Nedlands WA 6009

Principal place of business Unit 4, 117 Broadway

Nedlands WA 6009

Share register Link Administration Services Pty Limited

QV1 Building, Level 12, 250 St Georges Terrace

Perth WA 6000

Auditor RSM Australia Partners

Level 32, 2 The Esplanade

Perth WA 6000

Solicitors Hamilton Locke

Level 48,152-158 St Georges Terrace

Perth WA 6000

Bankers Commonwealth Bank

Level 15, 300 Murray Street

Perth WA 6000

Stock exchange listing Argenica Therapeutics Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities

Exchange (ASX code: AGN)

Website www.argenica.com.au

Corporate Governance Statement https://argenica.com.au/investors/#corporate-governance

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Chair and Managing Director's Letter 30 June 2024

On behalf of the Board, we are pleased to present the 2024 Annual Report to shareholders.

Argenica Therapeutics Limited (ASX: AGN) ("Argenica" or the "company") is a biotechnology company developing novel therapeutics to reduce brain tissue death after stroke, and other types of brain injury.

In late March 2024, Argenica dosed the first patient in its Phase 2 clinical trial in acute ischaemic stroke (AIS) patients. The trial is being conducted in 10 hospitals across Australia that have dedicated stroke care units capable of performing endovascular thrombectomy, with this procedure being a key inclusion criterion in the trial. The primary objective of the trial is to test the safety of ARG-007 in AIS patients presenting to emergency departments. Demonstrating the safety of ARG-007 in this patient population represents a significant milestone in neurology drug development and will be required by the FDA to proceed to a larger, pivotal trial of ARG-007 in AIS patients. The Phase 2 trial is also exploring the drug's effect on a number of predefined efficacy measures, specifically the impact on infarct, or brain injury, volume. This data will help inform the design of a larger clinical trial in AIS patients.

Commencement of the trial involved a significant amount preparation including drug manufacturing and initiation of trial sites nationwide. We are very appreciative of the support of all our partners to enable this to happen. Patient recruitment is progressing well, and the study remains on track to complete dosing of all 92 patients well before the recruitment target end date, being the end of calendar year 2025.

Globally, stroke is one of the leading causes of mortality and disability and there are substantial economic costs for poststroke care. However, despite considerable and ongoing research, there are currently no universally marketed treatments capable of protecting the brain from damage following stroke. The search for effective neuroprotective agents that can be easily administered remains urgent and Argenica is driving ARG-007 to address this critical unmet clinical need and to realize the large commercial opportunity in offering an effective treatment.

We were also pleased to secure additional funding in 2024 via a \$12.0 million placement. Following the placement, the company is fully funded to complete its Phase 2 trial of ARG-007 in AIS patients, as well as progress studies in other neurological indications. We were thrilled with the support for the placement from many of our existing shareholders and welcomed a number of new highly credentialed investors to the register.

In parallel with undertaking our Phase 2 clinical trial of ARG-007 in AIS patients, Argenica is also actively undertaking preclinical and nonclinical studies to generate data that will be required to progress ARG-007 into clinical development for other important neurological conditions where ARG-007 may have a therapeutic benefit. These studies are also supported with over \$4 million in non-dilutive grants and philanthropic funding.

We appreciate the ongoing support of all our shareholders, the dedication of our employees, research and clinical collaborators, and look forward to updating you on our progress in the coming year.

Yours faithfully

Dianne Angus

Chair

Argenica Therapeutics Limited

Liz Dallimore

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Argenica Therapeutics Limited

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, of Argenica Therapeutics Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'company') for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Argenica Therapeutics Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Ms Dianne Angus (appointed 1 December 2023)
Dr Liz Dallimore
Mr Geoff Pocock (resigned 5 June 2024)
Ms Liddy McCall
Mr Terry Budge
Dr Sam South (resigned 30 November 2023)

Principal activities

During the period the principal continuing activities of the company consisted of research and development of a neuroprotective therapeutic drug.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid during the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil).

Review of operations

The loss for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$5,479,488 (30 June 2023: \$4,090,752).

Revenue recognised during the financial year included a \$2,089,308 (30 June 2023: \$1,377,917) R&D tax incentive rebate, \$32,000 (30 June 2023: \$350,000) in non-dilutive contributions from donors to fund research activities, government grant income of \$476,629 (30 June 2023: \$21,982) and interest income of \$192,085 (30 June 2023: \$60,997).

Operating expenses during the financial year principally related to research and developments costs of a neuroprotective therapeutic drug, employee and corporate and administration expenses and non-cash share-based payments. Research and development costs increased during the period to \$6,016,753 (30 June 2023: \$4,308,080) with the commencement of a Phase 2 trial of ARG-007 in ischaemic stroke patients. Share-based payments consist of the expensing of options issued to employees and contractors.

Net operating cash outflows for the financial year were \$5,060,561 (30 June 2023: \$3,300,316) with an increase in payments to suppliers and employees following the commencement of a Phase 2 trial of ARG-007 in ischaemic stroke patient. Non-dilutive cash funding was received from the company's R&D Tax incentive claim for the year ended 30 June 2023 of \$2,089,308 (30 June 2023: \$1,377,917), contributions from the donors inclusive of GST of \$35,200 (30 June 2023: \$350,000) and government grants received inclusive of GST of \$573,649 (30 June 2023: \$721,104). The Australian Commonwealth Government's R&D Tax incentive program provides a cash refund on eligible research and development activities performed by Australian companies.

Net financing cash inflows for the period were \$11,634,065 (30 June 2023: \$3,725,005) including a placement to professional and sophisticated investors in April 2024 of 23,076,924 shares at an issue price of \$0.52 per share raising \$12,000,000 (before transaction costs) and proceeds from the exercise of options \$417,000 (30 June 2023: \$Nil)

The company had a net asset position at 30 June 2024 of \$13,950,835 (30 June 2023: \$7,666,440). The net asset position included \$15,912,660 of cash and cash equivalents (30 June 2023: \$9,289,156) and deferred income of \$704,347 (30 June 2023: \$659,069) being the unearned portion of government grants received by the company.

As an early-stage company, the company's business model is highly dependent on the achievement of continued pre-clinical, non-clinical and clinical development success, future funding, regulatory approvals, customer engagement and general financial and economic factors.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

On 8 August 2024, 3,181,819 ordinary shares were issued on the exercise 5,000,000 options over ordinary shares. These options were exercised using a cashless exercise mechanism whereby options to the value of the exercise premium due are given up in lieu of paying cash. The total exercise premium due to be paid on these options was \$1,500,000 and 1,818,181 options were given up on exercise, calculated using the volume weighted average share price on the 15 trading days prior to exercise of the options (\$0.825).

On 8 August 2024, 250,000 ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of options over ordinary shares with an exercise price of \$0.30, raising cash exercise proceeds of \$75,000.

