

**Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF
(formerly Switzer Dividend Growth Fund (Quoted
Managed Fund))**

ARSN 614 066 849

**Annual financial report
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

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Directors' Report

The Directors of AGP Investment Management Limited (ABN 26 123 611 978), the Responsible Entity of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF (formerly Switzer Dividend Growth Fund (Quoted Managed Fund)), present their report together with the financial statements of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF (the **Fund**) for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme, listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (**ASX**) on 24 February 2017.

The Directors of AGP Investment Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF, present their report together with the financial statements of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF is AGP Investment Management Limited (ABN 26 123 611 978). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 12, 2 Chifley Square, Sydney, NSW, 2000.

Principal activities

The Fund aims to provide Australian resident investors with tax effective income with lower level of volatility by investing in a core portfolio of blue-chip Australian shares. The Fund's investment portfolio comprises between approximately 20 and 40 stocks, drawn from within the largest 100 companies (by market capitalisation) and up to 10% allocation to derivatives listed on the ASX. The portfolio is managed to provide investors with a monthly income stream.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

Effective 18 March 2025, AGP Investment Management Limited advised that the Switzer Dividend Growth Fund (Quoted Managed Fund) has been renamed to the Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF.

This change follows the implementation of revised Schedule 10A to the ASX Operating Rules and is in line with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission's (ASIC) updated product labelling guidance, as outlined in Information Sheet 230, which seeks to standardise naming conventions for exchange-traded products.

The Fund's investment objective, strategy, fees, and other key features remain unchanged.

Directors' Report (continued)

Directors

The following persons held office as Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year and up to the date of this report:

Name	Title
James McNally	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Tim Keegan	Non-Executive Director
Peter Switzer	Non-Executive Director
Martin Switzer	Executive Director

Review and results of operations

The Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Fund paid total distributions of 14.56 cents per unit (**CPU**). This equates to a net distribution yield of 6.04% and a gross distribution yield of 7.06% inclusive of franking credits. Distribution yield is calculated based on the distributions attributable to the 12 months ended 30 June 2025, relative to the Fund's ex distribution unit price of \$2.4122 as at 30 June 2024. Since inception, on 23 February 2017, the Fund paid an annualised net distribution yield of 4.76%, and an annualised gross distribution yield of 5.85%, inclusive of franking credits. Distribution yield is calculated based on the annualised distributions since inception relative to the Fund's inception unit price of \$2.5000.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows.

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Profit before finance costs attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	2,935	3,764
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	3,542	6,533
Distributions (CPU)	14.56	27.64

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Directors' Report (continued)

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regard to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund. The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 13 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the year are disclosed in Note 13 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movements in units on issue in the Fund during the year are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Events occurring after the year

Except as disclosed in Note 18 in the financial statements, no other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future years.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* issued by the ASIC, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Director's Report. Amounts in the Director's Report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "James McNally". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name and title.

James McNally
Chairman
AGP Investment Management Limited

Sydney,
24 September 2025

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF ASSOCIATE GLOBAL PARTNERS LIMITED AS RESPONSIBLE ENTITY OF SWITZER DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND - ACTIVE ETF

As lead auditor, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2025 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review, and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.



SW Audit
Chartered Accountants



René Muller
Partner

Sydney, 24 September 2025

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**Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

	Notes	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
<i>Investment income</i>			
Interest income		27	115
Dividend/distribution income	3	2,255	2,780
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	4	1,639	1,991
Total investment income		3,921	4,886
<i>Operating expenses</i>			
Management fees	13	526	558
Transaction costs		384	487
Other expenses		76	77
Total operating expenses		986	1,122
Profit before finance costs attributable to unitholders		2,935	3,764
<i>Finance costs attributable to unitholders</i>			
Distributions to unitholders	7	3,542	6,533
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	6	(607)	(2,769)
Profit for the year attributable to unitholders		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to unitholders		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to unitholders		-	-

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**Statement of Financial Position
as at 30 June 2025**

	Notes	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	5,329	9,674
Receivables	10	741	1,975
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	55,109	50,683
Total assets		61,179	62,332
Liabilities			
Distribution payable	7	1,148	4,377
Payables	11	985	1,769
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		2,133	6,146
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	6	59,046	56,186

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**Statement of Changes in Equity
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

In accordance with AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the beginning and the end of the year ended 30 June 2025.

