

ASX:IMU

Leading Innovation in Cancer Treatment



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Investment Highlights



Market Capitalisation

As of 2 September 2024

A\$500M

Cash Position As of 30 June 2024

A\$93.1M (Pro-forma)

PLATFORM TECHNOLOGIES

Allo CAR T Cell Therapy **CF33 Oncolytic Virus** onCARIytics **B** Cell Immunotherapy

LONG-LIFE **PATENT PORTFOLIO**



CLINICAL STUDIES

> 200 cancer patients dosed

azer-cel Ph1b DLBCL (FDA IND)

VAXINIA: Ph1 Solid Tumours (FDA IND)

onCARlytics: Ph1 Solid Tumours (FDA IND)

PD1-Vaxx: Ph2 neoPOLEM

DISEASE AREAS

Blood cancers

Breast (TNBC)

Lung (NSCLC)

Gastric

Gastroesophageal

Colorectal (CRC)

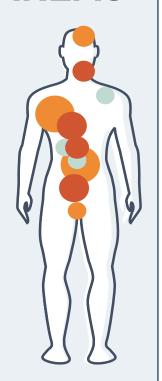
Melanoma

Head and Neck

Cholangicarcinoma

Pancreatic

Bladder



Three Novel Cancer Technologies In Clinical Trials







on CARIII on CAR

azer-cel CD19 CAR T

CF33 Oncolytic Virus

VAXINIA MAST Trial

onCARlytics CD19 targeting virus

OASIS Trial

Phase 1b

Off-the-shelf drug, aka "Allo" geneic

Targeting blood cancers

Positive Phase 1 data in 84 patients

Currently in Phase 1b

FDA IND

Phase 1

Novel cancer killing virus

Targeting a range of late-stage solid cancers

Phase 1 trial with >40 patients enrolled

Encouraging results in bile tract cancer

FDA IND

Phase 1

Novel virus which acts as a CD19 target in solid cancers

Makes solid cancers visible to CD19 drugs

Currently in Phase 1 in combination with Blinatumomab (Approved CD19 drug in blood cancers) in solid cancers

FDA IND



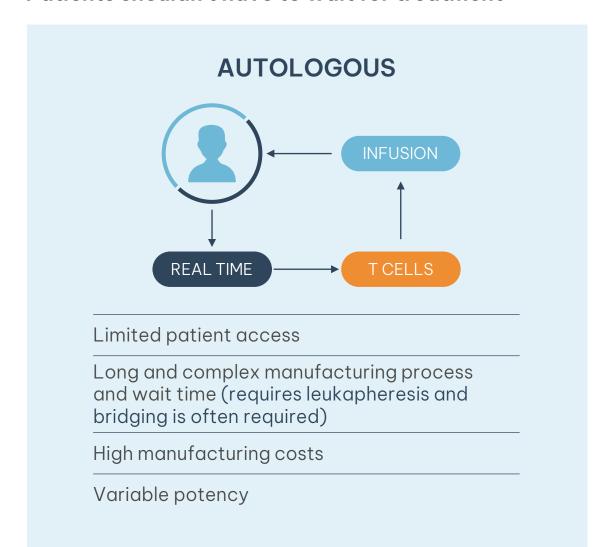
AZER-CEL CD19 CAR T FOR BLOOD CANCER

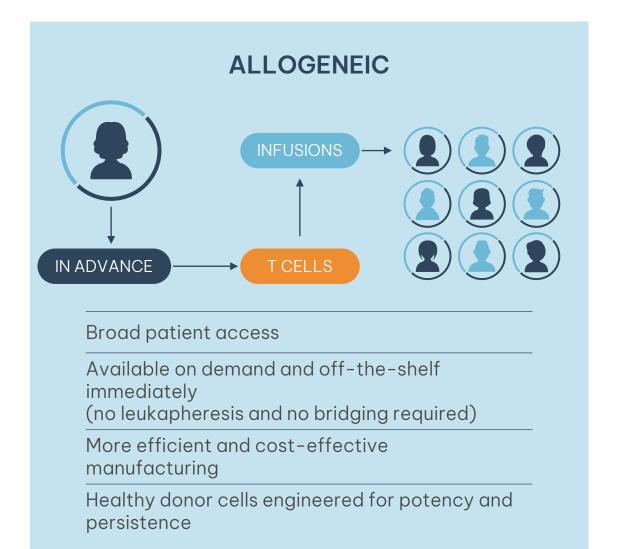


The Future of Cell Therapy is Off-the-Shelf Treatments



Patients shouldn't have to wait for treatment





What is Imugene's azer-cel CAR T?



