



20 November 2017

**400M MINERALISED STRUCTURE DEFINED AT T7 TARGET
AND COMMENCEMENT OF 7,500M PHASE 2 DRILL PROGRAMME
AT LOS DOMOS PROJECT**

- Equus Mining Limited ('Equus') (ASX: EQE) is pleased to announce that core saw channel and drill results to date have defined mineralisation over at least a 400m strike length at the T7 Target at the Los Domos precious and base metal project.
- In addition, a 7,500m Phase 2 drilling programme is underway, targeting the previously undrilled T1 Target, where 23 surface samples averaged 15.02 g/t AuEq over a 430m strike length, additional to further drill testing of the T2, T5 and T7 Targets where encouraging Phase 1 drill results are being used to vector planned step-out drill holes.
- To date, drilling of three of nine targets has confirmed potential for large scale, low to intermediate sulphidation style mineralisation at Los Domos.

T7 Target – core saw channel and drilling defines 400m strike length of polymetallic mineralisation

Subsequent to the discovery of significant high-grade mineralisation at shallow depth at the T7 Target, follow-up drilling of 5 holes has further delineated the geometry and extension of mineralization. Drilling to date has totalled 841.9m and results have defined polymetallic mineralisation hosted within a moderately NNE dipping structure trending 295° which extends over a minimum strike length of 400m. (See Figure 1 and Table 1). The overall host west-northwest trending fault structure has been mapped over an 800m strike extent.

The mineralisation consists of brecciated, sphalerite and galena rich, banded epithermal quartz veins and hydrothermal breccias hosted in quartz crystal rich tuff. This mineralization is interpreted as representing part of a multiphase, Intermediate Sulphidation epithermal style of mineralisation.

Geological and geochemical results from the initial phase of shallow drilling at T7 has indicated that more competent host volcanic rocks more conducive to breccia-vein development extends at shallow levels to the WNW, that drilling to date has only partially tested the upper approximate 30m interval of this unit and that vectors of mineralization remain open both along strike and down dip. The next phase will comprise drill testing of the T7 Target over an 800m strike length with a series of shallow, 80m spaced holes targeting the structure within the more favourable host rocks in order to define the geometries of the higher-grade shoots prior to drill testing of their potentially more precious metal rich levels deeper in the epithermal system. See Figure 1. Good potential exists for additional subparallel mineralised structures in the hanging wall to the mineralised structure defined by drilling to date.

Figure 1. Long section of T7 Target

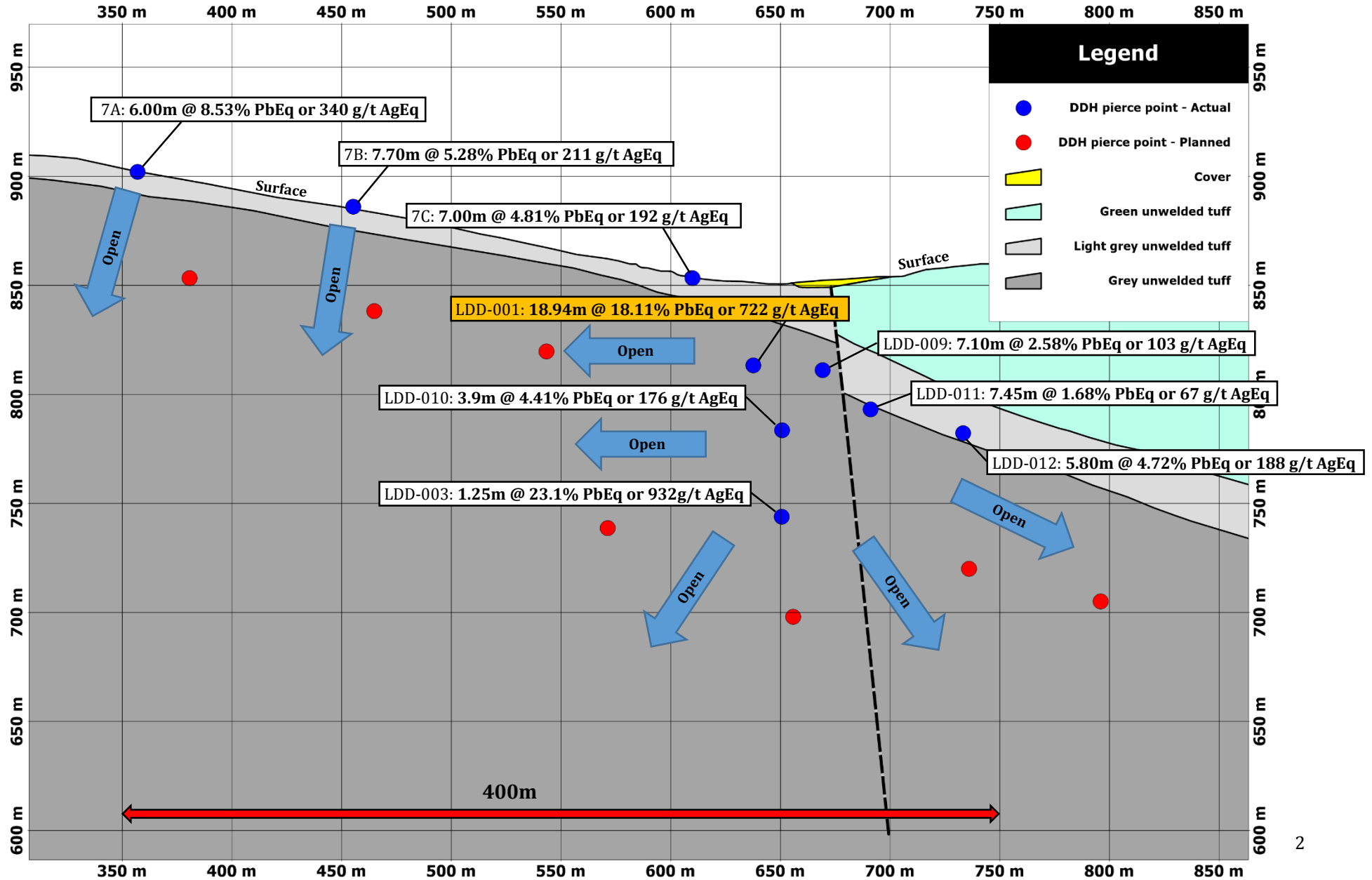


Table 1. T7 Target Drill Intercepts

Hole, Channel ID	From m	To m	Intercept m	True Width m	PbEq %	AgEq g/t	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Pb %	Zn %	
7A	0.0	6.0	6.00	6.00	8.53	340	2.52	123	1.32	0.08	Previously reported
7B	0.0	7.7	7.70	7.70	5.28	211	1.18	42	2.21	0.11	
7C	0.0	7.0	7.00	7.00	4.81	192	0.82	18	1.40	1.26	
LDD-001	35.2	54.1	18.94	18.29	18.11	722	0.48	117	9.65	3.62	
incl.	45.8	54.1	8.39	8.10	37.37	1490	0.71	248	20.72	7.07	
LDD-003	68.0	76.5	8.45	7.94	4.29	171	0.32	15	1.18	1.68	
incl.	68.0	69.3	1.25	1.17	23.10	921	0.28	81	7.63	9.88	
	138.8	140.1	1.30	1.22	3.03	121	0.62	11	0.26	1.14	
LDD-009	5.5	6.9	1.40	1.35	3.01	120	0.56	12	1.20	0.47	Newly reported
	47.5	54.6	7.10	6.86	2.58	103	0.49	9	0.45	0.47	
incl.	50.8	52.3	1.50	1.45	4.15	166	0.75	13	1.31	1.01	
LDD-010	9.0	9.6	0.60	0.52	3.56	142	0.19	16	1.58	0.98	
	25.2	26.3	1.10	0.95	2.07	83	0.69	9	0.56	0.14	
	29.6	31.4	1.75	1.52	1.90	76	0.30	7	0.94	0.23	
	45.3	49.2	3.90	3.38	4.41	176	1.42	15	0.57	0.92	
LDD-011	75.9	78.8	2.90	2.80	1.93	77	0.26	7	0.58	0.58	Newly reported
	85.0	86.6	1.60	1.55	1.18	47	0.12	6	0.38	0.35	
	89.9	97.4	7.45	7.20	1.68	67	0.11	12	0.68	0.39	
incl.	93.6	97.4	3.75	3.62	2.51	100	0.11	19	1.17	0.51	
LDD-012	104.2	110.0	5.80	5.60	4.72	188	0.09	21	0.54	2.67	
incl.	104.2	106.9	2.70	2.61	8.62	344	0.12	36	0.82	5.10	

