

# Unlocking the Value of the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt

- 1.25 million ounce Gold Resource
- 80 kilometres of Strike Length
- +1.0 million ounce of Strike Production
- Significant Infrastructure
- Exciting Base Metals Prospects

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## COMPETENT PERSON

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results is based on information compiled by John Hicks. Mr Hicks is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM) and is a full-time employee and shareholder of Panoramic Resources Limited. Mr Hicks also holds employee performance rights in relation to Panoramic Resources Limited.

Under a Management Agreement between Panoramic Resources Limited and Horizon Gold Limited, dated 21 October 2016, Mr Hicks is authorised to report on Horizon Gold Limited exploration activities.

The aforementioned has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of target/deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Hicks consents to the inclusion in the release of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

## PREVIOUSLY REPORTED INFORMATION

This Annual Report contains references to exploration results and Mineral Resource estimates, which were disclosed in previous market announcements made by the Company, and/or other entities. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant market announcements and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

# About the Company

Horizon Gold Limited (ASX:HRN) (Horizon or Company) is an exploration company focused on its 100% owned Gum Creek Gold Project in Western Australia.

The Gum Creek Gold Project hosts JORC 2012 Mineral Resources of 17.3 million tonnes averaging 2.25g/t gold for 1.25 million ounces of gold. It is located within a well-endowed gold region that hosts multi-million ounce deposits including Big Bell, Wiluna, Mt Magnet, Meekatharra and Agnew/Lawlers. Horizon believes there are multiple high priority drill targets and plans to undertake ongoing exploration and development studies with the aim of becoming a stand-alone gold producer.

The audited financial statements in this report cover the consolidated entity consisting of Horizon Gold Limited and its subsidiary. The financial statements in this report are presented in Australian dollars.

Horizon Gold Limited is a Company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office is:

**Horizon Gold Limited**  
ABN 27 614 175 923  
Level 9  
553 Hay Street  
Perth WA 6000



# Chairman's Letter

Dear Shareholder

The Gum Creek Gold Project which is located 640km north east of Perth is the Company's principal asset with the following key attributes:

- Well Located - situated within the Southern Cross Province of the Western Australian Archaean Yilgarn Craton which has a history of significant gold production
- Large Ground Position - project area positioned on the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt, an Archean sequence dominated by volcanic and sedimentary rocks
- Major Gold System - the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt is 110kms long and up to 24kms wide
- Right Rocks - dominated by Fe rich, brittle mafic and BIF units favourable for the formation of orogenic gold deposits
- Good Structural Setting - regionally persistent, deep seated shear pathways prospective for gold mineralisation.

The Project has previously produced over one million ounces of gold, and currently hosts JORC 2012 Mineral Resources of 17.3 million tonnes averaging 2.25g/t gold containing 1.25 million ounces of gold. Having been an operating mine, the Project benefits from substantial infrastructure on site including a 110 person camp, operational airstrip, tailings storage facilities, an extensive road network and a 600,000tpa processing plant (not operational). Gum Creek provides Horizon Gold with compelling exploration and development opportunities in a proven gold province.

The Company's stated strategy is focused on:

- Resource Extension and Infill
  - To grow the known resources
- Regional Exploration
  - Target new discoveries in addition to the known resources
- Development Studies on existing free-milling and partially refractory Resources
  - To become a profitable gold producer

In line with our strategy, this year Horizon undertook a combination of resource extension drilling in addition to testing targets outside the known resources. I am pleased to report significant results in relation to the activities at Swan Premium/Butcherbird Shear and at the Altair base metal prospect.

During the year, the Company completed a reinterpretation of the geological controls on high-grade gold mineralisation in the Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear at the northern end of the Swan system. This work highlighted the potential to significantly increase the underground Mineral Resources in this area through additional drilling.

Following the reinterpretation, the Company estimated Exploration Targets of between 30,000oz to 100,000oz contained gold for the Premium Lode and 270,000oz to 800,000oz contained gold for the Butcherbird Shear.

An initial diamond drill program of 12 holes totalling 4,897 drill metres on the Premium Lode and Butcherbird

Shear Exploration Targets was designed to assess the validity of the Exploration Targets by drilling a broad spread of holes to test and support the predicted thickness and grade of the mineralisation in those areas. This drilling was undertaken during August 2018 and with the following significant assay results received and interpreted to reflect the Butcherbird Shear:

- 8.0m @ 19.7g/t Au from 297.0m in SBDD080;
- 6.6m @ 10.9g/t Au from 265.9m in SBDD076; and
- 5.0m @ 10.6g/t Au from 257.0m in SBDD073.

In addition to these interpreted Butcherbird Shear intercepts, several other unexpected quartz-sulphide structures were intersected, including:

- 0.8m @ 17.4g/t Au from 132.0m in SBDD075;
- 6.0m @ 7.9g/t Au from 134.0m in SBDD076;
- 2.2m @ 9.6g/t Au from 128.55m in SBDD077; and
- 3.0m @ 9.8g/t Au from 148.9m in SBDD080.

These are pleasing results demonstrating the prospectivity of the northern end of the Swan system and given the size of the estimated Exploration Targets for both the Premium Lode and the Butcherbird Shear, further drilling will be undertaken in FY2019.

As this work has progressed, Horizon is increasingly optimistic that the strike and depth potential of the Gum Creek is not constrained to the northern end of the Swan system alone. Reinterpretations will be extended to the south and below the historical Swan underground working as well as at the Swift and Kingfisher deposits.

For some time, the Company had been planning a deep diamond drill hole to test the prospectivity of the Altair base metal prospect which is interpreted to be volcanic-associated base-metal sulphide style mineralisation associated with black shales and intermediate volcanics. Relatively shallow drilling in the 1990's by previous explorers intersected broad zones of possible supergene copper mineralisation, below an interpreted 50m zone of depletion, including the following results:

- 44m @ 1.2% Cu from 56m (ALAC005);
- 24m @ 1.0% Cu from 64m (ALRC007);
- 20m @ 1.1% Cu from 52m (ALRC002); and
- 20m @ 0.9% Cu from 64m (ALRC006).

Horizon completed a single surface diamond drill hole (ALDD002) at the Altair Prospect in August 2018 which returned the following significant zinc-copper intercept:

- 43.0m @ 3.67% Zn & 0.60% Cu from 196.0m, including 9.0m @ 6.69% Zn & 1.00% Cu from 213.0m.

The intercept in ALDD002 is the most significant zinc drill result achieved at Altair and has many of the hallmarks of a polymetallic, hydrothermal VHMS / SEDEX mineralising event, being also anomalous in copper, gold, silver, lead, cobalt, tin and other minor metals. The position of the intercept in ALDD002 is well below the depth of all historical drilling at Altair and therefore the mineralisation is open in all directions.

It is important to note that base metal geochemistry at Altair (and potentially more regionally) is strongly depleted to around 50m depth. This suggests that the historical wide-spaced and shallow drilling conducted in the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt may not have been an effective test for this style of mineralisation.

Regional mapping and geophysical interpretation at Gum Creek suggests the target stratigraphy hosting the Altair prospect may extend at least 5km north to Horizon's Mensa Prospect. At Mensa, shallow drilling in the 1990's by previous explorers intersected anomalous zinc mineralisation in a similar geological setting as Altair.

The results at Altair are clearly a significant development for the Gum Creek Project and, although very early days, have the potential to add a base metal element to the known gold prospectivity of the Project.

Together with the recently announced high-grade gold results obtained at Premium Lode/Butcherbird Shear, we are looking forward to commencing follow-up drilling programs as soon as possible to more fully delineate the extent of these priority gold and zinc-copper targets.

On behalf of the Directors, I would like to thank the team at Panoramic Resources for providing management services to Horizon and especially John Hicks and Matt Demmer for the work they have done on the Premium Lode/Butcherbird Shear and Altair Projects.

With the developments at Premium/Butcherbird and Altair, FY2019 promises to be an exciting year for the Company and we look forward to providing you with updates in relation to the exploration activities.

Yours sincerely



**Peter Harold**  
Non-Executive Chairman

# Review of Operations

## Project Overview

The Gum Creek Gold Project is approximately 640 kilometres north-east of Perth and 90 kilometres from the nearest town of Sandstone (Figure 1). The Project hosts JORC 2012 Mineral Resources of 17.3 million tonnes averaging 2.25g/t gold containing 1.25 million ounces of gold (Table 1) and is located within a well-endowed gold region that hosts multi-million ounce deposits at Big Bell, Wiluna, Mt Magnet, Meekatharra and Agnew/Lawlers.

Gold was first discovered in the area at Jonesville (now part of the Swan Bitter deposit) in 1926, with first recorded gold production in 1931. Modern mining operations commenced in the 1980's and ceased in 2005 when the gold price was approximately A\$550/oz. To that time, in excess of one million ounces of gold were produced from more than twenty open pits and three underground mines, with the main gold-producing areas being Swan-Swift, Kingfisher, Omega and Montague

Due to its previous operational status, the Project benefits from substantial legacy infrastructure remaining on site including a 110 person camp, operational airstrip, tailings storage facilities, and an extensive road network. The camp and associated infrastructure provides accommodation facilities for the care and maintenance staff and exploration crews in close proximity to their activities. A 600,000tpa processing plant is also located on site, however due to its age and condition significant capital investment on refurbishment would be required to return the plant to operating condition.

**Table 1: Mineral Resources at the Gum Creek Gold Project at 30 June 2018**

Resource	Resource Date	Cut-off grade (g/t Au)	Mineralisation v	Indicated		Inferred		Total		Contained Gold (oz)
				Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	
<i>Open Pit Resources</i>										
Swan OC	Jun-15	0.7	Free Milling	2,250,000	2.57	990,000	2.36	3,240,000	2.51	261,100
Heron South	Aug-16	0.5	Refractory	1,135,000	2.20	2,000	1.32	1,137,000	2.20	80,400
Howards	Jul-13	0.4	Free Milling	5,255,000	1.07	716,000	1.01	5,971,000	1.06	204,000
Specimen Well	Aug-16	0.5	Free Milling			361,000	2.00	361,000	2.00	23,200
Toedter	Aug-16	0.5	Free Milling			690,000	1.54	690,000	1.54	34,200
Shiraz	Jul-13	0.4	Refractory	2,476,000	0.84	440,000	0.76	2,916,000	0.83	77,600
<i>Underground Resources</i>										
Swan UG	Jun-15	4.0/6.0	Free Milling	207,000	8.71	77,000	11.25	284,000	9.40	85,800
Swift UG	Jun-15	6.0	Free Milling			46,000	10.25	46,000	10.25	15,200
Kingfisher UG	Aug-16	3.5	Free Milling			391,000	6.14	391,000	6.14	77,200
Wilson's UG	Jul-13	1.0	Refractory	2,131,000	5.33	136,000	5.97	2,267,000	5.37	391,500
<b>Total</b>				<b>13,454,000</b>	<b>2.17</b>	<b>3,849,000</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>17,303,000</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>1,250,100</b>



Extensive Site Infrastructure including 600,000tpa processing plant



110 Person Camp

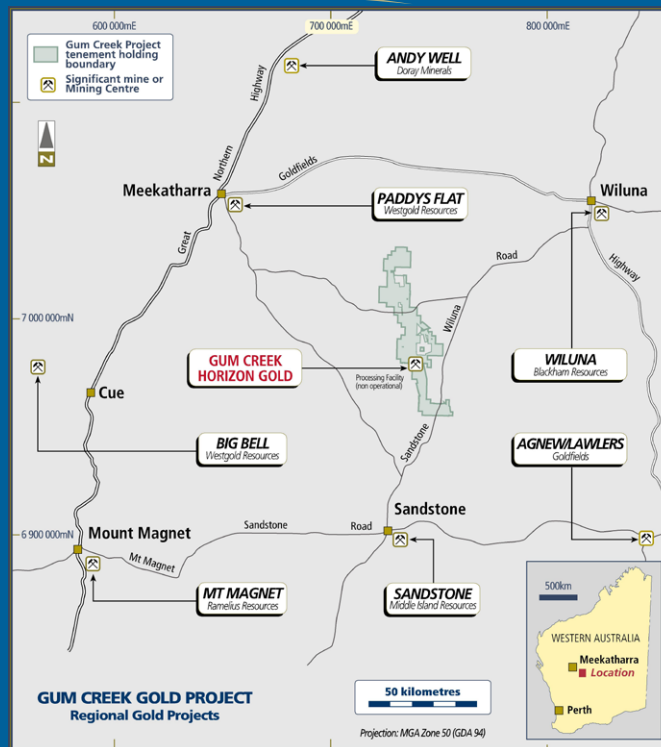


Figure 1: Location of the Gum Creek Project and selected other gold projects in the region

## Regional Geology

The Project covers most of the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt, situated within the Southern Cross Province of the Youanmi Terrane, a part of the Archaean Yilgarn craton in Western Australia. The Gum Creek Greenstone Belt forms a lensoid, broadly sinusoidal structure about 110km long and 24km wide, dominated by volcanic and sedimentary sequences and surrounded by intrusive granitoids which contain rafts of greenstones. The margins of the belt are typically dominated by contact-metamorphosed basalts and banded iron formations. A geological map of the belt is shown in Figure 2.

Five main styles of mineralisation are recognised in the area:

- Quartz-carbonate (±pyrite, pyrrhotite, galena and sphalerite) veins.** Typically free milling and locally high grade (>20g/t Au). Form complex conjugate vein arrays associated with brittle dilational openings developed along major shears within competent mafic host rocks. Carbonate-sulphide wall-rock alteration is common about mineralised zones and extensive supergene enrichment often overlies the primary mineralisation zones. Deposits of this type represent the dominant mineralisation type at Gum Creek and include Swan Bitter, Swift, Kingfisher and Wyooda/Thangoo.
- Ductile shear hosted mineralisation - arsenopyrite dominant.** Fine grained gold associated with sulphide rich, intense biotite-sericite altered narrow ductile shear zones. Gold grades are typically in the range 5-10g/t Au. Arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite are the dominant sulphides with most gold locked within the arsenopyrite. Examples of this style of mineralisation are the refractory deposits of Wilsons, Heron South, Snook and Camel Bore.
- Ductile shear hosted mineralisation - pyrite dominant.** Fine grained gold associated with sulphide poor, broad ductile shear zones developed within mafic host rocks. Shearing typically defined by weak biotite alteration, up to 1% fine pyrite and a sparse network of thin (1-3mm thick) quartz veins. Gold grades are typically in the range 0.5-1.5g/t Au and the mineralisation is free milling. The Howards deposit is representative of this mineralisation style.
- BIF hosted mineralisation.** Quartz-pyrrhotite veining and pyrrhotite replacement of magnetite meso-bands form narrow steep-plunging shoots of limited length and width, but extending to depth. This mineralisation style occurs in fold hinges within banded iron formation marginal to major north-south shear zones, and is similar to the Hill 50 mineralisation at Mt Magnet. Grades are typically 1-10g/t Au and the mineralisation is free milling. The Omega deposit is of this style.
- Quartz veins.** Sulphide poor, sheeted and anastomosing quartz veins and lenses developed in shears straddling granodiorite contacts within the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt. Grades are typically 1-5g/t Au. The Montague deposits, which are free milling, represent this style of mineralisation.

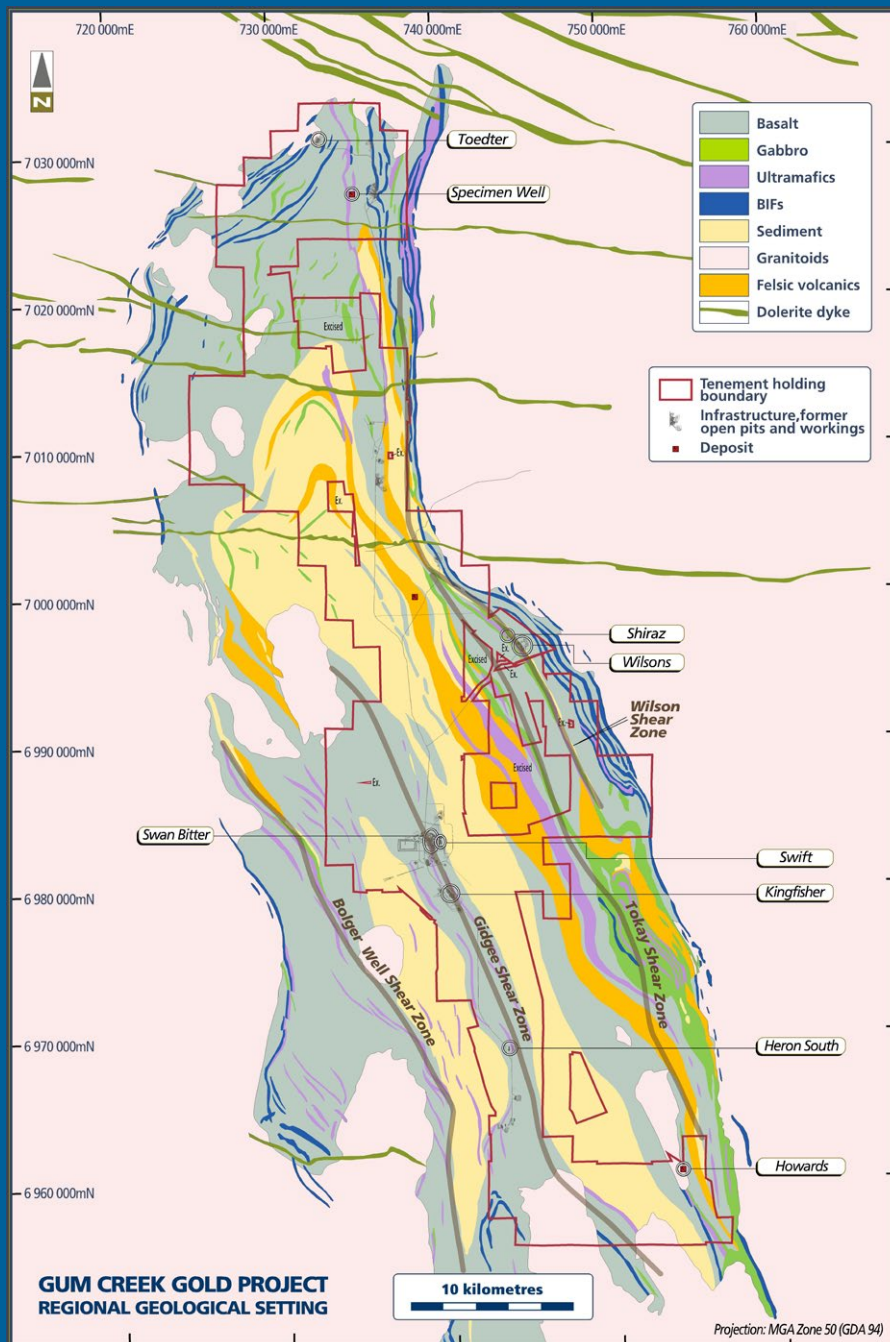


Figure 2: Regional geology of the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt

## Exploration and Development Strategy

The Company's strategy for the Gum Creek Gold Project comprises three key objectives:

- undertake extensional and infill drilling to grow the known resources and lift defined resources into higher-confidence JORC categories;
- undertake regional exploration targeting new gold discoveries outside of the known resources; and
- carry out development studies (including but not limited to metallurgical and processing investigations) on the free milling and refractory mineralisation.

Importantly, Horizon has identified multiple drill targets and possible resource extension opportunities at the Project which could grow the existing resource inventory.



## FY2018 Exploration Highlights

### Resource Extension

- Exploration Targets estimated at Butcherbird Shear and Swan Premium
- High-grade mineralisation intersected from initial 12 hole drill program. Best intercepts:
  - 8.0m @ 19.7g/t Au from 297.0m in SBDD080;
  - 6.6m @ 10.9g/t Au from 265.9m in SBDD076; and
  - 5.0m @ 10.6g/t Au from 257.0m in SBDD073.

### Regional Exploration

- Significant base metal intersection at Altair:
  - 43.0m @ 3.67% Zn & 0.60% Cu from 196.0m, including 9.0m @ 6.69% Zn and 1.00% Cu from 213.0m
- Regional geochemical study:
  - Database comprising over 81,000 surface samples and 70,000 drill holes
  - Several targets identified for drill testing
- Air-core drilling - 440 holes for 20,100m at eight targets. Positive results include:
  - Gidgee South - 4m @ 2.8g/t Au from 28m (GPAC1261)
  - Melbourne Bitter - 4m @ 3.4g/t Au from 76m (GPAC0922)
  - Orion - 4m @ 2.1g/t Au from 72m (GPAC1057)
- RC drilling - 59 holes for 8,025m at 18 targets. Positive results include:
  - Psi - 7m @ 4.9g/t Au from 28m (GWRC462)
  - Toedter - 1m @ 20.6g/t Au from 133m (GWRC482)

### Development Studies

- Concept Study on high-grade underground option for Swan Premium

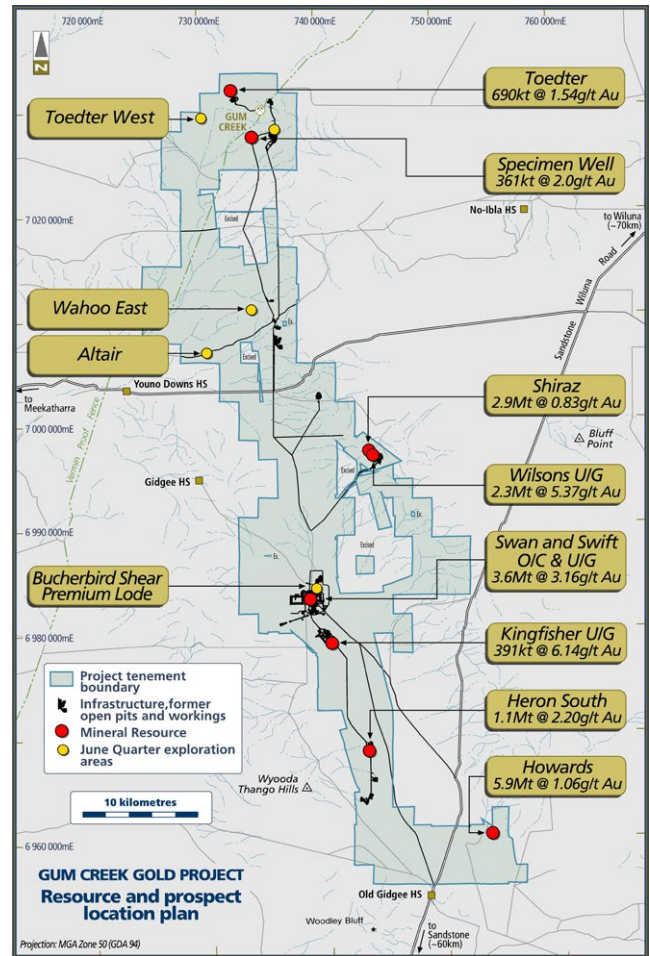


Figure 3: Gum Creek Resources and Prospect Location Plan



# Exploration Programs

## Swan Premium and Butcherbird Shear

### Background

The Swan Premium Lode is a mineralised, north-striking, steeply east dipping (60-70 degrees) conjugate vein set emanating from a broader, north-striking, steeply west dipping shear structure (Butcherbird Shear). The Butcherbird Shear is located 50-70m to the east of existing underground mine development on the Cascade Lode.