On 14 August 2024, 500,000 options over ordinary shares were issued with an exercise price of \$0.93 and expiry date of 31 May 2027 to Director Dianne Angus.

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Information on likely developments in the operations of the company and the expected results of operations have not been included in this report because the directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the company.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Information on directors

Name: Ms Dianne Angus
Title: Non-Executive Director

Qualifications: B. Sc. (Hons), MBiotech, MAICD

Experience and expertise: Ms Dianne Angus has extensive executive managerial and company director

experience in the biotechnology, biopharmaceutical, agritech and healthcare industries. She has long been involved in path to market asset development and commercialisation in these industries, notably including the clinical validation of drug therapeutics to create asset valuation uplift. Ms Angus has held Director roles in a number of ASX and NASDAQ-listed companies and is currently a council member of Deakin University. She is a registered patent attorney and a member of Australian

Institute of Company Directors (AICD).

Other current directorships: Neuren Pharmaceuticals (ASX: NEU) and Cyclopharm (ASX: CYC)

Former directorships (last 3 years): Imagion Biosystems (ASX: IBX)

Special responsibilities: Chair of the Board, Member of Audit & Risk Committee and Nomination &

Remuneration Committee

Interests in shares: -

Interests in options: 500,000 Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Dr Liz Dallimore

Title: Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Qualifications: B. Sc. (Hons), MBA, PhD

Experience and expertise: Dr Liz Dallimore is a research & development, innovation and commercialsation

specialist with over 20 years' experience across Australia and the UK. Prior to joining Argenica Therapeutics, Dr Dallimore was the Director of the WA Data Science Innovation Hub, tasked with working across WA businesses to establish innovative data science projects. Dr Dallimore has also held senior roles in management consulting across Australia, most recently as KPMG's National Director of Research Engagement and Commercialisation. Prior to this she held senior roles with Ernst & Young and PricewaterhouseCoopers. Dr Dallimore is a co-founder of medical device company Inspiring Holdings, sits on the AusBiotech WA Committee and is a non-executive Director of NERA, a Federal Government Growth Centre. Dr Dallimore has a PhD in Neuroscience jointly completed at Oxford University and the University of Western Australia and has worked as a neuroscientist at the Australian Neuromuscular Research Institute (now Perron Institute). In 2020, Dr Dallimore was recognised at one

of Western Australia's Top Women in Tech.

Other current directorships: None
Former directorships (last 3 years): None
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 1,640,909
Interests in options: 2,000,000
Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Ms Liddy McCall
Title: Non-Executive Director

Qualifications: LLB., B.Juris, B.Com (Hons), GDipApFin (SIA), GAICD

Experience and expertise: Liddy is co-founder of 3 biotechnology companies successfully achieving 3 FDA drug

registrations and 1 FDA/CE Mark medical device approval. She is an inventor on patents granted in major jurisdictions translating novel G-protein coupled pharmacology into a therapeutic drug treatment currently in Phase 3 clinical trials. Liddy cofounded IIF venture capital fund, Yuuwa Capital LP. Liddy has over 25 years of experience in senior Board and management roles including Adalta Ltd (ASX: 1AD), Agworld Pty Ltd (acquired), iCeutica Inc group (acquired), Dimerix Limited (ASX:DXB) and iCetana Limited (ASX:ICE). Liddy was an Associate Director in the Corporate Advisory Group of Macquarie Bank and prior to that worked as a lawyer with a leading Australian law firm. Liddy has extensive Board and hands-on experience in a diverse industries including biotechnology, agritech, funds management/finance,

data/software-as-a-service (SAAS) and fast moving consumer goods (FMCG).

Other current directorships: None

Former directorships (last 3 years): Adalta Ltd (ASX: 1AD)

Special responsibilities: Chair of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Member of Audit & Risk

Committee

Interests in shares: 443,182

Interests in options: -

Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Mr Terry Budge
Title: Non-Executive Director

Qualifications: B.Ecs, FAICD

Experience and expertise: Terry has significant experience in senior management and board roles. A long term

banker he spent 25 years with National Australia Bank in senior executive roles before serving as Managing Director of Bankwest from 1997 to 2004. Since then he has had many non-executive director roles including Chancellor of Murdoch University from 2006 to 2013 (appointed to Senate 1 June 2004). Terry was an independent director for Westoz Investment Company Limited (ASX: WIC) until its acquisition by WAM Capital Ltd in 2024. Terry is a Graduate of the Advanced Management Program from Harvard Business School, a Graduate and Fellow of the Australian Institute of

Company Directors (AICD) and a Senior Fellow of FINSIA.

Other current directorships: None

Former directorships (last 3 years): Westoz Investment Company Limited (ASX: WIC)

Special responsibilities: Chair of Audit & Risk Committee and Member of Nomination & Remuneration

Committee

Interests in shares: 805,702

Interests in options: -

Contractual rights to shares: None

'Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

Company secretary

Emma Waldon has held the role of Company Secretary since 20 November 2019. Emma has diverse corporate advisory, capital markets and corporate governance experience having held roles in accounting and debt and equity capital markets in Australia and the United Kingdom. Emma Waldon qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Ernst & Young in Perth, worked as an Equities Analyst with Euroz Securities and spent 9 years in London with Bank of Scotland and Lloyds Bank originating and re-structuring debt finance for private equity leveraged buy-outs of businesses across Europe. Emma is currently Company Secretary of EMVision Medical Devices Ltd (ASX: EMV) and previously Company Secretary of Hazer Group Limited (ASX: HZR).

Emma Waldon completed a Bachelor of Commerce at UWA, a Post Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance and Investment from Securities Institute of Australia and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Australia and a Certificated Member of the Governance Institute of Australia

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2024, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

			Nomination	on and		
	Full bo	ard	Remuneration	Committee	Audit and Risk	Committee
	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held
Dianne Angus	4	4	3	3	1	1
Liz Dallimore	6	6	-	_	-	-
Geoff Pocock	4	5	3	3	1	1
Liddy McCall	6	6	3	3	2	2
Terry Budge	5	6	3	3	2	2
Sam South	2	2	-	_	-	-

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the relevant committee.

Remuneration report (audited)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the company, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional information
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the company's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with the achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and it is considered to conform to the market best practice for the delivery of reward. The Board of Directors ('the Board') ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness
- acceptability to shareholders
- performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration arrangements for its directors and executives. The performance of the company depends on the quality of its directors and executives. The remuneration philosophy is to attract, motivate and retain high performance and high quality personnel.

The company has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy of the company.

The reward framework is designed to align executive reward to shareholders' interests. The Board has considered that it should seek to enhance shareholders' interests by:

- having value creation and capital growth in advance of economic profit as a core component of plan design;
- focusing on sustained growth in shareholder wealth, consisting of growth in share price and eventually dividends, and delivering constant or increasing return on assets as well as focusing on key non-financial drivers of value; and
- attracting and retaining high calibre executives

Additionally, the reward framework should seek to enhance executives' interests by:

- rewarding capability and experience:
- reflecting competitive reward for contribution to growth in shareholder wealth; and
- providing a clear structure for earning rewards

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive director remuneration is separate.