Azer-cel is an

'off-the-shelf'
CAR T drug,
aka allogeneic, which is made
from healthy donor T-cells
that provide CAR T drug that
works for many patients

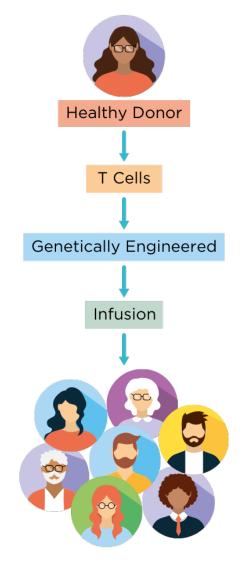
Azer-cel is currently enrolling patients with a rare form of blood cancer known as diffuse large B cell lymphoma (DLBCL) for patients who have failed approved treatments

Approximately **30,000** cases (US) per year of DLBCL blood cancer¹

CAR T drugs have **revolutionised treatments** for blood cancer

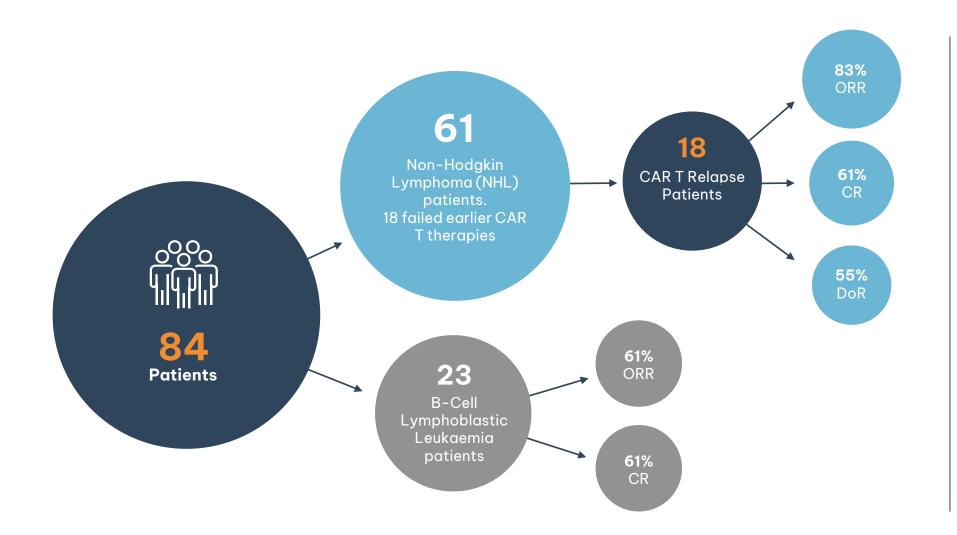
The technology was acquired in September 2023 A Phase 1 clinical trial in 84 patients was completed across twelve leading cancer centres in the US The large Phase
1 trial
demonstrated
safety and
encouraging
signs of
efficacy

Currently in a
Phase 1b trial
in leading US
centres, with
plans to open
in Australia



Large Phase 1 Blood Cancer Trial Completed in 84 Patients with Encouraging Results







Overall Response Rate:

the percentage of patients who have a partial response or complete response to the drug within a certain period of time



Complete Response:

disappearance of all signs of cancer in the body



Duration of Response: the time from first dose to disease progression who achieved complete or partial response. Median duration in ≥ 6-months¹

DLBCL is an Aggressive Type of Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL) with Improving Options for Patients



~30,000 New Cases in the U.S. Annually (2020 - SEER)

1st line

R-CHOP (Combination Chemotherapy*)

2nd line

High dose chemotherapy w/ stem cell transplant.
Auto CD19 CAR T cell therapies: Yescarta (Gilead), Kymriah (Novartis), Breyanzi (BMS).

3rd line

No standard of care – for auto CAR T relapse patients

~60% of patients are cured with R-CHOP (Combination Chemotherapy*)

~6,000 patients become eligible for 2nd line; 20-25% of these patients are cured

60-65% of patients treated with auto CD19 CAR T relapse

Pool of post CAR T patients needing next line therapy expected to grow as auto CAR T therapies continue to penetrate in earlier lines of therapy

CD19 Autologous CAR T Failure Market is Large and Growing



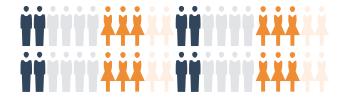






60-65%

of patients currently treated with autologous CD19 CAR T will relapse¹



By 2025

Global CAR T relapse patient pool is expected to grow ~4x as autologous CAR T drugs become the Standard of Care