The Butcherbird Shear and Swan Premium Lode are not well-defined structures with sharp margins. Rather, they are zones of silica (quartz) flooding along ill-defined, pre-existing structures. Variability in both quartz flooding and gold grade within these zones is high. This observation is consistent with historical accounts of underground exploration and mining at Swan Bitter and Butcherbird.

**High-grade underground Mineral Resources at the Swan deposit currently total 85,800oz of gold.** In early 2018, the Company undertook a reinterpretation of the geological controls on high-grade mineralisation in the Swan Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear at the north end of the Swan system, which indicated the potential to significantly increase the underground Mineral Resources in this area with additional drilling.

**Table 2: Swan Premium and Butcherbird Exploration Target ranges and supporting assumptions**

Structure	Model Case	Average Thickness (m)	Surpac Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	SG	Tonnage (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Contained Au (koz)
Butcherbird Shear	LOW	4.0	600,000	2.8	1.7	5-9	270 - 490
Butcherbird Shear	MID	4.0	800,000	2.8	2.2	5-9	360 - 650
Butcherbird Shear	HIGH	4.0	1,000,000	2.8	2.8	5-9	450 - 810
Premium Lode	LOW	2.9	90,000	2.8	0.25	4-8	30 - 65
Premium Lode	MID	2.9	120,000	2.8	0.34	4-8	40 - 85
Premium Lode	HIGH	2.9	150,000	2.8	0.42	4-8	50 - 100

### Exploration Targets

Following the geological reinterpretation, the Company estimated Exploration Targets of between 30,000oz to 100,000oz contained gold for Swan Premium and 270,000oz to 810,000oz contained gold for Butcherbird Shear (refer to the Company's ASX Announcement dated 7 June 2018 and Table 2).

Descriptions of the assumptions and methodologies used to derive the Exploration Targets are provided below. All drilling results used in the estimation of the Exploration Targets are historical in nature and are based on drilling completed by previous owners of the Gum Creek Project. The Company cautions that it is unable to fully verify the locational accuracy, sampling protocols or analytical quality control procedures for some of the historical results.

A total of 46 and 76 historical drill intercepts were interpreted by the Company to intersect the Premium

Lode and Butcherbird Shear respectively. The Premium Lode intercepts have a length weighted average (uncut) grade of 6.3g/t Au. The Butcherbird Shear intercepts have a length weighted average (uncut) grade of 6.9g/t Au. A complete list of these intercepts is contained in Appendix 1 of this Annual Report. JORC 2012 Compliance Tables in relation to the drilling are contained in the ASX announcement released by Panoramic Resources Limited (ASX: PAN) on 14 October 2016.

### Cautionary Statement

The Exploration Targets reported herein are not Mineral Resources. The potential quantity and grade of the Exploration Targets are conceptual in nature, there has been insufficient exploration to determine a Mineral Resource and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of Mineral Resources.

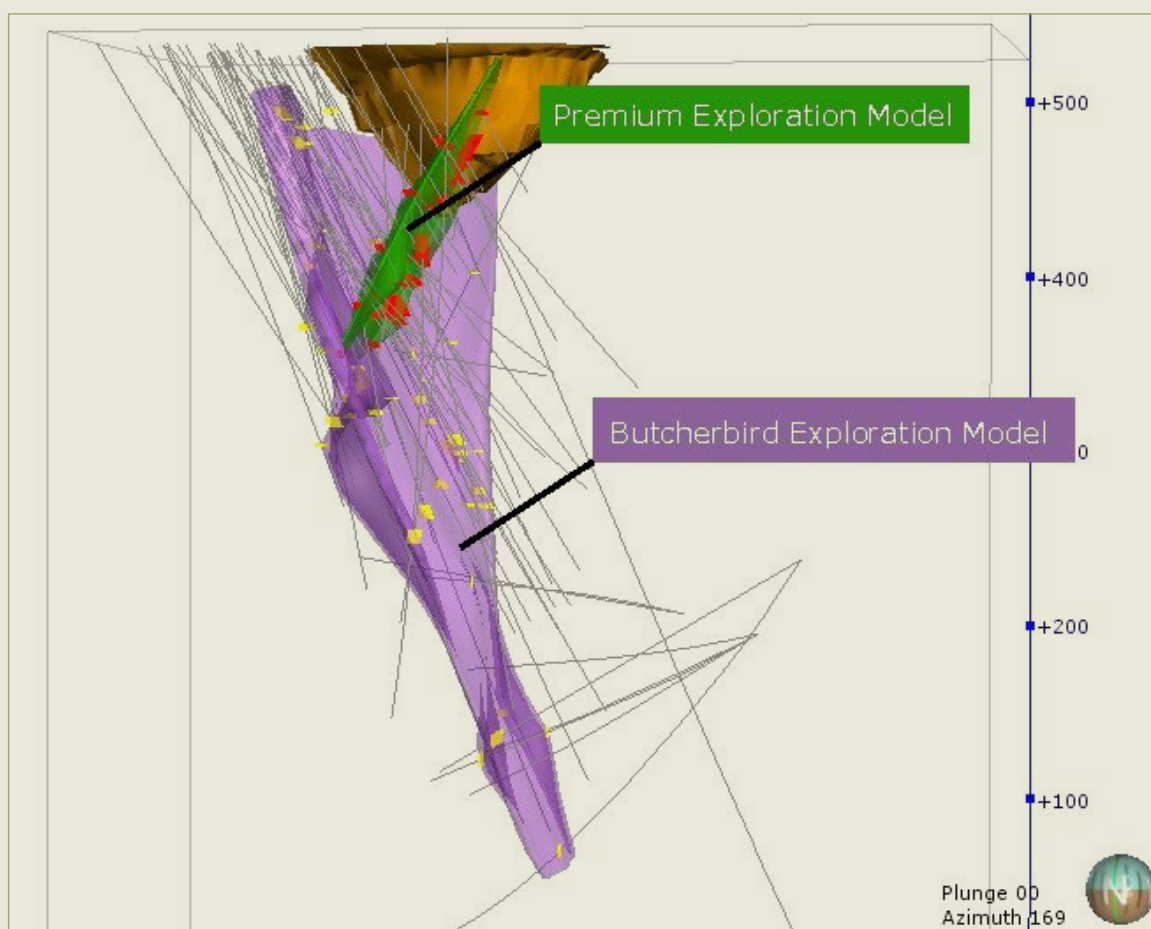
# Exploration Programs

Leapfrog™ modelling software was used to produce three-dimensional geological models of the Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear based on their interpreted drill intercepts (Figure 4). The Premium Lode model defines a body that dips at -60 degrees towards 090 grid with approximate maximum dimensions of 300m length by 170m down-dip extent. The Butcherbird Shear model defines a body that dips at -75 degrees towards 270 grid with approximate maximum dimensions of 500m length by 400m down-dip extent. Surpac™ software was used to estimate the volume and average thickness of the Leapfrog geological models. These parameters are presented in Table 2 and were used to estimate the potential size of the Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear Exploration Targets. Tonnages were estimated by applying an

average SG of 2.8 to the Surpac™ derived volumes of the Leapfrog™ geological models.

The potential size and contained ounces of gold of the Exploration Targets are presented in Table 2 as a range of values, which in the Competent Person's opinion, represent reasonable approximations based on the level of available information and estimation methodologies applied.

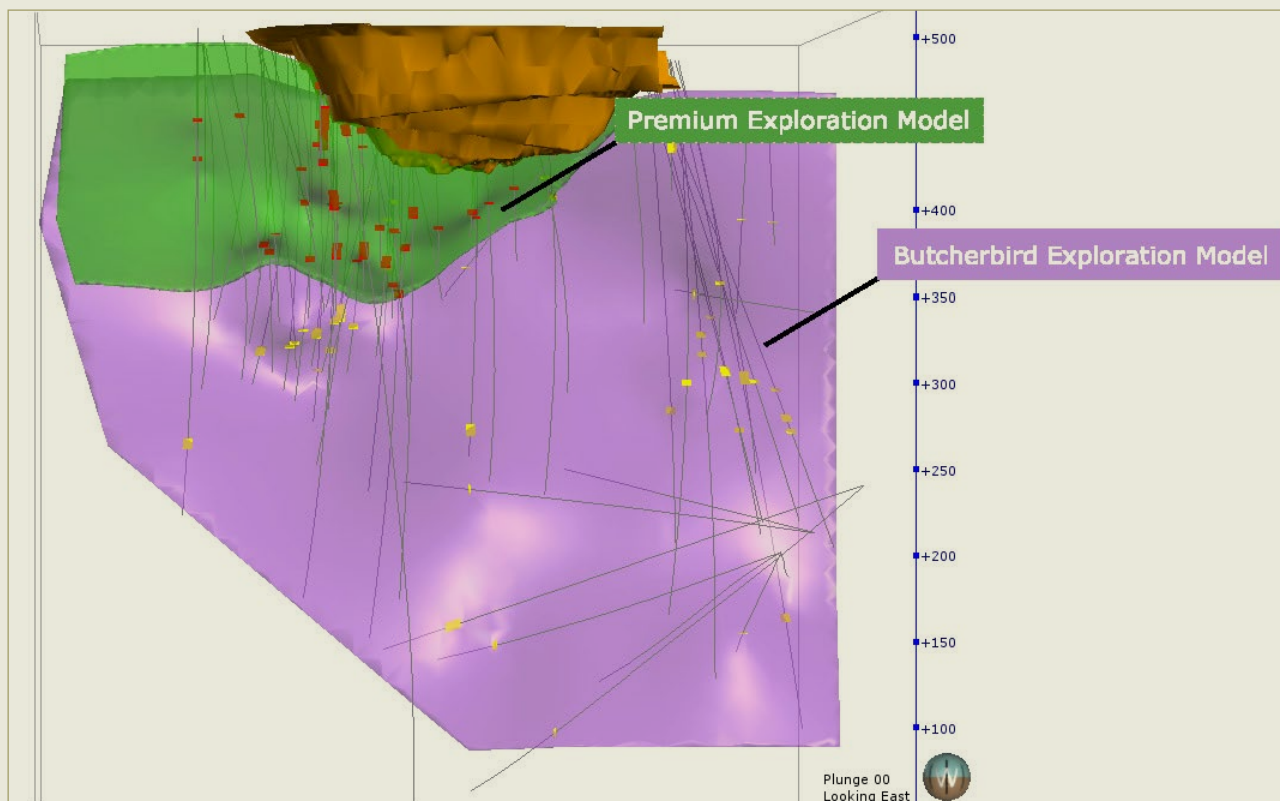
The Low and High cases reflect the effect on tonnage in each Exploration Target by varying the Surpac™ estimated volume of the Exploration Target geological models by +/- 25%. The range of contained gold reflects the effect of varying the average grade of the Exploration Target by +/- 2g/t Au from the estimated average grade. All numbers are rounded to reflect the level of uncertainty in the estimates.



**Figure 4:** Cross-sectional view looking south of the Leapfrog™ 3D geological model showing the interpreted east dipping Premium Lode (green) and west dipping Butcherbird Shear (purple).

Note: the red and yellow bars in Figure 4 show the position of historical mineralised drill intercepts

# Exploration Programs



**Figure 5:** Long-section view looking east of the Leapfrog<sup>TM</sup> 3D geological model showing the interpreted east dipping Premium Lode (green) and west dipping Butcherbird Shear (purple).

Note: the red and yellow bars in Figure 5 show the position of historical mineralised drill intercepts

## Recent Drilling by Horizon Gold

An initial diamond drill program of 12 holes totalling 4,897 drill metres on the Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear Exploration Targets commenced in late June 2018 and was completed on 22 August 2018. The aim of the program was to assess the validity of the Exploration Targets by drilling a broad spread of holes to test and support the predicted thickness and grade of the models in those areas.

Drill-hole pierce points are shown in the long section in Figure 6, cross section 6983635N through hole SBDD080 is shown in Figure 7.

Gold assay results were received for holes SBDD075, 076, 077, 078 and 080. Significant assay results interpreted to reflect the Butcherbird Shear include:

- 8.0m @ 19.7g/t Au from 297.0m in SBDD080;
- 6.6m @ 10.9g/t Au from 265.9m in SBDD076; and
- 5.0m @ 10.6g/t Au from 257.0m in SBDD073.

In addition to these interpreted Butcherbird Shear

intercepts, several other unexpected quartz-sulphide structures were intersected, including:

- 0.8m @ 17.4g/t Au from 132.0m in SBDD075;
- 6.0m @ 7.9g/t Au from 134.0m in SBDD076;
- 2.2m @ 9.6g/t Au from 128.55m in SBDD077; and
- 3.0m @ 9.8g/t Au from 148.9m in SBDD080.

## Discussion of Results

Zones of quartz flooding with minor sulphide mineralisation were intersected at the anticipated target depths in most holes. True widths of the quartz flood zones intersected in the current program are estimated to be up to 5 metres. Together with the assays received so far, the results are interpreted to be supportive of the modelled Exploration Targets.

For holes SBDD073, SBDD076 and SBDD080, intersected thicknesses and gold grades exceed the parameters used to estimate the Butcherbird Shear Exploration Target.

# Exploration Programs

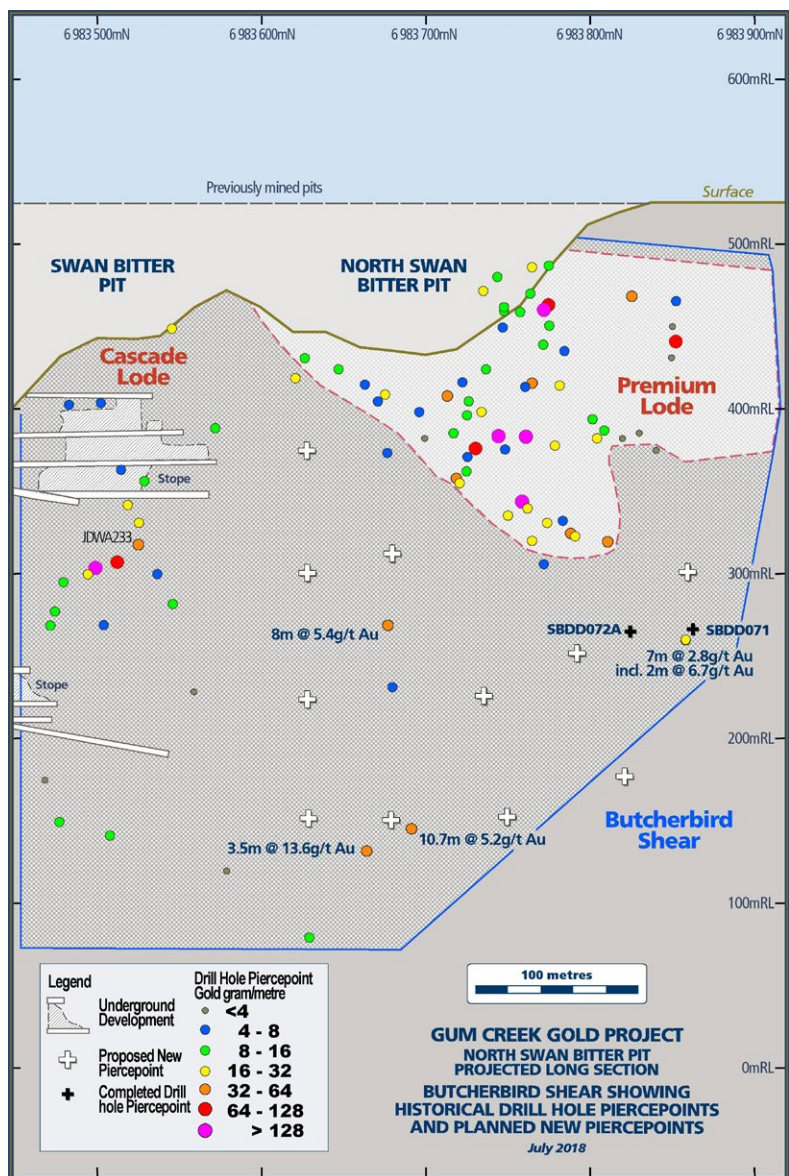


Figure 6: Long section looking west showing historical and new drill hole pierce points testing the Butcherbird Shear and Premium Lode

The Company notes that the gold mineralisation in the Swan system is highly variable and that correlation of high gold grades, even between closely-spaced drill holes, can be difficult. For this reason, the Company urges caution when considering the economic significance of the results obtained to date.

It is important to note that in addition to the interpreted Butcherbird Shear intercepts, several other unexpected quartz-sulphide structures were intersected. At this early stage and until all assay results have been received, the Company is unable to correlate these structures with the known lodes and is therefore uncertain of their economic significance.

The Company will provide a further update including a discussion of any material changes to the potential scale or quality of the Exploration Targets resulting from the initial exploration drilling program when all assay results are available.

### Follow Up Work Program

The Company is highly encouraged by the results of the initial program. As is apparent from the long section in Figure 6, there are very few drill holes in the vicinity of holes SBDD076 and SBDD080. Diamond drilling to infill this area is planned as a priority once all results of the current program have been received and a new and more comprehensive evaluation of the economic significance of the results is completed.

# Exploration Programs

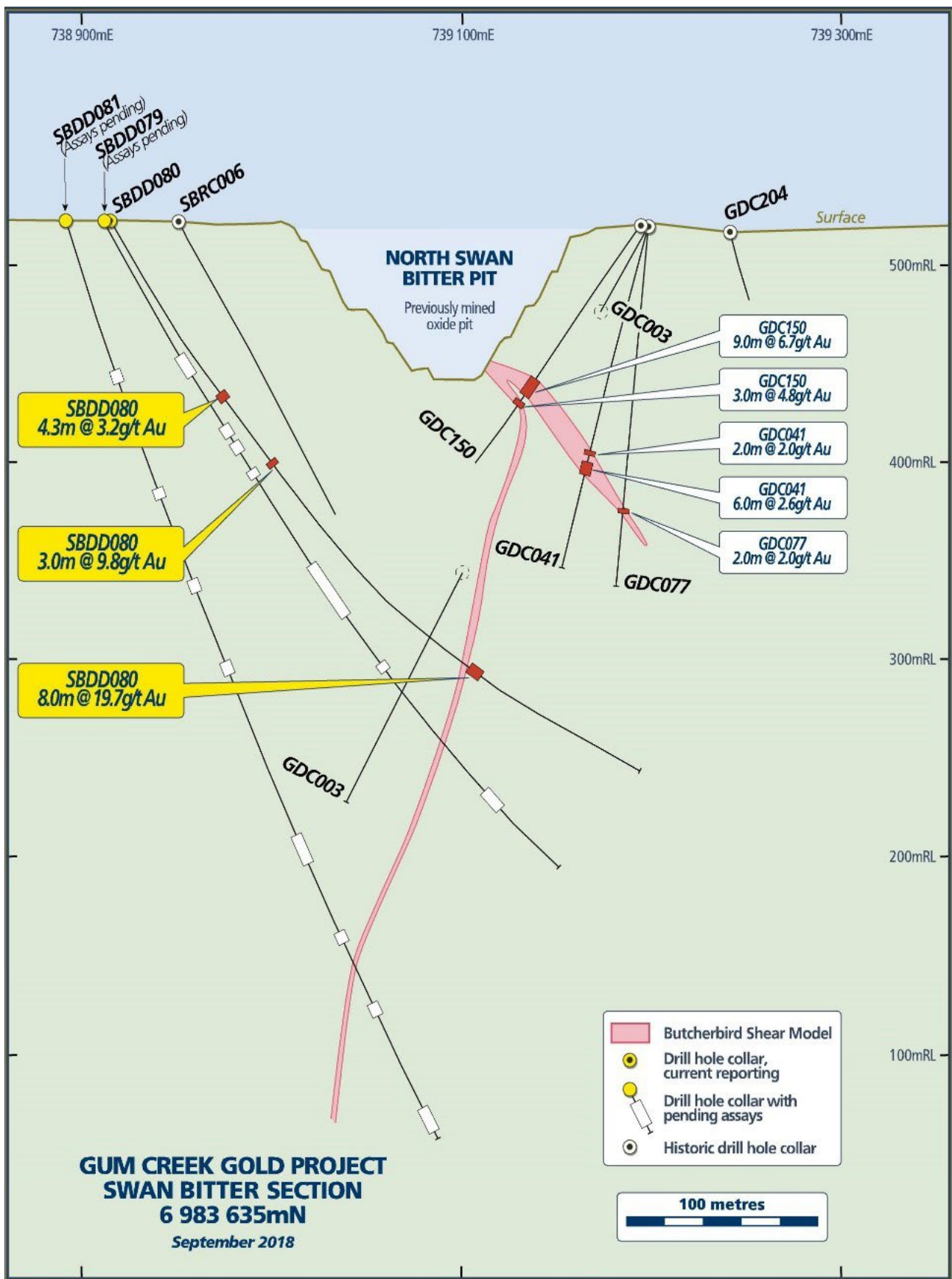


Figure 7: Cross section 6983635N (+/- 10m) looking north showing historical and new drilling intercepts on the Butcherbird Shear and Premium Lode

# Exploration Programs

## Altair

### Background

The Altair Prospect is interpreted to be volcanic-associated base-metal sulphide style mineralisation associated with black shales and intermediate volcanics. Relatively shallow drilling in the 1990's by previous explorers intersected broad zones of possible supergene copper mineralisation, including the following results\*:

- 44m @ 1.2% Cu from 56m (ALAC005);
- 24m @ 1.0% Cu from 64m (ALRC007);
- 20m @ 1.1% Cu from 52m (ALRC002); and
- 20m @ 0.9% Cu from 64m (ALRC006).