Lead Equivalent Calculation Formula & Assumptions (PbEq) – Intermediate Sulphidation Epithermal

$$\text{PbEq}(\%) = \text{Pb}(\%) + \text{Au}(\text{g/t}) \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Au}(\text{g}) \times \text{Au Recovery}(\%)}{\text{Price per 1 Pb}(\%) \times \text{Pb Recovery}(\%)} + \text{Ag}(\text{g/t}) \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Ag}(\text{g}) \times \text{Ag Recovery}(\%)}{\text{Price per 1 Pb}(\%) \times \text{Pb Recovery}(\%)} + \text{Zn}(\%) \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Zn}(\%) \times \text{Zn Recovery}(\%)}{\text{Price per 1 Pb}(\%) \times \text{Pb Recovery}(\%)}$$

Price *	Recovery	
US\$1244 per ounce	93.2%	<p>Metallurgical recoveries are based on initial metallurgical tests as outlined in a report titled Initial Metallurgical Tests Show Potential for High Recoveries and Grades of Silver, Lead and Zinc in Concentrates (see ASX release dated 7 August 2017). It is EQE's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold. Across the three targets drilled in the recently completed diamond program (T7, T2, T5) differing dominant metal bearing zones were intersected. The varying distribution of the different dominant metals is interpreted to be largely a function of the differing vertical depth within the epithermal system across the various prospects, within which the respective mineralization was intersected. As such, management have opted to report results on a metal equivalent basis in the metal that is currently the most dominant at the respective target in accordance with JORC reporting standards. If subsequent drilling intersects mineralization whereby a new dominant metal emerges for a target, equivalent metal reporting will change to reflect that new dominant metal.</p> <p>*Metal prices are of July 2017 Pb% : Au g/t = 1 : 0.63 Pb% : Ag g/t = 1 : 39.9 Pb% : Zn% = 1 : 0.76</p>
US\$18.35 per ounce	99.6%	
US\$2350 per tonne	99.7%	
US\$3100 per tonne	99.4%	

T1 Target – surface sampling average 15.02 g/t AuEq over 430m

Drill rig access has been completed to the T1 Target, ready for 1st phase scout drill testing of high grade Au-Ag vein mineralisation defined by previous rock chip sampling and mapping. As previously reported (see ASX release dated 31 March 2017) rock chip geochemical results from elevations at approximately 1,050m absl below are interpreted as corresponding to the upper portions of the prospect wide, paleo-epithermal precious metal zone interval. The mineralised strike length of the T1 Structure Prospect is **430m as defined by 23 samples which averaged 15.02 g/t AuEq** which qualifies it as a high priority drill target and is to be drilled following current drilling at T5. See Figure 2.

Figure 2. T5 Target Long section – high grade epithermal precious metal zone at surface

