

Corporate Governance Statement

This Corporate Governance Statement reports the governance processes and procedures in place at Riedel Resources Limited as at 30 June 2024 and has been approved by the board of the Company as at 27 September 2024. This Corporate Governance Statement is also provided on our website at <u>www.riedelresources.com.au</u>, together with copies of our Board and Board Committee Charters and some of the Company's key policies. The ASX Appendix 4G, which is a checklist cross-referencing the fourth edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (ASX Recommendations) to the relevant disclosures in the Corporate Governance Statement and the 2024 Annual Report is also provided on that webpage.

Commitment to Good Governance

The directors of Riedel Resources Limited ("Riedel Resources" or the "Company") believe that effective corporate governance improves company performance, enhances corporate social responsibility and benefits all stakeholders. Governance practices are not a static set of principles, and the Company will assess its governance practices on an annual basis. Changes and improvements are made in a substance over form manner, which appropriately reflect the changing circumstances of the company as it grows and evolves. Accordingly, the Board has established a number of practices and policies to ensure that these intentions are met and that all shareholders are fully informed about the affairs of the Company.

ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition)

Riedel Resources reviews all of its corporate governance practices and policies on an annual basis to ensure they are appropriate for the Company's current stage of development. From 30 September 2020, the Company adopted the fourth edition of the ASX Recommendations, which was released on 30 June 2020. To this end, the Company's corporate governance practices and policies were made with consideration to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations (fourth edition) ('CGRs').

As set out in the Appendix 4G attached, the Company has complied with all ASX Recommendations for the full financial year ended 30 June 2024, except ASX Recommendations 1.6, 1.7, 2.4, and 2.5.



ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition)

Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight by the board

Recommendation 1.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Board of Directors is collectively responsible for the success of the Company. To achieve this objective, the Board must promote and protect the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board must also ensure that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory, and legal obligations.

The conduct of the Board, as well as being governed by federal and state legislation, the ASX Listing Rules and the Common Law, is also regulated by the Company's constitution, Code of Conduct and other Company policies.

The roles and responsibilities of the Board and the Senior Management ("Executives") are set out in the Company's Board Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/

The Board Charter provides that the Board has the following key responsibilities:

- (a) providing leadership to the Company by:
 - (i) defining the Company's purpose;
 - (ii) approving the Company's Statement of Values and Code of Conduct to underpin the desired culture within the Company;
 - (iii) always acting in a manner consistent with the Company's culture and Code of Conduct and Statement of Values;
- (b) overseeing the development and implementation of an appropriate strategy, the instilling of the Company's values and performance by:
 - (i) working with the senior management team to ensure that an appropriate strategic direction and array of goals are in place;
 - (ii) regularly reviewing and amending or updating the Company's strategic direction and goals;
 - (iii) ensuring that an appropriate set of internal controls are implemented and reviewed regularly;
 - (iv) ensuring an appropriate framework exists for relevant information to be reported by the management to the Board;
 - (v) when required, overseeing planning activities including the development and approval of strategic plans, annual plans, annual corporate budgets and long-term budgets including operating budgets, capital expenditure budgets and cash flow budgets; and
 - (vi) reviewing the progress and performance of the Company in meeting these plans and corporate objectives, including reporting the outcome of such reviews on at least an annual basis;
- (c) overseeing the control and accountability systems that ensure the Company is progressing towards the goals set by the Board and are in line with the Company's purpose, the agreed corporate strategy, legislative requirements and community expectations;



- (d) ensuring corporate accountability to the shareholders primarily through adopting an effective shareholder communications strategy, encouraging effective participation at general meetings and, through the Chair, being the key interface between the Company and its shareholders;
- (e) ensuring the integrity of the Company's accounting systems including the external audit;
- (f) ensuring robust and effective risk management (for both financial and non-financial risks), compliance, continuous disclosure and control systems (including legal compliance) are in place and operating effectively;
- (g) appointing, and where necessary removing and/or replacing, the Chair;
- (h) being responsible for the Company's senior management and personnel including:
 - (i) directly managing the performance of the Managing Director, or equivalent executive officer (MD) including:
 - (A) appointing and remunerating the MD;
 - (B) providing advice and counsel to the MD including formal reviews and feedback on his or her performance; and
 - (C) overseeing the development or removal of the MD, where necessary;
 - (ii) ratifying the appointment, the terms and conditions of the appointment and, where appropriate, removal of the Chief Financial Officer (or their equivalent) (CFO) and/or Company Secretary and other senior executives;
 - (iii) ensuring appropriate checks are undertaken prior to the appointment of directors and senior executives;
 - (iv) ensuring that an appropriate succession plan for the MD, CFO and Company Secretary is in place; and
 - (v) when required, ensuring appropriate human resource systems (including OH&S systems) are in place to ensure the well-being and effective contribution of all employees;
- (i) ensuring that the Company's remuneration and nomination policies are aligned with the entity's purpose, values, strategic objectives and risk appetite;
- (j) delegating appropriate powers to the MD, management and committees to ensure the effective day-today management of the business and monitoring the exercise of these powers;
- (k) ensuring Directors receive briefings on material developments in laws, regulations and accounting standards relevant to the Company;
- (I) where required, challenging management and holding it to account; and
- (m) making all decisions outside the scope of these delegated powers.