Changes in net assets attributable to unitholders are disclosed in Note 6.

**Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

	Notes	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>			
Proceeds from sale of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss		96,720	113,474
Purchase of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss		(99,020)	(99,122)
Transaction costs on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(370)	(483)
Dividends and distributions received		2,190	2,749
Interest received		27	115
Management fees paid		(526)	(564)
Other expenses paid		(149)	(122)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	15(a)	(1,128)	16,047
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		6,365	1,715
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(4,309)	(10,206)
Distributions paid		(5,273)	(1,881)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(3,217)	(10,372)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,345)	5,675
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		9,674	3,999
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	8, 15(b)	5,329	9,674
Non-cash financing activities	15(c)	1,499	518

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1. General information

These financial statements cover Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF (formerly Switzer Dividend Growth Fund (Quoted Managed Fund)) (the **Fund**) as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 18 August 2016 and listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 24 February 2017. The Fund will terminate on 7 August 2096 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. The Fund's investment portfolio comprises stocks drawn from within the largest 100 companies (by market capitalisation) and derivatives listed on the ASX.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is AGP Investment Management Limited (the **Responsible Entity**). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 12, 2 Chifley Square, Sydney, NSW, 2000. The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors of the Responsible Entity on 24 September 2025. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2. Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are generally expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders where the amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of the year cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund comply with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New standard adopted as at 1 July 2024

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2024 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification and measurement

Financial assets:

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

For equity securities the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows;
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment.

(ii) Impairment

The Fund holds only trade receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for expected credit losses (ECL) under IFRS 9 to all its trade receivables. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead, recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Fund's approach to ECLs reflects a probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Fund uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. Receivables are grouped based on their nature. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

Any change in expected credit losses between the previous year and the current year is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. There is no material impairment during the year and as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

(iii) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts at all times and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

The Directors have determined the units are redeemable at the unitholders option and are classified as financial liabilities due to mandatory distributions. The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the year if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Fund. As the Fund's redemption unit price is based on different valuation principles to that applied in financial reporting, a valuation difference exists, which has been treated as a separate component of net assets attributable to unitholders. Changes in the value of this financial liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as they arise.

(d) Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for all financial instruments on an accruals basis. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b).

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlement basis.

Net gains/(losses) on financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the end of the year and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest or dividend/distribution income. Realised and unrealised gains/(losses) are shown in the notes to the financial statements.

(e) Distributions

In accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Fund distributes its distributable income and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

(f) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as finance costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(g) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the functional currency). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(h) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue.

(i) Use of judgements and estimates

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires it to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future. However, estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Fund's financial instruments are traded in active markets and are valued based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The Fund uses independent pricing services to obtain these prices.

When the fair values of the reported financial instruments cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using prices obtained from inactive or unquoted markets and/or other valuation techniques. The inputs to these valuation techniques (if applicable) are taken from observable markets to the extent practicable. Where observable inputs are not available, the inputs may be estimated based on a degree of judgements and assumptions in establishing fair values.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(i) Use of judgements and estimates (continued)

Where appropriate, the outcomes of the valuation techniques that are used in establishing fair values are validated using prices from observable current market transactions for similar instruments (without modification or repackaging) or based on relevant available observable market data.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

In addition, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from/to brokers, accounts payable and accounts receivable, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(j) New accounting standards and interpretations

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual years beginning after 1 July 2024 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

The Directors have assessed that the implementation of these standards does not have a material impact on the financial report in the year of initial application and future reporting periods.