\* Refer to the following open-file historical company technical reports submitted to the WA Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS):

- *Pancontinental Gold Pty Ltd, 1993: Annual Report Gidgee North. GSWA open-file report A39585*
- *Pancontinental Gold Pty Ltd, 1994: Annual Report Gidgee North. GSWA open-file report A42623*
- *Goldfields Exploration Pty Ltd, 1995: Annual Report Gidgee North. GSWA open-file report A46151*

### Recent Drilling by Horizon Gold

A single diamond drill hole ALDD002 was completed to a final depth of 370.1m in August 2018. A mud-rotary pre-collar was drilled to a depth of 41.6m. Below this depth, the core is strongly oxidised from the commencement of coring at 41.6m to 124.6m, and partly oxidised to 132.0m. From 132.0m to 239.0m the hole passed through a thick sequence of sulphidic black shale. The shales typically contain 10% to 20% pyrite within thin (generally <5mm thick) layers. These pyritic layers are oblique to a well-developed cleavage in the shale and are interpreted to reflect original bedding surfaces. Significant zinc-copper mineralisation was returned from the base of the black shale sequence with assay results reported as follows:

- **43.0m @ 3.67% Zn & 0.60% Cu from 196.0m (1% Zn cut-off)**

The zinc mineralisation occurs as fine to very fine grained red/brown sphalerite associated with magnetic pyrrhotite in folded sub-millimetre stratiform layers interpreted to reflect original bedding plane deposition. This zone is also anomalous in other elements, with average values for the 43m zone including gold (0.11g/t), silver (11g/t), cobalt (327ppm), lead (0.1%) and tin (110ppm).

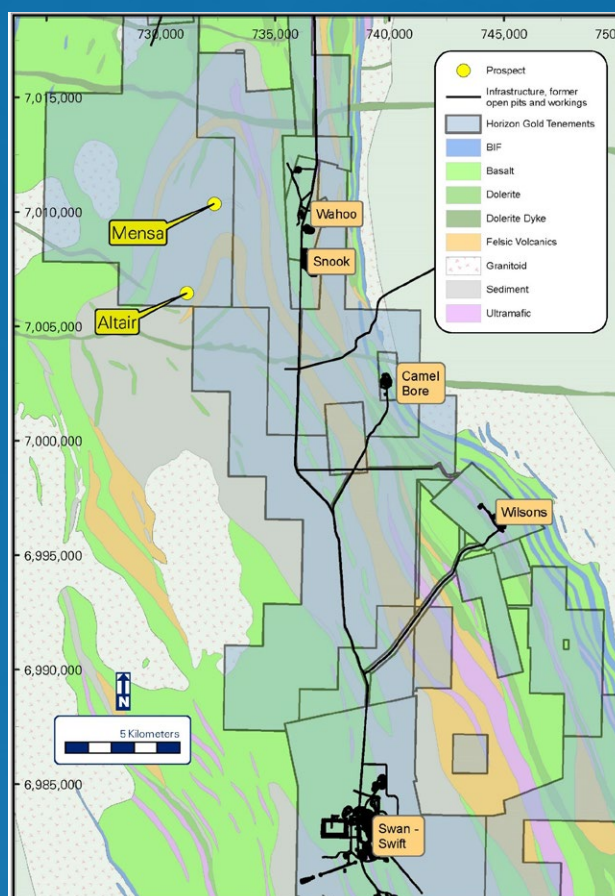


Figure 8: Geological plan of the central Gum Creek project area showing the location of Altair and Mensa Prospects. Shear and Premium Lode

Due to the early stage of the exploration activities, guidance on the true width of the intercept is not available.

Within the wider zinc intercept, a high-grade zone is present which returned the following result, based on a 5% Zn cut-off:

- **9.0m @ 6.69% Zn & 1.00% Cu from 213.0m**

Underlying the black shale sequence from 239.0m to 335.8m is a complex pyrite-rich zone, composed of microcrystalline quartz-rich (cherty) layers intercalated with interpreted volcanic agglomerates. The agglomerate clasts are intensely chlorite and/or biotite altered and occur within an intensely silicified matrix containing coarse blebs, stringers (and massive zones) of pyrite and minor pyrrhotite. Although strongly pyritic throughout, this unit only carries weak zinc mineralisation, with zinc assays typically less than 0.1% Zn.

Below the chert-agglomerate zone from 335.8m to the end of hole at 370.1m is a dark green, strongly chlorite-altered andesitic volcanic. This unit is essentially sulphide free and is not anomalous in zinc or copper.

# Exploration Programs

## Discussion of Results

The Company interprets the geological setting of the mineralisation at Altair to be that of a VHMS / SEDEX environment. Evidence for this interpretation includes:

- Restrictive black shale depositional environment, overlying an interpreted volcanic exhalative chert horizon;
- Extensive chlorite alteration and pyrite development in footwall intermediate volcanics;
- Evidence for mineralisation to have formed pre-deformation, and possibly syn-deposition; and
- Anomalous geochemical pathfinder elements characteristic of VHMS / SEDEX systems.

Volcanic-associated mineral deposits tend to occur in district-scale “camps”, with individual deposits occurring in favourable stratigraphic positions over many kilometres. In this respect, the Company considers the Teutonic Bore group of deposits, located approximately 200km southeast of Altair, to be a relevant analogy.

At Teutonic Bore, favourable stratigraphy is thought to extend over approximately 40km, and contains three former or operating mines (Teutonic Bore, Bentley, Jaguar), the Triumph development project, plus a number of other regional exploration prospects. The original Teutonic Bore deposit was discovered in 1976, followed by Jaguar in 2002, Bentley in 2008 and Triumph in 2014. Current Resources total 6.5Mt

@ 5.6% Zn, 0.9% Cu, 85g/t Ag and 0.4g/t Au (refer Independence Group NL (ASX:IGO) announcement of 23 October 2017).

Regional mapping and geophysical interpretation at Gum Creek suggests the target stratigraphy hosting the Altair prospect may extend at least 5km to the north to the Mensa Prospect (Figure 8). At Mensa, shallow drilling in the 1990’s by previous explorers intersected anomalous zinc mineralisation in a similar geological setting as Altair, including the following assay results calculated using a 0.1% Zn lower cut-off\*:

- 6m @ 0.22% Zn from 50.0m in GMRC001; and
- 24m @ 0.19% Zn from 20.0m in GMRC002.
- \* Refer to the following open-file historical company technical reports submitted to the WA Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS):
  - *WA Exploration Services Pty Ltd, Annual Report E53/665, Gum Creek Project, 1998. GSWA open-file report A54645*

It is also possible that the favourable stratigraphy continues on the east side of the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt due to belt-scale synformal folding. At The Cup prospect, located approximately 40km southeast of Altair, Gateway Mining Limited has reported significant copper intersections including 80m @ 0.66% Cu from 65m in hole GRC200 (refer Gateway Mining Limited Annual Report 2012). Gateway interpret the mineralisation as being hosted within an

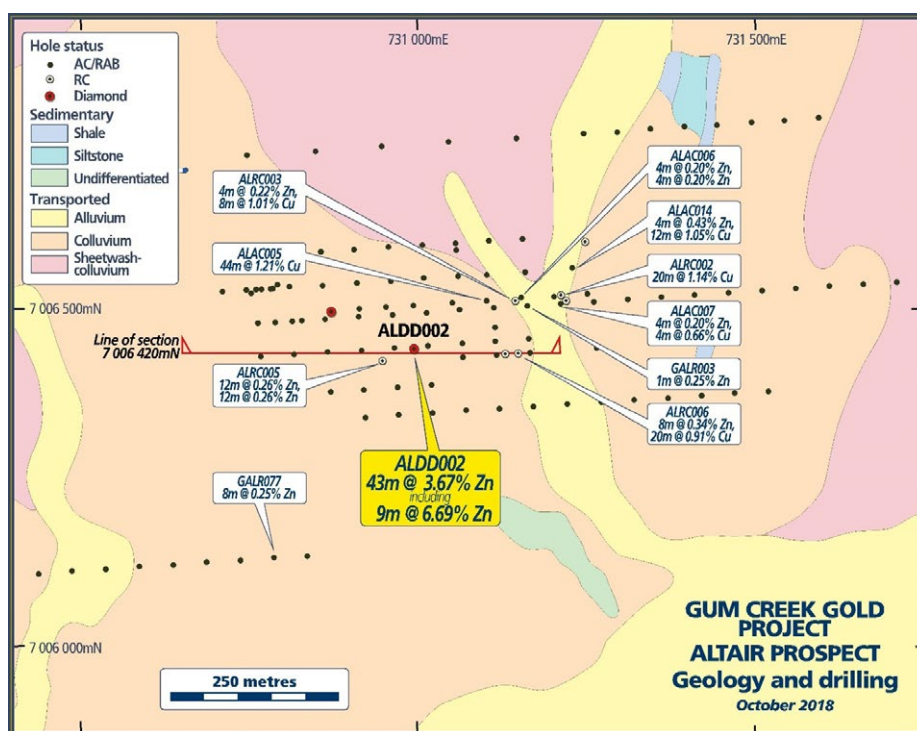


Figure 9: Altair Prospect - drill hole location plan showing anomalous zinc and copper intersections.



# Exploration Programs

intermediate to felsic volcano-sedimentary package, and that the host sequence, alteration and apparent metal zonation are highly suggestive of typical VHMS-style mineralisation.

It is important to note that base-metal geochemistry at Altair (and potentially more regionally) is strongly depleted to around 50m depth. As can be seen in Figure 10, the supergene copper mineralisation in ALRC006 and ALAC016 occurs below 50m depth, and was not intersected in the initial RAB and air-core holes drilled in the early 1990's. This suggests that the historical wide-spaced and shallow drilling conducted in the Gum Creek Greenstone Belt may not have been an effective test for this style of mineralisation.

## Follow-up Work Program

The zinc grade of the ALDD002 intercept is an order of magnitude greater than any historical Altair drill result and clearly justifies further drilling. A program of follow-up drill holes will be conducted in FY2019 to determine the orientation and extent of the zinc and copper mineralisation. In addition, the Company will re-examine the prospectivity of the interpreted target stratigraphy extending north from Altair and including the Mensa Prospect.

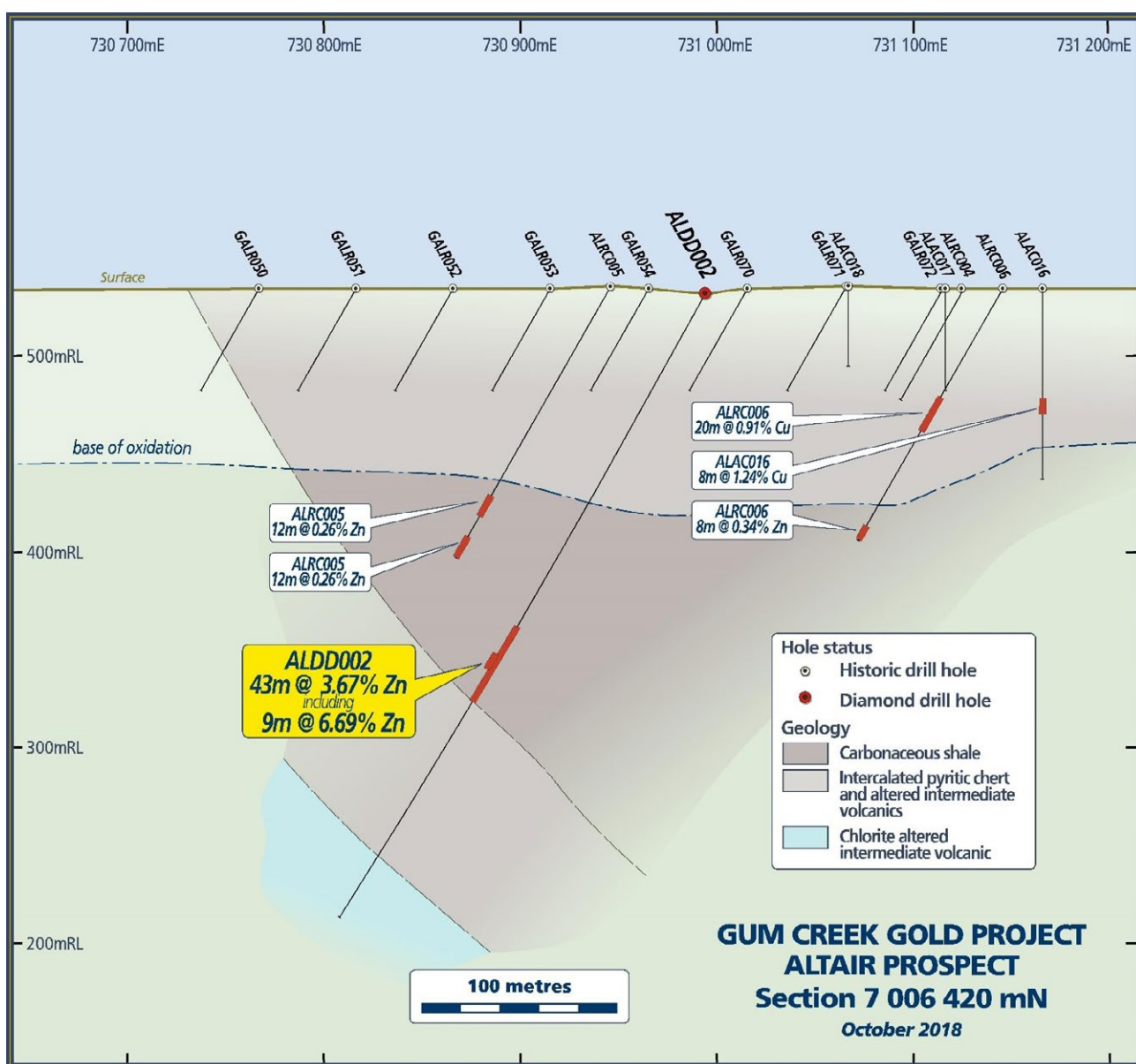


Figure 10: Altair Prospect – Cross section 7006420mN (± 20m)

# Exploration Programs

## Toedter West

- **Target** - 6km long, mostly buried BIF unit with coincident zones of de-magnetisation and EM conductivity, interpreted by the Company to be sulphide-bearing
- **Highlights of previous work** - existing Resource at Toedter of 34,200oz, located at the eastern end of the target
- **Recent drilling** - total of 87 holes for 2,775 drill metres was completed. Best assay results from the program include:
  - 3.0m @ 0.71g/t Au from 76m in GPAC1353
- **Proposed Work** - further refinement of the targeting criteria
- **Timing** - TBA

## Psi

- **Target** - down-plunge extensions to high-grade structurally controlled BIF-hosted gold mineralisation
- **Recent Drilling** - total of 21 holes completed. Mineralisation remains open at depth. High-grade intercepts include:
  - 7m @ 4.94g/t Au from 55m in GWRC462
  - 6m @ 3.58g/t Au from 149m in GWRC486
  - 3m @ 3.14g/t Au from 129m in GWRC489; and
  - 1m @ 5.71g/t Au from 155m in GWRC483.
- **Proposed Work** - Resource estimation
- **Timing** - FY2019

## Heron South

- **Target** - down-dip extensions to high-grade structurally controlled gold mineralisation
- **Highlights of previous work** - seven holes completed. Mineralisation remains open at depth and to the south. Better intercepts include:
  - HRC539 - 3m @ 6.0g/t Au from 88m;
  - HRC540 - 4m @ 5.0g/t Au from 99m;
  - HRC541 - 4m @ 4.3g/t Au from 127m; and
  - HRC542 - 1m @ 9.4g/t Au from 174m.
- **Proposed Work** - further drilling proposed to test the southern and depth extensions
- **Timing** - TBA

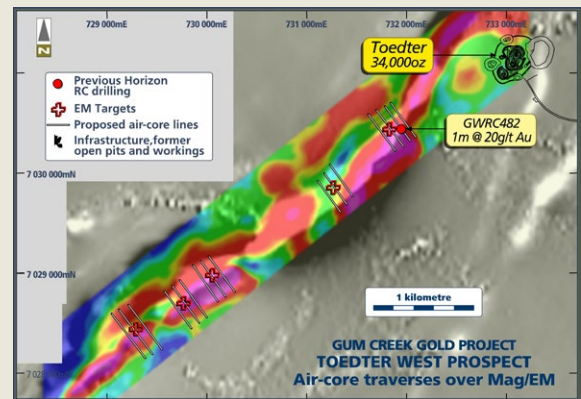


Figure 11: Plan of Toedter West Prospect showing air-core drilling traverses on coloured EM conductivity and greyscale magnetics

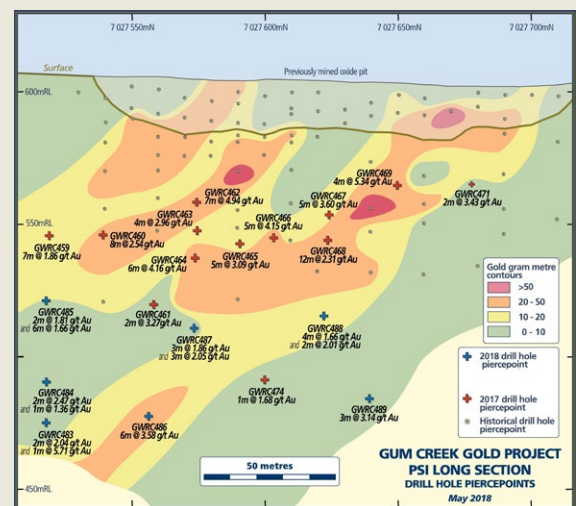


Figure 12: Psi Prospect long-section looking west showing final 1m drill intercepts from the March 2018 quarter drill program.

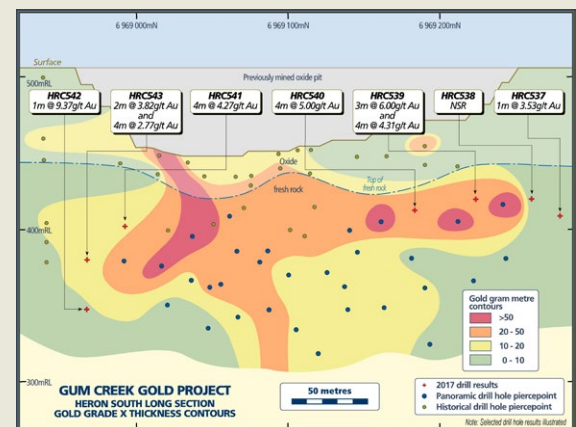


Figure 13. Heron South Long Section

# Exploration Programs

## Wilsons Shear

- **Target** - Wilsons-style high-grade gold-bearing sulphide lodes along the Wilsons Shear
- **Highlights of previous work** - existing Resource at Wilsons of 391,500oz. Thirty regional RC holes completed at seven prospects along the Wilsons Shear testing IP targets interpreted to be sulphide bodies. Sulphide mineralisation was intersected in drilling where predicted by the IP surveys, confirming effectiveness of the IP method as a targeting tool. Better results include:
  - Ray Charles TTRC439 - 1m @ 2.5g/t Au from 83m
  - Shiraz South TTRC429 - 1m @ 2.4g/t Au from 138m
- **Proposed Work** - integrate IP data with other geophysical and geochemical datasets to refine future drill targets
- **Timing** - TBA

## Wahoo East

- **Target** - a series of structures and surface gold anomalism associated with an interpreted, underlying non-emergent granitic intrusion
- **Recent Drilling** - total of 74 drill holes for 3,711 drill metres tested, no significant results
- **Proposed Work** - no further work planned

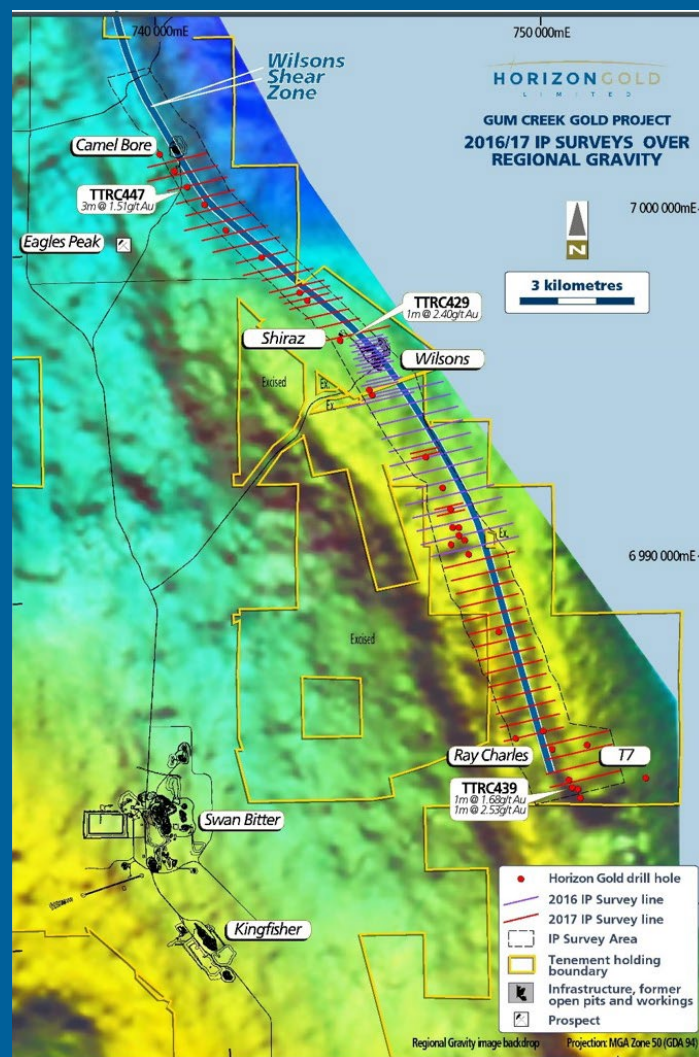


Figure 14. IP Surveys over Wilson Shear Zone

# Other Activities

## Other Exploration Activities

During the December 2017 quarter, Horizon engaged GCXplore Pty Ltd to undertake a comprehensive review of the Gum Creek geochemical database, which contains over 81,000 surface samples and 70,000 drill holes. In April 2018, GCXplore completed its review including a list of prioritised drill targets for future testing. The Company is continuing to assess these targets and may include additional targets for testing in the Company's FY2019 exploration programs.

## Development Studies

Given that exploration drilling was a high priority for Horizon, development studies were scaled back during FY2018 with the following work streams were undertaken:

### Free milling

A study to identify potential high-grade underground development options below the Butcherbird and Swan Bitter open pits at Gum Creek was commenced during the March 2018 quarter. The undeveloped Premium Lode, located at the northern end of the Swan Bitter pit, was identified as the area with the highest potential. A historical Mineral Resource estimate for the Premium Lode of 161kt @ 12.5g/t for 64,500 oz Au (2004 JORC, based on a 3.0g/t Au lower cut-off grade) was previously published by Legend Mining Limited in March 2007 (refer to Legend Mining Limited 2006 Annual Report).

The concept study based on the Premium Lode historical Mineral Resource, indicates that a low-tonnage, high-grade underground mining option with off-site toll milling could be feasible. Further work on this concept will depend on the outcome of the drill program to test the interpreted lode extensions.

### Cautionary Statement

The concept study referred to in this Annual Report is based on low-level technical and economic assessments, and is insufficient to support the estimation of Ore Reserves or to provide assurance of an economic development case at this stage, or to provide certainty that the conclusions of the concept study will be realised. The concept study is based partly on Inferred Mineral Resources. There is a low level of geological confidence associated with Inferred Mineral Resources and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of Indicated Mineral Resources or that the production target itself will be realised.