Non-executive directors' remuneration

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may, from time to time, receive advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. Non-executive directors do not receive any retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation.

ASX listing rules require the aggregate non-executive directors' remuneration be determined periodically by a general meeting. The most recent determination was via a resolution of all shareholders at a meeting held on 6 November 2020, where shareholders approved that the aggregate fixed remuneration for all non-executive directors as determined by the Board is not to exceed \$500,000 per annum. Directors' fees cover all main board and committee activities.

The level of non-executive director fixed fees as at the reporting date are as follows:

Dianne Angus \$95,000 plus statutory superannuation per annum \$50,000 plus statutory superannuation per annum \$50,000 plus statutory superannuation per annum

Non-executive directors may also receive performance related compensation via options following receipt of shareholder approval. The issue of share-based payments as part of non-executive director remuneration ensures that director remuneration is competitive with market standards as well as providing an incentive to pursue longer term success for the company. It also reduces the demand on the cash resources of the company and assists in ensuring the continuity of service of directors who have extensive knowledge of the company, its business activities and assets and the industry in which it operates. Details of share-based compensation are contained in this report.

Executive remuneration

The company aims to reward executives based on their position and responsibility, with a level and mix of remuneration which has both fixed and variable components.

The executive remuneration and reward framework has four components:

- base pay and non-monetary benefits
- short-term performance incentives
- share-based payments
- other remuneration such as superannuation and long service leave

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits, are reviewed at least annually based on individual performance, the overall performance of the company and comparable market remunerations.

Executives may receive their fixed remuneration in the form of cash or other fringe benefits (for example motor vehicle benefits) where it does not create any additional costs to the company and provides additional value to the executive.

Performance based short-term incentives ('STI') may be provided to executives to align the targets of the business with the targets of those executives responsible for meeting those targets.

The long-term incentives ('LTI') include long service leave and share-based payments. Shares and options may be awarded to executives based on long-term incentive measures including increasing shareholder value. Share-based LTIs issued to Directors are subject to shareholder approval. Details of share-based compensation are contained in this report.

Use of remuneration consultants

During the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the company engaged Bio 101, remuneration consultants, to review the remuneration of the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and the Non-Executive Directors against suitable comparable companies. This resulted in an increase in the Base Salary of the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and Non-Executive Director fees during the financial year. No remuneration recommendations, as defined by the Corporations Act 2001, were provided by the consultant.

Voting and comments made at the company's Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

The company received 99.22% "for" votes on its Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Details of remuneration

Amounts of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the company are set out in the following tables.

The key management personnel of the company consisted of the following directors and management of Argenica Therapeutics Limited:

- Dianne Angus Non-Executive Chair (appointed 1 December 2023)
- Geoff Pocock Non-Executive Chair (resigned 5 June 2024)
- Sam South Executive Director (resigned as a Director 30 November 2023)
- Liddy McCall Non-Executive Director
- Terry Budge Non-Executive Director
- Liz Dallimore Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

	Sho	rt-term bene	efits	Post- employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-base	d pavments	
2024	Cash salary and fees \$	Cash bonus \$	Annual leave \$	Super- annuation \$	Long service leave \$	Equity- settled shares \$	Equity- settled options \$	Total \$
Non-Executive								
<i>Directors:</i> Dianne Angus ¹	55,417	_	_	6,096	_	_	41,065	102,578
Geoff Pocock ²	56,833	_	_	6,252	_	_	-	63,085
Liddy McCall	40,000	-	-	4,400	-	-	-	44,400
Terry Budge	40,000	-	-	4,400	-	-	-	44,400
Executive Directors:								
Liz Dallimore	287,500	-	4,500	32,120	-	-	100,126	424,246
Sam South ³	75,000	-	-	8,250	-	-	-	83,250
	554,750		4,500	61,518			141,191	761,959

¹ Appointed 1 December 2023.

³ Resigned as a Director on 30 November 2023, remuneration is up to the date of Director resignation when ceased to be key management personnel.

	Sho	rt-term bene	fits	Post- employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-base	d payments	
2023	Cash salary and fees \$	Cash bonus \$	Annual leave \$	Super- annuation \$	Long service leave \$	Equity- settled shares \$	Equity- settled options \$	Total \$
Non-Executive Directors:								
Geoff Pocock	72,000	-	_	7,560	_	_	3,748	83,308
Liddy McCall	30,000	-	-	3,150	-	-	3,748	36,898
Terry Budge	30,000	-	-	3,150	-	-	3,748	36,898
Executive Directors:								
Liz Dallimore	250,000	-	-	26,250	-	-	398,705	674,955
Sam South	180,000	-	-	18,900	-	-	7,497	206,397
	562,000			59,010			417,446	1,038,456

² Resigned 5 June 2024.

The proportion of remuneration linked to performance and the fixed proportion are as follows:

	Fixed remu	neration	At risk	- STI	At risk	- LTI
Name	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Non-Executive Directors:						
Dianne Angus	60%	N/A	-	_	40%	N/A
Geoff Pocock	100%	96%	-	-	-	4%
Liddy McCall	100%	90%	-	-	-	10%
Terry Budge	100%	90%	-	-	-	10%
Executive Director:						
Liz Dallimore	76%	41%	-	_	24%	59%
Sam South	100%	96%	-	-	-	4%

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name: Liz Dallimore

Title: Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Agreement commenced: 21 March 2021

Term of agreement: Open

Details: Under the agreement, Liz Dallimore is entitled to receive an annual base salary of

\$325,000 plus statutory superannuation. The agreement is for an indefinite term, continuing until terminated by either the company or Liz Dallimore, giving not less than 3 months' written notice of termination (or shorter periods in limited circumstances).

Key management personnel have no entitlement to termination payments in the event of removal for misconduct.

Share-based compensation

Issue of shares

There were no shares issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2024.

Options

The terms and conditions of each grant of options over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Name	Number of options granted	Grant date	Vesting date and exercisable date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value per option at grant date
Geoff Pocock	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0523
Liddy McCall	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0523
Terry Budge	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0523
Sam South	500,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0523
Liz Dallimore	1,250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0523
Geoff Pocock	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2022	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0559
Liddy McCall	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2022	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0559
Terry Budge	250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2022	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0559
Sam South	500,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2022	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0559
Liz Dallimore	1,250,000	14/04/2021	9/12/2022	30/09/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0559
Liz Dallimore	1,000,000	24/11/2022	3/03/2023	03/06/2025	\$0.65	\$0.2400
Liz Dallimore	1,000,000	24/11/2022	3/12/2023	03/06/2025	\$0.65	\$0.2400
Dianne Angus	250,000 ¹	14/08/2024	30/11/2024	31/05/2027	\$0.93	\$0.3406
Dianne Angus	250,000 ¹	14/08/2024	30/11/2025	31/05/2027	\$0.93	\$0.3537

¹ These options were awarded to Dianne Angus (Non-Executive Chair), on 12 April 2024 subject to shareholder approval. The grant date for accounting purposes is the date shareholder approval was obtained at the company's general meeting on 14 August 2024. The options are expensed over the service period commencing from 12 April 2024. The options have the following vesting conditions:

- 250,000 options will vest upon Dianne Angus being engaged as a Director for a continuous period up to 30 November 2024; and
- 250,000 options will vest upon Dianne Angus being engaged as a Director for a continuous period up to 30 November 2025.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

All options were granted over unissued fully paid ordinary shares in the company. Options are exercisable by the holder as from the vesting date. There has not been any alteration to the terms or conditions of the grant since the grant date. There are no amounts paid or payable by the recipient in relation to the granting of such options other than their potential exercise.