The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company to the Managing Director or their equivalent who is supported as required by the Executives. However, the Board remains ultimately responsible for the strategic direction of the Company.

The Board Charter provides that the Managing Director (or equivalent executive officer) specific key includes:



- (a) managing and administering the day-to-day operations of the Company and its businesses in accordance with the purpose, values, strategy, business plans and policies approved by the Board;
- (b) developing, in conjunction with the Board, the Company's vision, values, and goals;
- (c) responsibility for the achievement of corporate goals and objectives;
- (d) development of short, medium and long term corporate strategies and planning to achieve the Company's vision and overall business objectives;
- (e) preparation of business plans and reports with the senior management;
- (f) developing with the Board the definition of ongoing corporate strategy;
- (g) implementing and monitoring strategy and reporting/presenting to the Board on current and future initiatives;
- (h) advising the Board regarding the most effective organisational structure and overseeing its implementation;
- (i) assessing business opportunities of potential benefit to the Company;
- (j) responsibility for proposals for major capital expenditure to ensure their alignment with corporation strategy and justification on economic grounds;
- (k) sustaining competitive advantage through maximising available resources, encouraging staff commitment and strategically aligning the corporate culture with the organisation's goals and objectives;
- (I) establishing and maintaining effective and positive relationships with Board members, shareholders, customers, suppliers and other government and business liaisons;
- (m) undertaking the role of key Company spokesperson;
- (n) recommending policies to the Board in relation to a range of organisational issues including delegations of authority, consultancies and performance incentives;
- (o) ensuring statutory, legal and regulatory compliance and comply with corporate policies and standards;
- (p) ensuring appropriate risk management practices and policies are in place;
- (q) developing and motivating direct reports and their respective teams;
- (r) selecting and appointing key staff as and when required (direct reports); and
- (s) ensuring there is an appropriate staff appraisal system in place in the Company.



Recommendation 1.2

A listed entity should:

- a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and
- b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

As stipulated in the CGRs, background checks are carried out on all new directors and senior executives prior to their appointment or submission to security holders for election. These checks include: gaining character references; confirming the experience and education of the new director; and checking that the new Director has not been bankrupt.

The Company ensures that all material information in its possession relevant to a shareholder's decision whether to elect or re-elect a director, including the information referred to in Recommendation 1.2, is provided to shareholders in the Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Recommendation 1.3

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

Each Director and Executive of the Company has an agreement in writing with the Company which sets out the key terms and conditions of their appointment including their duties, rights and responsibilities and (to the extent applicable) the matters referred to in the commentary to Recommendation 1.3.

Recommendation 1.4

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

The responsibilities of the Company Secretary are set out in the Board Charter located at: https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/

Recommendation 1.5

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and

 - 3. either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.



The Company is committed to workplace diversity through acting in fairness and without prejudice. The Company believes that decision-making is enhanced through diversity and supports and encourages diversity at all levels of the organisation in accordance with the Company's Diversity Policy, a copy of which is located at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/. In addition, the organisations Statement of Values

<u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>. In addition, the organisations Statement of Values and Code of Conduct is also available for inspection on the Company's website.

Riedel Resources has adopted a Diversity Policy that includes, but is not limited to, factors such as gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background.

The Diversity Policy states that the setting of any measurable objectives is the responsibility of the Board.

The Board will review measurable objectives, if any, and the progress against the objectives annually.

At the end of the current reporting period, no measurable objectives have been set by the Company given the size and nature of the Company's operations.

As at 27 September 2024, the proportion of women on the Board and in senior management positions was three (2023: one). The proportion of women in overall Riedel workforce was 37.5% (2023: 16.67%).

Recommendation 1.6

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- b) disclose, for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The Board Charter provides that the Board's performance shall be evaluated in such a manner as the Board deems appropriate.