### Refractory

The refractory studies are currently on hold and can be recommenced should future exploration activities result in an increase in overall refractory mineral resources or the A\$ gold price increases.

Toll treatment/sale of a gold concentrate remains an option and dialogue with potential customers will be maintained.

## Proposed FY2019 Programs

- **Resource Extension**  
Drill testing of Exploration Targets at Butcherbird Shear and Swan Premium - further drill testing as required  
Resource estimation - Psi Prospect
- **Regional Exploration:**  
Diamond drilling at Altair Copper - additional drill testing as required  
Air-core drilling - 180 holes for 13,000m at Wahoo East and Toedter West (completed)
- **Development Studies**  
Scoping Study on high-grade underground development option for Swan Premium/Butcherbird

## Pipeline of Opportunities

Gum Creek provides an exciting gold exploration and development opportunity. Our existing Mineral Resource base of 1.25 million ounces of gold in is located within a well-endowed gold region that hosts multi-million ounce deposits. Horizon is well placed to grow its existing resource base through a targeted exploration approach has continued to identify new prospect areas in addition to potential extensions to existing mineralisation. With a solid balance sheet, Horizon is well placed to systematically test priority targets for new mineralisation, look for extensions to existing mineralisation and continue to study potential development opportunities. The recent exploration success at Altair has added a base metals component to future exploration activities.

# APPENDIX 1

Summary of historical drilling results for Swan Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear used in the estimation of the Exploration Targets

Model	Hole	East	North	RL	Dip	Azi	EOH	From	To	Intercept
Butcherbird Shear										
	AGDC0004	739221.0	6983720.0	521.0	-60.6	270.2	208.0	120	124	4m @ 1.58 g/t
	AGDC0005	739209.0	6983736.0	521.0	-51.1	269.8	190.0	60	68	8m @ 3.05 g/t
	AGDC0006	739213.0	6983743.0	521.0	-58.3	274.4	208.0	103.53	110.55	NSI
	AGDC0007	739249.0	6983760.0	524.0	-60.0	268.0	250.0	221	230	9m @ 3.44 g/t
	AGDC0008	739273.0	6983788.0	524.0	-60.4	268.1	274.0	243	250	7m @ 7.11 g/t
	AGDD0074	739220.0	6983721.0	521.0	-58.1	280.0	258.8	118	119	1m @ 9.51 g/t
	AGDD0075	739221.0	6983721.0	521.0	-64.9	285.2	246.6	167.8	175.03	NSI
								205	210	5m @ 4.03 g/t
								175	177.5	2.5m @ 16.84 g/t
	AGDD0076	739223.0	6983718.0	521.0	-68.5	257.9	418.1	217	218	1m @ 2.39 g/t
								398	399	1m @ 2.72 g/t
	AGDD0078	739273.0	6983788.0	524.0	-54.9	268.9	270.9	217.2	219.4	2.2m @ 1.78 g/t
	AGDD0079	739275.0	6983788.0	524.0	-61.4	279.4	321.6	284.38	292.37	NSI
	AGDD0080	739276.0	6983788.0	524.0	-58.2	287.3	300.6	234.79	236.96	NSI
								251.5	254	2.5m @ 5.96 g/t
	AGDD0081	739216.0	6983551.0	511.0	-60.2	231.9	369.9	265	266	1m @ 2.07 g/t
								271	276.3	5.3m @ 1.99 g/t
								282.4	285.55	3.15m @ 3.37 g/t
	AGDD0082	739217.0	6983551.0	511.0	-58.7	242.1	354.6	248.6	250.65	2.05m @ 14.24 g/t
	AGDD0083	739217.5	6983551.0	511.0	-63.2	243.9	348.6	272.2	275	2.8m @ 1.52 g/t
								251.9	257	5.1m @ 2.98 g/t
	AGDD0084	739220.0	6983551.0	511.0	-67.0	263.8	348.3	267.15	268.7	1.55m @ 1.68 g/t
								193.5	195	1.5m @ 15.74 g/t
	AGDD0097	739212.5	6983554.5	511.0	-61.9	246.3	345.9	241	244.4	3.4m @ 1.66 g/t
	GDC001	739073.9	6983852.6	523.1	-89.9	333.9	311.0	261	268	7m @ 2.76 g/t
	GDC003	739199.1	6983625.2	520.7	-60.0	270.7	334.0	116	121	5m @ 5.32 g/t
	GDC004	739195.6	6983664.6	520.7	-56.1	269.7	334.0	96	98	2m @ 2.65 g/t
	GDC006	739098.4	6983764.8	493.1	-90.0	0.7	335.0	259.14	261.42	NSI
	GDC044	739190.4	6983743.8	520.8	-59.8	270.3	190.0	46	50	4m @ 2.47 g/t
	GDC045	739225.8	6983844.1	521.0	-50.0	260.0	300.0	89.5	90.12	NSI
	GDC047	739212.7	6983722.4	520.9	-59.4	272.3	250.0	100.53	105.1	NSI
								39	48	9m @ 3.27 g/t
	GDC050	739200.0	6983766.3	520.9	-55.0	270.0	250.0	64	66	2m @ 6.39 g/t
	GDC055	739204.6	6983764.6	520.9	-72.0	270.0	250.0	208	212	4m @ 4.49 g/t
	GDC056	739214.2	6983720.1	520.9	-70.0	270.0	306.0	156	160	4m @ 1.79 g/t
	GDC058	739191.6	6983745.6	520.9	-70.4	278.3	292.0	63	64	1m @ 1.45 g/t
								173	174	1m @ 1.01 g/t
								182	194	12m @ 41.04 g/t
	GDC070	739246.8	6983816.4	521.0	-50.9	268.4	260.0	119.92	121.96	NSI
	GDC072	739196.4	6983872.4	521.1	-60.0	270.0	140.0	49	50	1m @ 1.04 g/t
	GDC074	739202.9	6983846.1	521.1	-55.0	270.0	268.0	57.73	58.1	NSI
	GDC078	739238.8	6983769.8	523.1	-65.0	270.0	270.0	233	235	2m @ 3.75 g/t
	GDC079	739195.0	6983668.8	520.6	-70.2	269.9	286.0	130	136	6m @ 2.01 g/t
								264	272	8m @ 5.41 g/t
	GDC080	739206.9	6983798.1	522.9	-61.0	271.3	240.0	63	65	2m @ 2.38 g/t
	GDC146	739185.8	6983559.6	511.2	-61.4	251.4	300.0	144.44	145.53	NSI
	GDC150	739195.1	6983644.2	520.6	-52.6	253.5	286.0	111	114	3m @ 4.77 g/t
	GDC151	739246.1	6983752.3	523.4	-54.7	252.5	244.0	146.74	148.89	NSI
	GDC155	739228.6	6983789.4	522.9	-56.8	250.2	228.0	111.34	120.86	NSI
	GDC159	739213.8	6983529.8	510.9	-60.6	252.2	301.0	230	239	9m @ 17.58 g/t
	GDC174	739191.2	6983810.3	523.1	-55.0	250.0	220.0	43	44	1m @ 1.28 g/t
								54	56	2m @ 2.01 g/t
	GDC175	739192.9	6983810.8	523.0	-67.0	250.0	231.0	161.76	166.75	NSI
								212	215	3m @ 20.84 g/t
	GDC176	739213.3	6983727.1	520.9	-56.9	249.3	201.0	111.2	114.74	NSI
	GDC177	739210.4	6983750.2	520.9	-64.0	250.0	240.0	127	130	3m @ 4.09 g/t
	GDC191	739213.0	6983532.0	511.0	-57.1	250.7	300.0	181	184	3m @ 1.62 g/t
	GDC194	739195.0	6983549.0	513.0	-59.8	251.0	304.0	150	151	1m @ 1.50 g/t
	GDC198	739124.0	6983692.0	487.0	-60.0	30.0	148.0	120.54	122.69	NSI
	GDC199	739096.0	6983595.0	479.0	-48.5	30.3	166.0	159.65	165	NSI
	GDC209	739112.0	6983837.0	522.0	-60.5	31.2	154.0	143.65	145.5	NSI
	GDC213	739100.0	6983767.0	485.0	-60.2	29.5	148.0	128.9	130.47	NSI
	GUD1091	738919.8	6983545.7	190.2	-4.8	44.6	245.7	213.65	220.46	NSI
	GUD1181	738935.4	6983499.3	196.1	-13.8	102.5	174.1	156.02	158.62	NSI

Model	Hole	East	North	RL	Dip	Azi	EOH	From	To	Intercept
	GUD1225	738935.4	6983499.2	195.6	-26.3	84.9	175.3	131.9	134.3	2.4m @ 3.44 g/t
	GUD1230	738935.3	6983499.5	195.8	-24.2	51.8	203.5	156.33	158.84	NSI
	GUD1237	738935.3	6983499.6	195.8	-18.4	37.9	270.2	224.5	228	3.5m @ 13.62 g/t
	GUD332	739060.8	6983457.9	342.7	7.5	42.7	116.1	99.7	102	NSI
	GUD915	738914.1	6983451.7	237.5	-18.2	32.2	351.0	292.6	304	11.4m @ 4.89 g/t
	GUD916	738914.1	6983451.7	237.1	-38.6	31.0	351.3	267	270	3m @ 4.20 g/t
	GUD957	738979.7	6983472.8	206.4	7.5	20.7	278.8	231	232.3	1.3m @ 4.00 g/t
	GUD975	738980.2	6983472.4	206.5	9.2	50.8	223.9	150.09	155.5	NSI
	JDWA018	739175.3	6983671.0	520.9	-60.0	270.7	146.6	69.9	71.4	NSI
	JDWA020	739181.9	6983645.7	520.6	-60.0	270.7	170.1	89	90	1m @ 3.40 g/t
	JDWA155	739108.8	6983522.0	468.9	-67.0	270.7	201.5	31.23	31.82	NSI
	JDWA220	739100.2	6983494.6	432.4	-46.0	308.2	164.2	11.9	14	2.1m @ 3.89 g/t
	JDWA221	739101.5	6983494.6	432.4	-53.5	304.7	158.6	12.05	13.81	1.76m @ 3.06 g/t
	JDWA222	739100.2	6983494.6	432.4	-36.5	302.2	146.1	12	13	1m @ 1.26g/t
	JDWA230	739203.8	6983536.4	511.1	-68.2	256.1	405.7	173.03	175	NSI
	JDWA230	739203.8	6983536.4	511.1	-68.2	256.1	405.7	234	238	4m @ 1.03 g/t
	JDWA233	739205.2	6983537.5	511.2	-64.6	254.4	435.7	196	200.4	4.4m @ 6.05 g/t
	JDWA233	739205.2	6983537.5	511.2	-64.6	254.4	435.7	204	205	1m @ 15.22 g/t
	JDWA233	739205.2	6983537.5	511.2	-64.6	254.4	435.7	255	257	2m @ 2.51 g/t
	JRC3678	739095.7	6983546.7	478.6	-80.0	90.7	59.0	28	34	6m @ 5.19 g/t
	JRC3704	739128.3	6983481.8	478.2	-68.0	270.7	100.0	83	84	1m @ 7.92 g/t
	JRC3734	739062.4	6983502.4	474.7	-63.0	90.7	148.0	81	82	1m @ 4.79 g/t
	JRC3820	739183.4	6983671.0	520.9	-65.0	270.7	160.0	91	92	1m @ 1.19 g/t
	JRC4019	739186.6	6983695.7	520.8	-60.0	270.7	172.0	77	80	3m @ 3.81 g/t
	SBRC001	739191.7	6983741.6	521.0	-55.4	260.0	285.0	45.37	49.96	NSI
	SBRC001	739191.7	6983741.6	521.0	-55.4	260.0	285.0	175.44	175.87	NSI
	SBRC002	739240.9	6983743.0	523.4	-60.0	270.0	252.0	215	219	4m @ 4.18 g/t
	SBRC002	739240.9	6983743.0	523.4	-60.0	270.0	252.0	221	222	1m @ 1.07 g/t
	SBRC002	739240.9	6983743.0	523.4	-60.0	270.0	252.0	136.2	143.71	NSI
	SBRC003	739226.2	6983775.1	523.1	-60.2	270.0	275.0	189.82	216.63	NSI
	SBRC003	739226.2	6983775.1	523.1	-60.2	270.0	275.0	222	224	2m @ 2.38 g/t
	SBRC004	739237.2	6983783.8	522.9	-59.8	270.0	258.0	225	228	3m @ 7.04 g/t
Swan Premium Lode										
	AGDC0004	739221.0	6983720.0	521.0	-60.6	270.2	208.0	182	186	4m @ 3.10 g/t
	AGDC0005	739209.0	6983736.0	521.0	-51.1	269.8	190.0	157	162	5m @ 6.37 g/t
	AGDC0006	739213.0	6983743.0	521.0	-58.3	274.4	208.0	173	174	1m @ 1.01 g/t
	AGDD0074	739220.0	6983721.0	521.0	-58.1	280.0	258.8	176	179	3m @ 1.60 g/t
	GDC001	739073.9	6983852.6	523.1	-89.9	333.9	311.0	57	59	2m @ 3.00 g/t
	GDC004	739195.6	6983664.6	520.7	-56.1	269.7	334.0	126	128	2m @ 3.81 g/t
	GDC005	739123.8	6983713.0	487.3	-75.0	270.7	334.0	79	87	8m @ 5.89 g/t
	GDC006	739098.4	6983764.8	493.1	-90.0	0.7	335.0	72	85	13m @ 4.88 g/t
	GDC029	739126.8	6983713.4	487.4	-85.0	270.7	130.0	101	105	4m @ 3.46 g/t
	GDC030	739104.5	6983762.5	493.1	-85.0	90.7	150.0	106	117	11m @ 17.77 g/t
	GDC044	739190.4	6983743.8	520.8	-59.8	270.3	190.0	152	165	13m @ 17.21 g/t
	GDC045	739225.8	6983844.1	521.0	-50.0	260.0	300.0	172.15	175.01	NSI
	GDC046	739189.5	6983741.8	521.1	-50.0	270.0	175.0	136.68	144.21	NSI
	GDC047	739212.7	6983722.4	520.9	-59.4	272.3	250.0	170	180	10m @ 8.20 g/t
	GDC048	739153.2	6983808.2	521.0	-60.0	260.0	180.0	111	112	1m @ 3.91 g/t
	GDC049	739155.0	6983808.8	521.0	-70.0	265.0	198.0	137	138	1m @ 9.04 g/t
	GDC050	739200.0	6983766.3	520.9	-55.0	270.0	250.0	140	142	2m @ 2.48 g/t
	GDC057	739154.1	6983809.8	521.0	-80.0	270.0	220.0	140	144	4m @ 5.70 g/t
	GDC070	739246.8	6983816.4	521.0	-50.9	268.4	260.0	185.59	188.49	NSI
	GDC074	739202.9	6983846.1	521.1	-55.0	270.0	268.0	156.32	159.36	NSI
	GDC080	739206.9	6983798.1	522.9	-61.0	271.3	240.0	161	165	4m @ 2.01 g/t
	GDC148	739152.9	6983804.4	521.0	-52.8	254.4	154.0	106	109	3m @ 1.96 g/t
	GDC150	739195.1	6983644.2	520.6	-52.6	253.5	286.0	117	118	1m @ 1.14 g/t
	GDC151	739246.1	6983752.3	523.4	-54.7	252.5	244.0	203	204	1m @ 1.07 g/t
	GDC155	739228.6	6983789.4	522.9	-56.8	250.2	228.0	178	183	5m @ 3.28 g/t
	GDC161	739109.4	6983835.7	521.2	-58.1	252.9	184.0	60	64	4m @ 9.84 g/t
	GDC174	739191.2	6983810.3	523.1	-55.0	250.0	220.0	133	138	5m @ 6.20 g/t
	GDC176	739213.3	6983727.1	520.9	-56.9	249.3	201.0	162.68	165.01	NSI
	GDC177	739210.4	6983750.2	520.9	-64.0	250.0	240.0	178	183	5m @ 4.92 g/t
	GDC199	739096.0	6983595.0	479.0	-48.5	30.3	166.0	27	28	1m @ 1.09 g/t
	JDWA018	739175.3	6983671.0	520.9	-60.0	270.7	146.6	126	131	5m @ 5.28 g/t
	JDWA020	739181.9	6983645.7	520.6	-60.0	270.7	170.1	112	115.3	3.3m @ 4.70 g/t
	JDWA245	739094.5	6983764.7	494.4	-62.9	248.0	753.4	36	44	8m @ 1.93 g/t
	JRC0523	739120.0	6983747.0	520.8	-60.0	270.7	99.0	69	74	5m @ 2.30 g/t
	JRC0541	739120.0	6983775.4	520.9	-60.0	270.7	99.0	81	84	3m @ 2.91 g/t
	JRC0598	739044.6	6983772.5	515.1	-60.0	90.7	91.0	48	80	32m @ 4.24 g/t
	JRC0598	739044.6	6983772.5	515.1	-60.0	90.7	91.0	86	91	5m @ 2.50 g/t
	JRC0600	739081.8	6983775.1	514.9	-60.0	270.7	84.0	30	36	6m @ 2.45 g/t

Model	Hole	East	North	RL	Dip	Azi	EOH	From	To	Intercept
	JRC0601	739105.0	6983774.6	514.5	-60.0	270.7	83.0	57	64	7m @ 10.11 g/t
	JRC1705	739123.3	6983851.8	517.7	-60.0	270.7	120.0	74.56	77.25	NSI
	JRC1706	739138.2	6983851.6	517.8	-60.0	270.7	138.0	87	91	4m @ 19.86 g/t
	JRC1895	739170.9	6983721.2	518.7	-60.0	270.7	144.0	126	129	3m @ 1.31 g/t
	JRC3029	739095.3	6983872.0	521.5	-60.0	270.7	94.0	47	48	1m @ 1.35 g/t
	JRC3820	739183.4	6983671.0	520.9	-65.0	270.7	160.0	128	130	2m @ 2.05 g/t
	JRC4019	739186.6	6983695.7	520.8	-60.0	270.7	172.0	141	144	3m @ 2.43 g/t
	JRC4158	739139.0	6983821.6	519.4	-60.0	270.7	120.0	93.08	95.81	NSI
	JRC4159	739151.6	6983846.5	518.1	-60.0	270.7	120.0	103.47	107.09	NSI
	SBRC001	739191.7	6983741.6	521.0	-55.4	260.0	285.0	151	155	4m @ 3.37 g/t

**Notes:**

- All holes listed in the above table are historic holes drilled by previous owners of the Gum Creek Project. The Company cautions that it is unable to fully verify the locational accuracy, sampling protocols or analytical quality control procedures for some of the historical results.
- Intercepts were calculated using a 1 g/t lower cut-off, and a maximum 1m consecutive waste.
- JORC 2012 Compliance Tables in relation to the drilling may be found in the ASX announcement released by Panoramic Resources Limited (ASX:PAN) on 14 October 2016.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT





# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

The directors present their report on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the Group) consisting of Horizon Gold Limited ("Company" or "Horizon") and the entity it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2018.

## Directors

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows (directors were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated):

### **Peter J Harold (Non-Executive Chairman)**

*B.AppSc(Chem), AFAICD*

*Appointed 10 August 2016. Non-Executive Chairman since 31 August 2016*

Peter is a process engineer with over 30 years corporate experience in the minerals industry, specialising in financing, marketing, business development and general corporate activities. Peter is the Managing Director of Panoramic Resources Limited and has led Panoramic's executive team since the listing of Panoramic on the ASX in September 2001. Peter has overseen the development of the Savannah Nickel Project, recommencement of mining at the Lanfranchi Nickel Project and the purchase of the Gum Creek Gold Project. Prior to founding Panoramic, Peter held various senior management positions with Shell Australia, Australian Consolidated Minerals Limited, Normandy Mining Limited, MPI Mines Limited and the Gutnick network of companies.

During the past three years, Peter has also served as a director of the following listed companies:

- Panoramic Resources Limited (Managing Director from 16 March 2001)\*
- Pacifico Minerals Limited (Non-Executive Director from 19 August 2013)\*
- Peak Resources Limited (Non-Executive Chairman from 1 December 2015 to 31 December 2017)
- Ocean Grown Abalone Limited (Non-Executive Chairman from 14 November 2017)\*

\* Denotes current directorship

### **Peter J Venn (Non-Executive Director)**

*BSc (Geo)(Hons), MAIG, MAICD*

*Appointed 31 August 2016*

Peter Venn is a Geologist with over 30 years of experience and achievement in the global resources sector. After commencing his career in the WA Goldfields as a consultant, he held senior and executive roles with Resolute Mining Limited in Africa and Australia for more than 20 years. Peter has established and led highly successful teams and has been closely involved in the exploration, acquisition, evaluation and development of more than ten gold mines, including; Syama, Golden Pride, Obotan in Africa and Ravenswood, Chalice, Higginsville, Marymia and Mertondale in Australia. Peter is currently the Managing Director of Margosa Graphite Limited, a mineral exploration and development company, focused on high-grade vein graphite in south-west Sri Lanka.

During the past three years, Peter has not served as a director of any listed companies.

### **Paul W Bennett (Non-Executive Director)**

*MBA, MAusIMM, MAICD*

*Appointed 31 August 2016*

Paul Bennett is a Mining Engineer with an MBA who has extensive experience in the operation, development and financing of resource companies and projects over a 20 year period. Paul has worked in technical, management and business development roles for Newcrest, Western Metals and Panoramic Resources and holds a WA First Class Mine Manager's Certificate. For nine years, Paul was a senior executive at RMB Resources, the resources investment banking business of Rand Merchant Bank (RMB). During Paul's time at RMB, he specialised in the provision of equity, quasi-equity/mezzanine and debt financing for small to mid-sized resource companies across a wide variety of commodities and jurisdictions. Paul is currently the Managing Director of ACH Minerals Pty Ltd, a private, mineral exploration and development company, with a focus its flagship 100% owned Ravensthorpe Gold Project located 550km south-east of Perth in Western Australia.

During the past three years, Paul has not served as a director of any listed companies.

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## Company Secretary

### **Trevor R Eton**

*B.A (Hons)(Econ), PostGradDip (Man), AFAIM  
Appointed 10 August 2016*

Trevor Eton is an Accountant with over 30 years of experience in corporate finance within the minerals industry. Trevor commenced his association with Panoramic Resources Limited in 2003 as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary following 10 years with MPI Mines Limited as Group Financial Officer and Company Secretary. Trevor also worked for North Kalgurli Mines Limited, Metals Exploration Limited and Australian Consolidated Minerals Limited in various corporate finance roles from the mid 1980's.

During the past three years, Trevor has not served as a director of any listed companies.

