

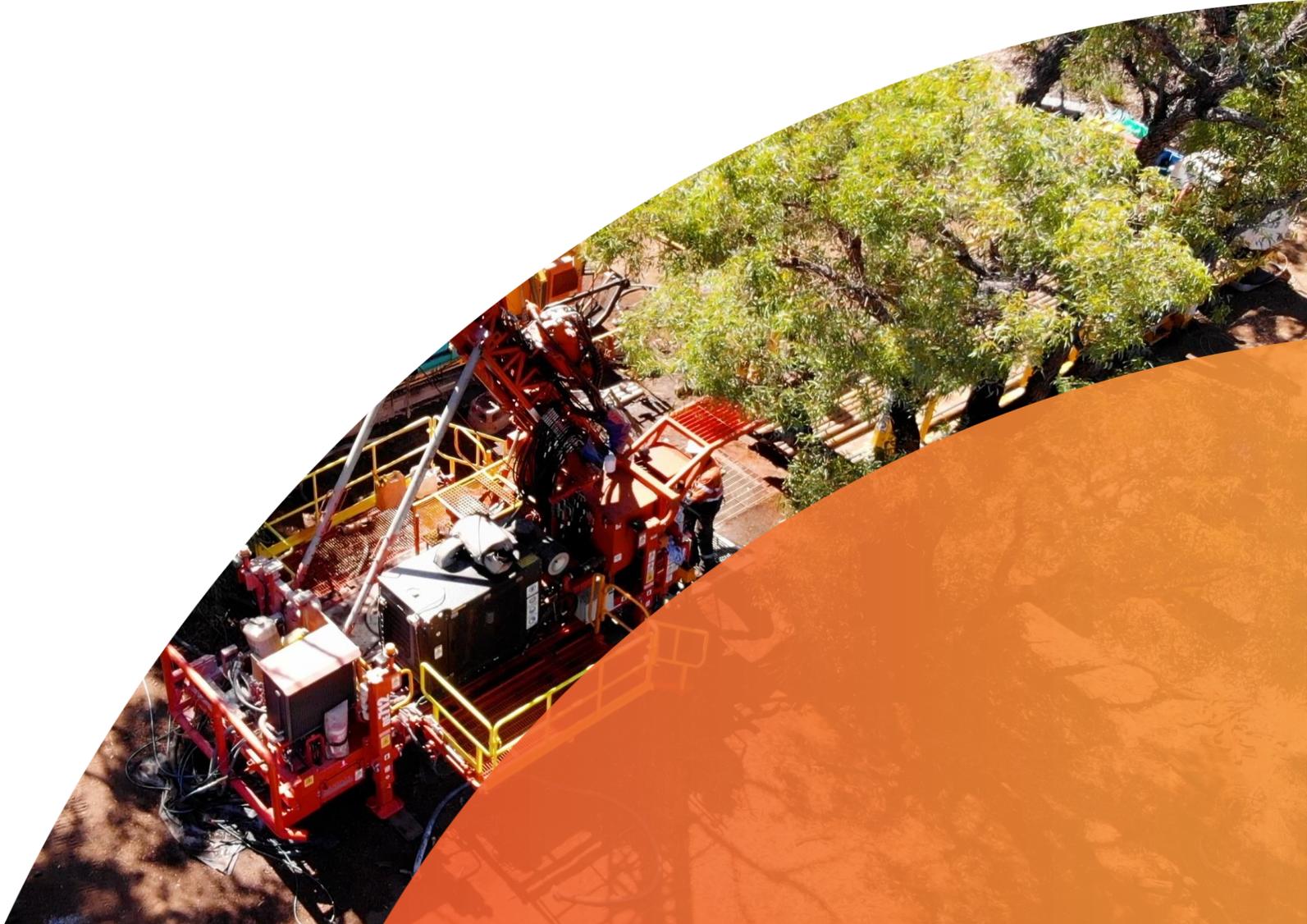


ASX: CHN | OTCQB: CGMLF

Julimar – the start of a new Ni-Cu-PGE province in Western Australia

Macquarie Australia Conference

4 May 2022



Forward looking statements and competent person(s) disclosure



This presentation does not include all available Information on Chalice Mining Limited and should not be used in isolation as a guide to investing in the Company. Any potential investor should also refer to Chalice Mining Limited's Annual Reports, ASX/OTCQB releases, filings on sedar.com and take independent professional advice before considering investing in the Company. For further information about Chalice Mining Limited, visit our website at chalicemining.com

Forward-Looking Statement

This presentation may contain forward-looking information, including forward looking information within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and forward-looking statements within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, forward-looking statements). These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this report and Chalice Mining Limited (the Company) does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect Company management's expectations or beliefs regarding future events and include, but are not limited to: the Company's strategy and objectives; the timing and estimation of mineral resources, and the realisation of mineral resource estimates; the likelihood of exploration success; the timing of planned exploration and study activities on the Company's projects; access to sites for planned drilling activities; the success of future potential mining operations; the impact of the discovery on the Julimar Project's capital payback and hydrogen establishing a role in long-term energy strategies. In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as, "affords", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expected", "future", "interpreted", "likely", "may", "open", "plan" or "planned", "potential", "targets", "will" or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results may, could, would, might or will be taken, occur or be achieved or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology. By their very nature forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors may include, among others, risks related to actual results of current or planned exploration activities; whether geophysical and geochemical anomalies are related to economic mineralisation or some other feature; obtaining appropriate approvals to undertake exploration activities; the results from testing EM anomalies; results of planned metallurgical test work including results from other zones not tested yet, scaling up to commercial operations; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; changes in exploration programs and budgets based upon the results of exploration, changes in commodity prices and levels of global demand; economic conditions; grade or recovery rates; political and social risks, accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry; delays or difficulty in obtaining governmental approvals, necessary licences, permits or financing to undertake future mining development activities; changes to the regulatory framework within which Chalice operates or may in the future; movements in the share price of investments and the timing and proceeds realised on future disposals of investments, the impact of the COVID 19 pandemic as well as those factors detailed from time to time in the Company's interim and annual financial statements, all of which are filed and available for review on SEDAR at sedar.com, ASX at asx.com.au and OTC Markets at otcm Markets.com. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Authorisation

This presentation has been authorised for release by the Disclosure Committee.

Disclaimer

Whilst care has been exercised in preparing and presenting this presentation, to the maximum extent permitted by law, the Company and its representatives:

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- Accept no responsibility for any errors or omissions from this Presentation.

Mineral Resources Reporting Requirements

As an Australian Company with securities quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), Chalice is subject to Australian disclosure requirements and standards, including the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX. Investors should note that it is a requirement of the ASX listing rules that the reporting of mineral resources in Australia is in accordance with the JORC Code and that Chalice's mineral resource estimates comply with the JORC Code. The requirements of JORC Code differ in certain material respects from the disclosure requirements of United States securities laws. The terms used in this announcement are as defined in the JORC Code. The definitions of these terms differ from the definitions of such terms for purposes of the disclosure requirements in the United States. As a designated reporting issuer in the province of Ontario, Chalice is also subject to certain Canadian disclosure requirements and standards, including the requirements of NI 43-101. The Julimar Project is a material mineral project for the purposes of NI43-101. The confidence categories assigned under the JORC Code were reconciled to the confidence categories in the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Definition Standards – for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves May 2014. As the confidence category definitions are the same, no modifications to the confidence categories were required.

Competent Person and Qualifying Persons Statement

The information in this presentation that relates to exploration results for the Julimar Project is extracted from the following ASX announcements:

- "High-grade nickel-copper-palladium sulphide intersected at Julimar Project in WA", 23 March 2020
- "More positive results from ongoing metallurgical testwork at Julimar", 16 February 2021
- "Extensive Ni-Cu Soil Anomalism at Julimar" 9 June 2021
- "Gonneville High-Grade Zones Extended at Depth", 28 September 2021
- "New Mineralised Intrusion Discovered at Julimar", 2 December 2021
- "New results highlight underground potential at Julimar", 2 March 2022
- "Exceptional high-grade extensional results at Julimar", 2 May 2022

The information in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources has been extracted from the ASX announcement titled

- "Tier-1 Scale Maiden Mineral Resource at Julimar" dated 9 November 2021.

The above announcements are available to view on the Company's website at chalicemining.com

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and, in the case of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original release continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person and Qualified Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the relevant original market announcements.



Chalice – a globally recognised name in mineral exploration



A team with an exceptional track record of finding and defining mines and rewarding shareholders



High-performance, results driven culture (discovery DNA)



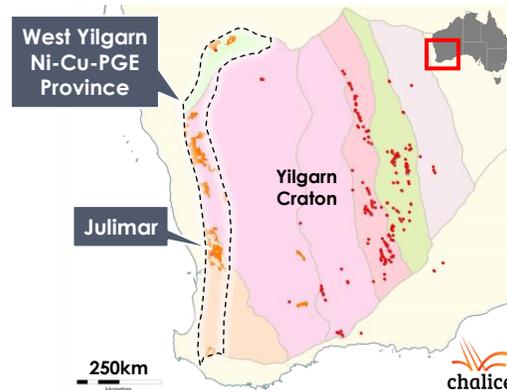
We work to create sustained value for shareholders and stakeholders

A major new polymetallic critical minerals discovery in WA

- One of the **largest** greenfield PGE-Ni-Cu-Co sulphide discoveries in recent history
- Metals essential for **green** technologies like catalytic converters, batteries, electric vehicles and hydrogen
- One of the few, large-scale Pd-rich deposits outside of Russia (~**40% of global supply**)
- **100% owned** by Chalice – full control and maximum leverage
- **Sulphide metallurgy** – able to produce Cu-PGE and Ni-Co-PGE concentrates for a range of global customers

Immense exploration upside

- Only ~**2km of >30km** long Julimar Complex drilled to date
- ~**8,000km²** total landholding in new, totally unexplored West Yilgarn Ni-Cu-PGE Province



A tier-1 scale, pit-constrained Pd-Pt-Ni-Cu-Co sulphide resource (9 Nov 2021):

330Mt @ ~0.58% NiEq or ~1.6g/t PdEq¹ for

10Moz 3E²

530kt Ni

330kt Cu

53kt Co

equivalent to ~1.9Mt NiEq or ~17Moz PdEq



¹ Refer to full Mineral Resource Statement in Appendix
² 3E = Palladium (Pd) + Platinum (Pt) + Gold (Au)

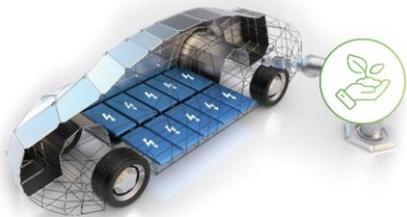
Chalice is building a world-class 'green metals' portfolio in Australia



Platinum and Palladium

Highly versatile but rare metals used to remove nitrogen oxides (NOx) from exhausts/hydrogen/ammonia streams (NOx are 300x more potent than CO₂ as a greenhouse gas).

Palladium market in deficit with supply dominated by Russia. Platinum supply dominated by South Africa.



Nickel and Cobalt

The key battery cathode materials in electric vehicles (EV), high nickel NMC 811 batteries are the favoured chemistry.

EV-driven nickel demand is forecast to increase 19x by 2040; lack of new sulphide discoveries worldwide in recent years has created a significant forecast supply shortage.



Copper

Used extensively in the green energy industry including in renewables, energy storage and EVs.

Copper market is forecast to remain in deficit until 2026; lack of new large-scale discoveries worldwide.