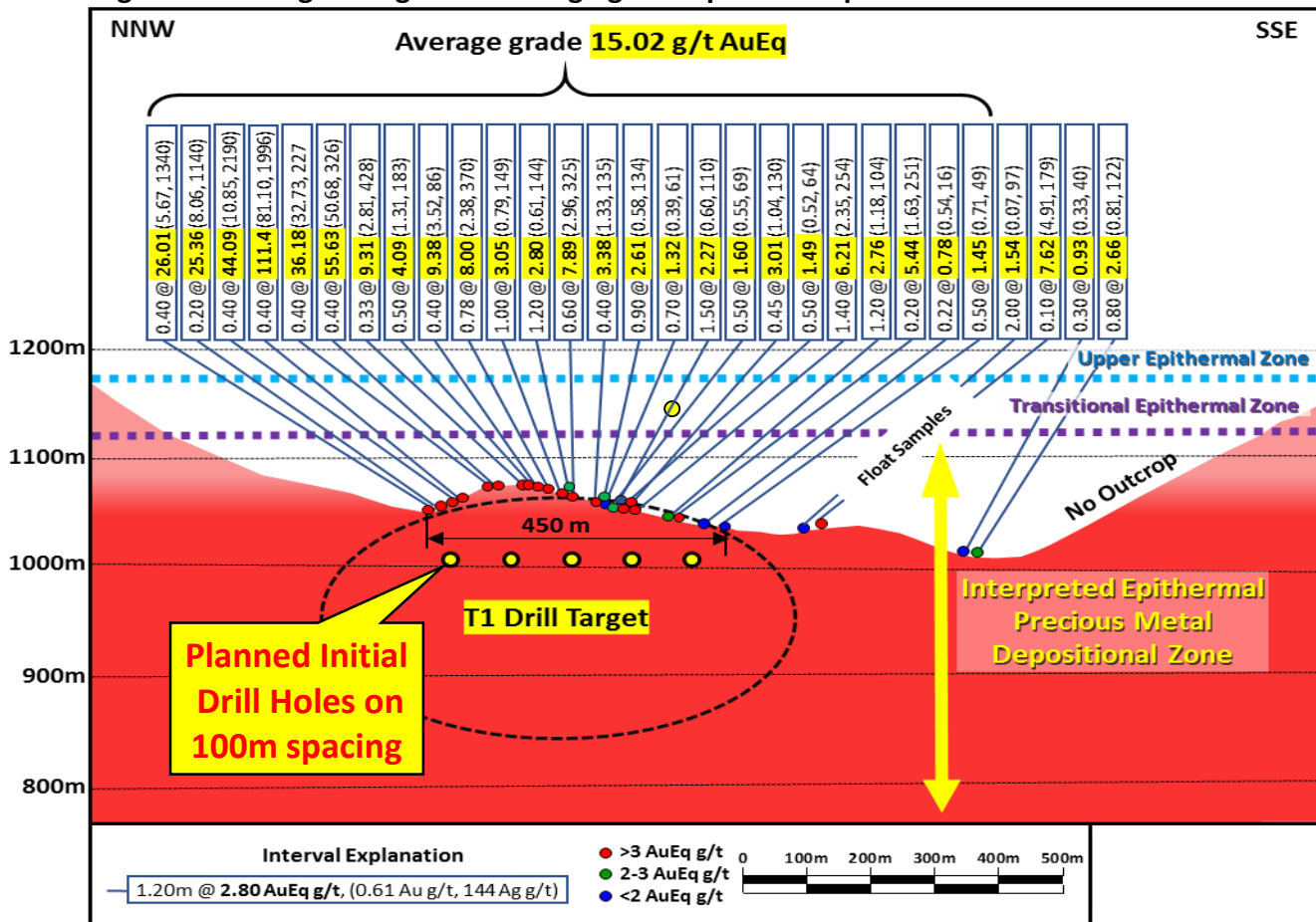


Photo 1. 7,500m Phase 2 drilling programme underway



T5 Target – large-scale phreatic breccia

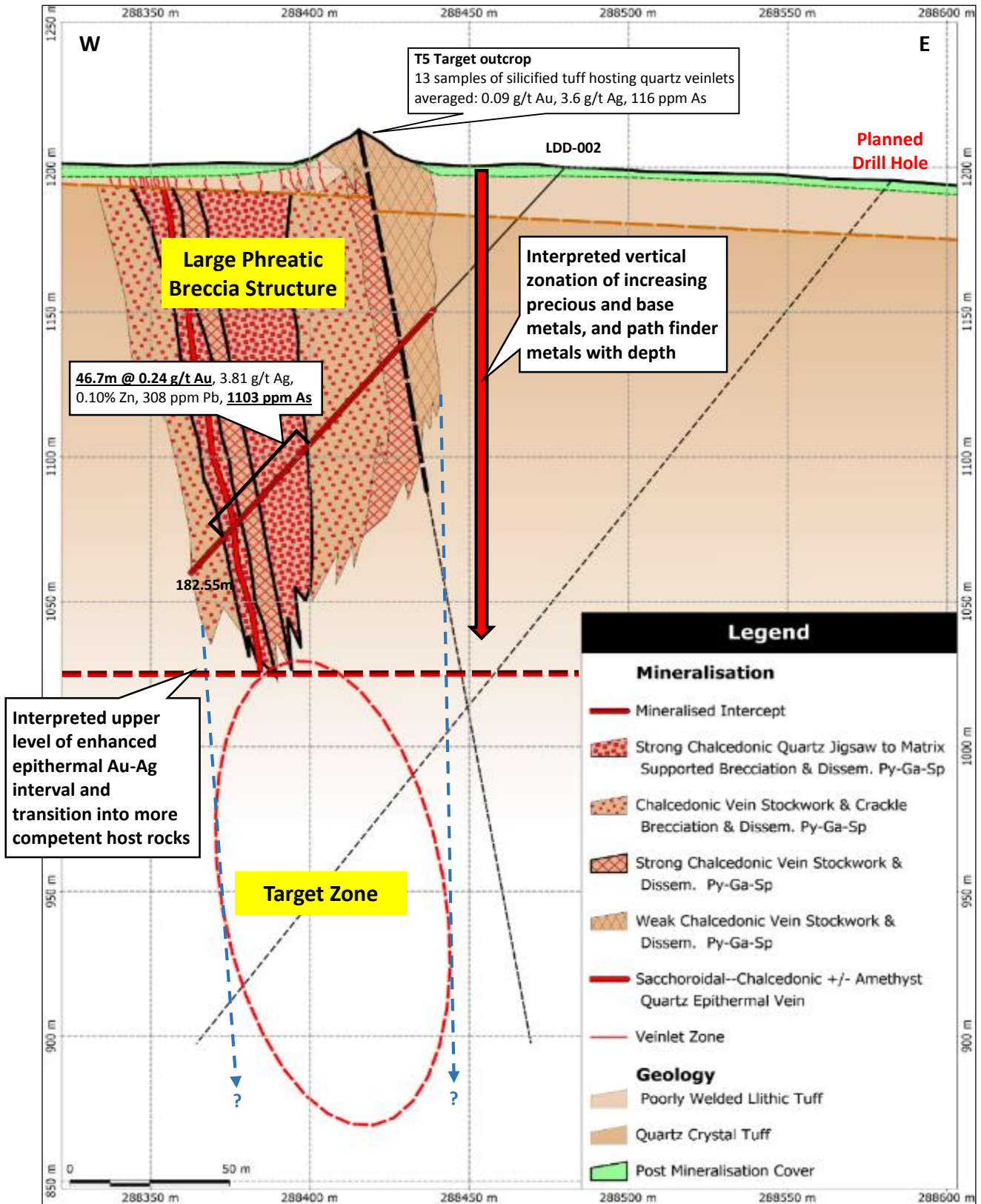
As previously announced, an initial Phase 1 scout hole (LDD-002) drilled into the T5 Target had discovered a concealed, large scale (70m wide), multiphase, intensely hydrothermally brecciated and veined zone which returned widespread highly anomalous levels of precious and base metal as well as pathfinder elements **typically found at higher levels above the precious metal mineralised interval within epithermal systems.** Maximum values of Au 0.84 g/t, Ag 14.6 g/t, Zn > 1% *, Pb 0.27% and As 2650ppm were reported and the core interval of explosive brecciation and veining between 125.0-171.7m reported 46.7m @ 0.24 g/t Au, 3.81 g/t Ag, 0.1% Zn, 306 ppm Pb and 1103 ppm As. (*Upper limit of detection)

At this early stage this large-scale structure is interpreted as representing a **phreatic (explosive) breccia**, and constitutes a high priority follow-up drill target given the large scale of the host structure and good potential for increasing high Au-Ag grades at depth. Planned drilling is designed to intercept the principal T5 Target structure approximately 120m below that intersected in LDD-02. See Figure 3.

Photo 2. 7,500m Phase 2 drilling programme underway



Figure 3. Cross section of T5 Target – interpreted as a mineralised phreatic breccia structure



T2 Target – depth extensions to be drill tested

As previously announced a total of 5 holes (LDD-004 - LDD-008) totalling 440.45m were drilled along a 240m strike length of the NW trending T2 Target to test shallow extensions of brecciation and veining at topographic levels generally above 1,100m absl (see Figure 4). Multiple, strongly mineralised, wide (up to 4.2m) steep south-west dipping, chalcedonic-jasperoidal breccia-quartz veins were intersected which reported high grade intervals (See Table 2).

The type and texture of quartz in the brecciation and veining and dominantly lower temperature breccia-vein clay alteration selvages (i.e. smectite dominant) is **typical of upper, lower temperature, more oxidised mineralised fluid levels of epithermal systems**. The wide (30m), steeply dipping (75 degree) host structure to brecciation and veining comprises a series of subparallel faults which exhibit large scale (> 50 metre) normal displacement which have juxtaposed less competent, strongly clay altered hanging wall lithologies against the structure. See Figure 4.

This geometry is consistent with the previous structural interpretation that the T1, T2 and T3 Target structures, which have been mapped intermittently over a collective strike length of 3km, represent the NE bounding fault of a large NW trending graben structure. These types of structures are often favourable for hosting large scale epithermal vein systems as they represent zones of enhanced dilation.

Drill results to date suggest that the higher grade mineralization at the T2 prospect comprises a moderately, NW plunging mineralised shoot as shown in the long section in Figure 5. The results from the Phase 1 of scout drilling are considered to be highly encouraging in relation to **the potential for higher Au-Ag grades in larger scale breccia-veining both at depth and along strike**, especially in light of the relatively shallow depth of drilling completed to date at levels interpreted to be high in the paleo-epithermal levels (i.e. predominantly above 1,100m absl) and the interpreted deeper favourable, more competent host stratigraphy.

Table 2. T2 Target Drill Intercepts

Hole ID	From m	To m	Intercept m	AuEq g/t	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Description
LDD-004	26.80	30.50	3.70	1.91	0.47	98	3.7m wide brecciated chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz vein
incl.	29.80	30.50	0.70	5.77	1.08	318	
	43.20	44.40	1.20	2.42	1.01	96	1.2m wide chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz vein
incl.	43.50	43.90	0.40	5.79	2.38	231	
LDD-005	42.35	43.89	1.54	0.99	0.60	26	1.5m wide brecciated chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz vein & crosscutting veinlets
LDD-006	32.15	32.80	0.65	1.64	0.78	58	0.65m wide oxidised chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz veinlets
	38.20	42.40	4.20	1.04	0.52	35	4.2m wide brecciated chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz vein
incl.	41.85	42.40	0.55	4.72	2.86	126	
LDD-007	27.60	27.90	0.30	0.07	0.04	2	0.3m wide brecciated chalcedonic-jasperoidal quartz vein
LDD-008	81.5	82.2	0.7	0.98	0.52	31	Part of 3.85m silicified-brecciated chalcedonic veining