## Alternate Company Secretary

### **Timothy James Shervington**

*B.Bus (Fin. Acc.), MICS  
Appointed 31 August 2016*

Tim Shervington is a Commercial Executive and commenced his employment with Panoramic Resources Limited (Panoramic) in 2004. During his time at Panoramic, Tim has managed; treasury, concentrate sales and exports, insurance and material contracts. Tim is a member of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers and has previously held positions with Imation, the Royal Australian Air Force and the Commonwealth Bank.

## Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of directors held during the year ended 30 June 2018 and the number of meetings attended by each director during the year are as follows:

	<b>Number of Meetings Available to Attend</b>	<b>Number of Meetings Attended</b>
<b>Total number of meetings held during the year</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>
Peter J Harold	6	6
Peter J Venn	6	6
Paul W Bennett	6	6

## Committee Membership

Due to the size of the Board, there are currently no separate committees of the Board as at the date of this report. For a further explanation, refer to the Company's 2018 Corporate Governance Statement.

## Directors' Interests

The relevant interest of each director in the share capital as notified by the directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with S205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of signing is as follows:

<b>Name of Director</b>	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>		<b>Other Securities</b>
	<b>Direct</b>	<b>Indirect</b>	
Peter J Harold	-	50,000	-
Peter J Venn	-	-	-
Paul W Bennett	-	100,000	-

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## Basis of Preparation

The Company was incorporated on 10 August 2016. On 6 December 2016, the Company settled the acquisition of Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd ("Panoramic Gold"), which owns the Gum Creek Gold Project, from Panoramic Resources Limited ("Panoramic") and became the holding company of Panoramic Gold.

The insertion of the Company as the new parent entity of Panoramic Gold was not considered to be a business combination and does not result in any change of economic substance.

Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of the Company represent a continuation of the operations of Panoramic Gold and the comparative information presented in the financial report represents that of Panoramic Gold.

Further information is described in note 1 (a) of the "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements".

## Principal Activities

The principal activities of the consolidated entity during the course of the financial year consisted of exploration, evaluation and development of the Gum Creek Gold Project (previously known as the Gidgee Gold Project), situated in the Central Murchison region of Western Australia.

The consolidated entity operates in one segment, being gold exploration.

## Operating and Financial Review

### *Operating Result for the Year*

The consolidated entity recorded a net loss after tax for the financial year ending 30 June 2018 of \$14,764,000 (2017: \$8,941,000 net profit after tax).

### *Financial Performance*

The Group's performance during the 2018 financial year and for the four previous financial years, are set out in the table below after noting the basis of preparation of the financial results as explained above. The financial results shown below were all prepared under Australian Accounting Standards.

<b>Year Ended 30 June</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Income (\$'000)	224	344	-	-	1
Corporate and administration costs (\$'000)	(562)	(326)	-	-	-
Care and maintenance expenses (\$'000)	(774)	(1,386)	(948)	(905)	(985)
IPO expenses (\$'000)	-	(444)	-	-	-
Share based payments (\$'000)	-	-	(10)	(65)	(58)
Reversal of / (impairment) of assets (\$'000)	(12,569)	9,178	(41,655)	-	-
Finance costs (\$'000)	(464)	(139)	(753)	(11)	(24)
Exploration expenditure written-off	(619)	-	-	-	-
<b>Profit / (loss) before tax (\$'000)</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>7,227</b>	<b>(43,366)</b>	<b>(981)</b>	<b>(1,066)</b>
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	1,714	12,979	211	94
<b>Net profit/(loss) after tax (\$'000)</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>8,941</b>	<b>(30,387)</b>	<b>(770)</b>	<b>(972)</b>
Earnings/(loss) per share (\$)	(0.19)	0.21	(6,077,400)	(770,000)	(972,000)
Market capitalisation (\$'000)	11,862	22,959	n/a*	n/a*	n/a*
Closing share price (\$ per share)	0.155	0.300	n/a*	n/a*	n/a*

\* not applicable (n/a) as the Company was only admitted to ASX Limited's Official List on 19 December 2016

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## **Income**

Income of \$224,000 was made up of (1) interest revenue (\$189,000) and (2) AusIndustry refund on the 2016/17 financial year research and development (R&D) activities (\$35,000).

## **Corporate and Administration Costs**

Corporate and administration costs of \$562,000 were incurred by the Company, representing the first full year of costs incurred as a listed entity on the ASX. In comparison, the costs incurred in the previous financial year of \$326,000 were for a period of approximately six months as a listed entity, from 16 December 2016 to 30 June 2017.

## **Care and Maintenance (C&M) Costs**

Care and maintenance costs at the Gum Creek Gold Project totaling \$774,000 were 44% lower than the previous corresponding period (\$1,386,000) due to an increased focus and expenditure on exploration activities.

## **Impairment Loss**

The carrying value of the Gum Creek Gold Project is re-assessed at each balance date to ensure that it is being carried at the lower of its carrying value (adjusted for depreciation and amortisation) and fair value. As a result of a review of the carrying value of the Gum Creek Gold Project at 30 June 2018, an impairment loss of \$12,569,000 was made against the Project's assets following an external party's independent review. The fair value of the Project's assets was determined based on recent comparable market transactions. In determining the fair values, estimates were made by the external party in relation to the underlying resources/reserves and the valuation multiples.

In the previous financial year, due to the use of a different range of market transactions and varying estimates on the valuation multiples, resulting in different values, an impairment charge reversal of \$9,178,000 was recognised against the assets of the project (*refer to notes 9 and 11 of the "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements"*).

## **Income Tax Benefit**

There was no tax benefit booked on the consolidated entity's loss for the financial year as the corresponding equivalent deferred tax asset was not recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 30 June 2018.

## **Review of Financial Condition**

### **Balance Sheet**

#### ***Net Working Capital - current assets less current liabilities***

The consolidated entity's net working capital position of \$6,573,000 was 40% lower than the previous balance date (\$10,976,000) due to \$4,545,000 drawdown on the consolidated entity's available cash reserves over the financial period.

The operating activities of the consolidated entity resulted in a net cash outflow of \$1,354,000 (2017: \$1,432,000).

Net cash outflow from investing activities of \$3,102,000 (2017: \$2,287,000) included \$3,258,000 expenditure on exploration and evaluation activities at the Gum Creek Gold Project. There were net cash outflow from financing activities of \$89,000 (2017: \$15,424,000 net cash inflow).

At 30 June 2018, the consolidated entity had cash and cash equivalents of \$7,160,000 (30 June 2017: \$11,705,000).

### **Net Tax Balances**

At balance date, the consolidated entity had an unrecognised net deferred tax asset of \$4,788,000. Due to the Gum Creek Gold Project being on care and maintenance, the net deferred tax asset has not been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018.

### **Net Assets/Equity**

The net asset position of the consolidated entity decreased 52% to \$13,768,000 (30 June 2017: \$28,532,000) as a result of the reduction in cash and cash equivalents over the financial period and the decrease in total non-current assets following the booking of the \$12,569,000 impairment loss against the assets of the Gum Creek Gold Project.

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## Financial and Business Risks

The business, assets and operations of the consolidated entity have the potential to influence the operating and financial performance of the consolidated entity in the future. The Board aims to manage these risks by carefully planning its activities and implementing risk mitigation measures. A non-exhaustive list of the key business and financial risks of the consolidated entity, include:

- *Exploration* - the Tenements comprising the Gum Creek Gold Project are at various stages of exploration and mineral exploration is a high-risk undertaking. In particular, there is a risk that the contemplated extensional and infill resource drilling programs, or the regional exploration activities to generate new targets will not be successful;
- *Development Studies* - there is a risk that the contemplated metallurgical and process investigations on the known mineralisation types at the Gum Creek Gold Project may not lead to a viable processing route. Furthermore, there is a risk that the contemplated development studies may not lead to a project that is economically viable;
- *Licences, permits and approvals* – while it remains on care and maintenance, the Gum Creek Gold Project has the necessary statutory operational and environmental licences, permits and approvals to conduct activities at the project. However, the consolidated entity may be required to obtain certain authorisations to undertake new exploration and development on the Gum Creek Gold Project tenements. These requirements include Program of Work (POW) approvals and Aboriginal heritage clearances (in certain circumstances). Delays in obtaining, or the inability to obtain, required authorisations may significantly impact on the consolidated entity's operations;
- *Management Team* - the Company does not have its own management team. Until 19 December 2018, Panoramic will provide management services to the Company under the "Management Agreement" dated 21 October 2016 (as detailed on the "Corporate" section of this report). There is no assurance that these services will continue to be available. Termination of the Management Agreement may have an adverse effect on the business and financial performance of the Company until alternative arrangements can be implemented or key personnel are appointed directly by the Board;
- *Commodity prices and foreign exchange rate fluctuations* – the value and profitability of the Gum Creek Gold Project and any other assets acquired by the Company in the future may be adversely affected by fluctuations in commodity prices and foreign exchange rate fluctuations, in particular the price of gold; and
- *Government Legislation changes* – changes in state and federal legislation and regulations may adversely affect ownership of mineral interests, taxation, royalties, land access, native title, labour relations and the mining and exploration activities of the consolidated entity.

Other business risks can have an impact on the profitability of the consolidated entity. The recognition, management and control of these risks are key elements of the risk management framework being established across the Group, as detailed in the 2018 Corporate Governance Statement on pages 35 - 42.

## Dividends

No final dividend has been declared for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: nil).

## Review of Operations

### ***Exploration and Development***

The tenements comprising the Gum Creek Gold Project are at various stages of exploration and development.

During the financial year, the consolidated entity:

- *completed geophysical field work (surveys and drilling) on the remaining priority regional targets identified in the IPO Prospectus for the Company's capital raising and listing on the ASX in December 2016. The best reverse circulation (RC) assay results were returned at Psi, Toedter West, Ray Charles and Shiraz South targets. The best aircore (AC) intersections were returned at Gidgee South, Melbourne Bitter and Orion;*
- *reviewed and modelled the underground development opportunities at the Premium Lode and Butcherbird Shear mineralised resources below the Swan Bitter Open Pit. These areas were evaluated as having the highest potential to find additional resources; and*
- *commenced an initial 12 hole in-fill/extensional diamond drilling program on the Premium Lode and Butcherbird mineralised resource zones.*

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## **Corporate**

The Company is limited by shares and is domiciled and incorporated in Australia.

## **Management**

Until 19 December 2018, the Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day operations and administration of the Company to members of the "Executive Management Team", meaning personnel contracted by Panoramic. Under the Management Agreement ("Agreement") between the Company and Panoramic dated 21 October 2016, the Executive Management Team is responsible for implementing the strategic objectives and operating within the risk appetite set by the Board. Remuneration for services provided by the Executive Management Team are specified in the Agreement. The services include technical, commercial, managerial and administrative expertise and services ("Services").

There were no significant events of the consolidated entity during the financial period of a corporate nature.

## **Employees**

At the end of the financial year, the Group had 2 permanent, full time employees (2017: 2).

## **Significant Changes in the State of Affairs)**

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial period.

## **Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

In the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report there has not arisen any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operation and results of the consolidated entity or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity, in future financial years.

## **Business Strategies and Prospects (incorporating likely developments and expected results)**

The Company's primary goal is to become a stand-alone gold producer, firstly from mining the resources at the Gum Creek Gold Project. The short-term business strategies to achieve this objective is to:

- Undertake extensional and infill drilling on the existing Gum Creek Gold Project resources;
- Undertake regional exploration on the Gum Creek Gold Project tenements targeting new gold discoveries outside of the known resources; and
- Carry out additional development studies on the Gum Creek Gold Project free milling and refractory mineralisation.

## **Shares Options**

At the date of signing, there are no unissued ordinary shares of the Company under Option (2017: nil).

## **Indemnification of Auditors**

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify the auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payments have been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the financial year.

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## 2018 Remuneration Report (Audited)

This 2018 remuneration report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for the directors and executives of the Company and the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and its *Regulations* (the Act). The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

### **(a) Basis of Disclosure**

For the purposes of this report, Key Management Personnel ("KMP") of the Group are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company. **Up to 18 December 2016, the executives of Panoramic Resources Limited acted as the KMP of Panoramic Gold and the Company, with time allocated to the Group by each Panoramic KMP being accounted for by Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd ("Panoramic Gold").** This time allocation together with each KMP's fixed and variable remuneration contracted with Panoramic was used to derive the 2016/17 remuneration of the Panoramic KMP shown in Table 1 on page 32. **The remuneration of the Panoramic KMP shown in Table 1 is a subset of the remuneration each person received as an employee contracted to Panoramic and is not in addition to the remuneration received from Panoramic in 2016/17.**

**From 19 December 2016 for a period of two years, the Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day operations and administration ("Services") of the Company and the Group to members of the "Executive Management Team", meaning personnel from Panoramic Resources Limited (ACN 095 792 288) ("Panoramic") under the 21 October 2016 "Management Agreement" between the Company and Panoramic.** The management fees payable to Panoramic during the period for the services provided to the Company and the Group are based on the daily rates for the Panoramic personnel who provide those services to the Company plus a mark-up of 28.6% to cover Panoramic's fixed office overheads.

**From 19 December 2016, the members of the Executive Management Team, including the Chairman of the Company, have not received individual remuneration payments for their services to the Group. Instead, each executive's time for Services provided to the Group is charged by Panoramic in accordance with the Management Agreement.**

For the purposes of this report, from 1 July 2017 until the date of this report, the term 'executive' encompasses the senior executives of the Executive Management Team.

### **(b) Directors and Key Management Personnel disclosed in this Report**

#### **(i) Directors**

Peter Harold	Chairman (Non-Executive)
Peter Venn	Director (Non-Executive)
Paul Bennett	Director (Non-Executive)

#### **(ii) Senior executives of the Panoramic Executive Management Team**

Trevor Eton	Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer
John Hicks	General Manager Exploration
Tim Mason	Manager Projects

### **(c) Remuneration Committee**

Due to the size of the Board and the engagement of the Panoramic Executive Management Team for the period ending 19 December 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing a separate remuneration committee.

### **(d) Use of remuneration consultants**

Where appropriate, the Board seek advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure the remuneration paid to the non-executive directors is appropriate and in line with the market. The Company did not receive independent remuneration advice during the financial year as defined under the *Corporations Amendment (Improving Accountability on Director and Executive Remuneration)*.

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## **(e) Non-executive director remuneration policy**

### **(i) Fixed Remuneration**

#### **Objective**

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders. Currently, there is no direct correlation between a non-executive director's fixed remuneration and the Company's financial performance as the Company does not have a project that is in production and earning income.

#### **Structure**

The Company's Constitution and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate remuneration of non-executive directors shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting of shareholders. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is then divided between the directors as agreed.

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst directors is reviewed from time to time. The Board considers fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the review process. Each director receives a fee for being a director of the Company. This fee is inclusive for each Board committee on which a director sits.

The fees paid to non-executive directors for the period ending 30 June 2018 are detailed in Table 1 on page 32 of this report. Fees for the non-executive directors are determined within an aggregate directors' fee pool limit of \$250,000, which was last approved by the Company's then sole shareholder on 31 August 2016.

### **(ii) Variable Remuneration**

The Company does not reward non-executive directors with variable remuneration. Any shares in the Company that are held by non-executive directors at the date of this report are separately purchased and held by each director and have not been issued by the Company as part of each director's remuneration package.

## **(f) Executive Remuneration**

#### **Objective**

Currently, the Board has determined that the day to day running of the Company is best served by engaging the Services of the "Executive Management Team" under the "Management Agreement" with Panoramic.

Under the Agreement, the remuneration for the Services provided to the Company has been determined and agreed on a commercial basis between the Company and Panoramic, to be paid on a monthly basis in arrears on the presentation of a single tax invoice instead of individual amounts paid to each member of the Executive Management Team. The remuneration terms agreed under the Agreement have been fixed for a two-year period from 19 December 2016 (the day the Company was admitted to the Official List of ASX Limited).

Up to 18 December 2016, the executives of Panoramic acted as the KMP of Panoramic Gold and the Company (after 10 August 2016) ("the Group"), with the time allocated to the Group by each Panoramic KMP being accounted for by Panoramic Gold. This time allocation together with each KMP's fixed and variable remuneration contracted with Panoramic was used to derive the 2016/17 remuneration of the Panoramic KMP shown in Table 1 on page 32.

## **(g) Employment contracts**

### **(i) Non-Executive Chairman**

The Chairman, Peter Harold, is employed under a contract with Panoramic that commenced on 1 January 2010. Peter Harold provides management and administration services to the Company under the Management Agreement between the Company and Panoramic, as detailed on page 29 and in the 2018 Corporate Governance Statement ("*Roles of the Chairman and Executive Management Team*").



# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## (ii) Non-Executive Directors

All other non-executive directors are employed under a contract with the Company and conduct their duties under the following terms:

- The appointment of a non-executive director is in accordance with the Constitution of the Company, the *Corporations Act 2001* and the Company's charters and policies.
- A non-executive director is currently unable to be remunerated by way of equity or other incentive based remuneration. However, remuneration may be provided to a non-executive director in such a manner that the Board of directors decide (including by way of contribution to a superannuation fund on behalf of the non-executive director) and if any part of the fees of any non-executive director is to be provided other than cash, the Board of directors may determine the manner in which the non-cash component of the fees is to be valued.
- A non-executive director is not remunerated by way of a commission on or a percentage of profits or a commission on or a percentage of operating revenue.
- All non-executive directors are entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred for performing their duties, including the cost of attending Board Meetings, travel, accommodation and entertainment where agreed to by the Company's Board of directors.
- A non-executive director may resign from his position and thus terminate his employment arrangement with the Company on written notice.
- The Company may ask for a non-executive director to resign, if, for any reason, the director becomes disqualified or prohibited by law from being or acting as a director or from being involved in the management of a company. Where termination with such cause occurs, the non-executive director is only entitled to that portion of remuneration which is fixed, and only up to the date of termination.

## (h) Details of Remuneration

**Table 1: Remuneration of Directors and Senior Executive Officers**

The remuneration in Table 1 of each named person is the total of fixed remuneration (base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits) and variable remuneration (short term and long term incentives). The 2016/17 remuneration of the Panoramic KMP shown in Table 1 is a subset of the remuneration each person received as an employee contracted to Panoramic and is not in addition to the remuneration received from Panoramic in 2016/17.

Excluding the cash component of remuneration, the total remuneration shown is the amount expended by the Company and does not, in every case, represent what each named individual ultimately received in cash.

2018	Short-term benefits			Post employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share based payments			
Name	Cash salary and fees	Bonus	Other	Super-annuation	Long Service Leave		Termination / Resignation payments	Total	Performance related
Directors	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
P J Harold(a)	62,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,000	-
P J Venn	35,000	-	3,446	-	-	-	-	38,446	-
P W Bennett	35,000	-	3,446	-	-	-	-	38,446	-
	<b>132,000</b>	-	<b>6,892</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>138,892</b>	-

Note:

- (a) For the period 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018, in accordance with the Management Agreement between the Company and Panoramic, the Group incurred management fees amounting to \$439,000 for Services provided by the Executive Management Team. Of this amount, \$62,000 was incurred by the Group for Services provided by Peter Harold as a member of the Executive Management Team (inclusive of the 28.6% fixed office overhead). This amount is not payable to Peter Harold

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

2017	Short-term benefits			Post employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share based payments			
Name	Cash salary and fees	Bonus	Other	Super-annuation	Long Service Leave	Rights to shares (a)	Termination / Resignation payments	Total	Performance related
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
<b>Directors</b>									
P J Harold (b)(d)	85,189	-	3,906	4,388	1,155	29,493	-	124,131	24
P J Venn (c)	18,555	-	2,224	-	-	-	-	20,779	-
P W Bennett (c)	18,555	-	2,224	-	-	-	-	20,779	-
<b>Senior Executives</b>									
T R Eton (b)	50,169	-	5,322	4,766	1,254	23,693	-	85,204	28
T S Mason (b)	55,076	-	3,306	5,232	1,377	17,341	-	82,332	21
J D Hicks (b)	38,386	-	5,322	3,647	960	12,086	-	60,401	20
T J Strong (b)	6,420	-	1,268	610	177	2,523	-	10,998	23
	<b>272,350</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,572</b>	<b>18,643</b>	<b>4,923</b>	<b>85,136</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>404,624</b>	<b>21</b>

Notes:

- (a) Includes the non-cash amortisation expense of the FY2015 and/or FY2016 LTI performance rights to ordinary shares in Panoramic from 1 July 2016 to 18 December 2016, calculated from time allocated to the Company and Panoramic Gold
- (b) For the period 1 July 2016 to 18 December 2016, calculated from time allocated to the Company and Panoramic Gold
- (c) For the period 21 December 2016 to 30 June 2017
- (d) For the period 19 December 2016 to 30 June 2017, in accordance with the Management Agreement between the Company and Panoramic, the Group incurred management fees amounting to \$194,000 for Services provided by the Executive Management Team. Of this amount, \$39,000 was incurred by the Group for Services provided by Peter Harold as a member of the Executive Management Team (inclusive of the 28.6% fixed office overhead). This amount is not payable to Peter Harold

## (i) Details of share based compensation and bonuses

### Options - 2017/18

No options for Horizon ordinary shares were granted during 2017/18.

### Performance Rights to Shares - 2017/18

No performance rights to Horizon ordinary shares were granted as compensation to key management personnel during 2017/18.

## (a) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

### Share holdings

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Horizon Gold Limited and key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as remuneration.

2018		Balance at the start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
<b>Ordinary shares</b>					
<b>Directors</b>					
P J Harold		50,000	-	-	50,000
P J Venn		-	-	-	-
P W Bennett		100,000	-	-	100,000
		<b>150,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>150,000</b>

Note:

- (a) Peter Harold is an employee and shareholder of Panoramic. As at 30 June 2018, Panoramic held a 51% interest in the Company comprising 39,030,617 ordinary shares

There were no loans to directors or other key management personnel at any time during the year ended 30 June 2018. There were no transactions involving key management personnel other than compensation and transaction concerning shares in Horizon as discussed in the remuneration report.

**This marks the end of the 2018 Remuneration Report.**

# Directors' Report

30 June 2018

## **Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers**

The Company has agreed to indemnify the directors and officers against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors and officers of the Company, except where the liability arises out of certain wrongful acts for which the Company has not agreed to provide indemnity. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities including costs and expenses.

During the financial year, the Company has accrued and/or paid premiums of \$37,939 (2017: \$23,415) in respect of contracts insuring all the directors and officers against legal costs incurred in defending proceedings. The insurance premiums relate to:

- (1) Costs and expenses incurred by the relevant persons in defending legal proceedings, both civil and criminal and whatever the outcome; and
- (2) Other liabilities that may arise from their position, with the exception of conduct involving a willful breach of duty or improper use of information or position to gain a personal advantage.