Values of options over ordinary shares granted, exercised and lapsed for directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2024 are set out below:

Name	Value of options granted during the year \$	Value of options expensed during the year \$	Value of options exercised during the year \$	Value of options lapsed during the year \$	Remuneration consisting of options for the Year %
Dianne Angus	-	41,065	-	-	40%
Geoff Pocock	-	-	27,050	-	-
Liddy McCall	-	-	-	-	-
Terry Budge	-	-	-	-	-
Sam South	-	-	-	-	-
Liz Dallimore		100,126	<u> </u>	-	_ 24%
		141,191	27,050		=

Additional information

The earnings of the company for the five years to 30 June 2024 are summarised below:

	2024 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Revenue	2,790,022	1,810,896	261,602	296,277	249
EBITDA	(5,671,205)	(4,874,991)	(4,093,256)	(1,029,501)	(383,403)
EBIT	(5,671,205)	(4,874,991)	(4,093,256)	(1,029,501)	(383,403)
Loss after income tax	(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)	(4,090,752)	(1,029,501)	(383,403)
The factors that are considered to affect total sh	nareholders retur	n ('TSR') are sı	ımmarised belo	ow:	
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Share price at financial year end (\$)	0.7825	0.375	0.43	0.20	N/A
Total dividends declared (cents per share)	-	-	-	-	N/A
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	(5.3)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(2.9)	(2.3)

N/A – Not applicable as Argenica Therapeutics Limited was admitted to the Official List of ASX on 9 June 2021 and commenced trading on the ASX on 11 June 2021.

Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

Shareholding

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

Ordinary shares	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Exercise of Options	Disposals / other	Balance at the end of the year / resignation
Dianne Angus	-	-	-	_	-
Geoff Pocock	4,436,690	-	294,239	-	$4,730,929^{1}$
Sam South	2,000,000	_	-	-	$2,000,000^2$
Liddy McCall	125,000	-	-	-	125,000
Terry Budge	487,520	-	-	-	487,520
Liz Dallimore	50,000	<u>-</u>	_		50,000
	7,099,210		294,239		7,393,449

¹ Resigned as a Director on 5 June 2024, final holdings are as at date of resignation.

Option holding

The number of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

Options over ordinary shares	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year / resignation
Dianne Angus	-	-	-	-	-
Geoff Pocock	500,000	_	(294,239)	$(205,761)^3$	_1
Sam South	1,000,000	_	-	-	$1,000,000^2$
Liddy McCall	500,000	_	-	_	500,000
Terry Budge	500,000	_	-	-	500,000
Liz Dallimore	4,500,000	_	-	-	4,500,000
	7,000,000	-	(294,239)	(205,761)	6,500,000

² Resigned as a Director on 30 November 2023, final holdings are as at date of resignation.

- ¹ Resigned as a Director on 5 June 2024, final holdings are as at the date of resignation.
- ² Resigned as a Director on 30 November 2023, final holdings are as at the date of resignation.
- ³ Options were exercised using a cashless exercise mechanism whereby options to the value of the exercise premium due are given up in lieu of paying cash. The total exercise premium due to be paid on these options was \$150,000 and 205,761 options were given up on exercise, calculated using the volume weighted average share price on the 15 trading days prior to exercise of the options (\$0.729)

Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties

There were no other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties. (2023: \$Nil)

This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.

Shares under option

Unissued ordinary shares of Argenica Therapeutics Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option
09/06/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	960,000
02/01/2022	01/04/2025	\$1.10	300,000
06/07/2022	06/07/2025	\$0.65	125,000
24/11/2022	03/06/2025	\$0.65	2,000,000
09/06/2023	09/06/2026	\$0.65	1,000,000
14/08/2024	31/05/2027	\$0.93	500,000
			4,885,000

No person entitled to exercise the options had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the company or of any other body corporate.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

The following ordinary shares were issued during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report on the exercise of options granted:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of shares issued
14/04/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	1,233,280
09/06/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	240,000
14/04/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	3,431,819

Indemnity and insurance of officers

The company has indemnified the directors and executives of the company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

There were no non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

Officers of the company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners

There are no officers of the company who are former partners of RSM Australia Partners.

Rounding of amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to 'rounding-off'. Amounts in this report have been rounded off in accordance with that Corporations Instrument to the nearest dollar.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

Auditor

RSM Australia Partners continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Dianne Angus Director

28 August 2024 Perth



RSM Australia Partners

Level 32 Exchange Tower, 2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6000 GPO Box R1253 Perth WA 6844

T+61 (0) 8 9261 9100

www.rsm.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Argenica Therapeutics Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM

RSM AUSTRALIA

Perth, WA

Dated: 28 August 2024

TUTU PHONG Partner







Argenica Therapeutics Limited Contents

30 June 2024

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	17
Statement of financial position	18
Statement of changes in equity	19
Statement of cash flows	20
Notes to the financial statements	21
Directors' declaration	40
Independent auditor's report to the members of Argenica Therapeutics Limited	41
Shareholder information	44

General information

The financial statements cover Argenica Therapeutics Limited. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Argenica Therapeutics Limited functional and presentation currency.