A formal Director performance evaluation was not conducted in 2024, but the Chair did give feedback to each Director. In the coming year, each Director performance will be discussed, whereby the performance of individual members and the performance of the Board as a whole, will be assessed. A standalone board performance review was not conducted during the year.

Recommendation 1.7

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The Company's policy is to conduct annual evaluations of the performance of senior executives.

The Company's process for evaluating the performance of the Executives is stated in the Board Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.

The Company has not conducted a performance evaluation on its senior executives in the reporting period, however verbal feedback has continued to be provided by the Chair to its US-based executive team.



Principle 2 - Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a nomination committee which:
 - 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- 3. the charter of the committee;
- 4. the members of the committee; and
- 5. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendance of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Company has not established a Nomination Committee as the Board only consists of four (4) members.

It is considered that the establishment of a Nomination Committee would not be a more efficient mechanism than the full Board performing the role and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee.

The Company has adopted a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter which is available for inspection on the Company's website. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter includes details of the structure and the responsibilities of the Committee, which are currently performed by the Board. Responsibilities include the appointment of new directors and developing, implementing and reviewing processes to address succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to be an effective decision-making body and discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. It also states that the Remuneration and Nomination Committee must meet at least twice a year. The Board confirms that it has met during the reporting period to undertake the responsibilities of the Nomination Committee.

Recommendation 2.2

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

As detailed on the Company website, the directors are all professionals with a wealth of experience in different areas relevant to Riedel Resources business. Riedel Resources is committed to ensuring the Board is comprised of directors who possess the appropriate mix of skills, expertise and diversity to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties.

Through the use of a board skills matrix, the Board assesses the need for additional or new directors and the value the current directors bring to the Board. The mix of skills comprised in the current Board, and that the Board would look to maintain and to build on, includes:

- resource sector experience;
- technical expertise (including accounting, legal, exploration and mining operations);
- corporate and governance;
- debt and equity fundraising experience;
- high level of business acumen; and
- appropriate team oriented behavioural characteristics.

In saying that, the Board structure and composition will be reviewed as and when the Company's strategic direction and activities change. The Company will only recommend the appointment of additional directors to the board where it believes the expertise and value added outweighs the additional cost. The Board conducted a review of its skills for the period ending 30 June 2024, a summary of the results of which, are tabled below.



Skill	Number of
	Directors holding
	this skill
Operational	
Industry knowledge: Knowledge of exploration, development, processing or production of gold or base metals or other minerals.	4
Exploration: Been previously responsible for exploration programs and resource development.	4
Development: Had direct experience in the operational aspects of mining exploration and development.	4
Operations: Been a former or current director of company with an operating mine or a mining executive with operational experience.	3
Human Resources and Leadership: Senior executive experience and the ability to evaluate executive and Board performance, executive remuneration, and succession planning, and to influence organisational culture.	4
Legal and Finance	
Corporate financing: Experience with capita4I management strategies and fundraisings (including debt financing and equity capital raisings).	4
Financial and accounting: Former or current CFO role, or professional experience in corporate finance, financial accounting, reporting and treasury.	4
Legal and governance: Knowledge of relevant laws and regulatory frameworks, and an ability to identify and oversee the Company's management of its legal and contractual obligations and compliance management.	4
Corporate and Governance	
Board of Director Experience: Experience as a director or senior executive sitting on or interacting directly with a Board and dealing with all areas of corporate governance.	4
International Jurisdiction Experience: Director or executive experience working in a foreign jurisdiction or sitting on the Board of a global company.	4
ASX experience: Director or Executive experience in ASX listed company(s).	4
Strategic Planning: Identifying and critically assessing strategic opportunities and threats to the organisation and implementing successful strategies in the context of an organisation's policies and business objectives.	4
M&A / Joint Ventures: Experience with assessing capital projects, investments and merger and acquisition opportunities and joint ventures, and their financing and performance.	4
Stakeholder relations: Experience in stakeholder relations, including shareholders, government and community liaison.	4
Risk Management: Direct involvement in risk management and insurances and has been or is a current member of another company's risk management committee.	4
Health, Safety, Environment and Community (HSEC): Experience in integrating HSEC principles into decision making and proactive identification and prevention of HSEC risk.	4

Recommendation 2.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
- c) the length of service of each director.