## **Environmental regulation**

The Gum Creek Gold Project is subject to significant environmental regulations under both Commonwealth and State legislation in relation to its exploration activities. The Company monitors compliance with the relevant environmental legislation. The directors are not aware of any breaches of the legislation during the period covered by this report.

## **Rounding of Amounts**

The amounts contained in this report and in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest \$1,000 (where rounding is applicable) under the option available to the Company under Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016.

## **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* requires the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, to provide the directors of Horizon Gold Limited with an Independence Declaration in relation to the audit of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018. This Independence Declaration is attached to the Directors' Report and forms a part of the Directors' Report.

## **Non-audit Services**

The following non-audit services were provided by the consolidated entity's auditor, Ernst & Young. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided means that auditor independence was not compromised.

Ernst & Young received or are due to receive the following amounts for the provision of non-audit services:

- Tax and other services of \$18,265.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Peter Harold  
Chairman

Perth, 27 September 2018

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

The Board of Directors of Horizon Gold Limited (“the Board”) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of Horizon Gold Limited on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable. The Company’s Corporate Governance Statement (“Statement”) outlines the main corporate governance practices in place from 13 September 2016, which comply with the Australian Securities Exchange (“ASX”) Corporate Governance Council’s (“CGC”) Third Edition (March 2014) of the “Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (“the Recommendations”), unless otherwise stated.

In this Corporate Governance Statement, “Management Agreement” or “Agreement” means the 21 October 2016 agreement between the Company and Panoramic Resources Limited that commenced on 19 December 2016 (the day the Company was admitted to the Official List of ASX Limited).

As required under ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3, the Company makes the following Board approved disclosures in relation to each of the Recommendations as at 30 June 2018.

## **Principle 1: Lay Foundations for Management and Oversight**

### ***Primary Role of the Board***

The Board’s primary role is to provide overall strategic guidance and effective oversight of management. The Board is responsible to shareholders for the long-term performance of the Company and derives its authority from the Company’s Constitution (August 2016).

### ***Board Operation***

To ensure the Board is well equipped to discharge its responsibilities, the Board has adopted a formal Board Charter. The Board Charter details the Board’s role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operation and sets out the matters specifically reserved for the Board and the powers delegated to any of its Committees (if applicable) and to management. The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day operations and administration of the Company to members of the “Executive Management Team”, meaning personnel from Panoramic Resources Limited (ACN 095 792 288) (“Panoramic”) under the Management Agreement between the Company and Panoramic.

The Board Charter can be viewed on the Company’s website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

### ***Board Processes***

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company including the strategic direction, establishing goals for the Executive Management Team and monitoring the achievement of these goals. The Board has established a framework for the management of the Company and its controlled entities, a framework which divides the functions of running the Company between the Board, the Chairman and the Executive Management Team. The Board has put in place a system of internal control, risk management and has the task of monitoring financial performance and the establishment of appropriate ethical standards. The agenda for meetings of the Board is set by the Chairman. Standard items include the project reports, financial reports, strategic matters, governance and compliance. Submissions are circulated in advance. Members of the Executive Management Team are regularly involved in Board discussions.

The Company Secretary of the Company (and his Alternate) is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company Secretary (and his Alternate) is to facilitate and monitor the implementation of Board policies and procedures and is to provide advice to the Board on the application of the Board Charter, the Company’s Constitution, corporate governance matters under the Plan, ASX Listing Rules and other applicable laws.

### ***Roles of the Chairman and the Executive Management Team***

The Chairman is responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring it is effective, setting the agenda of the Board, conducting the Board meetings, ensuring then approving that an accurate record of the minutes of board meetings is held by the Company and conducting the shareholder meetings. The Chairman is also currently the Managing Director of Panoramic and a member of the Panoramic Executive Management Team.

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

Currently, the Executive Management Team is responsible and accountable for the day to day running of the Company and for implementing the strategic objectives and operating within the risk appetite set by the Board. The services and remuneration of the Executive Management Team are provided under the Management Agreement between the Company and Panoramic. The services specified in the Agreement include technical, commercial, managerial and administrative expertise and services ("Services").

The Services to be provided and aggregated monthly charges payable by the Company under the Agreement are in place until 19 December 2018 (being the second anniversary of the day the Company was admitted to the Official List of ASX Limited), or for a further twelve month period if mutually agreed. The Agreement can be terminated on three months' notice if 1) Panoramic holds less than 25% of the issued share capital in the Company, 2) the Company employs personnel to manage the Company and has no further need for any of the Services, 3) Panoramic is no longer in a position, in its sole and absolute discretion, to provide the Services under the Agreement, 4) if Panoramic is grossly derelict in the performance of the Services, and 5) a Change of Control or Insolvency Event occurs. Nothing in the Agreement prevents the Company from engaging the services of other parties for completion of some or all of the Services and the Agreement may be terminated if both parties agree in writing that the Agreement be ended, including the date it is to be ended. It is the ultimate responsibility of the Board to regularly review the performance of the Services being provided to the Company by members of the Executive Management Team under the Agreement and to ensure that individuals of the Executive Management Team have the appropriate mix of skills and resources to implement and achieve the Board's corporate and strategic objectives.

## ***Appointment of Directors and Management***

The Company has put in place an appropriate organisational and management structure commensurate with the Company's size and nature to ensure the day to day running of the Company is undertaken in an effective and efficient manner and to ensure the Company has the right mix of skills and resources to implement and achieve the Board's corporate and strategic objectives. The Board is to regularly review this structure to determine that it is appropriate and "fit for purpose" and if necessary make changes.

The directors have a clear understanding of their duties, roles and responsibilities and of the expectations of them, as contained within a written agreement agreed and signed by the Company and each director.

The Board will review its composition as required against the Company's Board skill matrix to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of qualifications, experience and expertise for which the Board is looking to achieve in its membership. Under the direction and supervision of the Chair, appropriate background checks will be undertaken of each candidate as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history. Each incumbent director is encouraged, and given the opportunity to meet with each candidate on a one to one basis. The full Board will then appoint the most suitable candidate who must stand for election at the next general meeting of shareholders. For the meeting, shareholders are given sufficient information of the new director, including but not limited to biographical details, other listed directorships currently held and in the case of a director standing for election for the first time, advice that appropriate background checks have been undertaken.

## ***Diversity Policy***

The Company has in place a Diversity Policy which provides the written framework and objectives for achieving a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences, and perspectives, irrespective of gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background. The Board is responsible for developing, where possible, measurable objectives and strategies to support the framework and objectives of the Diversity Policy.

Given the size of the Company, the Board has not determined measurable objectives on gender diversity across the workplace and at the Board level.

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

Pursuant to *Recommendation 1.5* of the Recommendations, the Company discloses the following information as at the date of this Statement:

- Percentage of women and men employed within the Group - women: nil; men: 100%;
- Percentage of women and men in a senior management position - women: n/a; men: n/a; and
- Percentage of women and men employed at the Board level - women: nil; men: 100%.

The Company has defined an employee who is in a senior management position as a person who is a “senior manager” as defined in *Section 9 (Definitions)* of the *Corporations Act 2001*, namely a person who is at the highest management level of the Company who “makes, or participates in making decisions that affect the whole, or a substantial part, of the business of the corporation; or has the capacity to affect significantly the corporation’s financial standing”. Currently, the roles of senior manager are being carried out by members of the Executive Management Team under the Management Agreement.

The Diversity Policy can be viewed on the Company’s website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

## **Performance Assessment of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors**

Currently, there is no formal annual performance appraisal system in place for Board performance on a director by director basis. In the coming year, each Director performance will be discussed informally, whereby the performance of individual members and the performance of the Board as a whole, will be assessed. A standalone board performance review may be conducted.

## **Performance Assessment of Senior Executives**

Currently, the roles of senior manager/executive are being carried out by members of the Executive Management Team under the Management Agreement. It is the ultimate responsibility of the Chairman and the Board to regularly review the performance of the Services being provided to the Company by members of the Executive Management Team under the Agreement and to ensure that individuals of the Executive Management Team have the appropriate mix of skills and resources to implement and achieve the Board’s corporate and strategic objectives.

## **Principle 2: Structure the Board to Add Value**

### **Board Composition**

The composition of the Board is determined using the following principles:

- The Board currently comprises three directors. Under Clause 14.1 of the Company’s Constitution, this number may be increased to a maximum of nine directors where it is required due to a commercial alliance, or felt that additional expertise is required in specific areas, or when an outstanding candidate is identified;
- The Board should comprise directors with a broad range of expertise with an emphasis on commercial, exploration, mining and project development related experience; and
- Directors appointed by the Board are subject to election by shareholders at the following annual general meeting and thereafter directors (other than a Managing Director, if applicable) are subject to re-election at least every three years. The tenure of the Managing Director (if applicable) is linked to their holding of executive office.

The name, position, independence classification, qualification, skills and length of service of each director of the Company in office at the date of the Statement is:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>Independence Classification</b>	<b>Qualification/Skills</b>	<b>Service (yrs)</b>
Peter J Harold#	Non-Executive Chairman#	Non Independent	Process Engineer, corporate and project development	2
Peter J Venn	Non-Executive Director	Independent	Geologist and general mining	2
Paul W Bennett	Non-Executive Director	Independent	Engineer, corporate and project development	2

# Peter J Harold is an executive director of Panoramic Resources Limited, a substantial shareholder holding more than 50% of the ordinary shares in the Company and, as a consequence, has been assessed as not being independent under the independence criteria detailed in Recommendation 2.3 of the Recommendations..

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

The Chair of the Board is Peter Harold, who has been assessed as not being independent under the Independence criteria detailed in *Recommendation 2.3* of the Recommendations. The Board believes that Peter Harold is the most appropriate person for the position of Chair because of his industry experience and knowledge of the Gum Creek Gold Project. The Board believes that Peter Harold makes decisions that are in the best interests of the Company. Mr Harold will not be present in Board meeting discussion for any matters concerning the Management Agreement, unless agreed by the independent directors, or eligible to vote on any matters concerned with the Management Agreement.

## **Nomination committee**

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing a separate nomination committee. The functions of the nomination committee are performed by the Board as a whole, when required, using the principles for setting the composition of the Board as set-out in the Charter.

The roles and responsibilities conducted by the Board to address board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable to discharge its duties and responsibilities include considering the size and composition of the Board, assessing and determining the independent status of each director, regularly determining whether each has enough time to commit to carry out his or duties responsibilities and implementing a plan for identifying, assessing and enhancing director competencies.

## **Directors' Independence**

The composition and independence of the Board is considered to be appropriate for a Company that has recently acquired an advanced exploration and development project. As at the date of this Statement, the majority of non-executive directors, namely Peter Venn and Paul Bennett, are considered independent of management, have no interest, position, association or material contractual relationship that would compromise their independence and directly or indirectly, individually hold less than 5% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company. The Independence Criteria detailed in *Recommendation 2.3* of the Recommendations in relation to each non-executive director is listed in Annexure A to the Board Charter and each director's independence is assessed on a regular basis against the Independence Criteria and the quantitative and qualitative Materiality Thresholds (listed in Annexure B of the Board Charter) when appropriate.

Where a director acquires an interest, position, association or relationship described in *Recommendation 2.3* of the Recommendations and exceeds the Materiality Thresholds set out in the Board Charter, the director must immediately declare the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship and the Board will determine whether to declare any loss of independence.

The Board will consider the following quantitative and qualitative materiality threshold tests and guidelines for assessing the materiality of matters:

- balance sheet items are material if they value of more than 5% of pro-forma net assets;
- profit and loss items are material if they have an impact on the current year operating result of 10% or more;
- items are also material if they impact on the reputation of the Company, involve a breach of legislation, are outside the ordinary course of business, could affect the Company's rights to its assets, if accumulated would trigger the quantitative tests, involve a contingent liability that would have a probable effect of 5% or more on balance sheet or 10% or more on profit and loss items, or will have an effect on operations which is likely to result in an increase or decrease in net income or dividend distribution of more than 10%; and
- contracts will be considered material if they are outside the ordinary course of business, contain exceptionally onerous provisions in the opinion of the Board, impact on income or distribution in excess of the quantitative tests, there is a likelihood that either party will default, and the default may trigger any of the quantitative or qualitative tests, are essential to the activities of the Company and cannot be replaced, or cannot be replaced without an increase in cost which triggers any of the qualitative tests, contain or trigger change of control provisions, are between or for the benefit of related parties, or otherwise trigger the quantitative tests.

## **Director Education**

The non-executive directors are given every opportunity to gain a better understanding of the business, the industry, and the environment within which the Company operates, and are given access to continuing education opportunities to update and enhance their skills and knowledge. Directors will visit the Gum Creek Gold Project at least once a year, and will meet with members of the Executive Management Team on a regular basis to enable directors to maintain an understanding of the roles and responsibilities of executives and of the culture and values within the Company.

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

## **Conflict of Interest**

In accordance with *Section 191 of the Corporations Act 2001* and Clause 16.16 of the Company's Constitution, directors must keep the Board advised, on an ongoing basis, of any interest that could potentially conflict with those of the Company. Where the Board believes that a significant conflict exists, the director concerned does not receive the relevant board papers and is not present at the meeting whilst the item is considered.

## **Independent professional advice**

Each director has the right of access to all relevant Company information and to the Company's executives and, subject to prior consultation with the Chairman, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. A copy of the advice received by the director is made available to all other members of the Board.

## **Board Committees**

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing separate committees of the Board. The functions of the nomination, remuneration, audit and risk committees are performed by the Board as a whole, when required, using the principles for each committee as set-out in the Charter.

## **Principle 3: Act Ethically and Responsibly**

All directors and employees are expected to act with the utmost integrity, honesty and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the performance and reputation of the Company and its controlled entities.

## **Code of Conduct**

The Company has established a written Code of Conduct which outlines the culture, practices, expected conduct, values and behavior to be displayed by all employees in upholding the integrity, reputation and accountability of the Company and its controlled entities in the work environment and in the interactions with the Company's various stakeholders. Certain practices are necessary to comply with Federal and Western Australian State industrial legislation and the Corporations Law. The Code of Conduct has a clear responsibility and accountability of employees for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices by reference to specific rules and policies such as the rules for trading in the Company securities, and on discrimination, harassment and bullying.

The Code of Conduct can be viewed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

## **Trading in Company securities by directors, officers and employees**

The Company has in place a fit-for-purpose Share Trading Policy for the trading in Company securities by directors, officers and employees as required under ASX Listing Rule 12.12. The Policy is worded to ensure compliance with *Section 1043A of the Corporations Law (on insider trading)*, *Part 2D.1 of the Corporations Act 2001 (on the proper duties in relation to the use of inside information)*, and ASX Listing Rules 3.19A, 12.9, 12.10, and 12.11 and updated Guidance Note 27 (January 2015). The Chairman (in the absence of a Managing Director) and the Company Secretary have been appointed to ensure that the following rules for the trading in Company's securities are strictly adhered to:

- Trading in Company securities is only permitted following the notification of the intention to trade by submitting a Notification Form with the Chairman and dealing is not to occur until a receipt of confirmation is received from the Chairman or, in the case of the Chairman, from the other non-executive directors;
- Trading in Company securities is prohibited at any time when in possession of unpublished information, which if generally available, might materially affect the price or value of those securities;
- Trading in Company securities is prohibited during specified prohibited periods, known as black-out periods;
- Active trading in Company securities, which involves frequent and regular trading in those securities with a view to derive profit related income from that activity, is prohibited;
- The entering into contracts to hedge exposure to equity-based remuneration, is prohibited; and
- Only in exceptional circumstances, can approval be obtained in advance from the Chairman, or in the case of a director, from the other directors, to trade outside the specified prohibited periods.

On an annual basis in December, the Company Secretary will circulate to all employees via email, the start and finish dates for the next calendar year's black-out periods. To monitor compliance with the policy and to give assurance to the Board on compliance with the rules of the Share Trading Policy, the Company Secretary keeps records of the confirmations permitting a trade in the Company's securities in strict adherence with the rules.

This Share Trading Policy can be accessed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.



# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

## ***Discrimination, Harassment and Bullying Policy***

The Company is committed to providing a work environment that is safe, fair and free from discrimination, harassment and bullying for all employees of the Company. All employees are encouraged to follow adopted procedures allowing concerns or instances of illegal conduct or malpractice to be raised in good faith without being subjected to victimisation, harassment or discriminatory treatment, and to have such concerns or instances properly investigated. The policies (as part of the Code of Conduct) provide a mechanism by which all employees can confidentially report improper conduct without fear of discrimination. The policies on discrimination, harassment and bullying, which are contained in the Code of Conduct, can be viewed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

## ***Privacy Policy***

The Company has in place a Privacy Policy which deals with the collection, use, storage and disclosure of information of personal information about an individual who can be identified or who may be reasonably identified by the information. Where sensitive information is collected and stored, the information must not be collected unless the individual consents to collection and the Company is authorised to collect the information by law. The Policy sets out the obligations surrounding the integrity of personal information, security measures, how an individual can access their information and seek correction to it, and make complaint to if necessary.

This Privacy Policy can be accessed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

## **Principle 4: Safeguard Integrity in Corporate Reporting**

The Chairman (who performs in this case the chief executive function as defined in *Section 295A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*) and Company Secretary (who performs in this case the chief financial officer function as defined in *Section 295A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*) are required to state in writing to the Board that the Company's and Group's financial reports present a true and fair view, in all material aspects, of the Company's and Group's financial condition and that operational results are in accordance with relevant accounting standards. Pursuant to *Section 295A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Chairman and the Company Secretary are required to provide written certification to the Board, at both the end of the Half-Year and the Full-Year reporting periods, that the Company's financial reports are based on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively.

The Board reviews all final draft external financial reports with the external auditor and makes recommendations on their adequacy prior to their release to shareholders, investors and other public forums. There is regular communication between the Board, management and external auditor. In accordance with *Section 324DA* of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the audit partner of the external auditor is required to be rotated after five successive financial years. It is the role of the Board to select the new audit engagement partner as nominated by the external partner after considering each nominated individual's experience, reputation and independence.

In addition, in the absence of an internal audit function, the Board assists and assesses the adequacy of the Company's internal control and financial risk management systems, accounting and business policies.

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing a separate audit committee.

In March 2017, the Board approved the "Horizon Board Audit Function Terms of Reference (March 2017)", which sets out the role and duties of the Board that would ordinarily be assigned to a committee under the written terms of reference (charter) for an audit committee.

The "Horizon Board Audit Function Terms of Reference (March 2017)" can be viewed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

## **Principle 5: Make Timely and Balanced Disclosure**

### ***Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication***

The Company is committed to providing relevant up to date information to its shareholders and the broader investment community in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Law.

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy that states that all shareholders and investors will have equal and timely access to the Company's information.

The Company has appointed the Company Secretary to oversee the continuous disclosure practices of the Company and its controlled entities. His responsibilities include:

- Reviewing all statutory regulatory or tender reports submitted to or made by the Company and its controlled entities, and to report or recommend to the Board as appropriate;
- Ensuring compliance with continuous disclosure requirements;
- Overseeing and coordinating the disclosure of information to the ASX, analysts, brokers, shareholders, the media and public; and
- Educating directors and staff of the Company's and Group's disclosure policies and procedures and raising awareness of the principles of the underlying continuous disclosure.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy can be viewed on the Company's website at [www.horizongold.com.au](http://www.horizongold.com.au) under the Corporate Governance section.

## **Principle 6: Respect the Rights of Security Holders**

### ***Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication***

The Board in adopting a Continuous Disclosure Policy ensures that shareholders are provided with up to date Company information. Communication to shareholders is facilitated by the production of the annual report, quarterly reports, public announcements, and the posting of policies, and ASX releases immediately after their disclosure to the ASX, on the Company's website. All shareholders are given the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and Share Registry electronically. In addition, all shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting and use the opportunity to ask questions to the Board and the Executive Management Team. The Company makes every endeavour to respond to the most commonly asked questions. The external auditor attends the meeting and is available to answer questions in relation to the conduct of the audit.

## **Principle 7: Recognise and Manage Risk**

The Board believes that risk management and compliance are fundamental to sound management and that oversight of such matters is an important responsibility of the Board.

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing a separate risk management committee (as part of the audit committee function). It is the Board's responsibility under the Charter to review and ratify systems of audit, risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance to minimise the possibility of the Company operating beyond acceptable risk parameters.

To control and mitigate financial risk, the Company has put in place a Board approved credit risk policy ("Treasury Policy: Credit Risk") to manage the exposure to counterparty credit risk on cash investments of up to 540 days. Recommendations from management for the establishment of, or amendments to, approved counterparties and exposure limits are included in the Policy, which is reviewed and approved by the Board on an annual basis.

The Company engages an insurance broking firm as part of the Board's annual assessment of the coverage of insured assets and risks. Risk management workshops are not held, but business risks will be continually assessed (at least annually) by the Board.

# Corporate Governance Statement

30 June 2018

The reporting and control mechanisms, in the absence of an internal audit function, support the written certification at the end of the Half-Year and Full-Year reporting periods, in accordance with *Section 295A* of the *Corporations Act 2001* given by the Chairman (who performs in this case the chief executive function) and Company Secretary (who performs in this case the chief financial officer function) to the Board certifying that the Company's financial reports are based on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively.

## **Principle 8: Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly**

### ***Board Remuneration***

The total annual remuneration paid to non-executive directors may not exceed the limit set by the shareholders at a general meeting (currently \$250,000). The remuneration of the non-executive directors is fixed rather than variable. In accordance with Clause 14.7 of the Company's Constitution, remuneration may be provided in such manner that the directors decide (including by way of contribution to a superannuation fund on behalf of a director) and if any of the fees of any director is to be provided other than in cash, the directors may determine the manner in which the non-cash component of the fees is to be valued.

### ***Executive Remuneration***

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has determined there are no efficiencies, at this time, of establishing a separate remuneration committee.

The Board has reserved the appointment, and where necessary, the replacement of the Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer and other senior executives and the determination of their terms and conditions including remuneration and termination, having regard to market conditions and the performance of individuals and the Company. The Board also ensures that there is no discrimination on remuneration in respect to gender.

Currently, the Board has determined that the day to day running of the Company is best served by engaging the Executive Management Team of Panoramic to provide Services under the Management Agreement. Under the Agreement, the remuneration for the Services provided to the Company has been determined and agreed on a commercial basis between the Company and Panoramic, to be paid on a monthly basis in arrears on the presentation of a single tax invoice instead of individual amounts paid to each member of the Executive Management Team. The remuneration terms agreed under the Agreement are fixed until 19 December 2016 (the day the Company was admitted to the Official List of ASX Limited).

Further details in relation to director and executive remuneration are set out in the 2018 Remuneration Report on pages 30 - 33.