Argenica Therapeutics Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are:

Registered office

Principal place of business

Unit 4, 117 Broadway Nedlands, WA 6009

Unit 4, 117 Broadway Nedlands, WA 6009

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 28 August 2024. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income			
Other income Interest income Total income	4	2,597,937 192,085 2,790,022	1,749,899 60,997 1,810,896
Expenses			
Administration and corporate expenses Employee and contractor expenses Research and development costs Finance costs Share based payments Total expenses	5 6 26	(847,935) (1,263,262) (6,016,753) (369) (141,191) (8,269,510)	(825,869) (1,030,591) (4,308,080) (1,050) (460,350) (6,625,940)
Loss before income tax expense		(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
Income tax expense		-	-
Loss after income tax expense for the year		(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	27 27	(5.3) (5.3)	(5.5) (5.5)

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Other current assets Total current assets	8 9 10	15,912,660 372,076 91,819 16,376,555	9,289,156 152,362 98,346 9,539,864
Non-current assets Intangibles Total non-current assets	11	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000
Total assets		16,377,555	9,540,864
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Deferred income Employee benefits Total current liabilities	12 13 14	1,672,503 704,347 49,870 2,426,720	1,182,924 659,069 32,431 1,874,424
Total liabilities		2,426,720	1,874,424
Net assets		13,950,835	7,666,440
Equity Issued capital Reserves Accumulated losses	15 16 17	28,428,742 1,208,147 _(15,686,054)	16,618,266 1,366,874 _(10,318,700)
Total equity		13,950,835	7,666,440

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total equity
Balance at 1 July 2022		13,065,033	746,114	(5,503,656)	8,307,491
Loss after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		- 	-	(4,815,044)	(4,815,044)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(4,815,044)	(4,815,044)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs Share based payments	15 26	3,553,233	10 620,750		3,553,243 620,750
Balance at 30 June 2023		16,618,266	1,366,874	(10,318,700)	7,666,440
		Issued capital \$	Reserves \$	Accumulated losses	Total equity
Balance at 1 July 2023		16,618,266	1,366,874	(10,318,700)	7,666,440
Loss after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		- 	- 	(5,479,488)	(5,479,488)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(5,479,488)	(5,479,488)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs Share based payments	15 26	11,622,692	- 141,191	-	11,622,692 141,191
Transfer fair value from options reserve to issued capital on exercise of options Transfer fair value from options reserve to	16	187,784	(187,784)		-
accumulated losses on lapse of share options	16		(112,134)	112,134	
Balance at 30 June 2024		28,428,742	1,208,147	(15,686,054)	13,950,835

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Government grant income received (inclusive of GST) Research and development contributions received (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		573,649 35,200 (7,851,396)	721,104 350,000 (5,809,284)
Interest received Interest and other finance costs paid Research and development tax rebate received	4	(7,242,547) 93,047 (369) 2,089,308	(4,738,180) 60,997 (1,050) 1,377,917
Net cash used in operating activities	25	(5,060,561)	(3,300,316)
Cash flows from investing activities Placement of term deposits Withdrawal of term deposits Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities		50,000	(50,000)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of shares, net of share issue costs Proceeds from exercise of options, net of share issue costs Proceeds from issue of options, net of share issue costs		11,228,663 405,402	3,725,005
Net cash provided by financing activities		11,634,065	3,725,015
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		6,623,504 9,289,156	374,699 8,914,457
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	8	15,912,660	9,289,156

Note 1. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement as at 30 June 2024

The company has no controlled entities and, therefore, is not required by the Australian Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. As a result, section 295(3A)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 does not apply to the company.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and derivative financial instruments.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

Operating segments

Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach', where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM'). The CODM is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Argenica Therapeutics Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Revenue recognition

The company recognises revenue as follows:

Interest income

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Other income

Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Government grants

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Impairment of other tangible and intangible assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents also includes bank overdrafts, which are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The company has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services. Cash-settled transactions are awards of cash for the exchange of services, where the amount of cash is determined by reference to the share price.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the company receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

The cost of cash-settled transactions is initially, and at each reporting date until vested, determined by applying either the Binomial or Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions on which the award was granted. The cumulative charge to profit or loss until settlement of the liability is calculated as follows:

- during the vesting period, the liability at each reporting date is the fair value of the award at that date multiplied by the expired portion of the vesting period.
- from the end of the vesting period until settlement of the award, the liability is the full fair value of the liability at the reporting date.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss. The ultimate cost of cash-settled transactions is the cash paid to settle the liability.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the company or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the company or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination, other than goodwill, are initially measured at their fair value at the date of the acquisition. Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Indefinite life intangible assets are not amortised and are subsequently measured at cost less any impairment. Finite life intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less amortisation and any impairment. The gains or losses recognised in profit or loss arising from the derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset. The method and useful lives of finite life intangible assets are reviewed annually. Changes in the expected pattern of consumption or useful life are accounted for prospectively by changing the amortisation method or period.

Research and development

Research costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Development costs are capitalised when it is probable that the project will be successful considering its commercial and technical feasibility; the company is able to use or sell the asset; the company has sufficient resources; and intent to complete the development and its costs can be measured reliably. Capitalised development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected benefit.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2024. The company has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Share-based payment transactions
The company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

Note 3. Operating segments

The company has considered the requirements of AASB 8 – Operating Segments and has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The company operates as a single segment being research and development of a neuroprotective therapeutic drug. The board of directors review the earnings before tax and net assets of the company. There is no difference between the audited financial report and the internal reports generated for review. The company is domiciled in Australia and is currently in the development phase and hence has not begun to generate revenue from operations. All the assets are located in Australia.

Note 4. Other income

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Other income	•	*
Research and development tax rebate	2,089,308	1,377,917
Government grants	476,629	21,982
Research and development contributions received	32,000	350,000
	2,597,937	1,749,899

Note 5. Expenses - administration and corporate expenses

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Listing and compliance costs	71,031	67,003
Accounting, audit and tax fees	62,891	67,340
Legal fees and patent costs	118,308	136,008
Investor relations and marketing	250,400	178,482
Insurance	70,084	87,003
General administration costs	275,221	290,033
	<u>847,935</u>	825,869

Note 6. Expenses – employee and contractor expenses

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Wages and salaries	961,637	743,730
Superannuation	101,929	84,861
Contractors	187,233	202,000
Payroll tax	12,463	
	1,263,262	1,030,591

Note 7. Income tax expense

The prima facie tax receivable on loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Prima facie benefit on operating loss at 25.0% (2023: 25.0%) Tax effect amounts which are not deductible in calculating taxable income Tax losses not brought to account	1,367,467 (1,045,596) (321,871)	1,203,761 (842,133) (361,628)
Income tax benefit attributable to operating loss	<u> </u>	

A potential deferred tax asset, attributable to tax losses carried forward, amounts to approximately \$1,147,209 (30 June 2023: \$797,600) and has not been brought to account at reporting date because the directors do not believe it is appropriate to regard realisation of the deferred tax asset as probable at this point in time. This benefit will only be obtained if:

- the company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the loss and research and development expenditure to be realised;
- the company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the company in realising the benefit from the deductions for the loss and research and development expenditure.