Estimate total Global G8 markets to be ~18k patients per year²

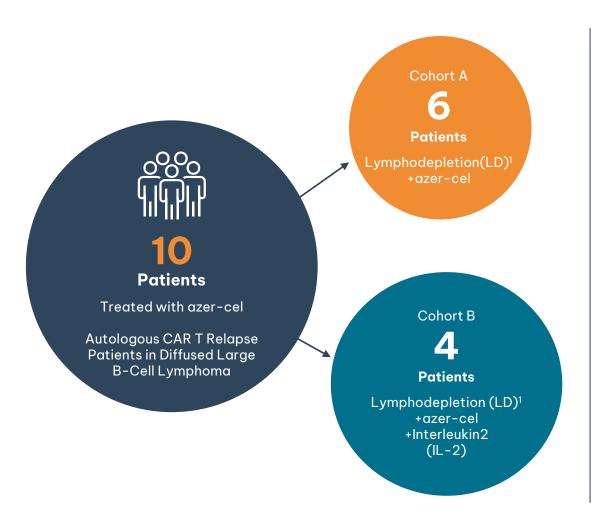
Potential blockbuster sales of ~\$2.5B³ per annum in DLBCL (Blood cancer) CAR T relapsed patients

Note: Retrospective Literature states that 12–28% of patients have antigen negative relapse (CD19–)

- 1. Estimated from ZUMA 1 and ZUMA 7 EFS rates:
- 2. G8 includes US, Japan, Canada and EU5 assuming equal access to CAR T therapies; market research, CancerMPac
- 3. TAM: total addressable market is total number of treatable patients x price at 100% market share

67% Complete Response Rates Observed in Phase 1b Cohort B





	Evaluable patients: Cohort A+B (N=9)	Evaluable patients: Cohort A (N=6)	Evaluable patients: Cohort B (N=3)*
Overall Response Rate %	4 (44%)	2 (33%)	2 (67%)
Complete Response %	3 (33%)	1 (17%)	2 (67%)
Best Durability (Time of response)		<60 days	>120 days on going

^{*}One patient currently SD, probable pseudoprogression; assessment of response at follow up scans.

Cohort B Results

- The first 2 patients treated achieved a complete response (CR), 1
 patient had stable disease (SD)*, 1 patient yet to be evaluated
- Responses were seen in patients who failed multiple prior treatments, including autologous CAR T therapies
- Phase 1b trial continues to enroll patients into Cohort B across 15
 leading cancer centres in the U.S. including, Columbia University,
 University of Minnesota, Emory and Moffitt Cancer Centres and
 plans are ongoing to open up to 5 sites in Australia.

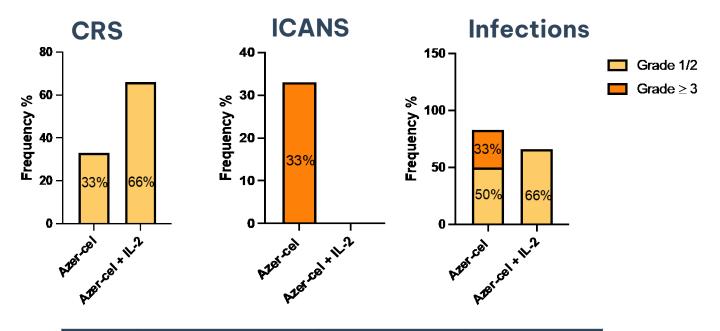
Azer-cel has a Manageable Safety Profile



No evidence of GVHD or GR. ≥3 CRS

Safety Profile

- Manageable CRS occurs
 within first week but resolves
 quickly
- In Cohort B, no ICANS has been observed to date
- While infections have occurred, the majority have been Grade 1 or 2

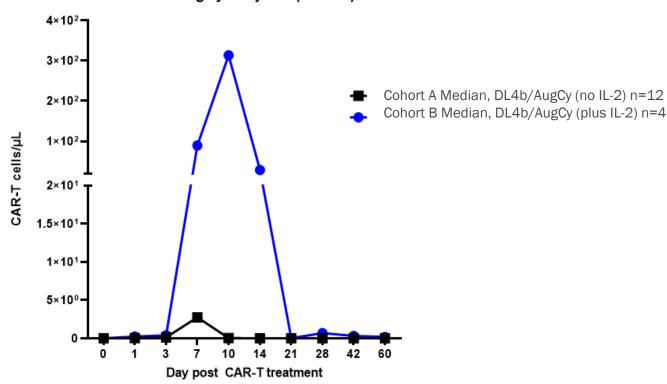


		Cohort A azer-cel N=6	Cohort B azer-cel + IL-2 N=3*
CRS	Time to Onset, Median	0.5 days (0-1)	8.5 days (3-14)
	Duration, Median	1.5 days (1-2)	1 day
ICANS	Time to Onset, Median	4.5 days (4-5)	-
	Duration, Median	3.5 days (3-4)	-

Addition of IL-2 to Dosing Regimen Enhances CAR-T Expansion and Possibly Efficacy *In Vivo*



CAR T Pharmacokinetic (PK) profile for DL4b/AugCy subjects (+/- IL-2)