# Directors' Declaration

30 June 2018

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Horizon Gold Resources Limited, I state that:

1. In the directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 50 to 75 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with sections 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial period ending 30 June 2018.

On behalf of the Board



Peter Harold  
Chairman

Perth, 27 September 2018

# Independent Auditors Report



Ernst & Young  
11 Mounts Bay Road  
Perth WA 6000 Australia  
GPO Box M939 Perth WA 6843

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## Independent auditor's report to the members of Horizon Gold Limited

### Report on the audit of the financial report

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Horizon Gold Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2018 and of its consolidated financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial report.

# Independent Auditors Report



## 1. Carrying value of non-current assets

### Why significant

As at 30 June 2018 the Group held non-current assets totalling \$17,037,000 comprising of property, plant and equipment and capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (refer to notes 9 and 11 respectively).

Australian Accounting Standards and the Group's accounting policy require the Group assess, throughout the reporting period, whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired or whether the reversal of any previously recognised impairment charge may be required. If any such indication exists, the Group is required to estimate the recoverable amount of the assets.

As disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements, the Group determined there were indicators of impairment in relation to its Gum Creek Gold Project at 30 June 2018 and performed an impairment test. The impairment test resulted in an impairment loss of \$12,569,000 being recognised for financial year ended 30 June 2018.

In determining a recoverable amount for the Gum Creek Gold Project ("Gum Creek"), the Group relied upon an independent valuation for which the primary inputs were not directly market observable, and contained a degree of subjectivity. Accordingly, this was considered to be a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

In performing our procedures, we:

- ▶ Assessed whether all indicators of impairment had been identified
- ▶ Considered the Group's right to explore in the relevant exploration area, which included obtaining and assessing supporting documentation such as license agreements
- ▶ Evaluated the competency and objectivity of experts who prepared an independent valuation of the resources contained in the Gum Creek area of interest, by considering their professional qualifications and expertise
- ▶ Assessed the accuracy and completeness of the resource estimates used to estimate the recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation assets with respect to the Gum Creek area of interest by comparing them to the Group's latest published resource estimates
- ▶ Involved our valuation specialists to provide input on key assumptions made by the independent experts in arriving at their preferred valuation
- ▶ Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Notes 9 and 11 of the financial report.

## Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2018 Annual Report other than the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. We obtained the Directors' Report that is to be included in the Annual Report, prior to the date of this auditor's report, and we expect to obtain the remaining sections of the Annual Report after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Independent Auditors Report



## Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

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PT:CT:HRN:016

# Independent Auditors Report



- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on the audit of the Remuneration Report

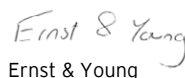
### Opinion on the Remuneration Report

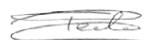
We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2018.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Horizon Gold Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

### Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

  
Ernst & Young



Philip Teale  
Partner  
Perth  
27 September 2018



# Auditors Independent Declaration



Ernst & Young  
11 Mounts Bay Road  
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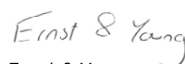
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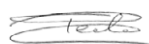
## Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Panoramic Resources Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Panoramic Resources Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2018, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Panoramic Resources Limited and the entities it controlled during the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

  
Ernst & Young



Philip Teale  
Partner  
31 August 2018

# FINANCIAL REPORT



# Consolidated income statement

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Income	3	224	344
IPO expenses		-	(444)
Corporate and administration costs		(562)	(326)
Exploration expenditure written-off		(619)	-
Impairment loss	9, 11	(12,569)	-
Reversal of impairment loss	9, 11	-	9,178
Care and maintenance expenses		(774)	(1,386)
Finance costs	4	(464)	(139)
<b>(Loss) / profit before income tax</b>		<b>(14,764)</b>	7,227
Income tax benefit	5	-	1,714
<b>(Loss) / profit for the year</b>		<b>(14,764)</b>	8,941
(Loss) / profit for the year is attributable to the:			
Owners of Horizon Gold Limited		(14,764)	8,941
		<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
<b>(Loss) / earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company:</b>			
Basic (loss) / earnings per share	26	(19.3)	20.6
Diluted (loss) / earnings per share	26	(19.3)	20.6

The above consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
(Loss) / profit for the year	(14,764)	8,941
Other comprehensive income		
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year is attributable to:</b>		
<b>Owners of Horizon Gold Limited</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>8,941</b>

*The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

# Consolidated statement of financial position

As at 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	7,160	11,705
Trade and other receivables	7	21	47
Prepayments	8	15	24
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>7,196</b>	<b>11,776</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Exploration and evaluation	11	12,741	22,670
Property, plant and equipment	9	4,296	4,263
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>17,037</b>	<b>26,933</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>24,233</b>	<b>38,709</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	12	546	641
Borrowings	13	27	116
Provisions	14	50	43
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>623</b>	<b>800</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Provisions	16	9,842	9,377
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>9,842</b>	<b>9,377</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>10,465</b>	<b>10,177</b>
<b>Net assets/liabilities</b>		<b>13,768</b>	<b>28,532</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Contributed equity	17	29,671	29,671
Accumulated losses		(15,903)	(1,139)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>13,768</b>	<b>28,532</b>

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	Contributed equity \$'000	Share- based payment reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total equity \$'000
<b>Balance at 1 July 2016</b>		-	627	(37,276)	(36,649)
Profit for the year		-	-	8,941	8,941
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>		-	-	<b>8,941</b>	<b>8,941</b>
<b>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</b>					
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs and tax	17	14,059	-	-	14,059
Elimination of equity accounts on insertion of new parent		(26,569)	(627)	27,196	-
Contributions from shareholder		26,569	-	-	26,569
Shares issued in consideration of settlement of debt		15,612	-	-	15,612
		29,671	(627)	27,196	56,240
<b>Balance at 30 June 2017</b>		<b>29,671</b>	-	<b>(1,139)</b>	<b>28,532</b>
<b>Balance at 1 July 2017</b>		29,671	-	(1,139)	28,532
Loss for the year		-	-	(14,764)	(14,764)
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>		-	-	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2018</b>		<b>29,671</b>	-	<b>(15,903)</b>	<b>13,768</b>

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods and services tax)		<u>(1,354)</u>	(1,432)
<b>Net cash outflow from operating activities</b>	25	<u>(1,354)</u>	(1,432)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(33)	-
Exploration and evaluation expenditure		(3,258)	(2,473)
Interest received		189	186
<b>Net cash outflow from investing activities</b>		<u>(3,102)</u>	(2,287)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issues of shares		-	15,000
(Repayment of) / proceeds from borrowings from related parties		(89)	1,365
Share issue costs		-	(941)
<b>Net cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities</b>		<u>(89)</u>	15,424
<b>Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(4,545)</b>	11,705
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		<b>11,705</b>	-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	6	<u><b>7,160</b></u>	11,705

*The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial report of Horizon Gold Limited (the Parent or the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) for the year ended 30 June 2018 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 27 September 2018.

Horizon Gold Limited (the Parent) is a for profit Company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange. The Group's principal place of business is Level 9, 553 Hay Street, Perth WA 6000.

The principal activities of the Group during the course of the financial year consisted of exploration, evaluation, development, and production of mineral deposits.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards. The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis. The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000) unless otherwise stated, under the option available to the Company under Australian Securities and Investment Commission ("ASIC") (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Report) Instrument 2016/191. The Company is an entity to which the instrument applies.

The significant accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These accounting policies have been consistently applied to periods presented unless otherwise stated.

### (b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2018. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- De-recognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary
- De-recognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests
- De-recognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in OCI to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities

## (c) New accounting standards and interpretations

Refer to Appendix A on page 73.

## (d) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the Financial Information based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained internally and externally.

### (i) Determination of mineral resources and ore reserves

The Group estimates its mineral resources and ore reserves in accordance with the Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the 'JORC code') as a minimum standard. The information on mineral resources and ore reserves was prepared by or under the supervision of Competent Persons as defined in the JORC code. The amounts presented are based on the mineral resources and ore reserves determined either under the 2012 or 2004 editions of the JORC code.

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating mineral resources and ore reserves and assumptions that are valid at the time of estimation may change significantly when new information becomes available. Significant judgement is required in assessing the available reserves. Factors that must be considered in determining reserves and resources are the Company's history of converting resources to reserves and the relevant time frame, market and future developments.

Changes in the forecast prices of commodities, foreign currency exchange rates, production costs or recovery rates may change the economic status of reserves and may ultimately result in the reserves being restated. Such changes in reserves could impact on depreciation and amortisation rates, asset carrying values and provisions for decommissioning and restoration.

### (ii) Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Group assesses impairment of all assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Group decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

Factors which could impact the future recoverability include the level of proved and probable reserves and mineral resources, future technological changes which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation is determined not to be recoverable in the future, this will reduce profits and net assets in the period in which this determination is made.

In addition, exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised if activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. To the extent that it is determined in the future that this capitalised expenditure should be written off, this will reduce profits and net assets in the period in which this determination is made.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure that suffered an impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the impairment may have reversed.

### *(iii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment*

The Group assesses impairment of all assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Where a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the higher of 'value in use' ("VIU") and 'fair value less costs to dispose' ("FVLCD").

### *(iv) Provision for decommissioning and rehabilitation*

Decommissioning and restoration costs are a normal consequence of mining, and the majority of this expenditure is incurred at the end of a mine's life. In determining an appropriate level of provision consideration is given to the expected future costs to be incurred, the timing of these expected future costs (largely dependent on the life of the mine), and the estimated future level of inflation.

The ultimate cost of decommissioning and restoration is uncertain and costs can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques, discount rates or experience at other mine sites. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in reserves or to production rates.

The carrying amount of the provision as at 30 June 2018 was \$9,840,000 (2017: \$9,377,000). The Group estimates that the costs would be realised towards the end of the respective mine lives and calculates the provision by discounting future cash flows based on expected costs to be incurred to rehabilitate the disturbed area. These costs are discounted at 2.29% (2017: 2.26%) and expected to be incurred post 2023 based on the current life of mine plans.

Changes to any of the estimates could result in significant changes to the level of provisioning required, which would in turn impact future financial results.

### **(e) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash on hand and in banks and short-term deposits are stated at nominal value.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and in the banks short-term deposits with either original maturities not exceeding three months or, if greater than three months, principal amounts can be redeemed in full with interest receivable at the same cash rate from inception as per the agreement with each bank.

### **(f) Income tax**

Following the exit of the Company and Panoramic Gold from the Panoramic Resources Limited tax consolidated group on 8 December 2016, income tax for the consolidated entity is accounted for using the full liability balance sheet method.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences:

- except where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
- Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised:
- except where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets and liabilities are reassessed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

## Tax consolidation legislation

Horizon Gold Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have resolved to implement tax consolidation as of 8 December 2016.

The head entity, Horizon Gold Limited, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand alone taxpayer in its own right.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, Horizon Gold Limited also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements with the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the Group.

Any difference between the amounts assumed and amounts receivable or payable under the tax funding agreement are recognised as a contribution to (or distribution from) wholly-owned tax consolidated entities.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## **(g) Other taxes**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

## **(h) Property, plant and equipment**

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The cost of plant and equipment constructed by the consolidated entity, where applicable, includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Other incidental costs directly attributable to its construction are also capitalised to the cost of plant and equipment.

### *Depreciation and amortisation*

Depreciation and amortisation is calculated on a units of production basis.

### *Impairment*

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of FVLCD and VIU.

Property, plant and equipment that suffered an impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the impairment may have reversed.

### *Derecognition and disposal*

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

## **(i) Exploration, evaluation, development, mine properties and rehabilitation expenditure**

### *(i) Exploration and evaluation expenditure*

Expenditure on exploration and evaluation is accounted for in accordance with the 'area of interest' method.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised provided the right to tenure of the area of interest is current and the exploration and evaluation activities are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area or, alternatively, by its sale.

Payments for the acquisition of tenements are initially capitalised. Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred on licences where a JORC-compliant resource has not yet been established is expensed as incurred until sufficient evaluation has occurred in order to establish a JORC-compliant resource. Costs expensed during this phase are included in "Exploration Expenditure" in the consolidated income statement.

Upon the establishment of a JORC-compliant resource (at which point, the Group considers it probable that economic benefits will be realised), the Group capitalises any further evaluation expenditure incurred for the particular license as exploration and evaluation asset.

Once a JORC-compliant reserves are established and development is sanctioned, exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment and transferred to 'Mines under construction' which is a sub-category of 'Mine properties'. No amortisation is charged during the E&E phase.

### *Impairment*

The carrying value of capitalised exploration expenditure is assessed for impairment whenever facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

The recoverable amount of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is the higher of FVLCD and VIU.

An impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset is then written down to its recoverable amount. Any impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure that suffered an impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the impairment may have reversed.

## *(ii) Provision for decommissioning and rehabilitation*

The Group is required to decommission and rehabilitate mines and processing sites at the end of their producing lives to a condition acceptable to the relevant authorities.

The expected cost of any approved decommissioning or rehabilitation program, discounted to its net present value, is provided in the period in which obligation arise. The cost is capitalised when it gives rise to future benefits. Over time, the liability is increased for the change in net present value based on a risk adjusted pre-tax discount rate appropriate to the risk inherent in the liability. The unwinding of the discount is included in financing cost. Expected decommissioning and rehabilitation costs are based on detailed plans prepared for each site. Where there is a change in the expected decommissioning and rehabilitation costs, the value of the provision and any related asset are adjusted and the effect is recognised in the income statement on a prospective basis over the remaining life of the operation.

## **(j) Trade and other payables**

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost when the Group becomes obliged to make payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services. The amounts are non-interest-bearing, unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition

## **(k) Employee benefits**

### *(i) Short term benefits*

Liabilities for short term benefits expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees services up to the reporting date. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and are measured at the rates paid or payable.

### *(ii) Long service leave*

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms of maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

## **(l) Contributed equity**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction from the equity proceeds.

## **(m) Dividends**

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

## **(n) Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Parent, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends;
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares;

divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

## 2 Segment information

### Description of segments

The Company operates in one segment, being gold exploration. This is the basis on which internal reports are provided to the Directors for assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources within the Group.

The accounting policies applied for internal reporting purposes are consistent with those applied in preparation of the financial statements.

All of the company's assets are located in Australia and the company has no major customers as it does not generate any revenue.

## 3 Other income

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Interest income	189	186
Gain on measurement of rehabilitation liability	-	158
Sundry income	35	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	224	344

## 4 Expenses

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>Loss before income tax includes the following specific expenses:</b>		
<b>Finance costs</b>		
Unwinding of discount - rehabilitation	464	139

### Breakdown of employee benefits expenses

Salaries and wages	364	172
Payroll tax	22	10
Superannuation	34	16
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	420	198

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 5 Income tax benefit

### (a) Income tax benefit

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Tax benefit arising on formation of tax consolidated group	-	(1,714)

### (b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit to prima facie tax

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
(Loss) / profit from continuing operations before income tax benefit	(14,764)	7,227
Tax (benefit) / expense at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2016 - 30.0%)	(4,429)	2,168
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Other expenses not deductible for tax	(11)	-
Tax benefit arising on formation of tax consolidated group	-	(1,714)
Deferred tax asset not recognised	4,440	(2,168)
<b>Income tax benefit</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,714)</b>

### Tax Consolidation

On 8 December 2016, the Group resolved to be treated as a single entity ("Horizon Tax Group") for income tax purposes. On 17 February 2017, the Company and Panoramic Gold executed a Tax Funding Agreement (TFA).

## 6 Current assets - Cash and cash equivalents

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	1,941	586
Deposits at call	5,219	11,119
	<b>7,160</b>	<b>11,705</b>

### (a) Reconciliation to cash at the end of the year

The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Cash at bank and in hand and deposits at call	7,160	11,705

### (b) Cash at bank and on hand

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The weighted average interest rate achieved for the year was 1.85% (2017: 1.84%).

### (c) Deposits at call

The weighted average interest rate achieved for the year was 2.6% (2017: 2.5%).

### (d) Fair value

The carrying amount for cash and cash equivalents equals the fair value.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 7 Current assets - Trade and other receivables

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Other receivables	<u>21</u>	<u>47</u>

These amounts relate to receivables for goods and services tax, diesel fuel rebates and sundry items. Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

## 8 Current assets - Prepayments

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Prepayments	<u>15</u>	<u>24</u>

## 9 Non-current assets - Property, plant and equipment

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>Plant and equipment</b>		
Gross carrying amount - at cost	4,296	4,263
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
Net book value	<u>4,296</u>	<u>4,263</u>

	Plant and equipment \$'000
<b>Year ended 30 June 2018</b>	
Opening net book value	4,263
Additions	<u>33</u>
<b>Closing net book value</b>	<u>4,296</u>
<b>Year ended 30 June 2017</b>	
Opening net book value	1,179
Reversal of impairment loss	<u>3,084</u>
<b>Closing net book value</b>	<u>4,263</u>

### (a) Impairment of assets

At 30 June 2018, the carrying value of the Gum Creek Project was reviewed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss. An impairment indicator was identified being, a decrease in the underlying resource multiples used to determine the FVLCD and lack of results from exploration activities. The Group has assessed the recoverable value of its non-current assets at the balance date. It was determined that the FVLCD (based on comparable transactions) of property, plant and equipment of the Project approximated its carrying value and that no adjustment was required.

In September 2016, the carrying value of the Gum Creek Project was reviewed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss. An indicator of impairment reversal was identified, being an improvement in the underlying resource multiples used to determine the FVLCD. The fair value methodology adopted is categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Management determined the recoverable amount of the Project as \$26.930 million and accordingly an impairment loss of \$9.178 million was reversed. Of this amount, \$3.084 million was recognised to increase the carrying amount of the Project's property, plant and equipment.

The carrying value of the project was assessed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss at 30 June 2017. The projects FVLCD was assessed and the carrying value of the project approximated its FVLCD at 30 June 2017. As a result, no impairment adjustment was required at 30 June 2017.



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 10 Non-current assets - Deferred tax assets

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:</b>		
Tax losses	2,514	820
Employee benefits	15	13
Provisions	2,958	2,828
Business related costs	250	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised	<u>(4,788)</u>	<u>(82)</u>
	949	3,579
Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off provisions (note 15)	<u>(949)</u>	<u>(3,579)</u>
<b>Net deferred tax assets</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## 11 Non-current assets - Exploration and evaluation

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Cost	57,969	55,329
Accumulated impairment	<u>(45,228)</u>	<u>(32,659)</u>
Net book value	<u>12,741</u>	<u>22,670</u>

	Exploration and Evaluation \$'000
<b>Year ended 30 June 2018</b>	
Opening net book amount	22,670
Additions	3,258
Impairment loss	(12,569)
Written off to profit and loss	<u>(618)</u>
<b>Closing net book value</b>	<u>12,741</u>
<b>Year ended 30 June 2017</b>	
Opening net book amount	14,286
Additions	2,473
Remeasurement of rehabilitation liability	(182)
Reversal of impairment loss	<u>6,093</u>
<b>Closing net book value</b>	<u>22,670</u>

The ultimate recoupment of costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or the sale of the respective mining areas.

### (a) Impairment of assets

At 30 June 2018, the carrying value of the Gum Creek Project was reviewed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss. An impairment indicator was identified being, a decrease in the underlying resource multiples used to determine the FVLCD and lack of results from exploration activities.

The FVLCD of the Exploration and Evaluation asset associated with the Gum Creek Gold Project ("Gum Creek") was determined by a valuation performed by an external party based on a review of comparable market transactions that were completed between 2015 and 2018. The fair value methodology adopted is categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. In determining FVLCD, estimates were made in relation to the underlying resources/reserves and the valuation multiple. Any change in these estimates could impact the FVLCD of the asset. The recoverable amount of the Exploration and Evaluation asset was determined to be \$12.741 million and accordingly an impairment loss of \$12.569 million was recognised in profit and loss.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

In September 2016, the carrying value of the Gum Creek Project was reviewed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss. An indicator of impairment reversal was identified, being an improvement in the underlying resource multiples based on comparable transactions used to determine the FVLCD. Management determined the recoverable amount of the Project and accordingly an impairment loss of \$9.178 million was reversed. Of this amount, \$6.093 million was recognised to increase the carrying amount of the Project's exploration and evaluation expenditure. This amount was recognised in the income statement.

The carrying value of the project was assessed for indicators of impairment or indicators of reversal of impairment loss at 30 June 2017. The project's FVLCD was assessed and the carrying value of the project approximated its FVLCD at 30 June 2017. As a result, no impairment adjustment was required at 30 June 2017.

## 12 Current liabilities - Trade and other payables

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Trade payables	489	560
Accrued expenses	57	81
	<u>546</u>	<u>641</u>

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.

Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

## 13 Current liabilities - Borrowings

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>Unsecured</b>		
Loans from related parties	27	116
Total unsecured current borrowings	<u>27</u>	<u>116</u>

The loan was from Panoramic Resources Limited (the parent entity of the Company, "Panoramic"). The loan is at call, unsecured and interest free.

On 31 August 2016, Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd (then a wholly-owned subsidiary of Panoramic) entered into a Deed of Forgiveness and Release where all inter-company loans payable to related entities, being entities controlled by Panoramic were forgiven, except for an amount of \$15.6 million payable to Panoramic by Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd.

As a result, an amount of \$26.6 million was credited to contributed equity as it was considered to be a "contribution from shareholder" (Note 17).

The remaining inter-company loan payable to Panoramic of \$15.6 million was assigned to the Company as part of the acquisition of Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd (the owner of the Gum Creek Gold Project) by the Company in exchange for 39,030,612 shares in the Company (Note 17).

## 14 Current liabilities - Provisions

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Employee benefits - long service leave	21	18
Employee benefits - annual leave	29	25
	<u>50</u>	<u>43</u>

The current provision for long service leave includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service. Where employees have not yet completed the required period of service, their pro rata entitlement is recognised as a non-current provision for long service leave.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 15 Non-current liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:</b>		
Exploration and evaluation	681	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	3,579
Property, plant and equipment	268	-
	<u>949</u>	<u>3,579</u>
Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off provisions (note 10)	(949)	(3,579)
<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## 16 Non-current liabilities - Provisions

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Employee benefits - long service leave	2	-
Rehabilitation	9,840	9,377
	<u>9,842</u>	<u>9,377</u>

A provision for rehabilitation is recognised in relation to the mining activities for costs such as reclamation, waste site closure, plant closure and other costs associated with the rehabilitation of a mining site. Estimates of the rehabilitation are based on the anticipated technology and legal requirements and future costs, which have been discounted to their present value. In determining the restoration provision, the entity has assumed no significant changes will occur in the relevant Federal and State legislations in relation to rehabilitation of such mines in the future. Refer to note 1(d)(iv) for inputs used in determining the provision for rehabilitation.