These metals are needed to **decarbonise the global economy and address climate change**

Julimar is a **province-defining new greenfield discovery** in the world's premier mining jurisdiction



Greenfield project staked in early 2018 (**100% owned**)



First drill hole discovery in March 2020: **25m @ 8.5g/t Pd, 0.9g/t Pt, 0.1g/t Au, 2.0% Ni, 0.9% Cu, 0.11% Co** from 46m



Discovery made **~70km NE of Perth in Western Australia** – named Gonneville



Maiden resource for Gonneville based on **~520 holes (~139,000m)**, resource and exploration drilling continuing with **~7 rigs**



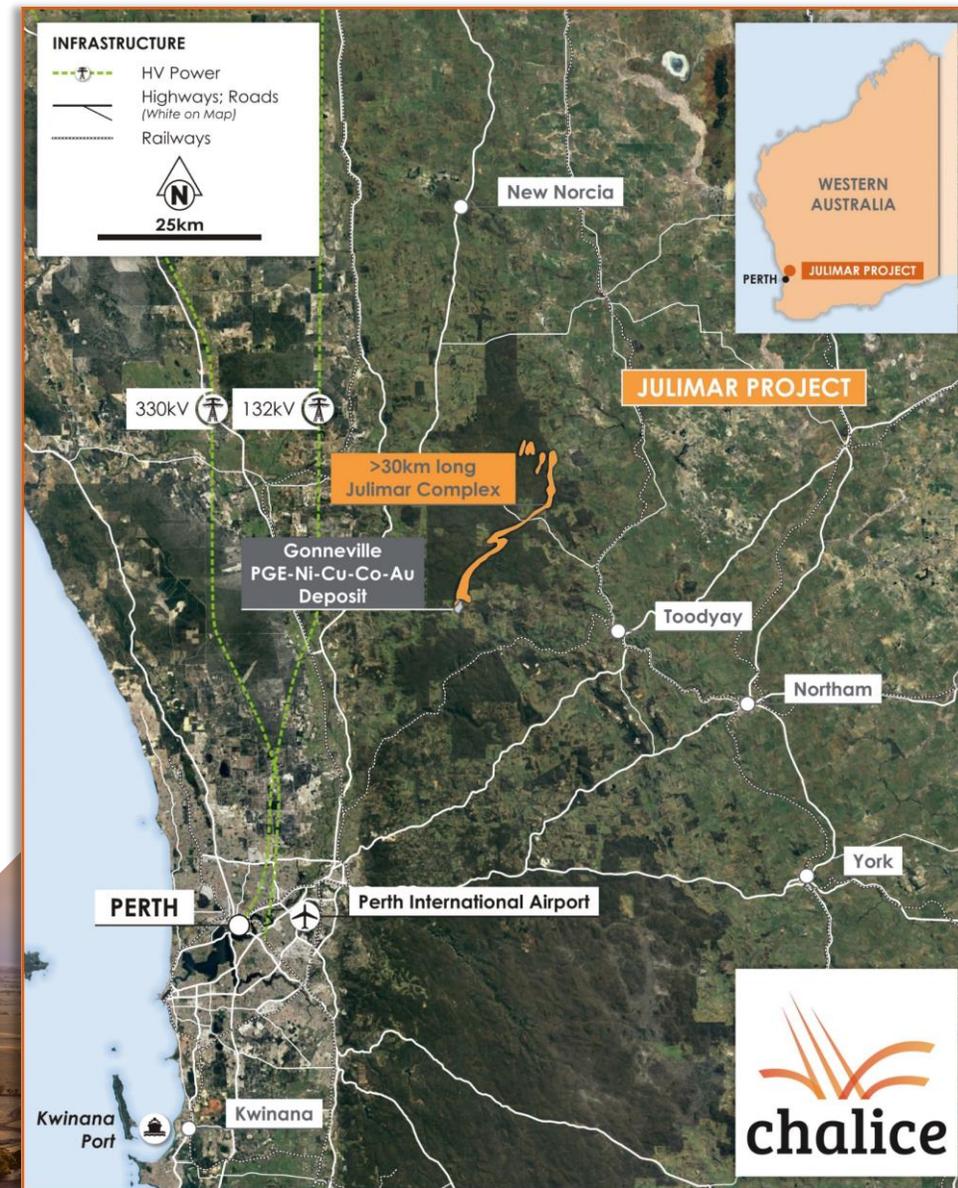
Gonneville covers **~2km** of strike length on Chalice owned farmland, a further **~10km** of untested Julimar Complex strike length currently being drilled



Studies being advanced for an initial **mining development** at Gonneville while the full extent of the mineral system is defined



Project has direct access to **major highway, rail, power, port infrastructure** as well as a **large local workforce**



Julimar is capturing attention as a **strategic asset** for Australia and the western world, given its rare palladium-nickel-cobalt content



Julimar is the **first major PGE discovery in Australia** and one of the few recent large-scale Ni-Cu-PGE discoveries in the western world



Pd, Pt, Ni and Co are classified as '**critical minerals**' by most western governments



The western world is **extremely reliant** on **Russian Palladium supply** (~40% of global supply) – regional instability has recently sent the Pd price to a record high (>US\$3,000/oz)⁽¹⁾

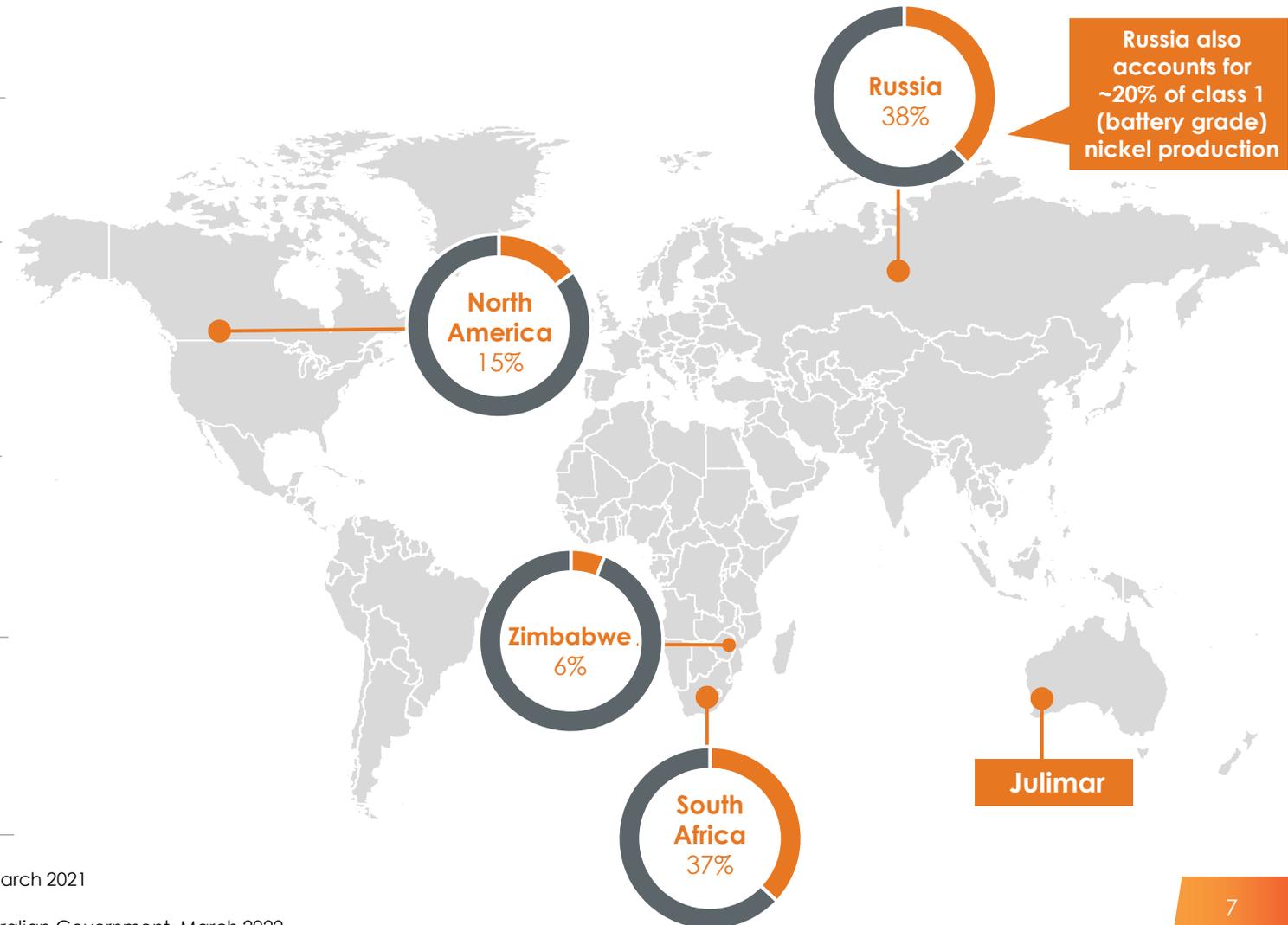


Strategically located in one of the **world's most stable mining jurisdictions** and driven by a commitment to sustainable development



The Australian Government has committed >\$1 billion to **accelerate strategically significant projects** and **strengthen** internal critical mineral **security and supply chains**⁽²⁾

Global Palladium Primary Supply Market Share 2022



Source: 'Provision of PGM market intelligence and long-term metal price forecasts' SFA Oxford, March 2021

(1) London Metals Exchange March 2022

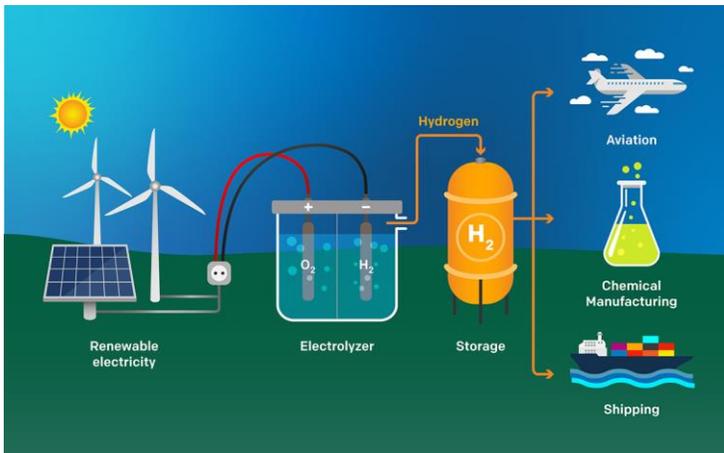
(2) '2022 Critical Minerals Strategy' Department of Industry, Science, Energy and Resources, Australian Government, March 2022

Platinum and Palladium are essential in every stage of the hydrogen value chain, a critical solution to **achieving net-zero carbon emissions**



Production

Green hydrogen produced by electrolysis of water using renewable energy (wind, solar, hydro)



PGEs are essential catalysts in the Proton Exchange Membrane (PEM) Electrolyser

Transport and Storage

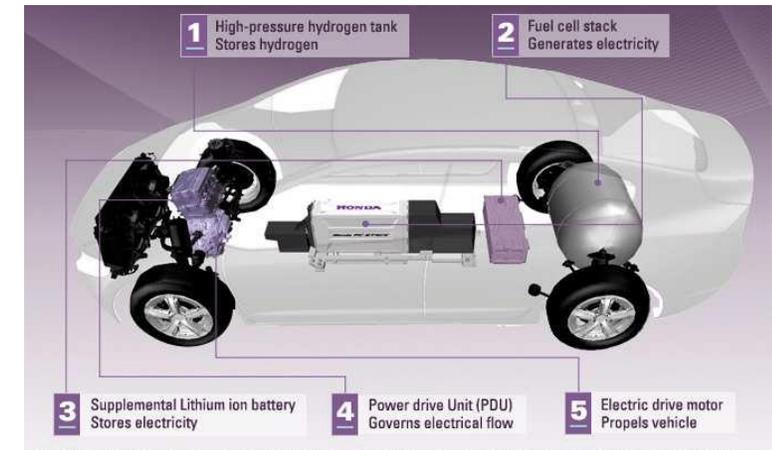
Long-term storage and transport of green hydrogen likely to be achieved using liquified ammonia (NH_3) as carrier