(k) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (**ASIC**), relating to the 'rounding off' amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off in accordance with that ASIC Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Dividend distribution income

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Dividends	2,073	2,564
Trust distributions	182	216
Total dividend distribution income	2,255	2,780

4. Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Net realised gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	2,166	4,802
Net unrealised losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(527)	(2,811)
Total net gains on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1,639	1,991

5. Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor, SW Audit, to the Fund:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial reports	24,750	23,700
Total remuneration for and other assurance services	24,750	23,700
Taxation services		
Tax compliance advice	4,200	4,200
Total remuneration for taxation services	4,200	4,200
Total auditor's remuneration	28,950	27,900

Audit fees for Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF are paid by the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Net assets attributable to unitholders

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	30 June 2025 No.'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 No.'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Opening balance	23,235	56,186	26,304	66,765
Applications	2,583	6,348	693	1,797
Redemptions	(1,792)	(4,380)	(3,965)	(10,125)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	601	1,499	203	518
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(607)	-	(2,769)
Closing balance	24,627	59,046	23,235	56,186

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a financial liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2024
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
31 July	213	0.90	208	0.80
31 August	214	0.90	207	0.80
30 September	214	0.90	204	0.80
31 October	213	0.90	201	0.80
30 November	216	0.90	200	0.80
31 December	219	0.90	196	0.80
31 January	219	0.90	192	0.80
28 February	221	0.90	189	0.80
31 March	221	0.90	186	0.80
30 April	222	0.90	187	0.80
31 May	222	0.90	186	0.80
30 June (payable)	1,148	4.66	4,377	18.84
Total distribution	3,542	14.56	6,533	27.64

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash	5,329	9,674
Cash Equivalent	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	5,329	9,674

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9. Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Fair value through profit or loss		
Listed equities	48,466	48,174
Listed property trusts/unit trusts	6,760	2,516
Listed options	(117)	(7)
Total fair value through profit or loss	55,109	50,683
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	55,109	50,683

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 12.

10. Receivables

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	162	1,515
Dividend/distribution receivable	308	243
Unsettled applications	74	92
Other receivables	11	11
RITC receivable	186	114
Total receivables	741	1,975

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11. Payables

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Management fees payable	47	47
Unsettled redemptions	71	-
Other fees payable	7	7
Due to brokers – payable for securities purchased	860	1,715
Total payables	985	1,769

12. Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, currency risk, and interest rate risk), credit risk, concentration risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by an Investment Manager (the **Investment Manager**) under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the **Board**).

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks, and ratings analysis for credit risk.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk. Market risk is managed and monitored using sensitivity analysis and minimised through ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandates and investment strategies.

The market risk disclosures are prepared on the basis of the Fund's direct investments and not on a look-through basis for investments held in the Fund.

The sensitivity of the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders (and profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders) to price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk is measured by the reasonably possible movements approach. This approach is determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates, historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmarks and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in the risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

At 30 June, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Securities at fair value through profit or loss	55,109	50,684
Total securities at fair value through profit or loss	55,109	50,684

(i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of listed securities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or by factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investment portfolio. The investments are classified on the Statement of Financial Position at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Investment Manager mitigates this price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Board.

The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a regular basis by the Fund's Investment Manager. This information and the compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement are reported to the relevant parties on a regular basis as deemed appropriate such as the compliance manager, other key management personnel and ultimately the Board.

At 30 June 2025, if prices of listed securities had increased/(decreased) by the percentage indicated below, with all other variables held constant, the net assets attributable to unitholders (and profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders) would have changed by the following amounts, approximately and respectively:

	As at 30 June 2025		As at 30 June 2024	
	Increased by 10% \$'000	Decreased by 10% \$'000	Increased by 10% \$'000	Decreased by 10% \$'000
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders (and profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders)	5,511	(5,511)	5,068	(5,068)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

At year end the Fund only held Australian dollar denominated assets and it therefore had no exposure to foreign exchange risk (2024: Nil).