IL-2 effect on azer-cel persistence

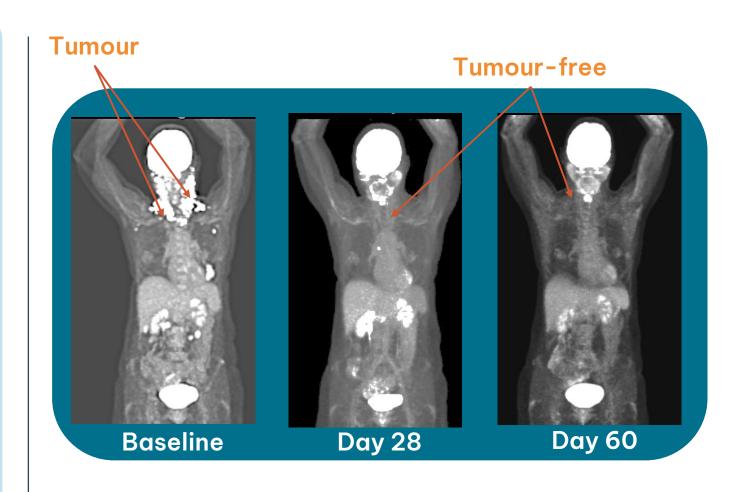
- Limited expansion seen in vivo in the absence of IL-2
- Higher C-Max in patients with IL-2
- Addition of IL-2 increases CAR-T persistence out to at least 60 days
- Increased azer-cel persistence likely correlates with therapeutic response

Representative PET Scans of Complete Responses



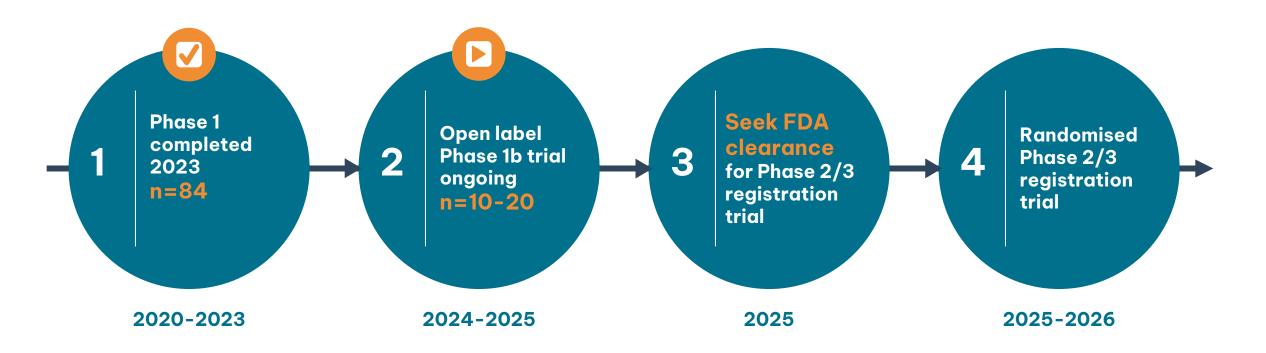
Subject Treatment Summary

- 60 yo female, first diagnosed with DLBCL (GCB, w/o c-Myc/BCL-2 rearrangements), stage IV in Apr 2012. Treated at University of Minnesota (UMN).
- Prior to azer-cel, patient failed 5 prior lines of therapy; R-CHOP x 6; Rituxan, RICE x 2 followed by BEAM + auto HCT and maintenance therapy (Rituximab + ADAM17 inhibitor); Yescarta/Flu/Cy; Loncastuximab / ibrutinib
- Pathologist report revealed neoplastic cells were positive (3.9%) for CD19 by flow
- Azer-cel treatment regimen
 - Augmented Cy conditioning regimen (750 mg/m2/d (3d) Cyclophosphamide i.v. + 30 mg/m2/d (3d) fludarabine iv) + low dose SC IL-2
 - DL4b (500 x 106 CAR T cells)
- Notable Safety Events-No CRS/ICANS
- Response PR @ D28, CR @ D60 & **D90**