Director	Role	Profession	Non- Executive	Independent	In office (years)
Mr Grant Mooney	Non-Executive Chair	Chartered Accountant	Yes	Yes	+5
Mr Michael Bohm	Non-Executive Director	Mining Engineer	Yes	No	+3
Mr Scott Cuomo	Non-Executive Director	Stockbroker	Yes	Yes	+7
Mr Jason Pater	Non-Executive Director	Business Executive	Yes	No	+3

The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer.

An Independent Director is a Non-Executive Director, and:

- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- within the last three years has not been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- within the last three years has not been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another group member. Or an employee materially associated with the service provided;
- is not a material supplier or customer of the Company or another group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer;
- has no material contractual relationship with the Company or other group member other than as a Director of the Company;
- has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The materiality thresholds are assessed on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the relevant Director's specific circumstances, rather than referring to a general materiality threshold.

Mr Mooney is the Non-Executive Chair of the Company and was appointed to the Board on 31 October 2018. He meets the Company's criteria for independence.

Mr Bohm is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and was appointed on 11 December 2020. He does not meet the definition of an independent Director as he is a Director of Flagstaff Minerals Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Mr Cuomo is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and was appointed to the Board on 26 July 2017. He meets the Company's criteria for independence.

Mr Pater is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and was appointed to the Board on 1 February 2021. He does not meet the criteria for being independent as he is a representative on the board for a substantial shareholder, Southern Cross Capital Pty Ltd.

Recommendation 2.4

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

The Company's Board did not comprise of a majority of independent directors for the full financial year ended 30 June 2024. The Board structure and composition will be reviewed as and when the Company's strategic direction and activities change. The Company will only recommend the appointment of additional directors to the Board where the expertise and value added outweighs the additional cost.



Recommendation 2.5

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

The Chair is considered to be an independent Director and is not the same person as the CEO of the Company. Mr Grant Mooney stepped into the role of Chair on 3 April 2024. Prior to this, the role of Chair was held by Mr Michael Bohm. The Board considers Mr Bohm to not be an independent Director.

Recommendation 2.6

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

New Directors are provided with the Company's Charters, Policies and other information that will ensure that they are aware of the Company's operations and management.

The Company supports the continuing development of Directors and will provide adequate opportunities as required.

Principle 3 - Promote ethical and responsible decision making

Recommendation 3.1

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

Riedel Resources instils and reinforces a culture across the Company of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly. It seeks to operate in line with its values and ensure directors, senior executives and employees work to reinforce these values.

The Company's senior executives have the responsibility of instilling these values across the Company including ensuring that all employees receive appropriate training on the values and referencing and reinforcing the values in interactions with employees.

Riedel Resources has adopted a Statement of Values to express the standards and behaviours it expects from its directors, senior executives and employees to fulfil its purpose and meet its goals. A copy of the Company's Statement of Values is available on its website at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/.

Recommendation 3.2

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

The Company has a Code of Conduct which sets out the standards of behaviour expected of all its employees, directors, officers, contractors and consultants. A copy of this policy is located athttps://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/.

There were no material breaches of that policy during the year.



Recommendation 3.3

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
- b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

The Company has a Whistleblower Protection Policy. A copy of this document is located at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/.

There were no material incidents reported under the policy.

Recommendation 3.4

A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

The Company has an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy. A copy of this document is located at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/

Riedel Resources has adopted this Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy to express the minimum standards to which all representatives of the Company must adhere to at all times in all business dealings.

There were no material breaches reported under the policy.

Principle 4 - Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

Recommendation 4.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have an audit committee which:
 - 1. has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,

and disclose:

- 3. the charter of the committee;
- 4. the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- 5. in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members of those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose the fact and the process it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Company does not have a separate Audit Committee. Given the size of the board it has been decided that there are no efficiencies to be gained from forming a separate audit committee. The current board members carry out the roles that would otherwise be undertaken by an Audit Committee.

The procedures detailed in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter outlines the process employed by the board of directors to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner, a copy of which is available at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/.



Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively

The Chief Executive Officer and Financial Controller (or their respective equivalents) provide the Board with a declaration in accordance with S295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) ("Corporations Act") that all financial statements lodged throughout the reporting period are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance.

Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

The relevant contents of reports released by Riedel Resources via the ASX Market Announcements platform will be verified by the appropriate person having primary responsibility and expertise in the area.

For reports relating to:

- financial matters, typically Riedel Resources' Financial Controller, will sign off on such reports in conjunction with the Company's Chair;
- technical matters, typically the Company's CEO (or equivalent), will sign off on such reports; and
- in regard to matters outside these areas, Riedel Resources will typically engage with its external advisers as to the form and content of the relevant disclosure.