Pd is an essential catalyst in hydrogen-ammonia conversion and purification

Utilisation

Green hydrogen ideal for use in green steel and Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (FCEVs), likely to be the dominant technology for heavy transport such as trucks, trains and ships



PGEs are essential catalysts in most hydrogen fuel cell designs

The rapidly growing and increasingly adopted hydrogen economy has the potential to **underpin long term PGE demand**



Current **primary supply of Pt and Pd is ~16Moz p.a.** Pd is in prolonged deficit while Pt in surplus



Our view is that with **conservative hydrogen adoption**, demand for Pt and Pd from hydrogen could be as high as **~8Moz p.a.⁽¹⁾**

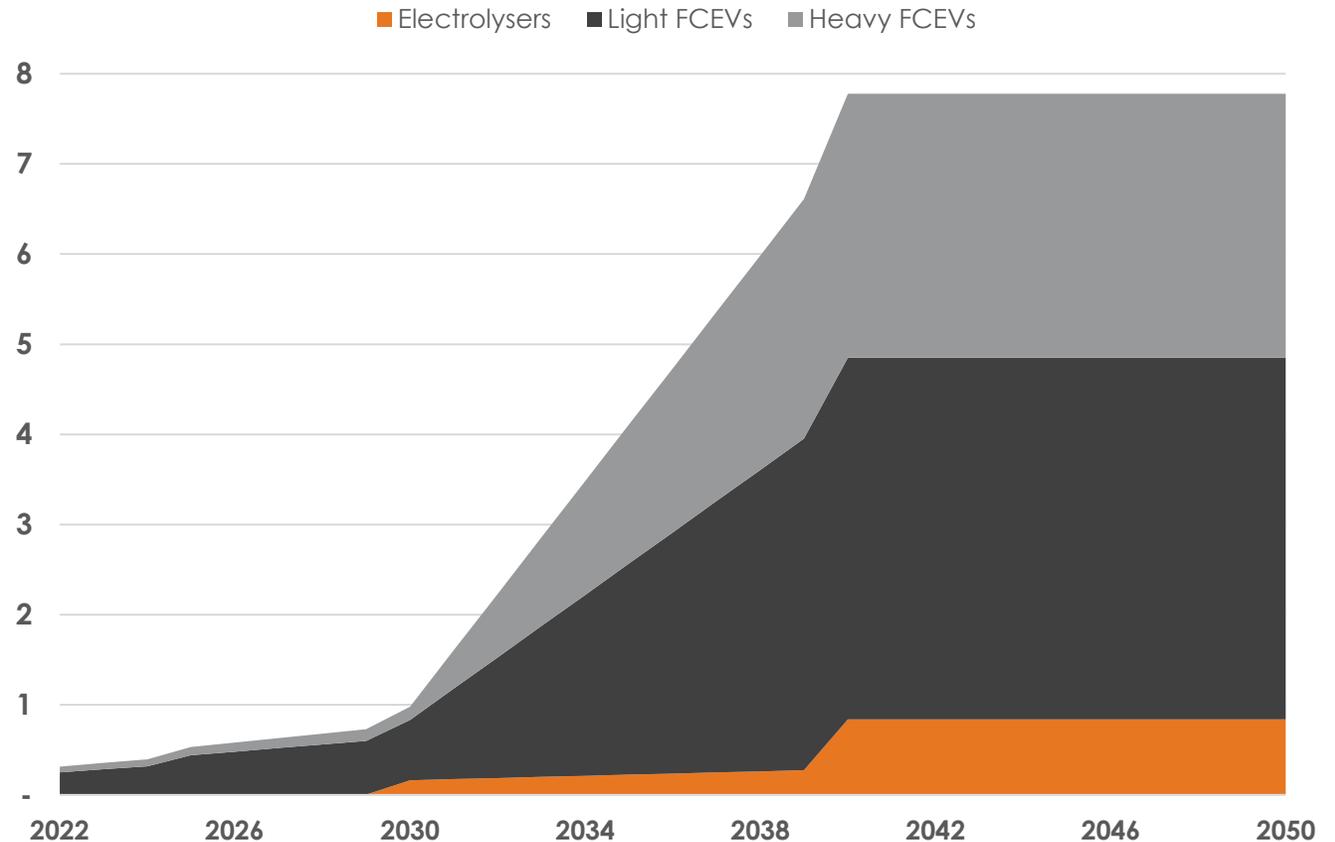


A modest hydrogen adoption scenario includes **~10% share** of light vehicle market, **~40% share** of heavy vehicle market, and **50-70GW** of electrolyser capacity by 2040



Projections do not include PGE usage from hydrogen applications in **shipping, aviation, industrial or steel manufacturing**

Estimated Annual Pt and Pd Demand from Hydrogen (Moz)



(1) Cautionary statement: The forward-looking statements have been estimated by Chalice using assumptions that have been informed by third party research. These statements are based on an assessment of economic and operating conditions and on various assumptions regarding future events and actions that, as at the date of this presentation, are considered reasonable by Chalice. Refer to "Long Term PGE Demand Forecast" slide in Appendix for additional information regarding the underlying assumptions and calculation methodology, and Slide 2 for a statement regarding the risks involved in forward-looking statements of this nature. Without limiting these risks, such forward-looking statements are predictive in character, may be affected by incorrect assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties, and may differ materially in due course. Investors are therefore cautioned against attributing undue certainty to forward-looking statements, including those outlined above.

Battery manufacturers are becoming increasingly reliant on high carbon intensity nickel – **a unique opportunity for Julimar**



Battery-grade nickel consumers forecast to become heavily reliant on supply sources that **do not meet sustainability standards**, i.e. NPI



Julimar has the potential to become a globally significant source of class 1 nickel, which has a much lower carbon footprint than other sources

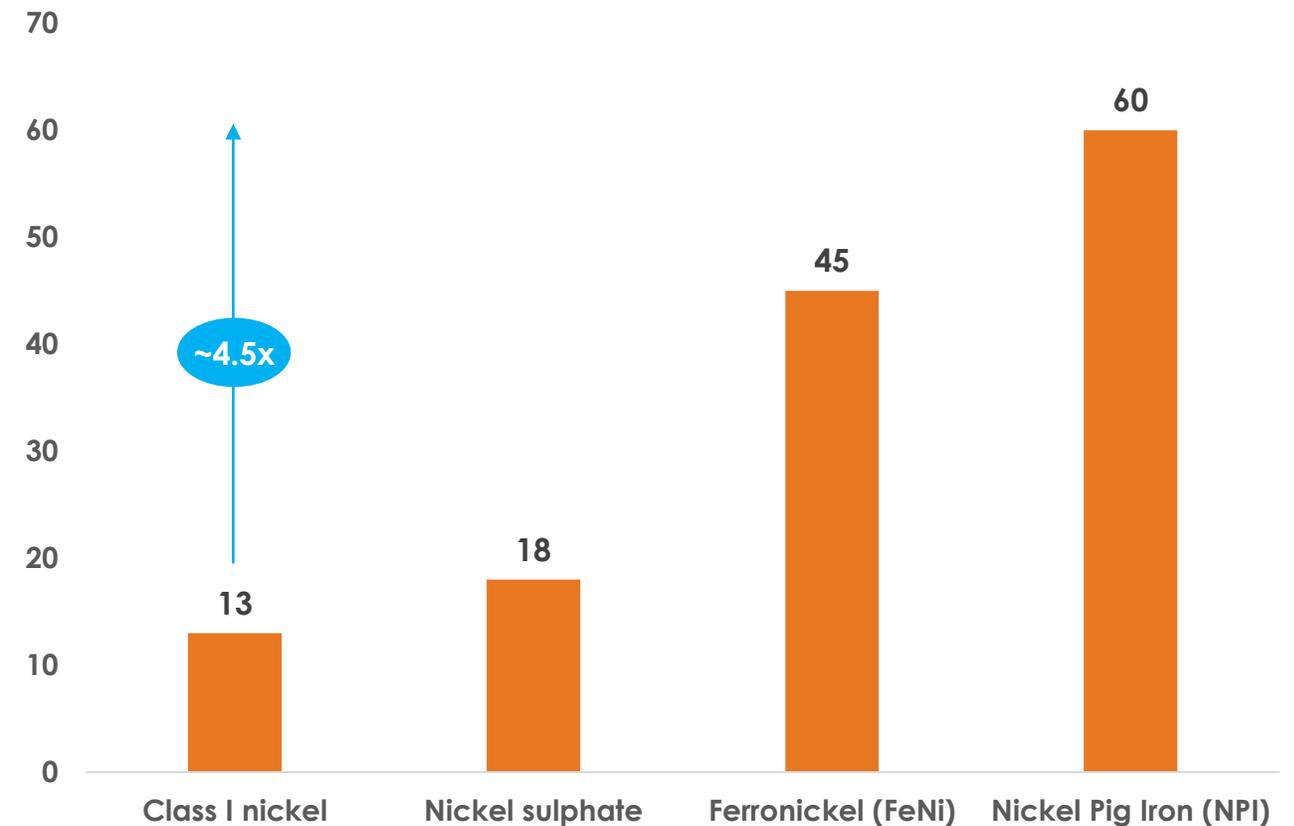


Julimar's proximity to WA's **world class power grid and infrastructure** make it uniquely positioned to deliver low carbon intensity metals



Class 1 nickel sources are likely to **demand a premium**, driven by the need to comply with emissions targets and to satisfy increasing sensitivity to sustainability standards

Estimated avg carbon intensity of nickel sources (kgCO₂ eq. per kg Ni)



The Julimar Project has the potential to deliver **significant economic benefits** and Chalice is committed to **strong environmental stewardship**



Environment



Exploring in the Julimar State Forest under a Conservation Management Plan using small-footprint diamond drill rigs to navigate around trees - **no mechanised clearing of trees or vegetation required**



Numerous case studies of **successful mining projects in or around State Forest areas**



Strong environmental stewardship:

- Comprehensive program of **baseline environmental surveys** ongoing since 2020; covering flora, fauna, dieback, cultural heritage
- Development of **Biodiversity Strategy** underway to ensure potential mining in future co-exists with conservation values
- Baseline surface and groundwater studies underway; **water studies are a priority focus** for Chalice to ensure that water is responsibly managed as a shared resource

Community



Proximity to major communities provides a unique opportunity to build a workforce of local permanent residents (**drive in, drive out**)



Community Info Sheets and Newsletters developed to deliver information on project activities and environmental practices



~\$0.5M local procurement spend by Chalice, plus ~\$1.5M spend by direct contractors in the local shires surrounding the Julimar Project in FY21



~29% of current workforce are locally based (Mar-22) and local opportunities growing