Azer-cel Clinical Development Strategy



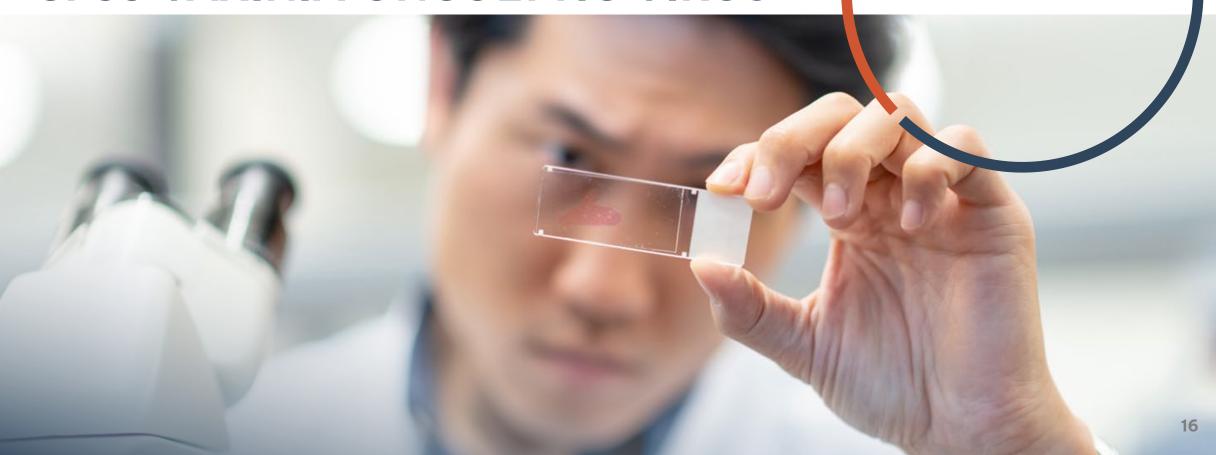


Milestones:

- Preliminary early DLBCL Phase 1b data update
- Diffused Large B-Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) Phase 1b interim data update
- Target regulatory meeting with FDA
- FPI in registration Phase 2/3 trial

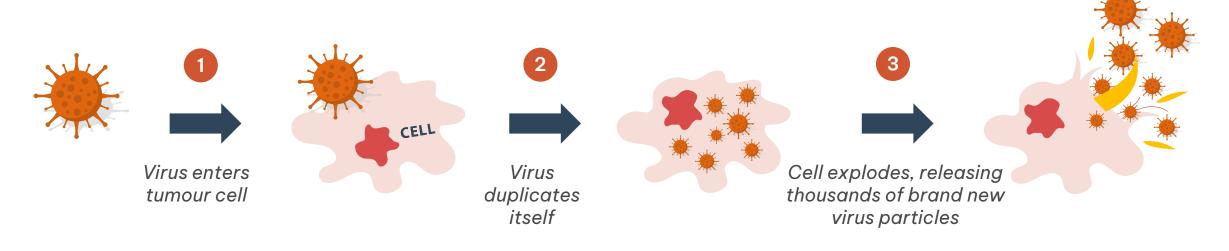






CF33 VAXINIA Can Infect and Kill Cancer Cells





Engineering enhancements

- Infect and kill only cancer cells
- Carry payloads to increase killing

Multiple ways to kill cancer cells

- Direct killing
- Activation of immune cells to kill cancer cells
- Priming the tumour environment to enhance immune response¹

Precedent for approval

- Tvec approved in the United States for skin cancer (2015)
- Oncorine approved in China for head and neck cancer (2005)
- Delytact approved in Japan for brain cancer (2021)

TME: tumour microenvironment 1. *Ribas et al.*. *Cell 170:1109. 2017*

Phase 1 VAXINIA

Metastatic Advanced Solid Tumour (MAST) Trial





Dose Administration (Parallel Groups)

n=52-100 patients



Intratumoural (IT) Administration

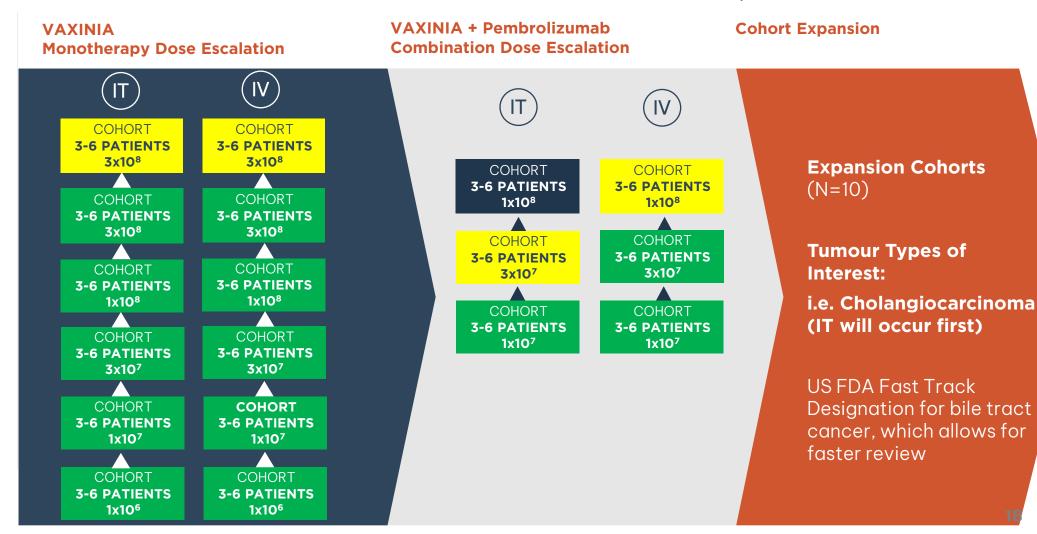
Metastatic and Advanced Solid Tumours



Intravenous (IV) Administration

Metastatic and Advanced Solid Tumours

Site Location: USA, AUS



Phase 1 MAST Trial - Encouraging Early Signals





Patients¹

• >40 patients have been dosed and evaluated (at least their first scan at day 42)