Note 8. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash at bank Cash on deposit	3,861,480 12,051,180	9,289,156
	15,912,660	9,289,156
Note 9. Current assets - other receivables		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
GST receivable Interest receivable	273,038 99,038	152,362 <u>-</u>
	372,076	152,362
Note 10. Current assets - others		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Prepayments Term deposits	91,819 	48,346 50,000
	91,819	98,346

Note 11. Non-current assets - intangibles

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Patents – At Cost Less: Accumulated Amortisation	1,000	1,000
Closing balance	1,000	1,000
Reconciliations Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current financial pe	eriod are set out b	pelow:
	Patents \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022 Additions	1,000	1,000
Impairment of assets Amortisation expense	<u> </u>	-
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,000	1,000
	Patents \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2023 Additions Impairment of assets Amortisation expense	1,000 - -	1,000 - -
Balance at 30 June 2024	1,000	1,000
Note 12. Current liabilities - trade and other payables		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade payables Accrued expenses PAYG payable	1,403,027 246,117 23,359	1,141,345 22,140 19,439
The payable	1,672,503	1,182,924
Refer to note 18 for further information on financial instruments.	, ,	, ,
Note 13. Deferred income		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Government grants	704,347	659,069
	704,347	659,069

Reconciliation

Reconciliation of deferred income values at the beginning and end of the current financial period are set out below:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of financial year	659,069	-
Grant income received	517,407	681,051
Recognised as income during financial year	(472,129)	(21,982)
Balance at end of financial year	704,347	659,069

During the financial year, the company received \$308,000 (30 June 2023: \$681,051) of grant funds under a Commonwealth Standard Grant Agreement with the Department of Industry, Science and Resources for the Cooperative Research Centre Projects (CRC-P) program. Revenue recognised in the financial year for this grant amounted to \$393,676 (30 June 2023: \$21,982). The remaining \$573,392 (30 June 2023: \$659,069) of grant funds received have been recognised as deferred income due to unfulfilled conditions relating to the spending requirements under the grant agreement.

During the financial year, the company received \$209,408 (30 June 2023: \$Nil) of grant funds under a Grant Funding Agreement with the Government of Western Australia Department of Health for the Innovation Seed Fund program. Revenue recognised in the financial year for this grant amounted to \$78,453 (30 June 2023: \$Nil). The remaining \$130,955 (30 June 2023: \$Nil) of grant funds received have been recognised as deferred income due to unfulfilled conditions relating to the spending requirements under the grant agreement.

Note 14. Current liabilities - employee benefits

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Employee benefits	49,870	32,431
	49,870	32,431

Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months

The current provision for employee benefits includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances. The entire amount is presented as current, since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

Note 15. Equity - issued capital

		2024 Shares	2023 Shares	2024 \$	2023 \$
Ordinary shares - fully paid		123,701,026	98,350,822	28,428,742	16,618,266
Movements in ordinary share capital					
Details	Date		Shares	Issue price	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2022			86,922,250		13,065,033
Issue of shares – placement Share issue transaction costs, net of tax	9 June 2	024	11,428,572	\$0.35	4,000,000 (446,767)
Closing balance at 30 June 2023			98,350,822	•	16,618,266
Opening balance at 1 July 2023			98,350,822		16,618,266
Issue of shares – exercise of options Issue of shares – placement Issue of shares – exercise of options Share of fair value from options reserve to issued capital Share issue transaction costs, net of tax	3 August 2 Februa 16 Febru 17 March 22 April 2 5 June 2 14 June	ary 2024 Jary 2024 h 2024 2024 024	800,000 350,000 100,000 140,000 23,076,924 294,239 589,041	\$0.30 \$0.30 \$0.30 \$0.30 \$0.52 \$0.00 \$0.00	240,000 105,000 30,000 42,000 12,000,000 - - 187,784 (794,308)
Closing balance at 30 June 2024			123,701,026	-	28,428,742

¹ 500,000 options issued under the company's Employee Incentive Plan were exercised using a cashless exercise mechanism whereby options to the value of the exercise premium due are given up in lieu of paying cash. The total exercise premium due to be paid on these options was \$150,000 and 205,761 options were given up on exercise, calculated using the volume weighted average share price on the 15 trading days prior to exercise of the options (\$0.729).

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Share buy-back

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

Capital risk management

The company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

² 1,000,000 options issued under the company's Employee Incentive Plan were exercised using a cashless exercise mechanism whereby options to the value of the exercise premium due are given up in lieu of paying cash. The total exercise premium due to be paid on these options was \$300,000 and 410,959 options were given up on exercise, calculated using the volume weighted average share price on the 15 trading days prior to exercise of the options (\$0.730).

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The company would look to raise capital when an opportunity to invest in a business or company was seen as value adding relative to the current company's share price at the time of the investment. The company is not actively pursuing additional investments in the short term as it continues to integrate and grow its existing businesses in order to maximise synergies.

Note 16. Equity - reserves

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Options reserve	1,208,147 1,208,147	1,366,874 1,366,874
Movements in option reserve		
	Number	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	10,000,000	746,114
Grant of share options during the year Grant of share options in prior periods vesting over multiple periods Proceeds from issue of options	3,125,000 - -	569,398 51,352 10
Balance at 30 June 2023	13,125,000	1,366,874
Grant of share options during the year Grant of share options in prior periods vesting over multiple periods Transfer fair value from options reserve to issued capital on exercise of options Transfer from options reserve to accumulated losses on lapse of share options	500,000 - (2,890,000) (600,000)	41,065 100,126 (187,784) (112,134)

10,135,000

1,208,147

Options reserve

Balance at 30 June 2024

The option reserve records value of options expensed during the period.

Refer note 26 for further details on share-based payments.

Note 17. Equity - accumulated losses

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year Loss after income tax expense for the year Transfer fair value from options reserve to accumulated losses on lapse of share options	(10,318,700) (5,479,488) 112,134	(5,503,656) (4,815,044)
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	(15,686,054)	(10,318,700)

Note 18. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits.

The company manages its exposure to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, in accordance with its financial risk management policy. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of its financial targets whilst protecting future financial security.

The company uses different methods to measure and manage different types of risks to which it is exposed. These include monitoring levels of exposure to interest rate risk and assessments of market forecast for interest rates. Liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

Primary responsibility for identification and control of financial risks rests with the Board. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of the risks identified below.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as its operations are based in Australia, with no major suppliers subject to foreign exchange rates.

Price risk

The company is not exposed to any significant price risk.

Interest rate risk

The company has a policy of minimising its exposure to interest payable on debt. The company has no debt that requires the payment of interest.

At reporting date, the company had \$15,912,660 (30 June 2023: \$9,289,156) in cash and cash equivalents exposed to interest rate risk. The company's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to cash and short-term deposits.

At reporting date, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, net loss and retained earnings would have been affected as follows:

	Net loss Higher / (lower)		Equity Higher / (lower)	
	2024	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
+0.5% (50 basis points)	79,563	46,446	79,563	46,446
-0.5% (50 basis points)	(79,563)	(46,446)	(79,563)	(46,446)

The movements are due to higher / lower interest revenue from cash balances.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements. The company does not hold any collateral.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed through the company's objective to maintain adequate funding to meet its needs, currently represented by cash and short-term deposits sufficient to meet the current cash requirements.

Capital management

The primary objective of the company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital rations in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

The company monitors capital with reference to the net debt position. The company's current policy is to keep the net debt position negative, such that cash and cash equivalents exceed debt.