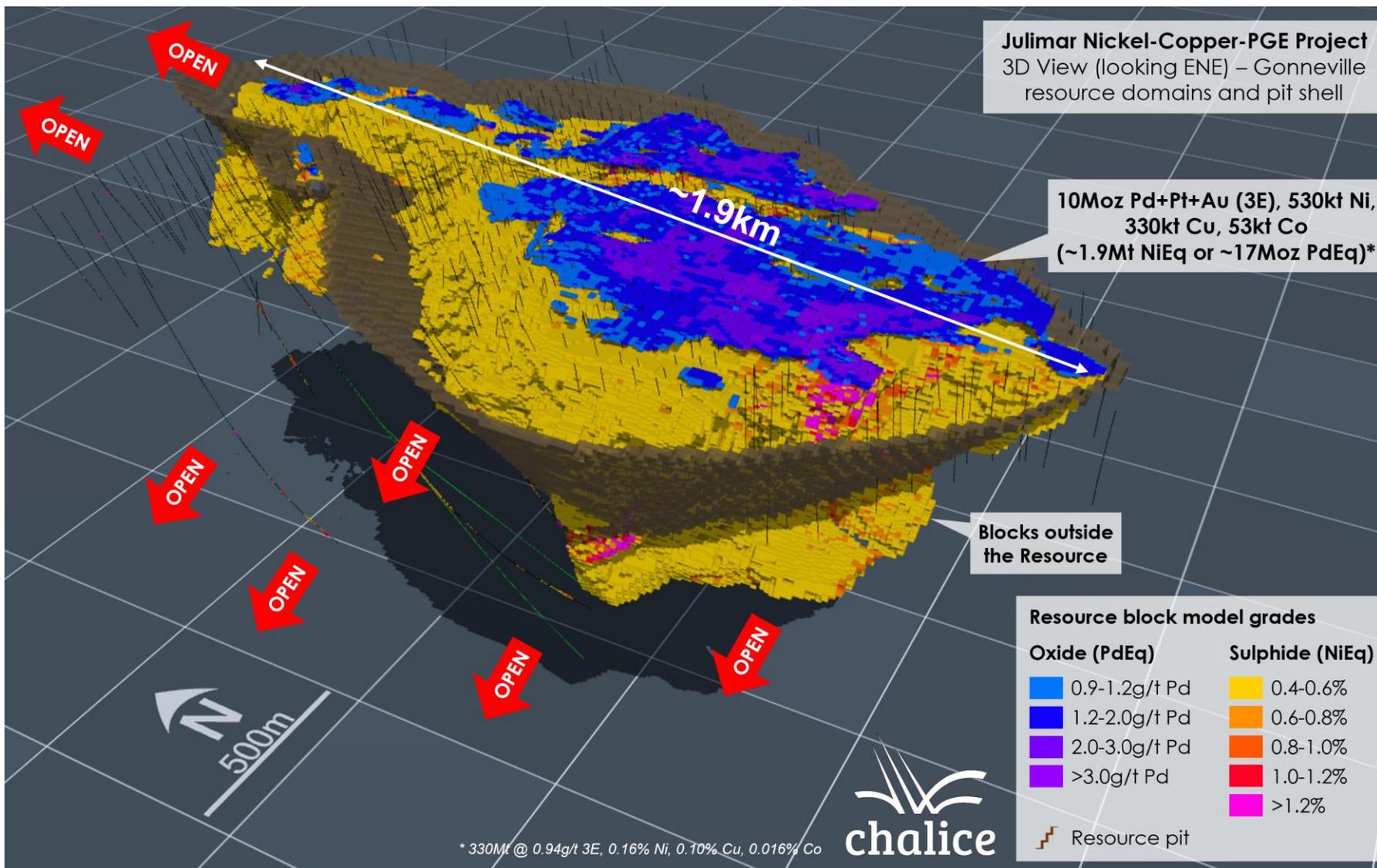


Active, open and transparent engagement continues with key stakeholders – trust is key to maintain our social licence

Gonneville is a tier-1 scale, pit-constrained, strategic green metals Resource with high-grade optionality and compelling growth potential



3D view (looking ENE) of Gonneville Resource domains and pit shell



Maiden Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate¹:

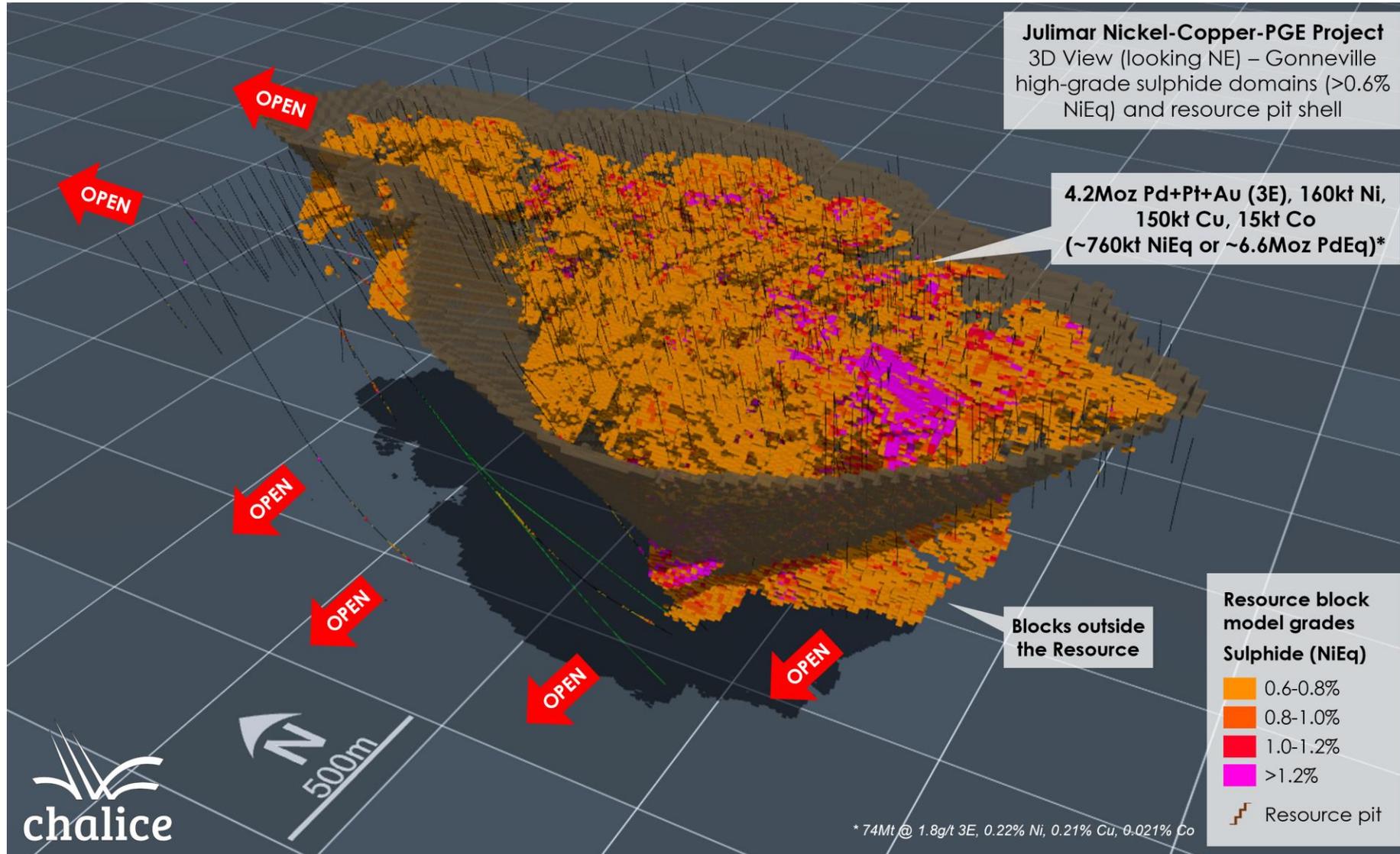
- **330Mt** @ 0.94g/t Pd+Pt+Au (3E), 0.16% Ni, 0.10% Cu, 0.016% Co (~**0.58% NiEq** or ~**1.6g/t PdEq**)
- **10Moz 3E, 530kt Ni, 330kt Cu** and **53kt Co** contained
- Equivalent to ~**1.9Mt NiEq** or ~**17Moz PdEq** contained
- 150Mt (~45%) of the resource is within the Indicated category
- Resource is constrained within a resource pit shell and reported above a 0.4% NiEq cut-off grade (sulphide) and a 0.9g/t Pd cut-off grade (oxide)

¹ Refer to full Mineral Resource Statement in Appendix

The Resource includes a significant **high-grade sulphide** component in-pit, starting from a depth of **~30m**



3D view (looking NE) of Gonneville high-grade sulphide Resource domains (>0.6% NiEq) and pit shell

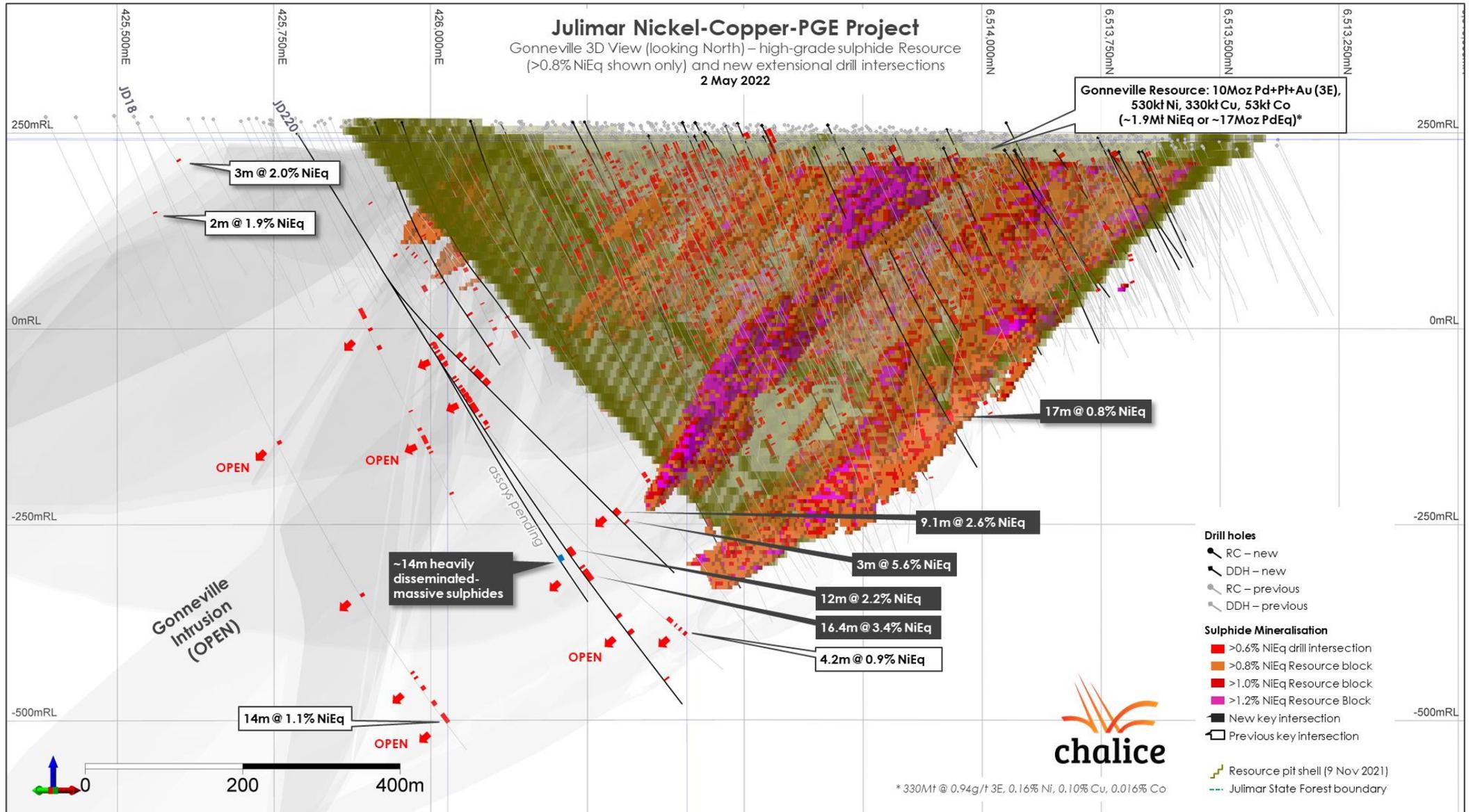


High-grade sulphide component of Resource¹, reported above a 0.60% NiEq cut-off grade:

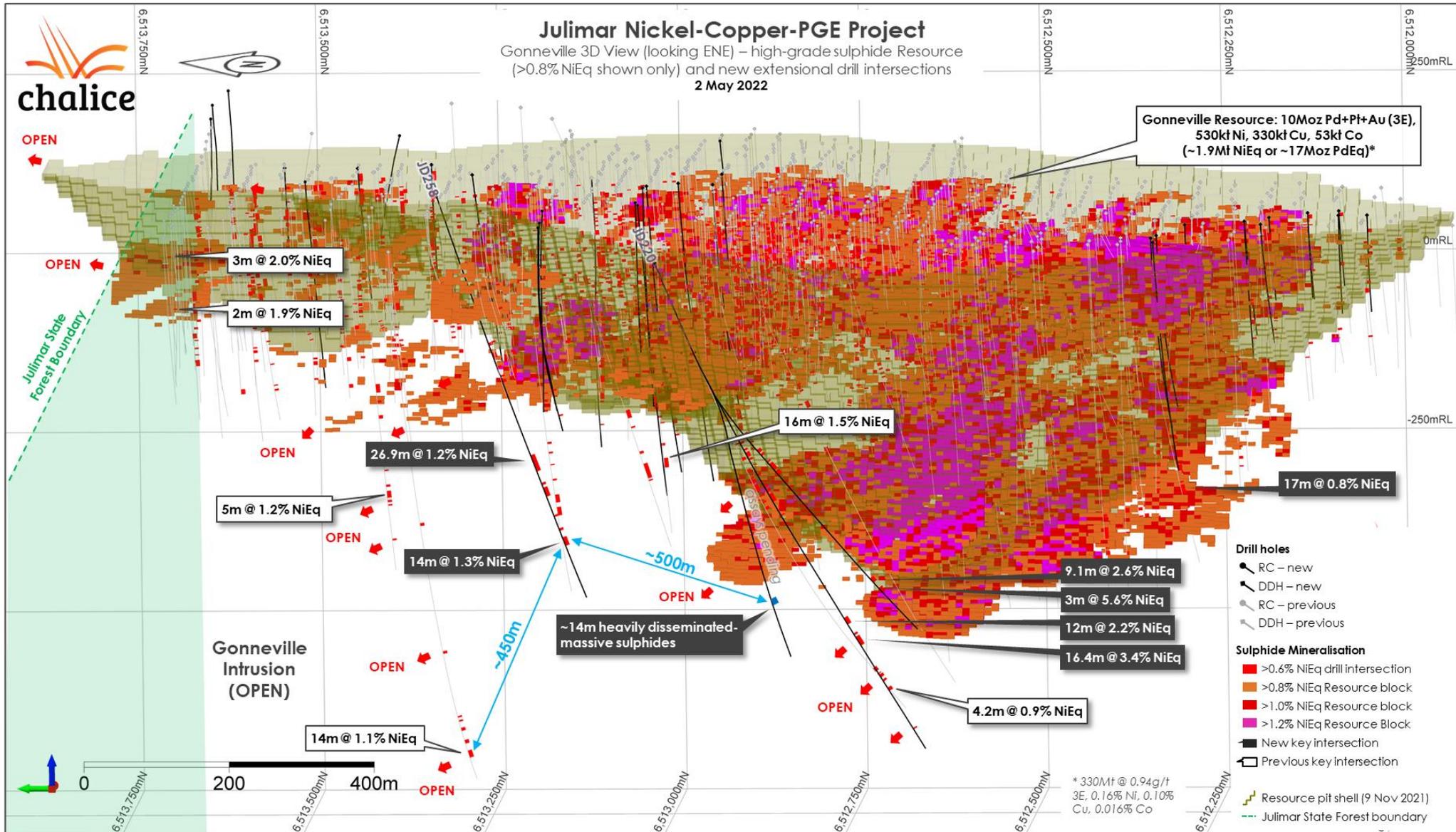
- **74Mt** @ 1.8g/t 3E, 0.22% Ni, 0.21% Cu, 0.021% Co (**~1.0% NiEq** or **~2.8g/t PdEq**);
- 4.2Moz 3E, 160kt Ni, 150kt Cu, 15kt Co (**~760kt NiEq** or **~6.6Moz PdEq**) contained
- This higher-grade component affords the project **significant optionality in development** and could potentially **materially enhance project economics** in the initial years of operations

¹ Refer to full Mineral Resource Statement in Appendix

The host Gonneville Intrusion is ~600m thick and high-grade mineralisation is already demonstrated **~400m beyond the Resource pit shell**



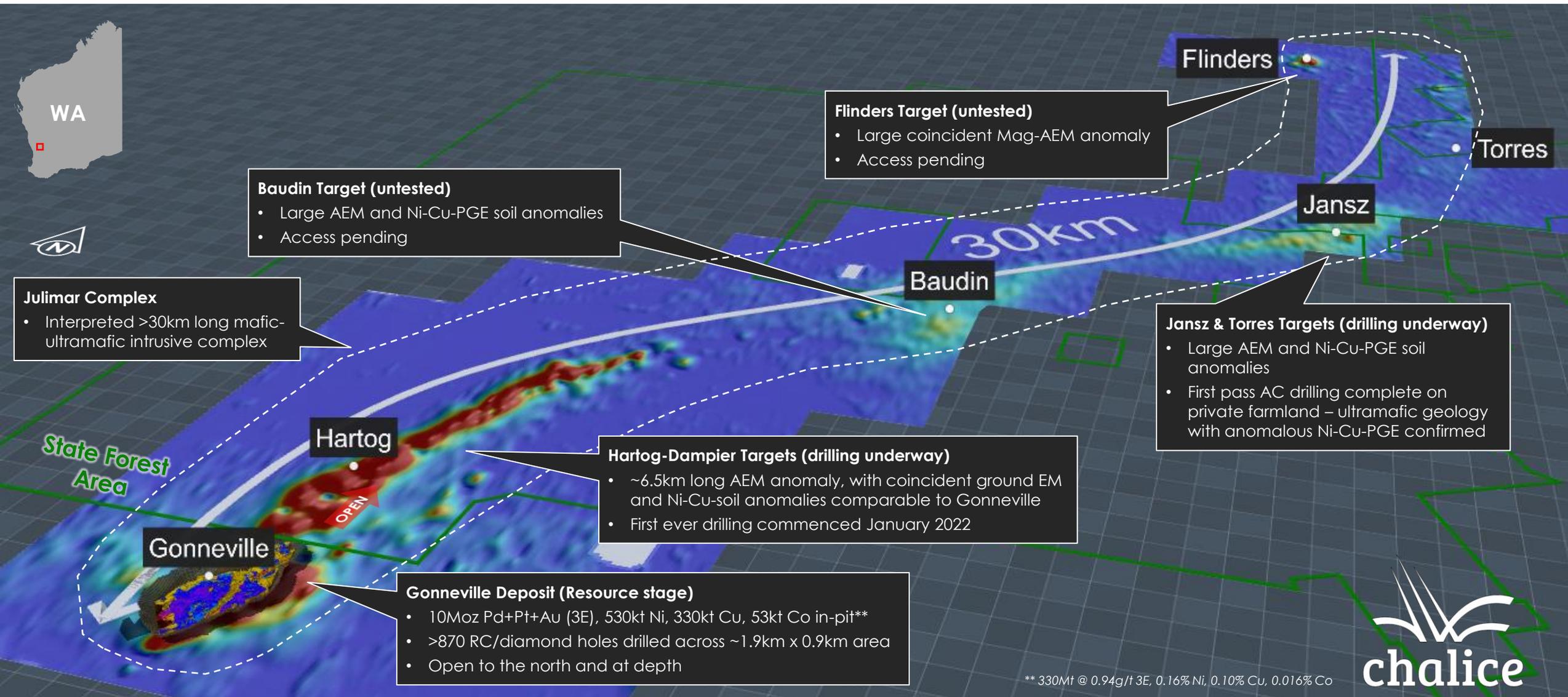
The Deposit remains open down-dip and along strike to the north, with ongoing drilling demonstrating **potential for material growth**



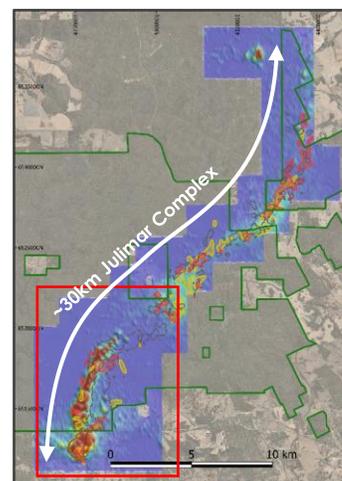
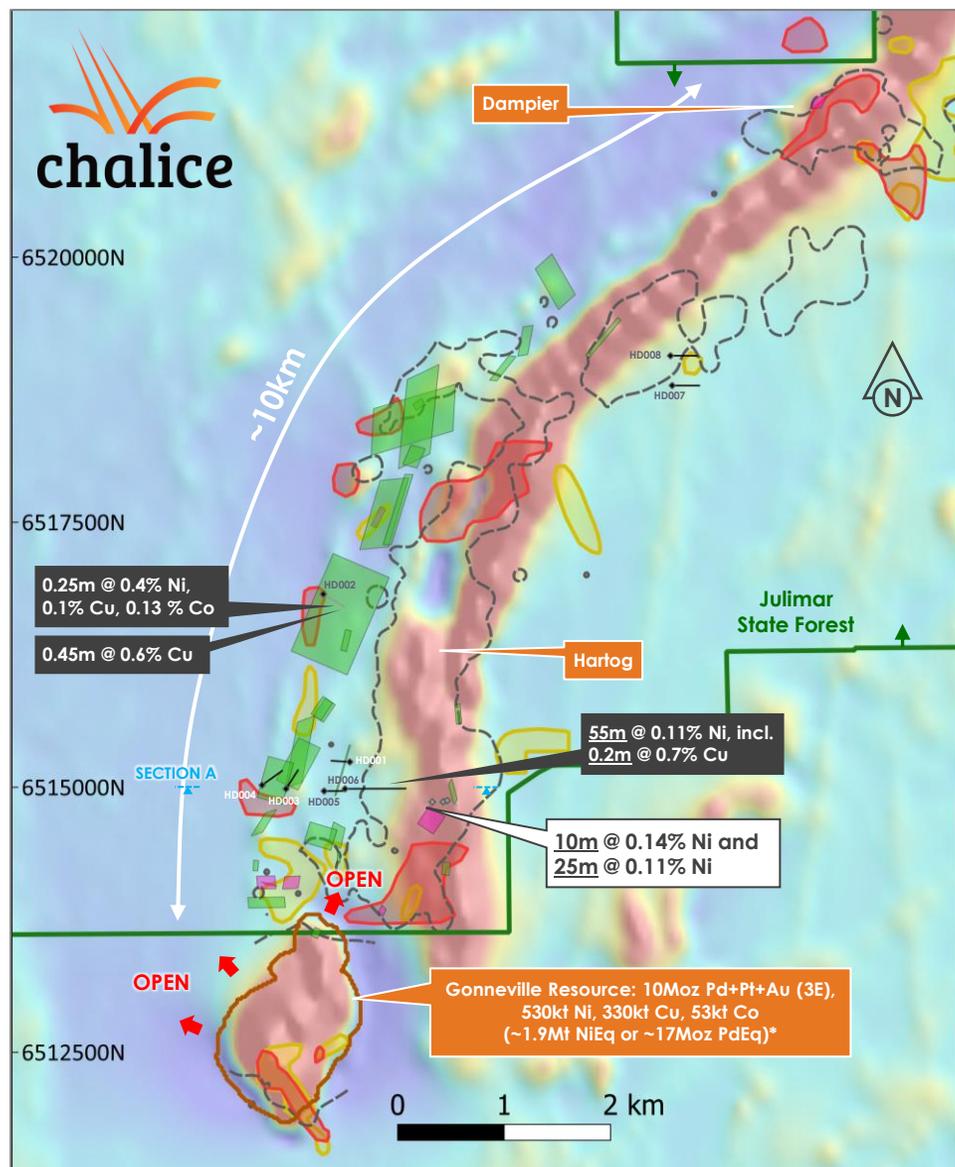
Gonneville covers just **~7% of the >30km long Julimar Complex** – the upside to the north has the potential transform the project