Disease Control So Far

- Nearly half of the evaluable patients (48%) have remained on treatment for >3 months
- 3 patients have remained on treatment for >200 days



\$

Responses

- Patient with bile tract cancer who had a complete response (CR); ongoing remission for >1.7 years
- 2 patients with melanoma had partial responses (PRs); 17 patients achieved stable disease (SD)



Bile Tract Trial

- Bile tract cancer expansion trial opened based on positive response
- Preliminary and early data are expected in the second half 2024



Fast Track

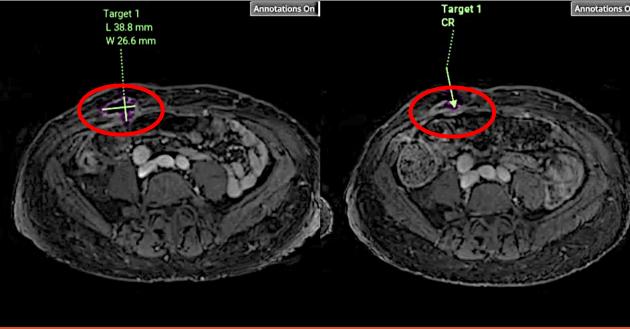
• US FDA Fast Track Designation for bile tract cancer, which allows for faster review

Turning Cold Tumours Hot



Complete Remission after Pseudoprogression (immune activity) in a Monotherapy patient with a cold tumour (bile tract cancer)





Baseline scanStart of the Trial

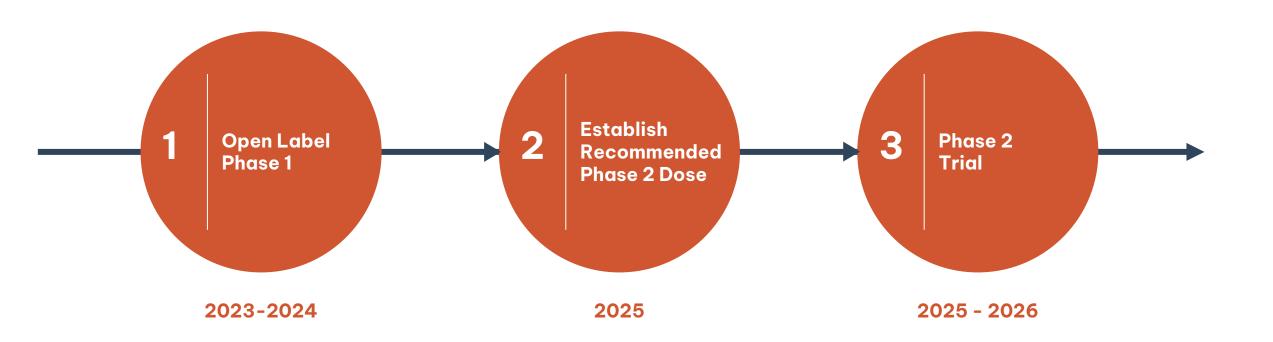
Second scan
Pseudoprogression
(Tumour looks to have grown due to immune activity)

Third scanDecreased <u>size</u>

Fourth scan
Complete Remission

MAST CF33 Clinical Development Strategy





Milestones:

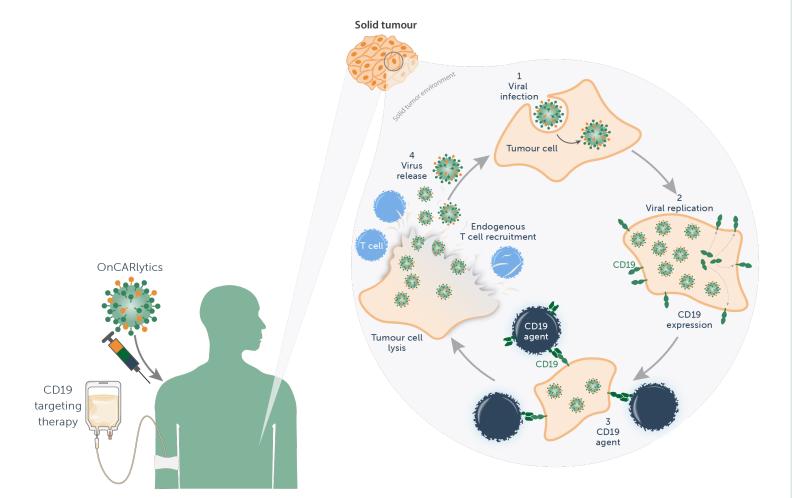
- Intratumoural (IT) Second Indication Trial open
- Preliminary early Bile Tract expansion trial update
- Optimal Biological Dose Established for IT and/or Intravenous (IV) monotherapy
- Phase 2 Study Open
- Phase 2 First Patient In (FPI)







Mechanism of Action: How Does it Work?