All reports released via the ASX Market Announcements platform will be subject to approval by the Company's directors.

Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy. This policy outlines the disclosure obligations of the Company and its subsidiaries, as required under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules. This policy is designed to ensure that Riedel Resources complies with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules such that:

- all investors have equal and timely access to material information; and
- Riedel Resources' announcements are factual and presented in a clear and balanced manner.

All Riedel Resources directors, officers and employees should observe the requirements set out in this policy.

The purpose of the policy is to:

- summarise the Company's disclosure obligations in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act;
- explain what type of information needs to be disclosed;
- identify who is responsible for disclosure; and
- explain how individuals at the Company can contribute.

A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is available from the corporate governance section of the company's website at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/



Recommendation 5.2

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

Per the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, the Company Secretary (or, in their absence, the Company's Chair) will ensure that the Board is sent a copy (generally via email) of all material ASX disclosures and media releases, promptly after they have been made.

Recommendation 5.3

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Per the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, if any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations are made, the Company will release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Principle 6 - Respect the rights of shareholders

Recommendation 6.1

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Information about the Company and its operations is located at: www.riedelresources.com.au

Information about the Company's corporate governance (including links to the Company's corporate governance policies and charters) is located on the Company's website.

Recommendation 6.2

A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

Riedel Resources recognises the value of providing current and relevant information to its shareholders. The Shareholder Communications Policy sets out how the Company communicates relevant information to its shareholders, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.

The Chair, Managing Director (or the equivalent Executive Officer), and Company Secretary have the primary responsibility for communicating with shareholders.

Information is communicated to shareholders through:

- (a) periodic disclosure through the annual report on the financial and operational performance of the Company;
- (b) notices of general meetings and explanatory material;
- (c) general meetings;
- (d) periodic newsletters or letters from the Chair;
- (e) the Company's website at <u>www.riedelresources.com.au</u>; and
- (f) the Company's social media platforms.

Through the Company's share registry, all shareholders are given the option to receive communications from the Company electronically.



Recommendation 6.3

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

The Company's Shareholder Communication Policy sets out how the Company communicates with shareholders and the market effectively, and is designed to promote a two-way dialogue, a copy of which is located at www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.

Recommendation 6.4

A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

In line with best practice as recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Principles, the Company has adopted the practice of ensuring that all substantive resolutions presented at general meetings of shareholders will be decided by a poll as outlined in its Shareholder Communication Policy.

For each such resolution, the Company will record the number of securities voted for the resolution, the number of securities voted against the resolution and the number of securities in respect of which abstentions from voting apply. The results of the poll will be notified to ASX and released as an announcement immediately after the meeting has been held.

Recommendation 6.5

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

The Company welcomes electronic communications from its Shareholders via its publicised email address admin@riedelresources.com.au .

Upon admission onto the Company's share register, the Company's security registry provides shareholders with the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company's security registry electronically, including the Annual Report and Notice of Meeting and electronic voting.

Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director,
 - 3. and disclose:
 - 4. the charter of the committee;
 - 5. the members of the committee; and
 - 6. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The Company does not have a separate Risk Management Committee. Given the current size of the Company and board, the directors believe there are no efficiencies in forming a separate committee and the board as a whole performs this role.



However, the Company does have an Audit and Risk Management Charter which is available on the Company's website at <u>www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.</u>

The Company does not have a single specific risk management policy, but rather, financial and operating risks are addressed through individual approved policies and procedures covering financial, contract management, safety and environmental activities of the company.

The Company also engages an insurance broking firm as part of the company's annual assessment of the coverage for insured assets and risks. The results of all the various reviews and insurances are reported to the board at least annually.

The integrity of Riedel Resources financial reporting relies upon a sound system of risk management and control. Accordingly, the Managing Director (or their equivalent) (or the Chair in the absence of the Managing Director) and Chief Financial Officer (or most senior financial employee/consultant), to ensure management accountability, are required to provide a statement in writing to the board that the financial reports of Riedel Resources are based upon a sound risk management policy.

The board believes that it has a thorough understanding of the Company's key risks and is managing them appropriately.

Recommendation 7.2

The board or a committee of the board should:

- a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

The Company is committed to the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities and has established policies in relation to the implementation of practical and effective control systems. The Company has established a Risk Management Policy, which is available on the Company's website, www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.

Under the Company's Risk Management Policy, the Board reviews all major strategies and purchases for their impact on the risks facing the Company and makes appropriate recommendations. Management of key risks was a standing item on the Board agenda throughout the year, however there was no formal review of the Company's risk management framework during the reporting period.