### (a) Movements in provisions

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year, other than employee benefits, are set out below:

	Rehabilitation \$'000
<b>2018</b>	
Carrying amount at start of year	9,377
- unwinding of discount	463
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<u>9,840</u>
<b>2017</b>	
Carrying amount at start of year	9,397
- unwinding of discount	138
- remeasurement of provision	(158)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<u>9,377</u>

## 17 Contributed equity

### (a) Share capital

	2018 Shares	2017 Shares	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Ordinary shares - issued and fully paid	76,530,617	76,530,617	29,671	29,671
<b>Total contributed equity</b>	<u>76,530,617</u>	<u>76,530,617</u>	<u>29,671</u>	<u>29,671</u>

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## (b) Capital contributions from ultimate parent

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Loan forgiveness (Note 13)	-	26,569
Eliminated on insertion of new parent entity	-	(26,569)
	-	-

## (c) Movements in ordinary share capital

Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue price	\$'000
1 July 2016	Opening balance	1		-
6 December 2016	Adjustment to issued shares on insertion of new parent entity	4		-
6 December 2016	Share Issue (IPO)	37,500,000	\$0.40	15,000
6 December 2016	Share Issue to Panoramic to settle loan	39,030,612	\$0.40	15,612
	Transaction costs, net of tax	-		(941)
30 June 2017	Balance	<u>76,530,617</u>		<u>29,671</u>
1 July 2017	Opening balance	<u>76,530,617</u>		<u>29,671</u>
30 June 2018	Balance	<u>76,530,617</u>		<u>29,671</u>

## (d) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the Company.

## (e) Capital management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the entity.

The Group has in place a Group cash management policy ("Treasury Policy: Credit Risk") to ensure that up to 540 days (2017: 540 days) excess cash holdings are invested with a range of institutions that have sufficient financial strength to ensure the security of the investment. (Refer to note 28: Financial risk management)

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Management consider that the total equity of the Group (contributed equity, reserves and retained earnings) plus borrowings (current and non-current) is what it manages as capital. At 30 June 2018 this was \$13.795 million (2017: \$28.648 million).

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 18 Dividends

### (a) Ordinary shares

No final dividend was paid for the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil)

### (b) Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting period

No dividend has been declared since the end of the reporting period.

## 19 Remuneration of auditors

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by Ernst & Young for: Audit and review of financial statements	45,000	48,000
Tax and other services in relation to the listing of the Company on the ASX	18,265	23,250
	<u>63,265</u>	<u>71,250</u>

## 20 Contingencies

The Group had no contingent liabilities at 30 June 2018 (2017: nil).

## 21 Commitments

### (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<i>Mineral tenements expenditure commitments</i>		
Not later than one year	2,399	2,622
Later than one year but not later than five years	8,957	8,679
Later than five years	23,980	26,701
	<u>35,336</u>	<u>38,002</u>

## 22 Related party transactions

### (a) Ultimate parent

Panoramic Resources Limited is the ultimate parent entity.

On 21 October 2016, the Company entered into a Management Agreement with Panoramic Resources Limited ("Panoramic"), the parent entity, to secure the benefit of Panoramic's resources and expertise in providing certain services to the Company. Panoramic will provide technical, commercial, managerial and administrative expertise and services ("Services") in connection with the Gum Creek Gold Project and such other assets that the Company may, from time to time, specify.

The management fees are based on daily rates of the Panoramic Resources Limited personnel who provide that Services to the Company and a mark up of 28.6% to cover Panoramic's fixed office overheads.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

During the year, the Group incurred management fees amounting to \$439,000 (2017: \$512,000) for Services provided by the Executive Management Team of Panoramic.

## (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

Key management personnel of the Group (as defined by AASB 124: *Related Party Transactions*) include the following:

P J Harold	Chairman (Non-Executive)
P J Venn	Director (Non-Executive)
P W Bennett	Director (Non-Executive)
T R Eton	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary
T S Mason	Manager - Projects
J D Hicks	General Manager - Exploration

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group is set out below:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	138,892	256,922
Post-employment benefits	-	18,643
Long-term benefits	-	4,923
Share-based payments	-	85,136
	<u>138,892</u>	<u>365,624</u>

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognised as an expense during the reporting period related to key management personnel.

## 23 Subsidiaries

### (a) Significant investments in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following principal subsidiary in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(b):

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Equity holding	
			2018	2017
			%	%
Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

In December 2016, Panoramic Resources Limited ("Panoramic"), the ultimate parent, divested of Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd ("Panoramic Gold"), which owns the Gum Creek Gold Project by way of an initial public offering (IPO) and listing of subsidiary, Horizon Gold Limited ("the Company"), on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). In October 2016, the Company and Panoramic Gold entered into an Acquisition Agreement with Panoramic, in which on completion of the capital raising, Panoramic sold Panoramic Gold and an inter-company loan to the Company and Panoramic would be issued 39,030,612 shares in the Company as consideration.

## 24 Events occurring after the reporting period

There has not arisen any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity, in future financial years.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 25 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) after income tax to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
(Loss) / profit for the year	(14,764)	8,941
Impairment / (reversal) of assets	12,569	(9,178)
Interest income	(189)	(186)
Unwinding of discount - rehabilitation	464	139
Exploration and evaluation written off	619	-
Gain on remeasurement of liability	-	(158)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade debtors and others	26	(60)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	9	(24)
(Decrease)/increase in trade creditors	(95)	789
Increase in provisions	7	19
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	-	(1,714)
<b>Net cash outflow from operating activities</b>	<b>(1,354)</b>	<b>(1,432)</b>

## 26 Earnings per share

### (a) Basic (loss) / earnings per share

	2018 Cents	2017 Cents
From continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(19.3)	20.6
<b>Total basic (loss) / earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company</b>	<b>(19.3)</b>	<b>20.6</b>

### (b) Diluted (loss) / earnings per share

	2018 Cents	2017 Cents
From continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(19.3)	20.6
<b>Total diluted (loss) / earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company</b>	<b>(19.3)</b>	<b>20.6</b>

### (c) Reconciliation of (loss) / profit used in calculating (loss) / earnings per share

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<i>Basic (loss) / earnings per share</i>		
(Loss) / profit from continuing operations	(14,764)	8,941
<b>(Loss) / profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic (loss) / earnings per share</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>8,941</b>
<i>Diluted (loss) / earnings per share</i>		
(Loss) / profit from continuing operations	(14,764)	8,941
<b>(Loss) / profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating diluted earnings / (loss) per share</b>	<b>(14,764)</b>	<b>8,941</b>

### (d) Weighted average number of shares used as denominator

	2018 Number	2017 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	76,530,617	43,311,284

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## 27 Parent entity financial information

### (a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the Parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<b>Balance sheet</b>		
Current assets	6,738	11,596
Non-current assets	6,433	17,540
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>13,171</b>	<b>29,136</b>
Current liabilities	85	50
Non-current liabilities	-	-
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>50</b>
<i>Shareholders' equity</i>		
Contributed equity	29,671	29,671
Accumulated losses	(16,585)	(585)
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of Horizon Gold Limited</b>	<b>13,086</b>	<b>29,086</b>
<b>Loss for the year</b>	<b>16,024</b>	<b>585</b>
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>	<b>16,024</b>	<b>585</b>

## 28 Financial risk management

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of the financial instruments is to earn the maximum amount of interest at a low risk to the Group. The Group also holds other financial instruments such as trade receivables and trade payables which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate, credit and liquidity risk. The Group has in place a cash management policy ("Treasury Policy: Credit Risk") to ensure that up to 540 days (2017: 540 days) excess cash holdings are invested with a range of institutions that have sufficient financial strength to ensure the security of the investment. The Board reviews and agrees this policy and other policies on an annual basis for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

### (a) Interest rate risk

The Group holds cash in term deposits with a range of institutions that have sufficient financial strength to ensure the security of the investments. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had \$5,180,000 (2017: \$11,119,000) on deposit in interest bearing accounts earning a weighted average interest rate of 2.6% (2017: 2.5%).

#### *Sensitivity*

The following sensitivity is based on the interest rate risk exposures in existence at the balance sheet date. The sensitivity used is +/- 25 basis points (2017: +/- 25) which is based on reasonably, possible changes, over a financial year, using the observed range of actual historical Australian short-term deposit rate movements over the last 3 years and management's expectation of future movements.



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

At 30 June 2018	Carrying amount \$'000	Interest rate risk -0.25%		+0.25%	
		Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000	Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	7,160	(4)	-	4	-
<b>Total increase/ (decrease)</b>		(4)	-	4	-

At 30 June 2017	Carrying amount \$'000	Interest rate risk -0.25%		+0.25%	
		Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000	Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	11,705	(29)	-	29	-
<b>Total increase/ (decrease)</b>		(29)	-	29	-

## (b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter-party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted the policy of dealing with credit worthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings. The maximum exposure to credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Group comprise of cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

## (c) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring sufficient cash are available to meet current and future commitments of the Group. Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration and development, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. The Board of Directors constantly monitor the state of equity markets in conjunction with the Group's current and future funding requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The financial liabilities of the Group are confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 2 months of balance date.

## (d) Fair value measurements

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximate their respective fair values.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

## Appendix A

### New accounting standards and interpretations

#### (i) Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

The Group has adopted the following new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and AASB interpretations as of 1 July 2017:

- AASB 2016-1 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses*

This Standard makes amendments to AASB 112 *Income Taxes* to clarify the accounting for deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value.

The adoption of AASB 2016-1 had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.

- AASB 2016-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107*

The amendments to AASB 107 *Statement of Cash Flows* are part of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative and help users of financial statements better understand changes in an entity's debt. The amendments require entities to provide disclosures about changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses).

The adoption of AASB 2016-2 had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.

- AASB 2017-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Further Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle*

This Standard clarifies the scope of AASB 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* by specifying that the disclosure requirements apply to an entity's interests in other entities that are classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with AASB 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*.

The adoption of AASB 2017-2 had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### (ii) Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

The Company has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements issued but not yet effective. Except as otherwise disclosed, the Group is in the process of evaluating the impact of these standards.

- AASB 2018-1 *Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle*, effective 1 January 2019

The amendments clarify certain requirements in:

- ▶ AASB 3 *Business Combinations* and AASB 11 *Joint Arrangements* - previously held interest in a joint operation
- ▶ AASB 112 *Income Taxes* - income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as equity
- ▶ AASB 123 *Borrowing Costs* - borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

#### (ii) Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective (continued)

- AASB 9 *Financial Instruments*, effective 1 January 2018

AASB 9 replaces AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

Except for certain trade receivables, an entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), on the basis of their contractual cash flows and the business model under which the debt instruments are held.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

There is a fair value option (FVO) that allows financial assets on initial recognition to be designated as FVTPL if that eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Equity instruments are generally measured at FVTPL. However, entities have an irrevocable option on an instrument-by-instrument basis to present changes in the fair value of non-trading instruments in other comprehensive income (OCI) without subsequent reclassification to profit or loss.

For financial liabilities designated as FVTPL using the FVO, the amount of change in the fair value of such financial liabilities that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation in OCI of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss.

All other AASB 139 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward into AASB 9, including the embedded derivative separation rules and the criteria for using the FVO.

The incurred credit loss model in AASB 139 has been replaced with an expected credit loss model in AASB 9.

The requirements for hedge accounting have been amended to more closely align hedge accounting with risk management, establish a more principle-based approach to hedge accounting and address inconsistencies in the hedge accounting model in AASB 139.

The new standard is not expected to significantly impact the recognition and measurement of financial instrument of the Group.

- **AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, effective 1 January 2018**

AASB 15 replaces all existing revenue requirements in Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 111 *Construction Contracts*, AASB 118 *Revenue*, AASB Interpretation 13 *Customer Loyalty Programmes*, AASB Interpretation 15 *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate*, AASB Interpretation 18 *Transfers of Assets from Customers* and AASB Interpretation 131 *Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services*) and applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless the contracts are in the scope of other standards, such as AASB 117 (or AASB 16 *Leases*, once applied).

The core principle of AASB 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:

- ▶ Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- ▶ Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- ▶ Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- ▶ Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- ▶ Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The new standard is not expected to impact the Group in the immediate future as the Group does not generate any revenue other than interest income.

- **AASB 2016-5 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions*, effective 1 January 2018**

This Standard amends AASB 2 *Share-based Payment*, clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for:

- ▶ The effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments
- ▶ Share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations
- ▶ A modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.

- **AASB 2017-1 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transfers of Investments Property, Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle and Other Amendments*, effective 1 January 2018**

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

30 June 2018

The amendments clarify certain requirements in:

- ▶ AASB 1 First-time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards - deletion of exemptions for first-time adopters and addition of an exemption arising from AASB Interpretation 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
- ▶ AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities - clarification of scope
- ▶ AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value
- ▶ AASB 140 Investment Property - change in use.

- AASB Interpretation 22 *Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration*, effective 1 January 2018

The Interpretation clarifies that in determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which an entity initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, then the entity must determine a date of the transactions for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

- AASB 16 *Leases*, effective 1 January 2019

AASB 16 requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under AASB 117 *Leases*. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees - leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset).

Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lessees will be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under AASB 117. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in AASB 117 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases.

- AASB Interpretation 23 and relevant amending standards, *Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*, effective 1 January 2019

The Interpretation clarifies the application of the recognition and measurement criteria in IAS 12 *Income Taxes* when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The Interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- ▶ Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- ▶ The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- ▶ How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- ▶ How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances.

## Additional Shareholder Information

As at 30 September 2018

### Stock Exchange Listing

Horizon Gold Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange Limited. The Company's ASX code is HRN.

### Substantial Shareholders (Holding Not Less Than 5%) in accordance with notices provided to the Company

As at 30 September 2018

Name of Shareholder	Total Number of Voting Shares in Horizon Gold Limited in which the Substantial Shareholders and its Associates Hold Relevant Interests	Percentage of Total Number of Voting Shares (%)
Zeta Resources Limited (including UIL Limited, ICM Limited, General Provisional Life Pension Fund, Panoramic Resources Limited and Pan Pacific Petroleum NL)	53,983,157*	70.54%
Panoramic Resources Limited	39,030,617	51.00%
Pan Pacific Petroleum NL	8,750,000	11.43%
JP Morgan Chase & Co and its affiliates	6,750,000	8.82%

\*the ordinary shares held in the Company by Panoramic Resources Limited and Pan Pacific Petroleum NL are included in the total number of voting shares in accordance with s608(3) (Extension to relevant interests held through bodies corporate) of the Corporations Act 2001

### Class of Shares and Voting Rights

At 30 September 2018, there were 327 holders of 76,530,617 fully paid Ordinary shares of the Company. The voting rights attaching to the Ordinary shares are in accordance with the Company's Constitution being that:

- each Shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative;
- on a show of hands, every person present who is a Shareholder or a proxy, attorney or Representative of a shareholder has one vote; and
- on a poll, every person present who is a Shareholder or a proxy, attorney or Representative of a Shareholder shall, in respect of each fully-paid share held by him, or in respect of which he is appointed a proxy, attorney or Representative have one vote for the share, but in respect of partly-paid shares, shall have such number of votes as bears the proportion which the paid amount (not credited) is of the total amounts paid and payable (excluding amounts credited).

There are no voting rights attached to unquoted equity securities (if applicable). Voting rights will be attached to the issued Ordinary shares when the unquoted equity securities have been exercised.

### Unmarketable Shares

At 30 September 2018, the number of parcels of shares with a value of less than \$500 was 18.

### Distribution of Shareholders

As at 30 September 2018

Number of Shares Held	Number of Shareholders	Number of Fully Paid Shares
1 - 1,000	8	1,531
1,001 - 5,000	123	585,619
5,001 - 10,000	78	724,852
10,001 - 100,000	104	2,716,197
100,001 – 1,000,001	11	2,547,461
1,000,001 and over	3	69,954,957
<b>Total</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>76,530,617</b>

## Additional Shareholder Information

As at 30 September 2018

### Listing of 20 Largest Shareholders

As at 30 September 2018

	Name of Ordinary Registered Shareholder	Number of Shares Held	Percentage of Shares Held %
1.	PANORAMIC RESOURCES LIMITED	39,030,617	51.00
2.	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	26,009,740	33.99
3.	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	4,914,600	6.42
4.	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	638,634	0.83
5.	PATINA RESOURCES PTY LTD	297,339	0.39
6.	HARDROCK CAPITAL PTY LTD	274,419	0.36
7.	REINDEER INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED <BRUEGGEMANN FAMILY A/C>	250,000	0.33
8.	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD <DRP>	220,000	0.29
9.	INSKO HOLDINGS PTY LTD	200,000	0.26
10.	ZW 2 PTY LTD	200,000	0.26
11.	MR SEAN DENNEHY	162,686	0.21
12.	AJAVA HOLDINGS PTY LTD	101,461	0.13
13.	MAPLESTONE PTY LTD <COMET INVESTMENT A/C>	101,461	0.13
14.	RIVERVIEW CORPORATION PTY LTD	101,461	0.13
15.	PAUL BENNETT <SCP INVESTMENT A/C>	100,000	0.13
16.	MR PHILLIP YUEN	78,755	0.10
17.	TECHNICA PTY LTD	75,993	0.10
18.	MR STEPHEN ALAN MCCABE	75,000	0.10
19.	MR TERENCE PAUL WESTON	75,000	0.10
20.	PENTASTIC PTY LTD	60,000	0.08
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>72,967,166</b>	<b>95.34</b>

### Unquoted Equity Securities

As at 30 September 2018, there were no unquoted equity securities

### Restricted Securities

As at 30 September 2018

Securities	Name of Shareholder	Number of Securities	Restricted Period Expiry Date
Ordinary shares	Panoramic Resources Limited	39,030,612	21 December 2018

### Use of Proceeds

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10.19, the Company confirms that it has used cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash in a way consistent with its business objectives during the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

## Schedule of Mining Tenements – 30 June 2018

Project	Tenement	Status	Area		Equity	Tenement Manager	Horizon Gold Commitment	Current Registered Holders
Gum Creek	E51/1538	Live	35	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E51/1844	Live	23	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E53/1273	Live	10	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E53/1725	Live	30	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E53/1955	Live	34	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E57/1093	Pending	22	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E57/1094	Pending	6	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E57/1099	Pending	5	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E57/1100	Pending	7	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	E57/676	Live	15	BL	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L51/93	Live	5.82	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/116	Live	8.9025	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/199	Live	23.75	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/46	Live	60	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/47	Live	24	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/95	Live	71	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L53/96	Live	237	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L57/20	Live	6.67	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L57/44	Live	31.7	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	L57/47	Live	36	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/104	Live	36.805	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/105	Live	117.35	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/157	Live	93.315	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd

## Schedule of Mining Tenements – 30 June 2018

Project	Tenement	Status	Area		Equity	Tenement Manager	Horizon Gold Commitment	Current Registered Holders
Gum Creek	M51/186	Live	364.9	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/290	Live	4.8595	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/410	Live	353.75	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M51/458	Live	619.95	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/10	Live	9.6865	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/105	Live	566.25	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/11	Live	9.6875	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/153	Live	916.5	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/251	Live	170.45	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/252	Live	705	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/500	Live	390.15	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/716	Live	254.1	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/904	Live	8.3215	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M53/988	Live	511.55	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M57/634	Live	13,705.00	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	M57/635	Live	1,443.00	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	P53/1577	Live	5.0317	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	P53/1581	Live	71.82	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	P53/1582	Live	60.15	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd
Gum Creek	P57/1304	Live	47.6852	HA	100%	Horizon Gold	100% of Commit, Rents & Rates	Panoramic Gold Pty Ltd



## Mineral Resources as at 30 June 2018

Resource	Resource Date	Cut-off grade (g/t Au)	Mineralisation Type	Indicated		Inferred		Total		Contained Gold (oz)
				Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	
<b>Open Pit Resources</b>										
Swan OC	Jun-15	0.7	Free Milling	2,250,000	2.6	990,000	2.4	3,240,000	2.5	261,000
Heron South	Aug-16	0.5	Refractory	1,140,000	2.2	2,000	1.3	1,140,000	2.2	80,000
Howards	Jul-13	0.4	Free Milling	5,250,000	1.1	720,000	1.0	5,970,000	1.1	204,000
Specimen Well	Aug-16	0.5	Free Milling			360,000	2.0	360,000	2.0	23,000
Toedter	Aug-16	0.5	Free Milling			690,000	1.5	690,000	1.5	34,000
Shiraz	Jul-13	0.4	Refractory	2,480,000	0.8	440,000	0.8	2,920,000	0.8	78,000
<b>Underground Resources</b>										
Swan UG	Jun-15	4.0/6.0	Free Milling	210,000	8.7	80,000	11.3	280,000	9.4	86,000
Swift UG	Jun-15	6.0	Free Milling			50,000	10.3	50,000	10.3	15,000
Kingfisher UG	Aug-16	3.5	Free Milling			390,000	6.1	390,000	6.1	77,000
Wilsons UG	Jul-13	1.0	Refractory	2,130,000	5.3	140,000	6.0	2,270,000	5.4	391,000
<b>Total</b>				<b>13,450,000</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>3,850,000</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>17,300,000</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1,250,000</b>

### Competent Person's Statement

The Annual Mineral Resources Statement has been compiled by Mr John Hicks. Mr Hicks is General Manager Exploration and a full-time employee of Panoramic Resources Limited. Mr Hicks is also a shareholder and holder of performance rights in Panoramic Resources Limited. Under a Management Agreement between Panoramic Resources Limited and Horizon Gold Limited dated 21 October 2016, Mr Hicks is authorised to report on Horizon Gold Limited Mineral Resources. Mr Hicks is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM). Mr Hicks has sufficient experience that is relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Hicks consents to the inclusion of the material in this report in the form and context in which it appears.

### No New Information or Data

The Annual Mineral Resources Statement contains references to Mineral Resource estimates, all of which have been cross referenced to previous market announcements. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant market announcements and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

# Corporate Directory

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Peter Harold  
*Non-Executive Chairman*

Paul Bennett  
*Non-Executive Director*

Peter Venn  
*Non-Executive Director*

## MANAGEMENT

Trevor Eton  
*Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary*

Tim Shervington  
*Alternate Company Secretary*

John Hicks  
*General Manager – Exploration*

Timothy Mason  
*Manager - Projects*

## REGISTERED OFFICE

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## AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS NUMBER

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## AUDITOR

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Ernst & Young Building  
11 Mounts Bay Road  
Perth, Western Australia, 6000

## BANKER

National Australia Bank  
100 St Georges Terrace  
Perth, Western Australia, 6000

## SHARE REGISTRY

Computershare Investor Services  
172 St Georges Terrace  
Perth, Western Australia, 6000

## TAX ADVISOR

Ernst & Young  
Ernst & Young Building  
11 Mounts Bay Road  
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