(iii) Interest rate risk

There was no significant direct interest rate risk in the Fund as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and receivables.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once purchase of the securities has been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

There was no significant credit risk in the Fund as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

(d) Concentrations of risk

Concentrations of risk arise when a number of financial instruments are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a member of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic conditions. These similarities would cause the counterparties' liabilities to meet the contractual obligations to be similarly affected by certain changes in the risk variables.

The concentrations of risk are monitored by the Investment Manager to ensure they are within acceptable limits by reducing the exposures or by other means as deemed appropriate.

Concentrations of risk are managed by industry sector for equity instruments.

Based on the concentrations of risk that are managed by industry sector, the following investments can be analysed by the industry sector as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024:

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Concentrations of risk (continued)

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	%	%
Financials	26.68	20.79
Materials	14.62	20.97
Health Care	12.52	8.89
Real Estate	9.28	5.11
Communication Services	6.90	3.62
Industrials	5.63	8.30
Consumer Staples	5.35	0.10
Energy	5.30	3.87
Utilities	2.67	6.18
Information Technology	2.42	2.43
Consumer Discretionary	0.55	3.83
Cash	8.08	15.91
Total	100.00	100.00

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. This risk is controlled through the Fund's investment in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

The Fund may be exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Its policy is therefore primarily hold investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

The Fund's investments mainly consist of listed securities that are considered readily realisable, as they are listed on recognised stock exchanges.

The Fund's policy is to hold a significant proportion of its investments in liquid assets.

Under the terms of its Constitution, the Fund has the ability to manage liquidity risk by delaying redemptions to unitholders, if necessary, until the funds are available to pay them. No redemptions to unitholders were delayed for the year ended 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (continued)

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Investment Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a regular basis. This information and the compliance with the Fund's policy are reported to the relevant parties on a regular basis as deemed appropriate such as compliance manager, other key management personnel and ultimately the Board.

Maturity of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the year to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	30 June 2025			
	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	More than 12 months
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Distribution payable	1,148	-	-	-
Payables	984	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	59,116	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	61,248	-	-	-

	30 June 2024			
	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	More than 12 months
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Distribution payable	4,377	-	-	-
Payables	1,770	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	56,186	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	62,333	-	-	-

The Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing predominantly in liquid assets that it expects to be able to liquidate within 7 days or less. Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and listed equities.

(f) Estimation of fair values of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of all the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of the year approximated their fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Estimation of fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

The Fund's accounting policy on fair value measurement is set out in Note 2(b). The methods and assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of each class of financial instruments are also set out in Note 2(b).

Note 2(i) outlines further the nature of management's judgements, estimates and assumptions that might have been used in the determination of the fair values of these financial instruments.

(g) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund is required to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices); quoted prices for similar securities in active and/or inactive markets; market-corroborated inputs; inputs that are developed based on available market data and reflect assumptions that markets would use when pricing similar securities.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The Company held \$55,109,000 Level 1 financial assets as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$50,683,000). For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables due to their short term nature.

The table below sets out the Fund's financial assets measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at the reporting date.

All fair value measurements disclosed are recurring fair value measurements.

	30 June 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equities	48,466	-	-	48,466
Listed property trusts/unit trusts	6,760	-	-	6,760
Listed options	(117)	-	-	(117)
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	55,109	-	-	55,109

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Financial risk management (continued)

(g) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

	30 June 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equities	48,174	-	-	48,174
Listed property trusts/unit trusts	2,516	-	-	2,516
Listed options	(7)	-	-	(7)
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	50,683	-	-	50,683

13. Related party transactions

(a) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF is AGP Investment Management Limited.

(b) Key management personnel

The Responsible Entity is a related party and considered the Fund's key management personnel.

The following persons held office as Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Name	Title
James McNally	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Tim Keegan	Non-Executive Director
Peter Switzer	Non-Executive Director
Martin Switzer	Executive Director

(c) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the year.