3D view (looking NW) of the Julimar Complex (airborne EM) and the Gonneville Deposit



Early drilling on restricted locations at the Hartog target indicates encouraging signs of **mineralised mafic-ultramafic system**



- >700ppm Cr in soil
- >80ppm Ni in soil
- >20ppm Cu in soil
- State Forest boundary
- Low-conductance EM plate
- High-conductance EM plate
- New DDH
- Historical DDH
- Resource pit crest
- New intersection
- Historical intersection

* 330Mt @ 0.94g/t 3E, 0.16% Ni, 0.10% Cu, 0.016% Co

Julimar Nickel-Copper-PGE Project
South Julimar Complex Plan View –
drill holes, MLEM, soil geochemistry
over regional magnetics (TMI-RTP)
2 May 2022

- **8 of ~70 sites drilled** to date at lower priority targets (due to access constraints) within the Hartog area
- Final permit approvals are expected imminently
- Several narrow intervals of **ortho-magmatic nickel-copper sulphides intersected in mafic-ultramafic rocks**
- Results indicate the potential for mineralisation many kilometres from the Gonneville Deposit
- Initial interpretation suggests mafic-ultramafic intrusives are part of a different, but still prospective, magmatic event to Gonneville
- **All high-priority EM conductors yet to be drilled**

Preliminary met testwork shows **high Pd-Pt-Ni-Cu-Co recoveries** into two commercially attractive concentrates using conventional flotation



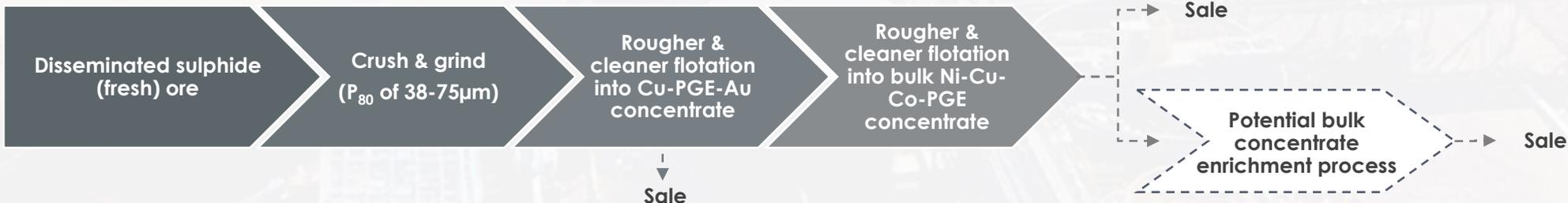
Simplified sequential flotation process for high-grade sulphide mineralisation



Metal	Expected Recovery (%)
Copper (to Cu-PGE-Au con)	80-90
Nickel & Cobalt (to Ni-Co-PGE con)	60-75
Palladium (~75%/25% Cu/Ni con)	75-85 (total)
Platinum (~75%/25% Cu/Ni con)	65-75 (total)
Gold (to Cu-PGE-Au con)	35-75

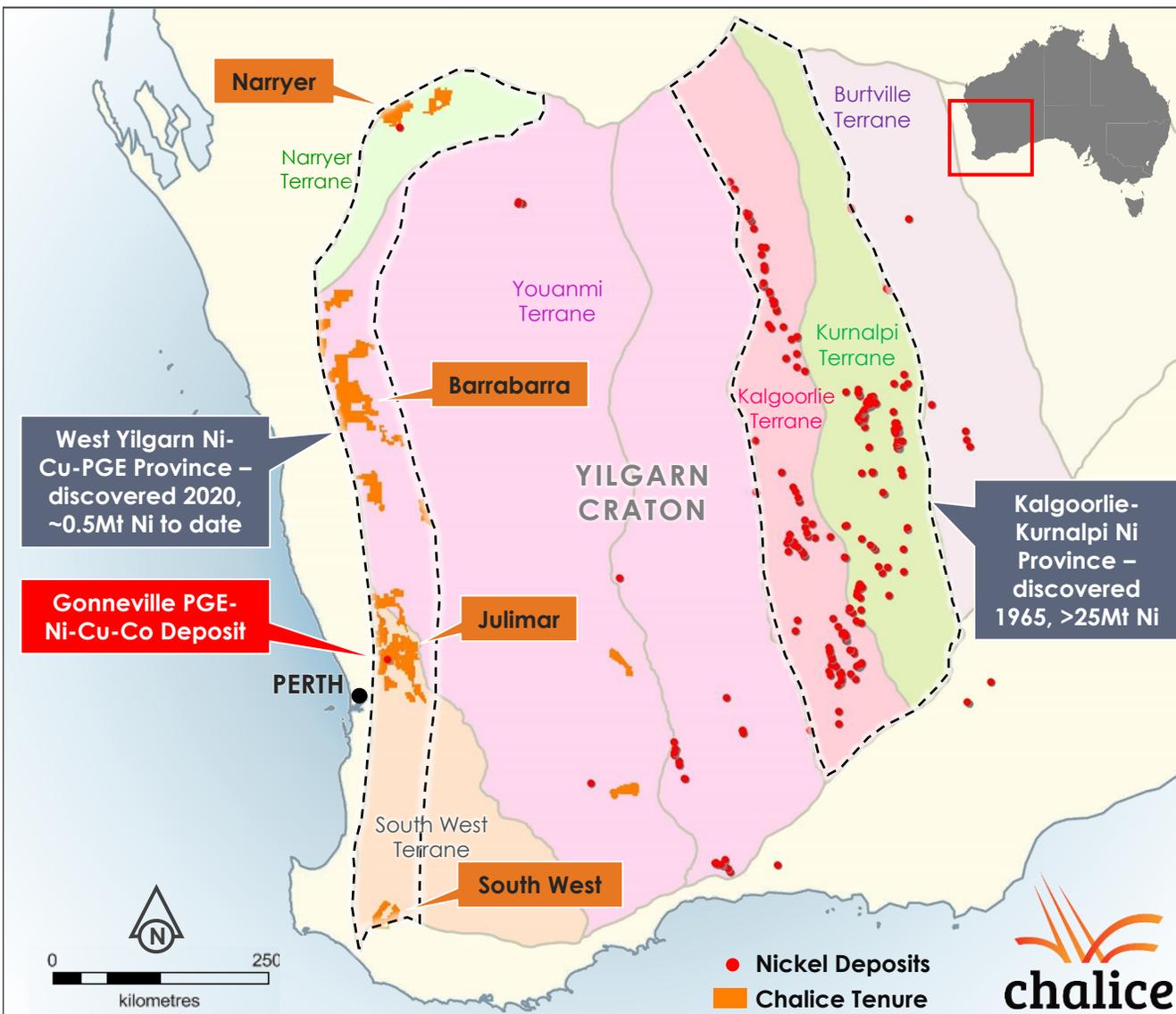
- Testwork to date demonstrates potential to produce **two commercially attractive concentrates** for sale
- **Low levels of potentially deleterious elements** (As, Cd, Se, Te, Hg, Pb, F, Cl) in concentrates produced to date
- Variability testwork continues and additional metallurgical sampling underway

Simplified flotation process for disseminated sulphide mineralisation



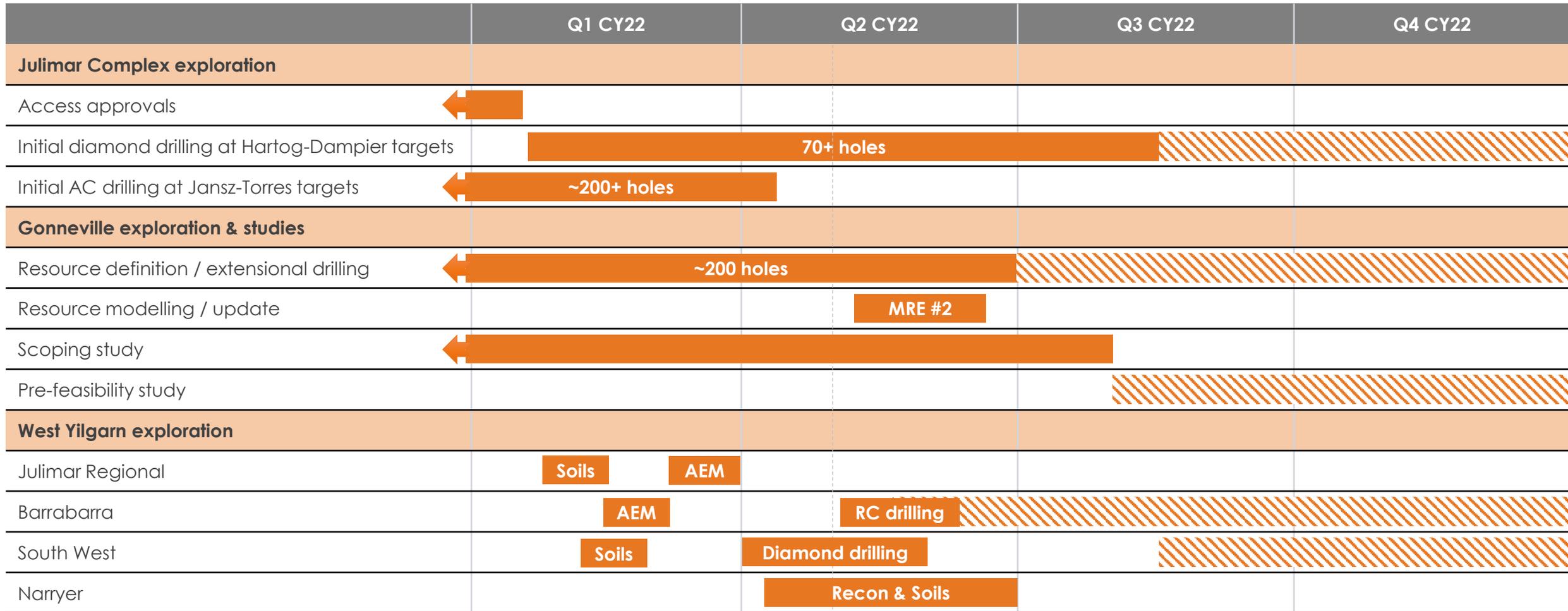
- Initial testwork indicates the potential to produce two commercially attractive concentrates for sale
- Several processing alternatives to enrich bulk Ni-Cu-Co-PGE concentrate being investigated in order to maximise recovery and payability
- **\$2.9M CRC-P grant** from Commonwealth Govt to evaluate downstream processing options in 2021-2023
- Testwork and flowsheet development work continues ahead of the Gonneville **Scoping Study, targeted for completion in Q3 2022**

The Julimar discovery has kick-started the new West Yilgarn Ni-Cu-PGE Province, which could deliver **more major discoveries**



- Many of the **'giant' ortho-magmatic nickel-copper-PGE sulphide** deposits such as Norilsk, Jinchuan, Thompson and Voisey's Bay are located proximal to the margin of cratons
 - The Kalgoorlie-Kurnalpi terranes in the eastern Yilgarn (Archean craton) hosts several world-class komatiitic nickel sulphide deposits such as Leinster, Mt Keith and Kambalda, with over **25Mt of Ni** discovered since 1965
 - **The ~1,200km long western margin of the Yilgarn craton is almost entirely unexplored for these types of mineral systems**
 - Chalice made the first major ortho-magmatic Ni-Cu-PGE discovery (Julimar) and then staked a **>8,000km² licence area** in the new **West Yilgarn Province**
 - This **'first mover' advantage** places Chalice in the driver's seat in this exciting new province, which has the potential to deliver several major Ni-Cu-PGE discoveries in the years ahead
-
- **Hundreds of potential host intrusions** already identified within our licence area using limited regional-scale geophysics
 - Rapid, low-cost exploration approach being used, similar to that used to discover Gonneville – EM, soil/auger sampling and shallow reconnaissance drilling
 - Potential for **highly variable** mineralisation styles (Ni : Cu : PGE metal ratios) across the province

Initial drilling at Hartog and the Gonneville Scoping Study represent **significant upcoming milestones**



Timing and activity is indicative and subject to change, dependent on factors such as regulatory approvals, contractor availability and exploration / evaluation results.