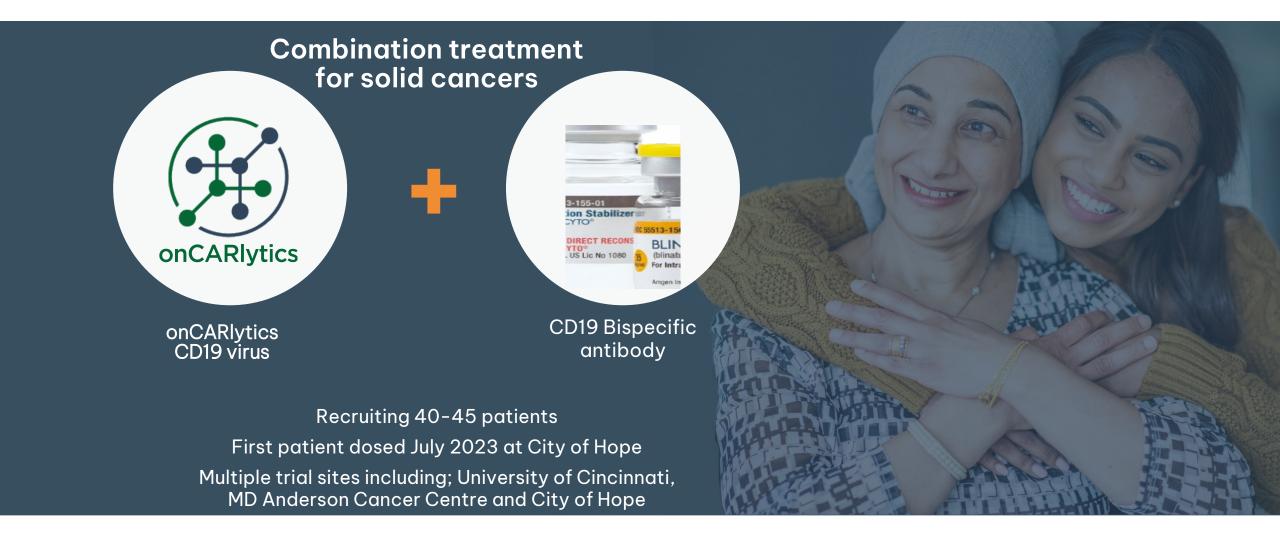


OnCARlytics makes solid tumors "seen" by CD19 targeting therapies

- OnCARlytics infects
 Tumour cells
- Virus replication and production of CF33-CD19 on the cell surface enabling CD19 cell targeting
- Tumour cell lysis leads to viral particle release and the combination promotes endogenous immune cell
- Released viral particles
 re-initiate virus infection of
 surrounding Tumour cells 23

Imugene has Initiated The OASIS Phase 1 Open Label Trial with CD19 Virus and Blinatumomab

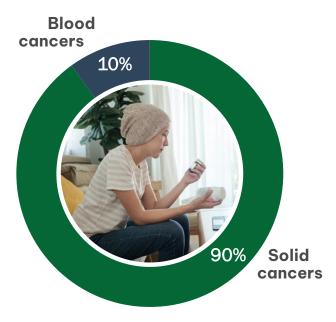




Variety of Approved Therapies Available for Combination with OnCARlytics



OnCARlytics can become the preferred partner for CD19 therapies in solid tumours (~90% of cancer market)



Global blood cancer CAR T market ~USD \$3B in 2023; projected to be ~USD \$23B by 2033, growing at a compound annual growth rate of 23.35%¹

The global solid tumor cancer treatment market size estimated at USD 185.97 billion in 2022 and is projected to grow around USD 532.42 billion by 2032

onCARlytics could open up 90% of the market in solid tumours

Combination Opportunities				
Company		First FDA Approval	Target	Approved Cancers
KYMRIAH* (tisagenlecleucel) for ry Infrasion	U NOVARTIS	2017	CD19 Auto CAR T	B-ALL, DLBCL
YESCARTA* (axicabtagene ciloleucel) the reduces	Kite A GILEAD Company	2017	CD19 Auto CAR T	DLBCL, R/F FL
TECARTUS* (brexucabtagene autoleucel) in menuan	Kite A GILEAD Company	2020	CD19 Auto CAR T	R/R MCL
Breyanzi (Isocatagone marabued arress	ر ^{ااا} Bristol Myers Squibb°	2021	CD19 Auto CAR T	DLBCL
MONJUVI stafasitamab-cxix 200mg	morphosys	2020	CD19 Monoclonal Antibodies (MAbs)	DLBCL
uplizna Inebilizumab-cdon	HORIZON	2020	CD19 MAbs	NMOSD
BLINCYTO (blinatumomab) ¹⁵⁷ / _{Vipocton}	AMGEN	2014	CD19-CD3 Bispecific MAbs	ALL
Zynlonta (*) loncostucimob tesime-loyi terapiotas de minerana un tibaj	THEPAPEUTICS	2021	CD19 Antibody- drug conjugate (ADC)	B-Cell Lymphomo