Figure 4. T2 Target cross section showing vein development model

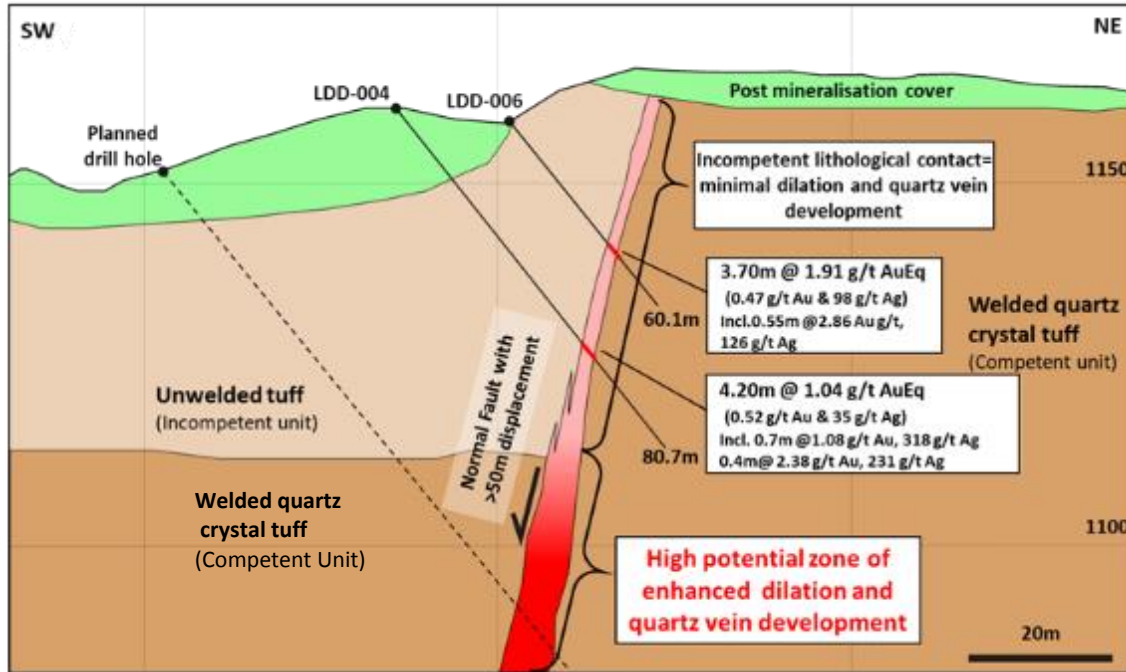


Figure 4. T2 Target Long Section

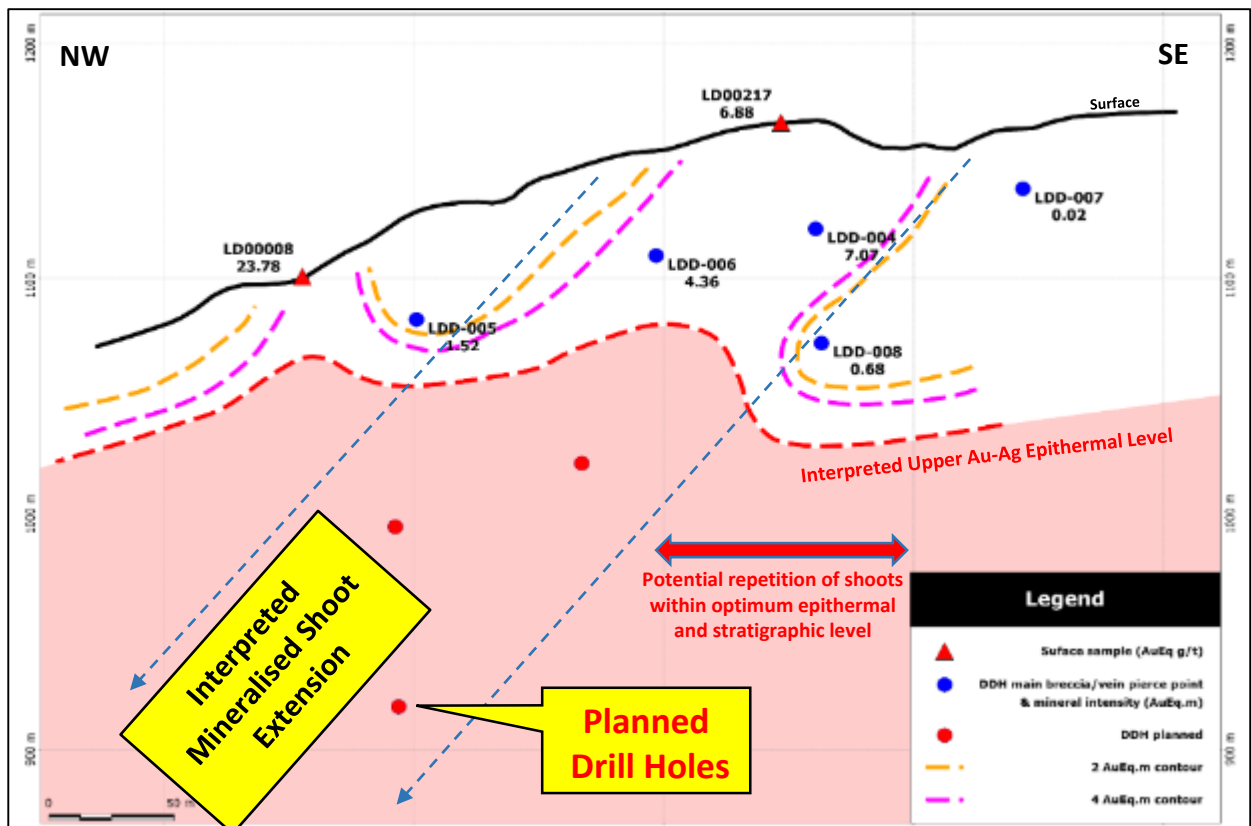


Figure 4. Multiple drill targets at Los Domos

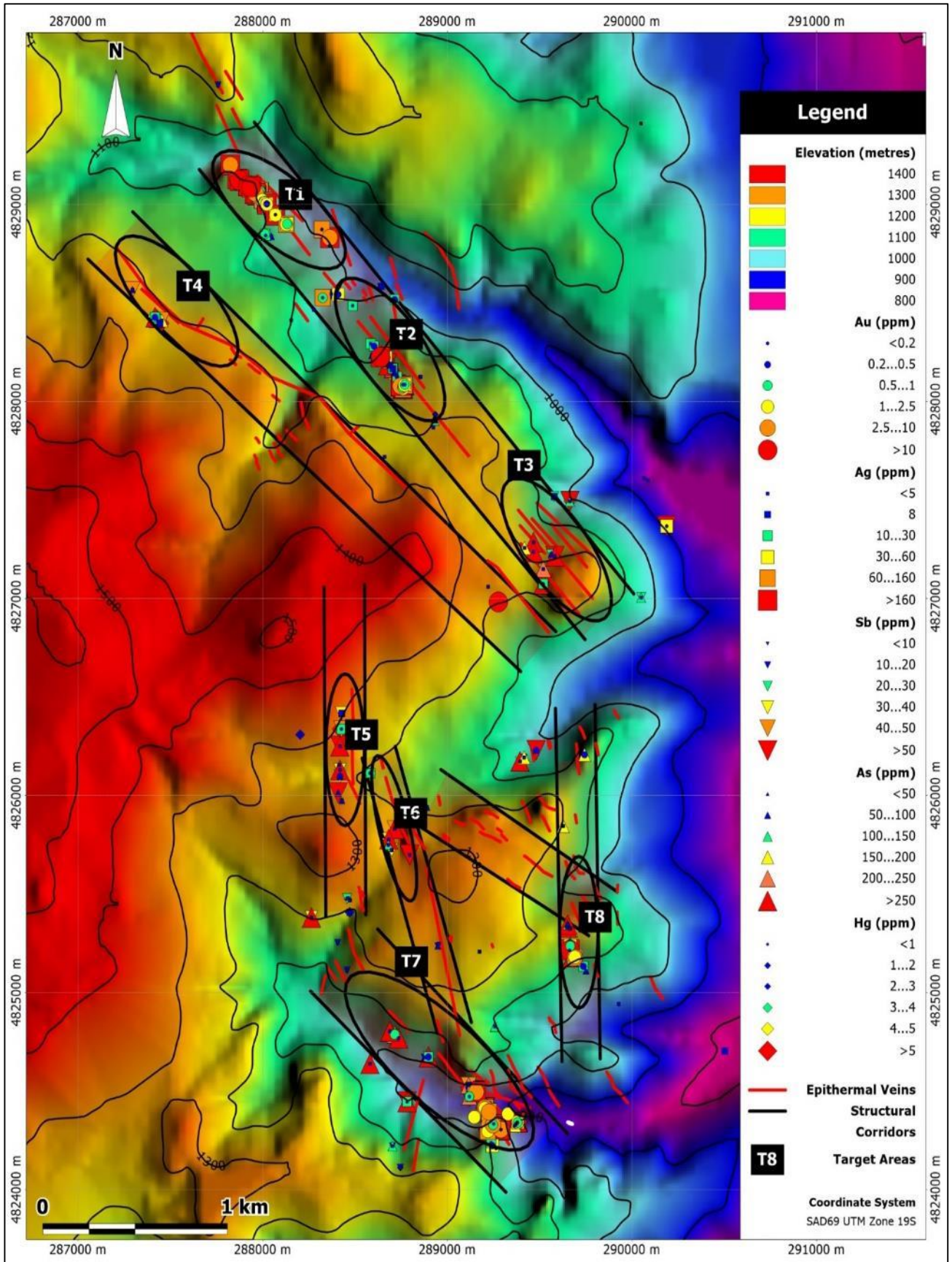
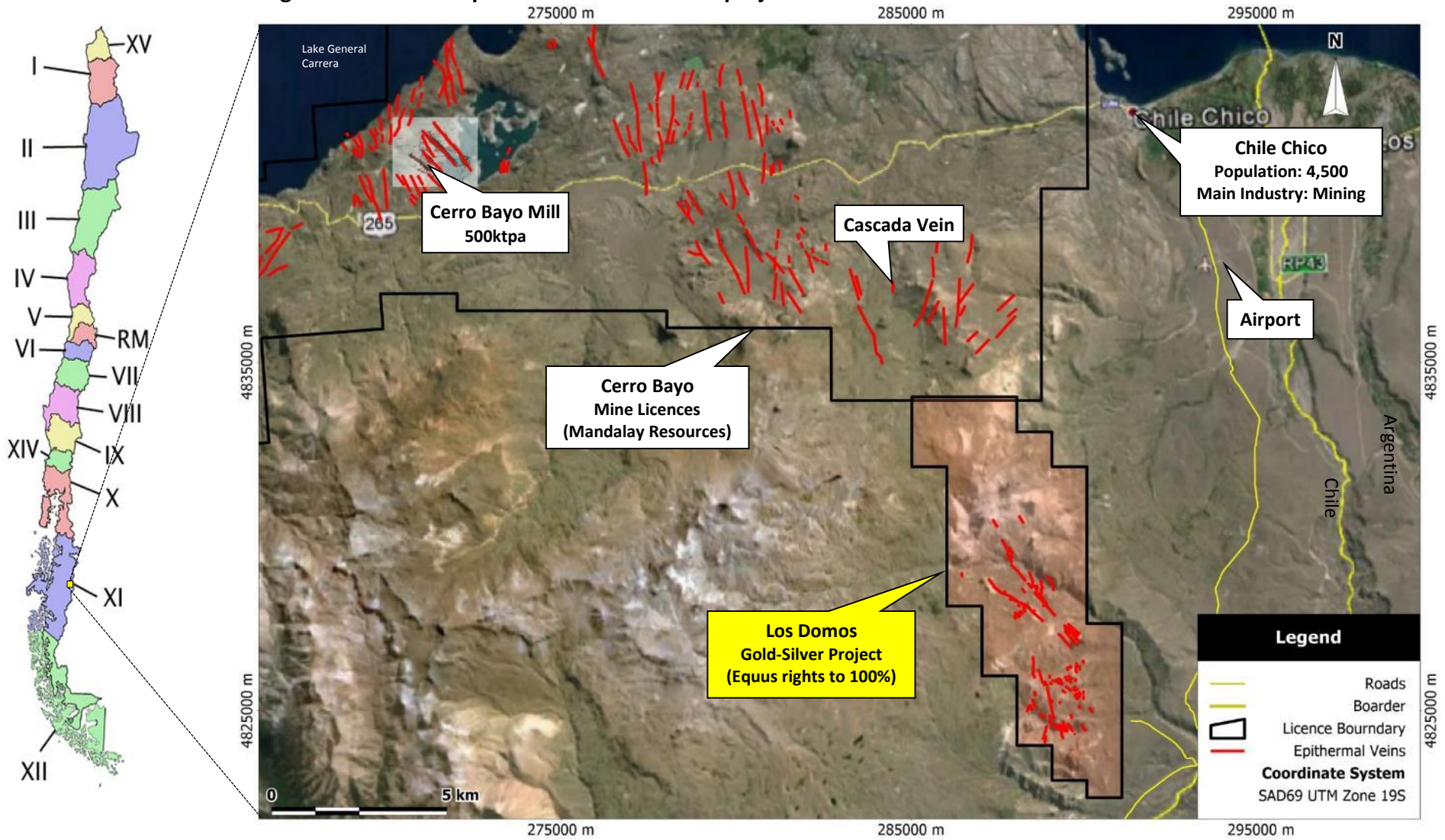