Recommendation 7.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.

Given the Company's current size and level of activity, the Board does not deem it appropriate to create an internal audit function or engage an external advisor to complete this function. Through external audit procedures and internal risk management policies and procedures the Board considers there to be sufficient processes in place for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. Copies of the Company's Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter are available on the Company's website at www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.



Recommendation 7.4

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Company identifies and manages its material exposure to risks in accordance with its Risk Management Policy, a copy of which can be found on its website. The Company continues to review its environmental and social risks, however given the Company's current stage of development, it does not consider it has a material exposure to environmental and social risks. The Company will monitor its exposure to environmental and social risks and implement appropriate strategies should the company progress towards development.

The Company recognises the importance of identifying and managing risks and ensuring appropriate controls measures are in place. The Company has established a Risk Management System and system for oversight and management of material business risk.

The Company has in place procedures in place for reporting on significant risks (as described above at 7.2), which are continually being developed and updated to help manage these risks. The board also believes that it has a thorough understanding of the Company's key risks and is managing them appropriately.

Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- 3. the charter of the committee;
- 4. the members of the committee; and
- 5. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The Company has not established a separate remuneration committee. Given the current size of the Company and board, the directors believe there are no efficiencies in forming a separate committee and the board as a whole performs this role. The board of directors reviews and approves recommendations in terms of compensation and incentive plan arrangements for directors and senior executives, having regard to market conditions and the performance of individuals and the consolidated entity.

The procedures detailed in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter outline the process employed by the board of directors for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. A copy of this policy is available on the Company's website at www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.



Recommendation 8.2

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives is set out in the Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter and in the Remuneration Report contained in the annual report. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available from the corporate governance section of the Company's website at www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.

Recommendation 8.3

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme. Under the Company's Securities Trading Policy, the Company prohibits at any time the entering into all types of "protections arrangements" for any Company Securities (including derivatives) which operate to limit the economic risk of any Designated Person's security holding (e.g. hedging arrangements) or amount to "short selling" of Company Securities beyond the Designated Person's securities.

The Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website at www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

RIEDEL RESOURCES LIMITED

ABN/ARBN

91 143 042 022

Financial year ended:

30 JUNE 2024

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

□ These pages of our annual report:

This URL on our website:

https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporategovernance/

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at *[insert effective date of statement]* and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date:

27 SEPTEMBER 2024

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

MARIE FORSYTH

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

 $^{^2}$ Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes " \underline{OR} " at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the " \underline{OR} " at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRING	CIPLE 1 - LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGH	ſ	
1.1	 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management. 	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	
1.2	 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 		
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "*insert location*" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period. 	And we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate- governance/ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph in our Corporate Governance Statement [<i>insert location</i>] and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	
1.6	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. A listed entity should: 		 set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-corporate-governance/</u> <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	 (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 		Image: Set out in our corporate covernance of atement https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corpor ate-governance/ OR Image: we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	The Governance Council recommendation Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:		Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	And we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate- governance/ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively in our Corporate Governance Statement.		
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	And we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u> within the Company's current Corporate Governance Statement.		
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	And we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in the Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) and (c) have been included in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement.		

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 set out in our Corporate Governance Statement at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/ OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		 set out in our Corporate Governance Statement at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate/corporate-governance/ OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		
PRINCI	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RE	SPONSIBLY	•
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u> , set out in the Company's Statement of Values	
3.2	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code. 	And we have disclosed our code of conduct at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	
3.3	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. 	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	
3.4	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy. 	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS		
4.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	[<i>If the entity complies with paragraph (a):</i>] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate- governance/</u> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement located at <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate- governance/</u>	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u> , in our Continuous Disclosure Policy	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		
PRINC	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au</u>	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	And we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	and we have disclosed a copy of the Audit and Risk Committee Charter on the Company's website at <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement. also located at <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	
7.2	 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. 	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement located at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/	
7.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes. 	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement located at <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate- governance/</u>	

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement located at <u>https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/</u>	

Corpora	Governance Council recommendation Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:		Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	And we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement also located at https://www.riedelresources.com.au/corporate/corporate-governance/		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	And we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in our Corporate Governance Statement and set out in the Company's Annual Report		
8.3	 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement.		

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	reco	re a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the mmendation in full for the whole of the period above. reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITI	ONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITI	ONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED	ENTITIES	<u> </u>	
-	 Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements. 	Not applicable		
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not applicable		