CD19 Virus Clinical Development Strategy





Milestones

- FPLIT Combo Cohort 1
- Early IT and/or IV Combo data
- Optimal Biological Dose (OBD) Established
- Phase 2 FPI
- OnCARlytics + azer-cel FDA IND and FPI in solid tumours

Future Combination Phase 1 Trial with azer-cel and CD19 virus

- Preclinically, Azer-cel in combination with onCARlytics demonstrated sustained, robust activity against multiple tumour types
- Showed 100% killing of Triple Negative Breast Cancer and Gastric Cancer at 72 hours

Expected Upcoming Key Catalysts



H₂ 2024

- azer-cel: Preliminary early DLBCL
 Phase 1b data update
- onCARlytics: FPI IT Combo Cohort 1
- onCARlytics: Early IT and/or IV Combo data
- VAXINIA: Second indication trial open
- VAXINIA: Preliminary early Bile Tract expansion trial update

Key

FPI: First Patient In

Combo: Combination Therapy

Mono: Monotherapy

DLBCL: Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma

(Blood Cancer)

IA: Intra-arterial, IP: Intraperitoneal IT: Intratumoural, IV: Intravenous

2025-2026

- azer-cel: DLBCL Phase 1b interim data update
- azer-cel: Target regulatory meeting with FDA
- azer-cel: FPI in registration Phase 2/3 study
- azer-cel: Expansion into additional blood cancers (Phase 1b Expansion Cohort)
- onCARlytics: Data update and trial expansion
- onCARlytics: Optimal Biological Dose (OBD) Established
- onCARlytics + azer-cel FDA IND and FPI in solid tumours
- onCARlytics: Phase 2 FPI
- VAXINIA: Optimal Biological Dose Established for IT and/or IV monotherapy
- VAXINIA: Phase 2 Study Open
- VAXINIA: Phase 2 FPI
- VAXINIA: IP & IA Phase 1 FPIs



Investment Highlights





Robust platform technologies supporting 4 clinical trials with >200 patients treated to date in US and Australia, all under FDA INDs

Novel platforms in immuno-oncology, cell therapy (CAR Ts) and cancer viruses

Strong cash position of \$93 million as at June 2024



Clinical data readouts over next 12 months



Deeply
experienced
cancer drug
development
management
team





Experienced Leadership Team has brought > 17 FDA Approved Drugs to Market





Leslie Chong
Chief Executive Officer
& Managing Director











Dr. Paul Woodard, MD
Chief Medical Officer









Dr. Bradley Glover, PhD MBA Chief Operating Officer













Ursula McCurry Chief Clinical Operations Officer











Dr. John Byon, MD, PhD Senior VP of Clinical Development







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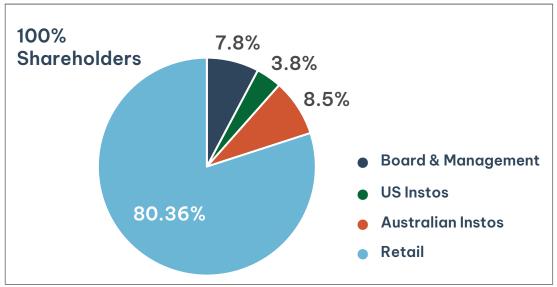




Corporate Snapshot



Stock Code	ASX IMU
12 Month Trading Range	3.9-15 cents
Market Capitalisation (2 September 2024)	\$500 million
Shares on Issue	7.4 B
Average Monthly Trading Volume	583 million shares
Cash at Bank (30 June 2024)	A\$93.1 million
No of Shareholders	29,465
Board & Management Ownership	7.8%



Top 15 Shareholders		
Paul Hopper	409,071,906	5.50%
Vanguard	315,683,712	4.24%
Mann Family	265,582,609	3.57%
Private Clients of AustralianSuper	120,688,917	1.62%
Dr Nicholas Smith	118,000,000	1.59%
Precision BioSciences Inc	87,999,186	1.18%
Ms Leslie Chong	85,710,416	1.15%
BlackRock Investment Mgt	54,791,056	0.74%
State Street Global Advisors	53,269,804	0.72%
Thorney Investments	50,328,041	0.68%
5 Financial	49,812,888	0.67%
UBS Financial Services Inc	37,922,410	0.51%
Goldman Sachs Asia	35,054,415	0.47%
Netwealth Investments	34,943,717	0.47%
UBS AG Zurich	33,967,341	0.46%

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