Figure 5. Los Domos precious and base metal project location



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About Equus Mining and the Los Domos Precious and Base Metal Project

Equus Mining Limited (Equus, ASX: EQE) has acquired the rights to acquire 100% of the Los Domos gold-silver project located in the XI Region of Chile from Terrane Minerals SpA under a staged earn-in agreement. With the completion of an initial 1,000m drill programme Terrane is now to transfer the Los Domos project assets into a Joint Venture (JV) Company in which Equus will hold an initial 51% (previously the requirement was 100m). Equus then has a two-year option period to buy the remaining 49% interest in the JV Company by issuing Terrane \$450,000 worth of Ordinary Shares at an issue price of 1.2c

The Los Domos gold-silver project is well located 15km south of the township of Chile Chico and adjacent to the Cerro Bayo gold-silver mine. See Figure 9. This mine was until recently producing approximately 2 Mozpa of silver and 20 Kozpa gold or approximately two thirds nominal flotation plant capacity of 500ktpa throughput, however production has been suspended indefinitely and force majeure declared following a mine flooding event in June 2017 (a). With an altitude range of 800m to 1,200m and a dry, moderate climate, the Los Domos Project is able to be explored year-round.

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(i) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LD00001 to LD00102 are outlined in Table 1 and Appendix 1 in the initial public report titled Los Domos Gold-Silver project (see ASX release dated 25 October 2016) and continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(ii) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LD00103 to LD00205 are outlined in Table 1 and Appendix 1 in the December 2016 Quarterly Activities Report (see ASX release dated 31 January 2017) continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(iii) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LD00206 to LD00382 are outlined in Table 1 and Appendix 1 in the report titled Los Domos Gold-Silver Project High Grade Assay Results (see ASX release dated 3 March 2017) continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(iv) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LD00283 to LD00400 are outlined in Table 1 and Appendix 1 in the report titled Los Domos Gold-Silver Project Yields Further High-Grade Assay Results (see ASX release dated 31 March 2017) continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(v) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LDD0001 to LDD00050 are outlined in Table 1 in the report titled Significant High-Grade Assays From Shallow Depth Intercept In First Drill Hole At Los Domos Gold-Silver Project (see ASX release dated 12 July 2017) continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(vi) Metallurgical recoveries for Intermediate Sulphidation epithermal mineralisation are based on initial metallurgical tests as outlined in a report titled Initial Metallurgical Tests Show Potential for High Recoveries and Grades of Silver, Lead and Zinc in Concentrates (see ASX release dated 7 August 2017).

(vii) All the material assumptions underpinning exploration results for sample numbers LDD0051 to LDD00572 are outlined in Table 1 in the report titled First Phase Drilling Confirms Potential For Large Scale Intermediate Sulphidation Mineralised System At Los Domos Precious And Base Metal Project (see ASX release dated 10 October 2017) continue to apply and have not materially changed.

(a) www.mandalayresources.com

COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT:

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the Los Domos Gold-Silver project is based on information compiled by Damien Koerber. Mr Koerber is a geological consultant to the Company. Mr Koerber is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Koerber has a beneficial interest as shareholder and Director of Terrane Minerals SpA ('vendor') in Los Domos Gold-Silver project and consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 LOS DOMOS EXPLORATION PROGRAM EQUUS MINING LIMITED