Highlights



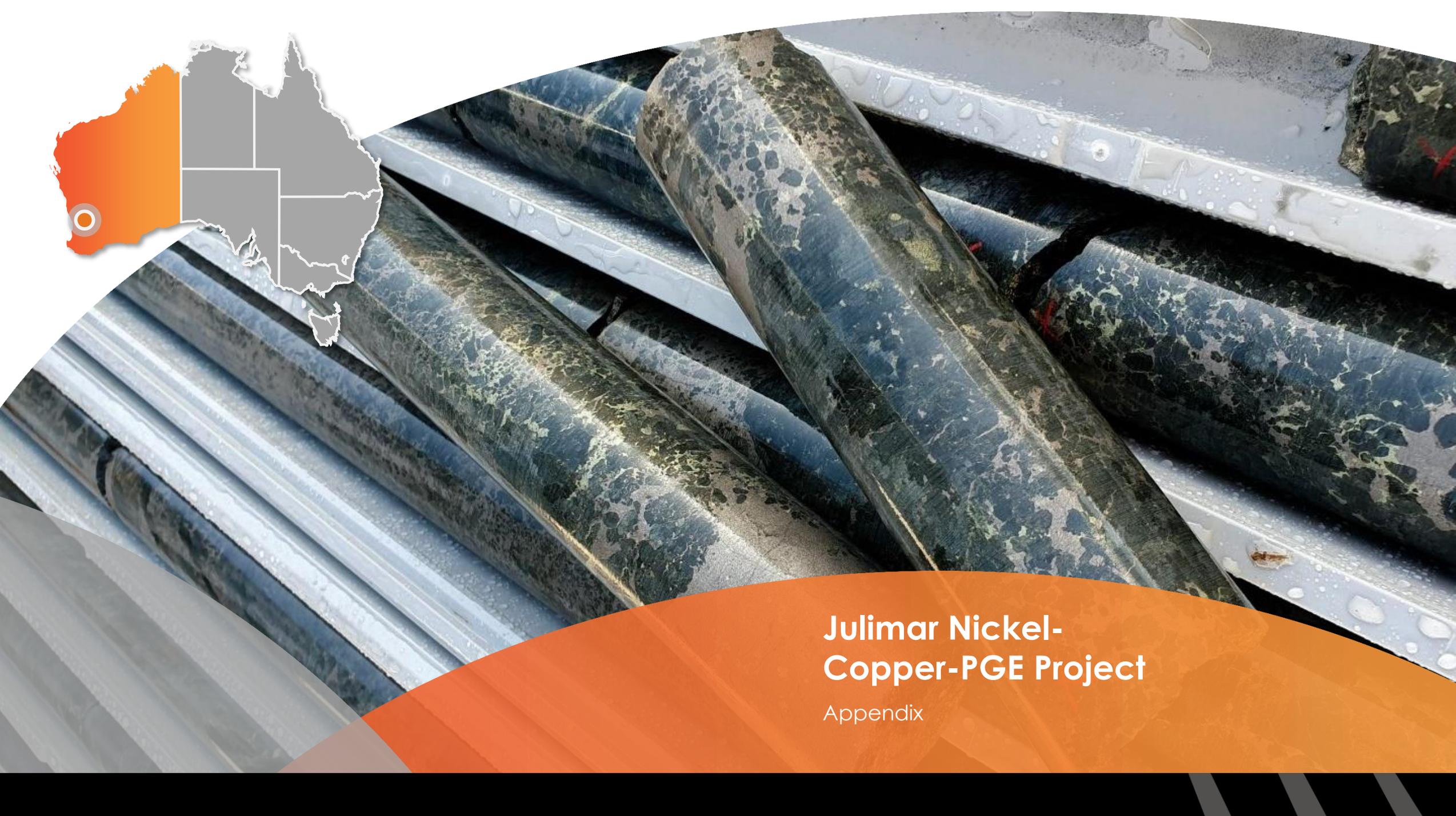
New world class, strategic, 'green metals' Resource in Western Australia



Significant exploration upside at Julimar and in the new West Yilgarn Ni-Cu-PGE Province



High performance team with an excellent track record



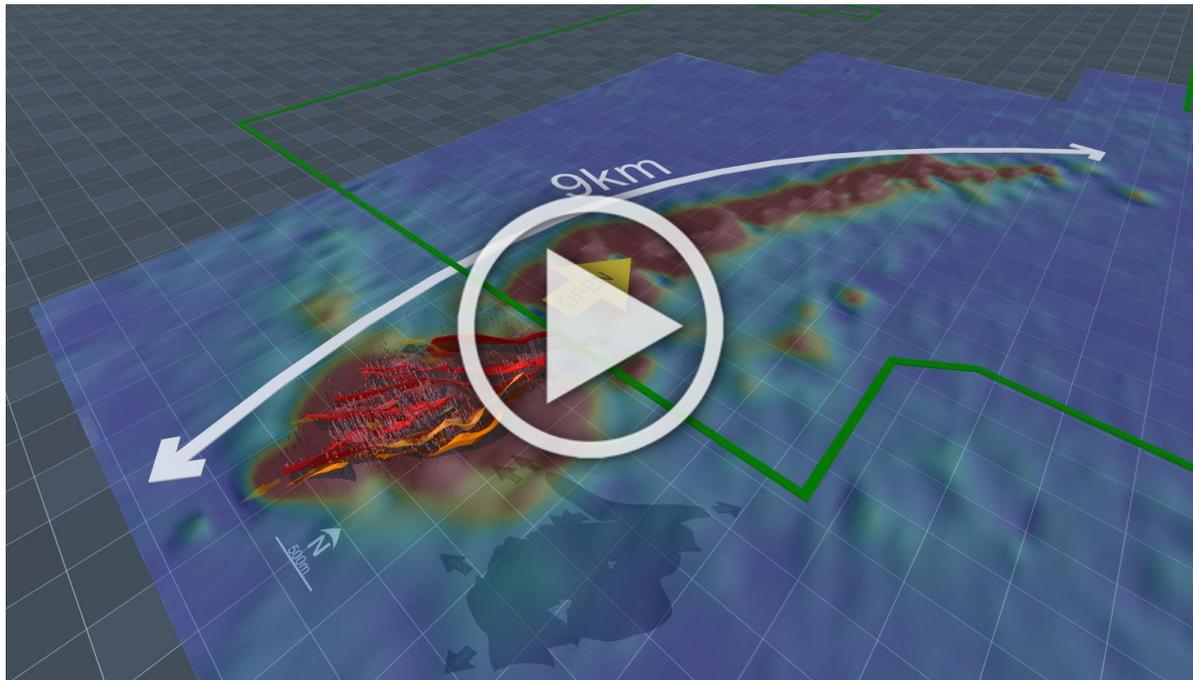
Julimar Nickel- Copper-PGE Project

Appendix

Interactive 3D Model & Video: Take a tour of our globally significant Julimar Ni-Cu-PGE Project in Western Australia



Click here to explore Julimar in 3D:
<https://inventum3d.com/c/chalicemining>



Click here to watch the Julimar Project Video:
<https://youtu.be/2oq3Y4Dfu4g>



Gonneville maiden Mineral Resource Estimate (JORC Code 2012), 9 Nov 2021



Domain	Cut-off Grade	Category	Mass (Mt)	Grade								Contained Metal							
				Pd (g/t)	Pt (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Ni (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	NiEq (%)	PdEq (g/t)	Pd (Moz)	Pt (Moz)	Au (Moz)	Ni (kt)	Cu (kt)	Co (kt)	NiEq (kt)	PdEq (Moz)
Oxide	0.9g/t Pd	Indicated																	
		Inferred	8.8	1.8		0.06					1.9	0.51		0.02					0.52
		Subtotal	8.8	1.8		0.06					1.9	0.51		0.02					0.52
Sulphide (Transitional)	0.4% NiEq	Indicated	7.7	0.68	0.16	0.03	0.18	0.11	0.019	0.60	1.6	0.17	0.04	0.01	14	8.1	1.5	46	0.40
		Inferred	8.0	0.97	0.25	0.03	0.17	0.14	0.029	0.79	2.1	0.25	0.06	0.01	14	11	2.3	63	0.55
		Subtotal	16	0.83	0.20	0.03	0.18	0.12	0.024	0.70	1.9	0.42	0.10	0.02	27	19	3.8	110	0.95
Sulphide (Fresh)	0.4% NiEq	Indicated	150	0.74	0.18	0.03	0.16	0.10	0.016	0.61	1.6	3.5	0.82	0.14	240	150	23	890	7.7
		Inferred	160	0.69	0.16	0.02	0.16	0.10	0.016	0.58	1.6	3.6	0.82	0.12	270	160	26	940	8.2
		Subtotal	310	0.72	0.17	0.03	0.16	0.10	0.016	0.59	1.6	7.1	1.6	0.26	510	310	49	1,800	16
All		Indicated	150	0.74	0.17	0.03	0.17	0.10	0.016	0.61	1.6	3.7	0.86	0.15	250	160	25	930	8.1
		Inferred	180	0.76	0.15	0.03	0.16	0.09	0.016	0.56	1.6	4.4	0.89	0.15	280	170	28	1,000	9.3
		Total	330	0.75	0.16	0.03	0.16	0.10	0.016	0.58	1.6	8.1	1.7	0.30	530	330	53	1,900	17

Note some numerical differences may occur due to rounding to 2 significant figures.

NiEq (%) = Ni (%) + 0.37 x Pd (g/t) + 0.24 x Pt (g/t) + 0.25 x Au (g/t) + 0.65 x Cu (%) + 3.24 x Co (%).

PdEq (g/t) = Pd (g/t) + 0.66 x Pt (g/t) + 0.67 x Au (g/t) + 2.71 x Ni (%) + 1.76 x Cu (%) + 8.78 x Co (%).

Includes drill holes drilled up to and including 31 July 2021.