Remaining contractual maturities

The following tables detail the company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

2024	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Non-interest bearing		4 402 027				1 402 027
Trade payables Other payables	-	1,403,027 269,476	-	-	-	1,403,027 269,476
Total	-	1,672,503	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,672,503
2023	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2025	70	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Non-interest bearing						
Trade payables	-	1,141,345	-	-	-	1,141,345
Other payables	-	41,579		-		41,579
Total		1,182,924	-	-	-	1,182,924

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

Fair value of financial instruments

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Note 19. Key management personnel disclosures

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the company is set out below:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	559,250 61,518	562,000 59,010
Share-based payments	141,191 	417,446
	761,959	1,038,456

Note 20. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by RSM Australia Partners, the auditor of the company, its network firms and unrelated firms:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Audit services – RSM Australia Partners Audit or review of the financial statements	34,250	31,140
	34,250	31,140

Note 21. Contingent assets and liabilities

The company has the following contingent assets at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: none):

- Under the Commonwealth Standard Grant Agreement with the Department of Industry, Science and Resources for the Cooperative Research Centre Projects (CRC-P) program, the company is due to receive \$210,949 (30 June 2023: \$518,979) in grant funds to support the project "A novel therapeutic for the treatment of traumatic brain injury", subject to delivery of project milestones and deliverables in future periods within one year; and
- Under the Grant Funding Agreement with the Government of Western Australia Department of Health for the Innovation Seed Fund program, the company is due to receive \$209,408 (30 June 2023: \$Nil) in grant funds to support the project "A novel therapeutic for the treatment of traumatic brain injury", subject to delivery of project milestones and deliverables in future periods within one year.

The company does not have any contingent liabilities at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: none).

Note 22. Commitments

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Corporate advisory services commitments Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable: Within one year	40,000	14,000
	40,000	14,000

Note 23. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 19 and the remuneration report included in the directors' report.

Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

Receivables from and payables to related parties

There were no receivables from or payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Note 24. Events after the reporting period

On 8 August 2024, 3,181,819 ordinary shares were issued on the exercise 5,000,000 options over ordinary. These options were exercised using a cashless exercise mechanism whereby options to the value of the exercise premium due are given up in lieu of paying cash. The total exercise premium due to be paid on these options was \$1,500,000 and 1,818,181 options were given up on exercise, calculated using the volume weighted average share price on the 15 trading days prior to exercise of the options (\$0.825).

On 8 August 2024, 250,000 ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of options over ordinary shares with an exercise price of \$0.30, raising cash exercise proceeds of \$75,000.

On 14 August 2024, 500,000 options over ordinary shares were issued with an exercise price of \$0.93 and expiry date of 31 May 2027 to Director Dianne Angus.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 25. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash used in operating activities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
Adjustments for: Share based payments (note 26)	141,191	460,350
Change in operating assets and liabilities: - Increase in other receivables and other current assets - Increase in trade and other payables - Increase in employee benefits - Increase in deferred income	(230,836) 445,854 17,439 45,279	(72,765) 460,543 7,531 659,069
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,060,561)	(3,300,316)
Note 26. Share based payments		
Total share-based payment transactions recognised during the year were as follows:	2024 \$	2023 \$
Options issued to key management personnel Options issued to employees/consultants Options issued to lead manager	141,191 - - 141,191	417,447 42,903 160,400 620,750
Represented by: Share-based payment expense Share issue costs	141,191	460,350 160,400

Options

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share based payments in current year:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance 1/07/2023	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired/ Forfeited	Balance 30/06/2024	Vested 30/06/2024	Not Vested 30/06/2024
14/04/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	7,100,000	-	(1,233,280)	(616,720)	5,250,000	5,250,000	-
09/06/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	1,200,000	-	(240,000)	-	960,000	960,000	-
03/08/2021	06/08/2023	\$0.30	800,000	-	(800,000)		-	-	-
02/01/2022	01/04/2025	\$1.10	300,000	-	-	-	300,000	300,000	-
03/06/2022	10/06/2023	\$0.65	600,000	-	-	(600,000)	-	-	-
05/07/2022	06/07/2025	\$0.65	125,000	-	-	-	125,000	125,000	-
24/11/2022	03/06/2025	\$0.65	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
09/06/2023	09/06/2026	\$0.65	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
14/08/2023	31/05/2027	\$0.93	-	500,000	-	-	500,000	-	500,000
			13,125,000	500,000	(2,273,280)	(1,216,720)	10,135,000	9,635,000	500,000

141,191

620,750

During the current financial year, the following options were granted:

- 250,000 options will vest upon being engaged as a Director for a continuous period up to 30 November 2024; and
- 250,000 options will vest upon being engaged as a Director for a continuous period up to 30 November 2025.

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share based payments in the previous financial year:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exerci se Price	Balance 1/07/2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired/ Forfeited	Balance 30/06/2023	Vested 30/06/2023	Not Vested 30/06/2023
14/04/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	7,100,000	-	-	-	7,100,000	7,100,000	-
09/06/2021	30/09/2024	\$0.30	1,200,000	-	-	-	1,200,000	1,200,000	-
03/08/2021	06/08/2023	\$0.30	800,000	-	-		800,000	800,000	-
02/01/2022	01/04/2025	\$1.10	300,000	-	-	-	300,000	300,000	-
03/06/2022	10/06/2023	\$0.65	600,000	-	-	-	600,000	600,000	-
05/07/2022 ¹	06/07/2025	\$0.65	-	125,000	-	-	125,000	65,000	60,000
24/11/2022 ²	03/06/2025	\$0.65	-	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
09/06/2023 ³	09/06/2026	\$0.65	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
			10,000,000	3,125,000	-	-	13,125,000	12,065,000	1,060,000

During the previous financial year, the following options were issued:

- 65,000 options vested on 5 January 2023 after continuous service from grant date; and
- 60,000 options will vest on 5 January 2024 after continuous service from grant date.

- 1,000,000 options vested on 3 March 2023 after continuous service from issue date; and
- 1,000,000 options will vest on 3 December 2023 after continuous service from issue date.

For the options granted during the current financial year, the fair value was determined by using the Trinomial Lattice Option Pricing valuation model. The valuation model inputs used to determine the fair value at the grant date, are as follows:

Number Granted	Grant Date	Exercise price	Share price at grant date	Expected volatility	Dividend yield	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per option at grant date
250,000	14-Aug-2024	\$0.93	\$0.825	71.1%	0%	3.62%	\$0.3406
250,000	14-Aug-2024	\$0.93	\$0.825	71.1%	0%	3.62%	\$0.3537

¹ These options were awarded to Dianne Angus (Director), on 12 April 2024 subject to shareholder approval. The grant date for accounting purposes is the date shareholder approval was obtained at the company's general meeting on 14 August 2024 and are expensed over their service period commencing 12 April 2024. The options have the following vesting conditions:

¹ These options were issued under employment contract. The options have the following vesting conditions:

² These options were awarded to Liz Dallimore (Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer), on 3 June 2022 subject to shareholder approval. The grant date for accounting purposes is the date shareholder approval was obtained at the company's annual general meeting on 24 November 2022. The options have the following vesting conditions:

³ These options were issued to Euroz Hartleys Limited as lead manager of the June 2023 placement. These options vested immediately on 9 June 2023.