A. DIAMOND DRILLING

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature and quality of sampling (eg. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industry standard diamond drilling is used to obtain continuous core samples. Continuous core sampling ensures high sampling representation. All HQ (63.5 mm diameter) and NQ (47.6 mm diameter) core sample depths are recorded according to depths maintained by the project geologist's technician. These depths are determined by a combination of cross checking of driller recorded depths and the geologists own recorded depths which takes into account core loss and gain. All core samples are placed in secure industry standard core storage trays and transported to a secure logging and core cutting facility in Chile Chico. Core sampling and logging by a qualified geologist is targeting Au-Ag and base metal bearing quartz veins, breccias and zones of silicification, which are known to host gold-silver and base metal mineralisation, within rhyolite ignimbrite of the Jurassic age Ibanez Formation.
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All holes are cored in their entirety from the base of surface regolith cover and HQ (63.5 mm diameter) coring is conducted to hole completion. Diamond drilling size may be reduced to NQ (47.6 mm diameter) in the case that broken ground is encountered.
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each core hole drill interval is reviewed for linear core recovery based on measured recovered intervals from drilled intervals from which percentage recoveries are calculated.
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All diamond drill core is geologically logged, marked up and photographed by a qualified geologist. All geological and geotechnical observations including lithology and alteration, mineralisation type, orientation of mineralised structures with respect to the core axis, recoveries and RQD are recorded.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If core, whether cut or Rock Chip and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mineralised core and adjacent intervals core are sampled at intervals ranging from a minimum 0.3m interval to maximum 1m based on geological boundaries, defined by a qualified geologist. Assaying is undertaken on representative, diamond saw cut ½ core portions of HQ core (63.5 mm diameter) and NQ (47.6 mm diameter) core.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p>sampling.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Samples are stored in a secure location and transported to the ALS laboratory in Santiago via a certified courier for sample preparation initially comprising weighing, fine crush, riffle split and pulverizing of 1kg to 85% < 75µm under laboratory code Prep-31. Pulps are generally analysed for Au, Ag and trace and base elements using method code Au-ICP21, ME-MS41 For high grade sample intervals, Au-AA25 (for Au values up to 100 g/t), Ag-OG46 (for Ag values > 100 g/t Ag) and Zn-AA62 (up to 30%) and Pb-AA62 (up to 20%) for Zn and Pb values over 1% respectively or analysis method code Zn-OG62 (up to 30%) and Pb-OG62 (up to 20%) is implemented. For Pb values (over 20% to 100%), the analysis method code Pb-VOL70 is implemented. Alternate blanks and certified standards for Au and Ag are submitted within each laboratory batch at a ratio of 1:15 (i.e. 6.5%) for which QA/QC revision is conducted on each batch.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For rock chip sample data, laboratory CSV result files are merged with GPS Location data files using unique sample numbers. For drill core sample data, laboratory CSV result files are merged with downhole geological logs and unique sample numbers. No adjustments were made to the assay data.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill hole collar position are currently located using handheld GPS receivers and will be subsequently more accurately surveyed by a qualified surveyor at a later date using a differential GPS system. Coordinate Projection System SAD69 UTM Zone 19S. All holes are surveyed for downhole deviation using a Gyroscope downhole survey tool at the completion of each hole
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Results will not be used for resource estimation prior to any supporting drilling being carried out. Compositing of assay results where applicable on contiguous samples has been applied on a weighted average basis.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drilling is designed to intersect host mineralised structures as perpendicular to the strike and dip as practically feasible. In the initial stages of drill testing of targets, scout drilling is in some cases required to establish the geometries of the target host mineralised structures.
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Samples are numbered and packaged under the supervision of a qualified geologist and held in a secure locked facility and are not left unattended at any time. Samples are dispatched and transported by a registered courier to ALS Minerals in Santiago.
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No audits or reviews of the data management system have been carried out.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary																																																																								
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a license to operate in the area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Equus Mining Limited holds the rights to acquire 100% of Los Domos Project which consists of exploration licences Electrum 1A to 7A, 8 to 11 and 12A and mining licenses Pedregoso 7 1-30, Pedregoso 1 1-30 and Honda 20 1-20. Through an agreement, Terrane Minerals SpA will transfer all its Los Domos Project assets into a new JV company (51% Equus, 49% Terrane) for Equus funding a programme of systematic surface sampling and 1,000m of drilling – this has been achieved. Post the initial exploration programme Equus has a two-year option to acquire the remaining 49% of the JV company by issuing Terrane A\$450k in shares at a fixed share price based on the market at the time of agreement execution. Vendor shares will be escrowed for 1 year. The laws of Chile relating to exploration and mining have various requirements. As the exploration advances, specific filings and environmental or other studies may be required. There are ongoing requirements under Chilean mining laws that will be required at each stage of advancement. Those filings and studies are maintained and updated as required by Equus Mining's environmental and permit advisors specifically engaged for such purposes. 																																																																								
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All sampling to date has been supervised by Damien Koerber who is a qualified geologist with 20 years of experience in Latin America and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. 																																																																								
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Cerro Bayo-Los Domos District hosts epithermal veins and breccias containing gold and silver mineralization. The deposits show multiple stages of mineralization and display open-space filling and banding, typical of low-sulphidation epithermal style mineralization. Mineralogy is complex and is associated with mineralization and alteration assemblages that suggest at least three stages of precious metal deposition. Exploration model types of both Low Sulphidation (e.g. Cerro Negro, Santa Cruz, Argentina) and Intermediate Sulphidation deposits (San Jose and Cerro Moro, Santa Cruz, Argentina and Juanacipio, Mexico) are being targeted at Los Domos. 																																																																								
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill hole collar positions are determined by a Garmin GPS using the grid system SAD69 UTM Zone 19S and will be more accurately surveyed by a qualified surveyor at a later date. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hole ID</th> <th>Tenement</th> <th>Area</th> <th>Easting (SAD 69 Zone19S)</th> <th>Northing</th> <th>RL (m)</th> <th>Dip -x°</th> <th>Azimuth x°</th> <th>Total Depth (m)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LDD001</td> <td>Electrum 7A</td> <td>T7</td> <td>289,372</td> <td>4,824,343</td> <td>899</td> <td>45</td> <td>238</td> <td>210.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-002</td> <td>Pedregoso 7</td> <td>T5</td> <td>288,481</td> <td>4,826,117</td> <td>1199</td> <td>50</td> <td>270</td> <td>182.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-003</td> <td>Electrum 7A</td> <td>T7</td> <td>289,404</td> <td>4,824,344</td> <td>877</td> <td>50</td> <td>270</td> <td>240.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-004</td> <td>Electrum 5A</td> <td>T2</td> <td>288,740</td> <td>4,828,056</td> <td>1137</td> <td>50</td> <td>50</td> <td>80.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-005</td> <td>Electrum 5A</td> <td>T2</td> <td>288,633</td> <td>4,828,170</td> <td>1130</td> <td>50</td> <td>45</td> <td>80.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-006</td> <td>Electrum 5A</td> <td>T2</td> <td>288,701</td> <td>4,828,102</td> <td>1162</td> <td>50</td> <td>45</td> <td>60.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LDD-007</td> <td>Electrum 5A</td> <td>T2</td> <td>288,784</td> <td>4,827,986</td> <td>1163</td> <td>60</td> <td>45</td> <td>101.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hole ID	Tenement	Area	Easting (SAD 69 Zone19S)	Northing	RL (m)	Dip -x°	Azimuth x°	Total Depth (m)	LDD001	Electrum 7A	T7	289,372	4,824,343	899	45	238	210.3	LDD-002	Pedregoso 7	T5	288,481	4,826,117	1199	50	270	182.6	LDD-003	Electrum 7A	T7	289,404	4,824,344	877	50	270	240.4	LDD-004	Electrum 5A	T2	288,740	4,828,056	1137	50	50	80.7	LDD-005	Electrum 5A	T2	288,633	4,828,170	1130	50	45	80.4	LDD-006	Electrum 5A	T2	288,701	4,828,102	1162	50	45	60.1	LDD-007	Electrum 5A	T2	288,784	4,827,986	1163	60	45	101.5
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Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neither equivalent or upper or lower cut-off grades are used in any tables or summations of the data. Aggregated averages of sampled core assays are weighted according to the core length as per normal weighted average calculations. Metal equivalent values were calculated as follows: <p>Gold Equivalent Calculation Formula & Assumptions (AuEq) – Low Sulphidation Epithermal</p> $\text{AuEq(g/t)} = \text{Au(g/t)} + \text{Ag(g/t)} \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Ag(g)} \times \text{Ag Recovery (\%)}}{\text{Price per 1 Au(g)} \times \text{Au Recovery (\%)}}$ <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Metal</th> <th>Price *</th> <th>Recovery</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Gold</td> <td>US\$1244 per ounce</td> <td>84.9%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Silver</td> <td>US\$18.35 per ounce</td> <td>87.4%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The metallurgical recoveries for Au and Ag are based on the recoveries being achieved by the neighbouring Cerro Bayo mine which is operating in the same geologic setting as the Los Domos project^{o/}. It is EQE's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold. (www.mandalayresources.com) *Metal prices are of July 2017 Au g/t : Ag g/t = 1 : 65.9</p> <p>Lead Equivalent Calculation Formulas & Assumptions (PbEq) – Intermediate Sulphidation Epithermal</p> $\text{PbEq(\%)} = \text{Pb(\%)} + \text{Au(g/t)} \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Au(g)} \times \text{Au Recovery (\%)}}{\text{Price per 1 Pb(\%)} \times \text{Pb Recovery (\%)}} + \text{Ag(g/t)} \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Ag(g)} \times \text{Ag Recovery (\%)}}{\text{Price per 1 Pb(\%)} \times \text{Pb Recovery (\%)}}$ $+ \text{Zn(\%)} \times \frac{\text{Price per 1 Zn(\%)} \times \text{Zn Recovery (\%)}}{\text{Price per 1 Pb(\%)} \times \text{Pb Recovery (\%)}}$	Metal	Price *	Recovery	Gold	US\$1244 per ounce	84.9%	Silver	US\$18.35 per ounce	87.4%																																				
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Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intercepts quoted for all drill holes relate only to down hole intervals at this stage and further drilling will be required to determine the true widths of mineralization. 												
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The location and visual results received in diamond drilling are displayed in the attached maps and/or tables. 												
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Results for samples with material assay values are displayed on the attached maps and/or tables. In most cases the barren country rocks either side of a mineralise intervals were also sampled to establish mineralization boundaries. 												
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Metallurgical recoveries tests were conducted on coarse reject samples from LDD001 and are outlined in a report titled Initial Metallurgical Tests Show Potential for High Recoveries and Grades of Silver, Lead and Zinc in Concentrates (see ASX release dated 7 August 2017). 												
Further work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further work is dependent on management review of the existing data and pending assays. 												