(d) Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time Directors of the Responsible Entity, or their related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Related party transactions (continued)

(e) Related party Fund's unitholdings

For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Responsible Entity did not hold investments in the Fund (30 June 2024: Nil).

(f) Responsible Entity's/manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive a 0.89% per annum management fee. The management fee is calculated each business day based on the gross asset value of the Fund on that business day and is payable at the end of each month. The management fee described above is inclusive of the estimated net impact of GST and RITC.

In the interests of investors, the Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF does not charge a performance fee.

Expenses in connection with the preparation of accounting records and the maintenance of the unit register are paid by the Responsible Entity.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year paid by the Fund to the Responsible Entity	526,136	558,176
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at the end of the reporting period	47,054	47,172

(g) Related party Fund's unitholdings

For the year ended 30 June 2025 the Responsible Entity or its related parties did not hold units in the Fund (2024: Nil).

(h) Investments

During the period, the Fund did not hold investments in funds owned or managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties (2024: Nil).

14. Investment manager

The Responsible Entity appointed Vertium Asset Management Pty Ltd (**Vertium**) as its investment manager in respect of the Fund's portfolio and the Responsible Entity pays on its fees under the Investment Manager Agreement to Vertium. The Fund is not required to pay any fees to Vertium.

Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended 30 June 2025	Year ended 30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-
Adjustments for:		
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	(607)	(2,769)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	96,720	113,474
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(99,020)	(99,122)
Distribution to unitholders	3,542	6,533
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(1,639)	(1,991)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(54)	(194)
Net change in payables and other liabilities	(97)	1
Interest received	27	115
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(1,128)	16,047

(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents

Cash as at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	Year Ended 30 June 2025	Year Ended 30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	5,329	9,674

(c) Non-cash financing activities

During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan

	1,499	518
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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities (continued)

(c) Non-cash financing activities (continued)

16. Segment Information

The Fund operates solely in the business of investment in companies and derivatives listed on Australia share markets. Revenue, profit, net assets and other financial information reported to and monitored by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (**CODM**) for the single identified operating segment are the amounts reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows. The CODM has been identified as the Responsible Entity.

17. Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent assets and liabilities and commitment as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil).

18. Events occurring after the year

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of AGP Investment Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF (formerly Switzer Dividend Growth Fund (Quoted Managed Fund)) (the **Fund**), I state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the Fund are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) the financial statements are in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.



James McNally
Chairman
AGP Investment Management Limited

Sydney,
24 September 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SWITZER DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND - ACTIVE ETF

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund -Active ETF (the Fund) which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025 the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Switzer Dividend Growth Fund - Active ETF is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, and
- b. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Existence and valuation of the investment portfolio

Area of focus	How our audit addressed the area of focus
<p>Switzer Dividend Growth Fund's - Active ETF investment portfolio as at 30 June 2025 includes listed equities and listed property trusts.</p> <p>Investment valuation and existence is a key audit matter as the investment balance of \$55,108,924 represents 90% of total assets. Pricing and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial assets.</p> <p>As detailed in the Fund's accounting policy, described in Note 2(b) of the financial report, these financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.</p>	<p>Our procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> assessed the effectiveness of controls relating to the recognition and valuation of investments; obtained and considered the assurance report on the controls of the Fund's administrator and custodian in relation to the fund administration and custody services for the year ended 30 June 2025 and considered the auditor's qualifications, competence and objectivity and the results of their procedures; agreed sample of investment holdings to third party confirmations at 30 June 2025; tested the fair value of a sample of investments in the portfolio held at 30 June 2025 by verifying the share price against independently sourced market prices; and assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial report.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund (the directors) are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report. As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The logo consists of the letters 'S' and 'W' in a stylized, handwritten font.

SW Audit

Chartered Accountants

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'René Muller'.

René Muller

Partner

Sydney, 24 September 2025