For the options granted during the previous financial year, the fair value was determined by using the Hoadley ESO2 and Black Scholes valuation model. The valuation model inputs used to determine the fair value at the grant date, are as follows:

Number Granted	Grant Date	Exercise price	Share price at grant date	Expected volatility	Dividend yield	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per option at grant date
125,000	05-Jul-2022	\$0.65	\$0.495	79%	0%	2.98%	\$0.2323
2,000,000	24-Nov-2023	\$0.65	\$0.540	80%	0%	3.24%	\$0.2400
1,000,000	09-Jun-2023	\$0.65	\$0.390	85%	0%	3.43%	\$0.1604

9,635,000 options were exercisable at the end of the financial year (30 June 2023: 12,065,000 options).

The weighted average share price during the financial year was \$0.58 (30 June 2023: \$0.47).

The weighted average exercise price of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was \$0.55 (30 June 2023: \$0.40).

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 0.74 years (30 June 2023: 1.38 years).

Note 27. Earnings per share

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loss after income tax	(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Argenica Therapeutics Limited	(5,479,488)	(4,815,044)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share	103,707,092	73,925,675
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	Cents (5.3) (5.3)	Cents (5.5) (5.5)

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Directors' declaration 30 June 2024

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Dianne Angus Director

28 August 2024 Perth



RSM Australia Partners

Level 32 Exchange Tower, 2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6000 GPO Box R1253 Perth WA 6844

T +61 (0) 8 9261 9100

www.rsm.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ARGENICA THERAPEUTICS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Argenica Therapeutics Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD ASSURANCE | TAX | CONSULTING

RSM Australia Partners is a member of the RSM network and trades as RSM. RSM is the trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction. RSM Australia Partners ABN 36 965 185 036

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation





Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed this matter

Grant revenue

Refer to Note 4 in the financial statements

During the year, the Company received government grants, which have been accounted in accordance with AASB 120 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance.

We have considered this to be a key audit matter because:

- Management judgement is required to determine the basis of recognising grant revenue; and
- The recognition of grant revenue is based on management's assessment on whether the conditions attached to the grant have been met.

Our audit procedures included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the terms and conditions of the grants;
- Assessing whether the Company's grant revenue recognition policies were in compliance with AASB 120;
- On a sample basis, agreeing expenditure transactions to supporting documentation to assess whether the expenditure has been correctly classified as eligible grant expenditure;
- Performed recalculation of grant revenue to be recognised in profit or loss; and
- Assessing the disclosures in the financial statements.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

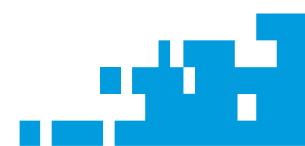
In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2_2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2024.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Argenica Therapeutics Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2024, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

RSM AUSTRALIA

TUTU PHONG Partner

Perth, WA

Dated: 28 August 2024



Argenica Therapeutics Limited Shareholder Information

ASX Additional Information

The Company's ordinary shares are quoted as 'AGN' on ASX. The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 15 August 2024.

Distribution of equitable securities (ordinary shares)

Analysis of number of equitable security holders by size of holding:

	Number of ordinary shares	Number of holders of ordinary shares
100,001 and over	93,613,028	186
10,001 to 100,000	29,258,258	803
5,001 to 10,000	2,588,036	321
1,001 to 5,000	1,541,028	581
1 to 1,000	132,495	193
	127,132,845	2,084
Holding less than a marketable parcel	13,378	47

Equity security holders (ordinary shares)

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

The names of the twenty largest security holders of this class of quoted equity securities are listed below:

I he names of the twenty largest security holders of this class of quoted equity securities	s are listed below:	
	Ordinary sha	ires
	-	% of total shares
	Number held	issued
	Mulliber field	133464
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <lam1 -="" a="" c="" d08047=""></lam1>	5,031,319	3.96
OOFY PROSSER PTY LTD < DRONES FAMILY A/C>	4,708,929	3.70
NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	4,382,545	3.45
MR NEIL DONALD DELROY <ndd a="" c="" investment=""></ndd>	4,286,398	3.37
J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	3,652,225	2.87
PERRON INSTITUTE FOR NEUROLOGICAL AND TRANSLATIONAL SCIENCE	3,550,000	2.79
LTD		
LITIS SUPER PTY LTD <jde a="" c="" fund="" litis="" super=""></jde>	2,992,308	2.35
UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA	2,868,876	2.26
AGATI PTY LTD	2,133,083	1.68
MS HELEN MARGARET SEWELL	1,662,500	1.31
MRS ELIZABETH JANE DAWSON & MR LEWIS MACDONALD DAWSON	1,640,909	1.29
<dawson a="" c="" family=""></dawson>		
ARREDO PTY LTD	1,550,000	1.22
MR GARY ROBERT WAYNE	1,545,952	1.22
XCEL CAPITAL PTY LTD	1,382,500	1.09
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	1,351,122	1.06
BUSSO HOLDINGS PTY LTD <bew a="" c=""></bew>	1,343,182	1.06
MR BRUNO PHILIP MELONI <bruno a="" c="" family="" meloni=""></bruno>	1,252,000	0.98
PINDAN INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <pindan a="" c="" investment=""></pindan>	1,185,332	0.93
OENEUS PTY LTD	1,106,746	0.87
MR SHANE HOEHOCK WEE <wee a="" c="" family=""></wee>	1,100,000	0.87
	48,725,926	38.33

Argenica Therapeutics Limited Shareholder Information

Unquoted equity securities

	Number on issue	Number of holders
Series A options over ordinary shares ¹	960,000	3
Series C options over ordinary shares ³	300,000	1
Series E options over ordinary shares ³	125,000	1
Series F options over ordinary shares ³	2,000,000	1
Series G options over ordinary shares ²	1,000,000	1

¹ Unlisted options over ordinary shares are held by the lead manager of the IPO (or their nominee).

Substantial holders

Substantial holders in the company are set out below:

	Ordinary s	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of total shares issued	
Neil Delroy Insignia Financial Ltd	7,405,976 6,274,450 ¹	5.83% 5.07% ¹	

¹ Number of shares disclosed on latest substantial shareholder notice.

Voting rights

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

Ordinary shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

There are no other classes of equity securities.

On-market Buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back of the company's securities in place.

² Unlisted options over ordinary shares issued to a nominee of Euroz Hartleys Limited pursuant to the terms of a corporate advisory agreement and a capital raising mandate.

³ Unlisted options over ordinary shares issued under an employee incentive scheme.