Appendix 1 – Assay Results

Sample Number	Drill Hole Number	From	To	Width	Au	Ag	Pb	Zn
		m	m	m	g/t	g/t	%	%
LDD0620	LDD-009	3.80	4.80	1.00	0.15	1	0.010	0.014
LDD0621	LDD-009	4.80	5.45	0.65	0.06	2	0.024	0.028
LDD0622	LDD-009	5.45	6.45	1.00	0.56	9	0.577	0.499
LDD0623	LDD-009	6.45	6.85	0.40	0.57	19	2.770	0.393
LDD0624	LDD-009	6.85	7.85	1.00	0.07	3	0.362	0.008
LDD0625	LDD-009	7.85	8.85	1.00	0.01	1	0.033	0.006
LDD0626	LDD-009	14.80	15.50	0.70	0.01	0.5	0.014	0.005
LDD0627	LDD-009	15.50	16.00	0.50	0.11	3	0.047	0.018
LDD0628	LDD-009	16.00	17.00	1.00	0.03	5	0.235	0.751
LDD0629	LDD-009	17.00	17.70	0.70	0.05	1	0.032	0.011
LDD0630	LDD-009	17.70	18.55	0.85	0.14	2	0.014	0.013
LDD0631	LDD-009	18.55	19.55	1.00	0.12	2	0.007	0.020
LDD0632	LDD-009	19.55	20.15	0.60	0.06	1	0.005	0.012
LDD0633	LDD-009	20.15	20.90	0.75	0.32	3	0.194	0.600
LDD0634	LDD-009	20.90	21.60	0.70	0.14	2	0.022	0.053
LDD0635	LDD-009	21.60	22.00	0.40	0.30	2	0.024	0.022
LDD0637	LDD-009	22.00	23.00	1.00	0.14	2	0.225	0.022
LDD0638	LDD-009	23.00	23.55	0.55	0.12	3	0.072	0.057
LDD0639	LDD-009	23.55	23.90	0.35	0.07	1	0.009	0.012
LDD0640	LDD-009	23.90	24.34	0.44	0.27	4	0.077	0.084
LDD0641	LDD-009	24.34	24.70	0.36	1.51	16	1.645	1.440
LDD0642	LDD-009	24.70	25.70	1.00	0.06	1	0.005	0.008
LDD0643	LDD-009	41.75	42.75	1.00	0.11	2	0.018	0.010
LDD0644	LDD-009	42.75	43.60	0.85	0.01	1	0.002	0.005
LDD0645	LDD-009	43.60	44.35	0.75	0.18	3	0.038	0.219
LDD0646	LDD-009	44.35	44.85	0.50	0.42	5	0.016	0.036
LDD0647	LDD-009	44.85	45.85	1.00	0.03	1	0.007	0.011
LDD0648	LDD-009	45.85	46.20	0.35	0.02	0.5	0.004	0.009
LDD0649	LDD-009	46.20	46.50	0.30	0.11	1	0.017	0.075
LDD0650	LDD-009	46.50	47.50	1.00	0.08	3	0.051	0.052
LDD0651	LDD-009	47.50	48.00	0.50	0.28	9	0.102	0.402
LDD0652	LDD-009	48.00	49.00	1.00	0.24	6	0.144	0.490
LDD0653	LDD-009	49.00	49.75	0.75	0.28	9	0.185	0.655
LDD0654	LDD-009	49.75	50.75	1.00	0.37	6	0.371	0.215
LDD0655	LDD-009	50.75	51.60	0.85	0.68	7	1.605	0.538
LDD0657	LDD-009	51.60	52.25	0.65	0.83	21	0.935	1.625
LDD0658	LDD-009	52.25	52.75	0.50	0.63	10	0.249	0.326
LDD0659	LDD-009	52.75	53.20	0.45	0.95	10	0.115	0.071
LDD0660	LDD-009	53.20	53.90	0.70	0.67	6	0.169	0.147

LDD0661	LDD-009	53.90	54.60	0.70	0.25	7	0.270	0.173
LDD0662	LDD-009	54.60	55.55	0.95	0.07	1	0.027	0.012
LDD0663	LDD-010	8.10	9.00	0.90	0.13	1	0.035	0.056
LDD0664	LDD-010	9.00	9.30	0.30	0.17	11	1.530	0.855
LDD0665	LDD-010	9.30	9.60	0.30	0.20	21	1.620	1.110
LDD0666	LDD-010	9.60	10.60	1.00	0.04	1	0.024	0.074
LDD0667	LDD-010	10.60	11.60	1.00	0.02	1	0.021	0.026
LDD0668	LDD-010	11.60	12.00	0.40	0.06	3	0.028	0.053
LDD0669	LDD-010	12.00	13.00	1.00	0.13	2	0.023	0.015
LDD0670	LDD-010	13.00	13.50	0.50	0.07	1	0.008	0.010
LDD0671	LDD-010	13.50	14.00	0.50	0.24	2	0.025	0.017
LDD0672	LDD-010	14.00	15.00	1.00	0.12	1	0.011	0.009
LDD0673	LDD-010	15.00	16.00	1.00	0.69	2	0.048	0.018
LDD0674	LDD-010	24.30	25.20	0.90	0.17	2	0.017	0.013
LDD0675	LDD-010	25.20	25.60	0.40	0.77	5	0.243	0.126
LDD0677	LDD-010	25.60	26.30	0.70	0.65	11	0.741	0.155
LDD0678	LDD-010	26.30	26.70	0.40	0.14	2	0.010	0.037
LDD0679	LDD-010	26.70	27.60	0.90	0.05	1	0.006	0.012
LDD0680	LDD-010	27.60	28.60	1.00	0.01	1	0.041	0.011
LDD0681	LDD-010	28.60	29.60	1.00	0.11	2	0.008	0.007
LDD0682	LDD-010	29.60	30.50	0.90	0.18	6	1.040	0.320
LDD0683	LDD-010	30.50	31.35	0.85	0.43	8	0.832	0.134
LDD0684	LDD-010	31.35	32.05	0.70	0.36	5	0.107	0.033
LDD0685	LDD-010	32.05	33.05	1.00	0.03	0.5	0.027	0.013
LDD0686	LDD-010	43.25	44.25	1.00	0.09	3	0.012	0.021
LDD0687	LDD-010	44.25	45.25	1.00	0.38	6	0.213	0.029
LDD0688	LDD-010	45.25	46.25	1.00	0.77	13	0.910	0.224
LDD0689	LDD-010	46.25	47.15	0.90	1.67	12	0.500	0.277
LDD0690	LDD-010	47.15	48.15	1.00	2.73	26	0.791	2.700
LDD0691	LDD-010	48.15	49.15	1.00	0.54	8	0.081	0.410
LDD0692	LDD-010	49.15	50.15	1.00	0.09	5	0.056	0.129
LDD0693	LDD-011	62.00	63.00	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.013	0.040
LDD0694	LDD-011	63.00	63.80	0.80	0.83	7	0.847	0.851
LDD0695	LDD-011	63.80	64.35	0.55	0.07	9	0.099	0.164
LDD0697	LDD-011	64.35	65.35	1.00	0.01	4	0.241	0.089
LDD0698	LDD-011	65.35	66.15	0.80	0.01	1	0.053	0.017
LDD0699	LDD-011	66.15	66.55	0.40	0.02	1	0.008	0.016
LDD0700	LDD-011	66.55	67.55	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.002	0.005
LDD0701	LDD-011	67.55	68.55	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.005	0.006
LDD0702	LDD-011	68.55	69.55	1.00	0.03	0.5	0.003	0.011
LDD0703	LDD-011	69.55	70.55	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.005	0.004
LDD0704	LDD-011	70.55	70.80	0.25	0.06	7	0.289	0.099

LDD0705	LDD-011	70.80	71.80	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.005	0.005
LDD0706	LDD-011	71.80	72.80	1.00	0.03	0.5	0.006	0.009
LDD0707	LDD-011	72.80	73.80	1.00	0.05	1	0.004	0.011
LDD0708	LDD-011	73.80	74.40	0.60	0.05	1	0.005	0.013
LDD0709	LDD-011	74.40	75.40	1.00	0.17	3	0.013	0.064
LDD0710	LDD-011	75.40	75.90	0.50	0.06	0.5	0.007	0.016
LDD0711	LDD-011	75.90	76.90	1.00	0.15	13	1.440	1.395
LDD0712	LDD-011	76.90	77.90	1.00	0.26	4	0.206	0.190
LDD0713	LDD-011	77.90	78.80	0.90	0.38	3	0.054	0.109
LDD0714	LDD-011	78.80	79.80	1.00	0.25	2	0.037	0.117
LDD0715	LDD-011	79.80	80.80	1.00	0.07	1	0.027	0.045
LDD0717	LDD-011	80.80	81.50	0.70	0.08	1	0.051	0.135
LDD0718	LDD-011	81.50	82.50	1.00	0.07	1	0.016	0.047
LDD0719	LDD-011	82.50	83.50	1.00	0.03	1	0.005	0.009
LDD0720	LDD-011	83.50	84.50	1.00	0.03	1	0.022	0.026
LDD0721	LDD-011	84.50	85.00	0.50	0.03	1	0.021	0.049
LDD0722	LDD-011	85.00	85.90	0.90	0.12	7	0.455	0.272
LDD0723	LDD-011	85.90	86.30	0.40	0.01	0.5	0.003	0.007
LDD0724	LDD-011	86.30	86.60	0.30	0.27	10	0.680	1.030
LDD0725	LDD-011	86.60	87.15	0.55	0.03	1	0.034	0.048
LDD0726	LDD-011	87.15	88.10	0.95	0.03	2	0.215	0.386
LDD0727	LDD-011	88.10	88.90	0.80	0.02	1	0.056	0.243
LDD0728	LDD-011	88.90	89.20	0.30	0.03	11	0.330	0.401
LDD0729	LDD-011	89.20	89.90	0.70	0.01	0.5	0.001	0.013
LDD0730	LDD-011	89.90	90.90	1.00	0.30	8	0.345	0.443
LDD0731	LDD-011	90.90	91.90	1.00	0.08	4	0.101	0.204
LDD0732	LDD-011	91.90	92.60	0.70	0.05	4	0.206	0.297
LDD0733	LDD-011	92.60	93.60	1.00	0.02	3	0.069	0.161
LDD0734	LDD-011	93.60	94.10	0.50	0.04	14	0.371	1.270
LDD0735	LDD-011	94.10	94.60	0.50	0.36	63	4.020	0.974
LDD0737	LDD-011	94.60	95.60	1.00	0.07	4	0.083	0.132
LDD0738	LDD-011	95.60	95.90	0.30	0.01	1	0.036	0.037
LDD0739	LDD-011	95.90	96.55	0.65	0.06	6	0.286	0.207
LDD0740	LDD-011	96.55	97.35	0.80	0.13	33	2.370	0.655
LDD0741	LDD-011	97.35	98.35	1.00	0.03	7	0.258	0.389
LDD0742	LDD-011	98.35	98.65	0.30	0.05	13	0.201	0.187
LDD0743	LDD-011	98.65	99.00	0.35	0.03	6	0.120	0.114
LDD0744	LDD-011	99.00	100.00	1.00	0.02	3	0.058	0.040
LDD0745	LDD-011	100.00	100.85	0.85	0.05	4	0.156	0.115
LDD0746	LDD-011	100.85	101.65	0.80	0.19	5	0.191	0.148
LDD0747	LDD-011	101.65	102.65	1.00	0.19	4	0.027	0.035
LDD0748	LDD-011	102.65	103.65	1.00	0.06	1	0.003	0.033

LDD0749	LDD-011	103.65	104.65	1.00	0.05	1	0.002	0.009
LDD0750	LDD-012	86.30	87.30	1.00	0.01	1	0.008	0.007
LDD0751	LDD-012	87.30	87.60	0.30	0.03	17	2.090	1.280
LDD0752	LDD-012	87.60	88.60	1.00	0.01	1	0.005	0.005
LDD0753	LDD-012	91.60	92.05	0.45	0.01	1	0.001	0.018
LDD0754	LDD-012	92.05	92.70	0.65	0.02	4	0.065	0.136
LDD0755	LDD-012	92.70	93.70	1.00	0.01	1	0.005	0.009
LDD0757	LDD-012	93.70	94.70	1.00	0.01	1	0.001	0.006
LDD0758	LDD-012	94.70	95.05	0.35	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.005
LDD0759	LDD-012	95.05	96.00	0.95	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.004
LDD0760	LDD-012	96.00	97.00	1.00	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.005
LDD0761	LDD-012	97.00	97.87	0.87	0.18	6	0.046	0.122
LDD0762	LDD-012	97.87	98.40	0.53	0.37	3	0.014	0.012
LDD0763	LDD-012	98.40	99.35	0.95	0.01	1	0.001	0.006
LDD0764	LDD-012	99.35	99.90	0.55	0.02	1	0.001	0.007
LDD0765	LDD-012	99.90	100.30	0.40	0.18	3	0.041	0.127
LDD0766	LDD-012	100.30	101.25	0.95	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.005
LDD0767	LDD-012	101.25	101.80	0.55	0.06	1	0.001	0.007
LDD0768	LDD-012	101.80	102.80	1.00	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.006
LDD0769	LDD-012	102.80	103.30	0.50	0.06	5	0.104	0.246
LDD0770	LDD-012	103.30	103.75	0.45	0.04	1	0.001	0.008
LDD0771	LDD-012	103.75	104.20	0.45	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.007
LDD0772	LDD-012	104.20	104.70	0.50	0.24	74	3.170	8.910
LDD0773	LDD-012	104.70	105.20	0.50	0.19	81	0.512	11.450
LDD0774	LDD-012	105.20	105.80	0.60	0.01	4	0.111	0.274
LDD0775	LDD-012	105.80	106.15	0.35	0.02	2	0.036	0.752
LDD0777	LDD-012	106.15	106.90	0.75	0.13	21	0.395	4.220
LDD0778	LDD-012	106.90	107.70	0.80	0.01	1	0.005	0.036
LDD0779	LDD-012	107.70	108.25	0.55	0.01	1	0.001	0.012
LDD0780	LDD-012	108.25	108.90	0.65	0.23	27	1.080	2.420
LDD0781	LDD-012	108.90	109.65	0.75	0.02	1	0.015	0.039
LDD0782	LDD-012	109.65	110.00	0.35	0.09	12	0.498	0.256
LDD0783	LDD-012	110.00	110.50	0.50	0.03	0.5	0.079	0.017
LDD0784	LDD-012	110.50	111.20	0.70	0.15	2	0.091	0.018
LDD0785	LDD-012	111.20	112.20	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.003	0.006
LDD0786	LDD-012	112.20	113.20	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.002	0.003
LDD0787	LDD-012	113.20	114.20	1.00	0.01	0.5	0.001	0.003
LDD0788	LDD-012	114.20	115.20	1.00	0.02	0.5	0.002	0.003
LDD0789	LDD-012	115.20	116.00	0.80	0.01	0.5	0.001	0.002