Higher-grade sulphide component of Gonneville Resource, 9 Nov 2021

Domain	Cut-off Grade	Category	Mass (Mt)	Grade								Contained Metal							
				Pd (g/t)	Pt (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Ni (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	NiEq (%)	PdEq (g/t)	Pd (Moz)	Pt (Moz)	Au (Moz)	Ni (kt)	Cu (kt)	Co (kt)	NiEq (kt)	PdEq (Moz)
High-grade Sulphide (Transitional)	0.60% NiEq	Indicated	1.8	1.2	0.28	0.05	0.27	0.19	0.030	1.0	2.8	0.07	0.02	0	4.9	3.4	0.55	18	0.16
		Inferred	3.8	1.5	0.39	0.05	0.21	0.19	0.044	1.1	3.0	0.18	0.05	0.01	7.9	7.2	1.7	42	0.37
		Subtotal	5.6	1.4	0.35	0.05	0.23	0.19	0.040	1.1	3.0	0.25	0.06	0.01	13	11	2.2	61	0.53
High-grade Sulphide (Fresh)	0.60% NiEq	Indicated	36	1.4	0.35	0.07	0.21	0.21	0.019	1.0	2.8	1.6	0.40	0.08	76	76	6.9	370	3.2
		Inferred	32	1.3	0.30	0.06	0.22	0.21	0.019	1.0	2.7	1.4	0.32	0.06	73	67	6.3	320	2.8
		Subtotal	68	1.4	0.33	0.06	0.22	0.21	0.019	1.0	2.8	3.0	0.72	0.14	150	140	13	700	6.0
All	0.60% NiEq	Indicated	38	1.4	0.35	0.07	0.22	0.21	0.020	1.0	2.8	1.7	0.42	0.08	81	80	7.4	390	3.4
		Inferred	36	1.4	0.31	0.06	0.22	0.21	0.022	1.0	2.8	1.6	0.36	0.06	80	74	8.0	370	3.2
		Total	74	1.4	0.33	0.06	0.22	0.21	0.021	1.0	2.8	3.3	0.78	0.15	160	150	15	760	6.6

Note some numerical differences may occur due to rounding to 2 significant figures.

This higher-grade component is contained within the reported global Mineral Resource.

NiEq (%) = Ni (%) + 0.37 x Pd (g/t) + 0.24 x Pt (g/t) + 0.25 x Au (g/t) + 0.65 x Cu (%) + 3.24 x Co (%).

PdEq (g/t) = Pd (g/t) + 0.66 x Pt (g/t) + 0.67 x Au (g/t) + 2.71 x Ni (%) + 1.76 x Cu (%) + 8.78 x Co (%).

Includes drill holes drilled up to and including 31 July 2021.



Metal Equivalent Assumptions of Gonneville Resource, 9 Nov 2021

Sulphide domain intercepts and resource figures are quoted using a nickel equivalent (NiEq) and palladium equivalent (PdEq) cut-off grades. No metal equivalent is used for the oxide domain.

Based on limited metallurgical testwork completed to date for the sulphide domain, it is the Company's opinion that all the quoted elements included in metal equivalent calculations (palladium, platinum, gold, nickel, copper and cobalt) have a reasonable potential of being recovered and sold.

Metal equivalents for the sulphide domains are calculated according to the formula below:

« $\text{NiEq (\%)} = \text{Ni (\%)} + 0.37 \times \text{Pd (g/t)} + 0.24 \times \text{Pt (g/t)} + 0.25 \times \text{Au (g/t)} + 0.65 \times \text{Cu (\%)} + 3.24 \times \text{Co (\%)};$

« $\text{PdEq (g/t)} = \text{Pd (g/t)} + 0.66 \times \text{Pt (g/t)} + 0.67 \times \text{Au (g/t)} + 2.71 \times \text{Ni (\%)} + 1.76 \times \text{Cu (\%)} + 8.78 \times \text{Co (\%)}.$

Metal recoveries used in the metal equivalent calculations are at the lower end of the range for all metals in the sulphide domain based on limited metallurgical testwork (refer to ASX Announcement on 28 September 2021). Metal recoveries used in the metal equivalent calculations are listed below:

« Pd – 75%, Pt – 65%, Au – 50%, Ni – 60%, Cu – 80%, Co – 60%.

Metal prices used are consistent with those used in the Whittle pit optimisation (based on long term consensus analyst estimates):

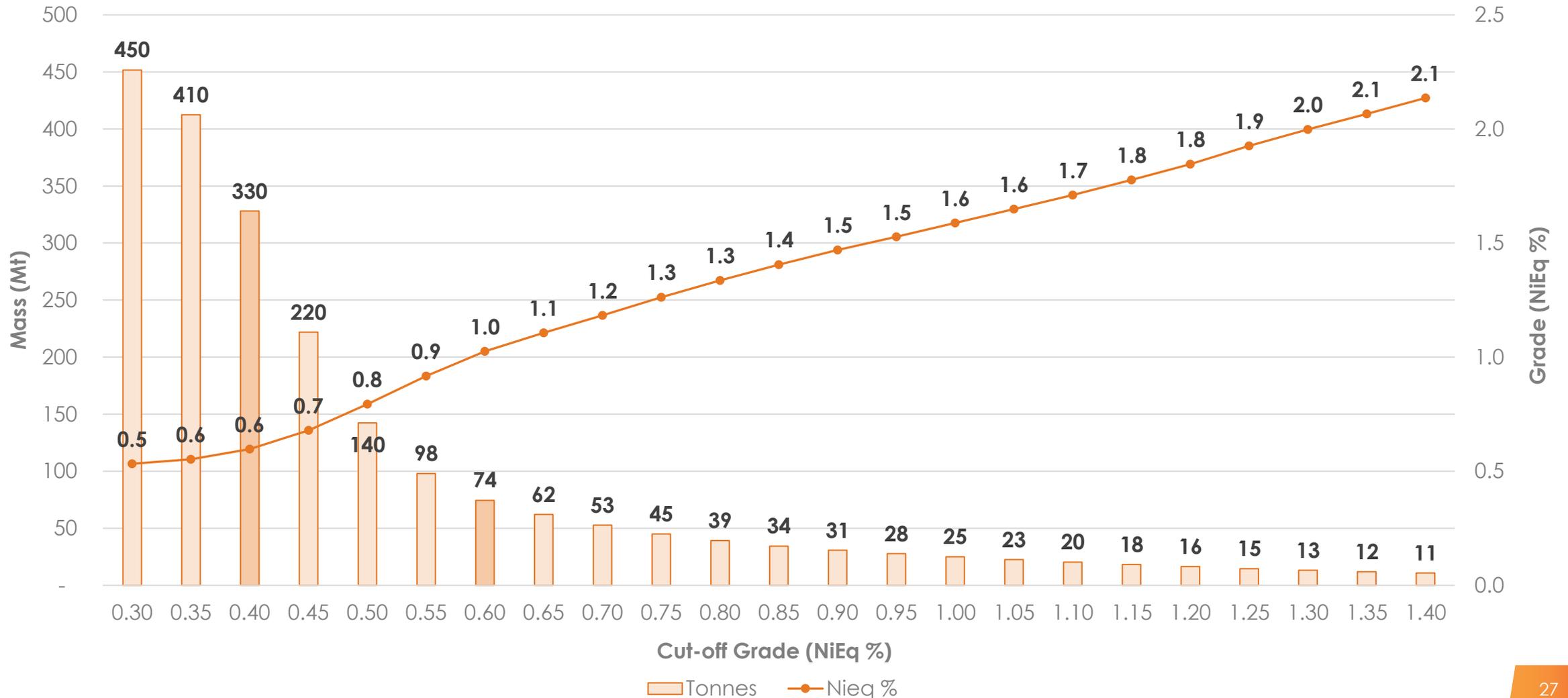
« US\$1,700/oz Pd, US\$1,300/oz Pt, US\$1,700/oz Au, US\$18,500/t Ni, US\$9,000/t Cu and US\$60,000/t Co.

For additional information on the assumptions used in the calculation of metal equivalents, refer to the ASX announcement titled “Tier-1 Scale Maiden Mineral Resource at Julimar” dated 9 November 2021.

Flat grade-tonnage curve highlights the significant high-grade component – providing the project with development optionality



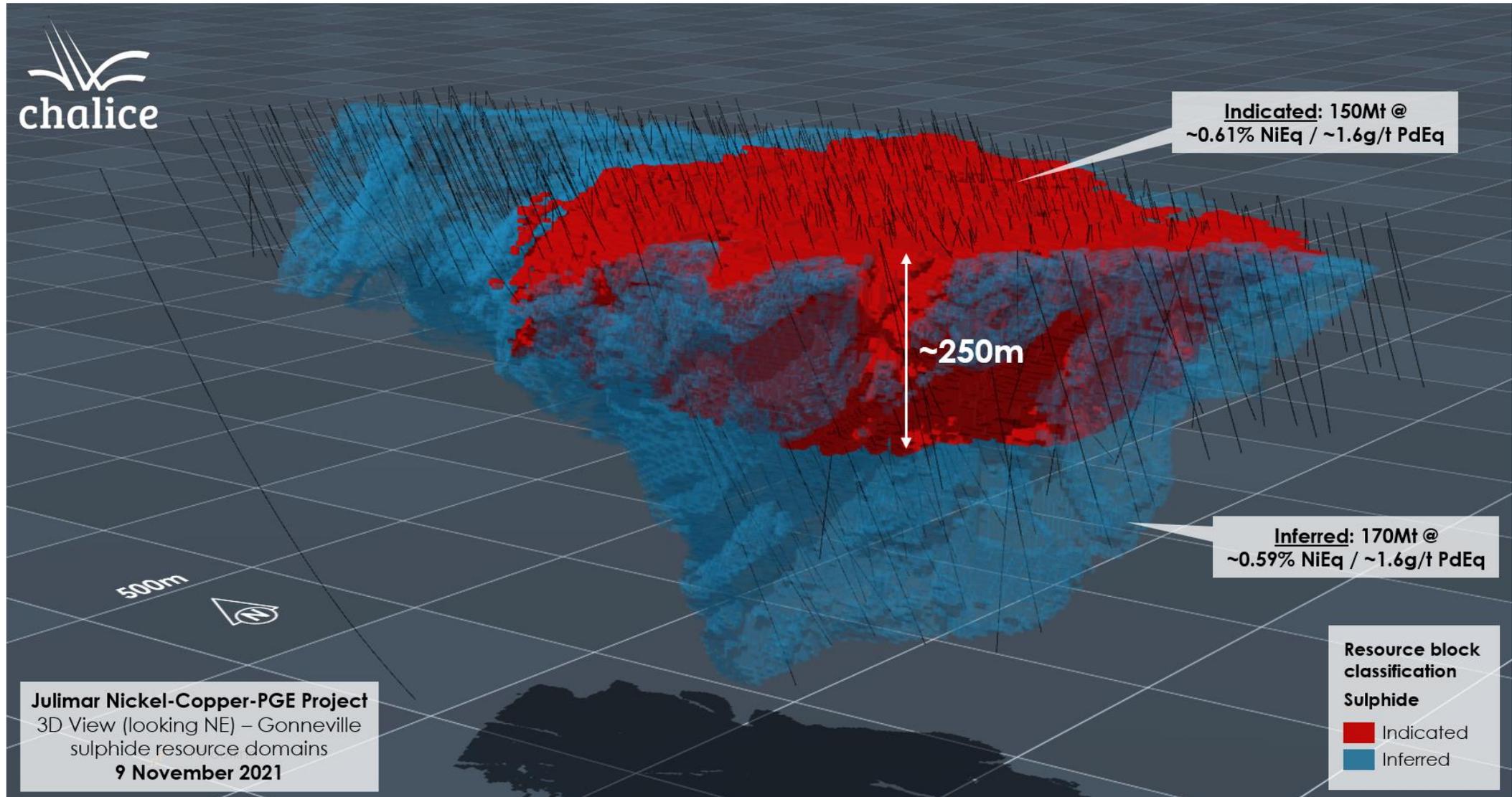
Nickel Equivalent Grade-Tonnage Curve (on NiEq cut-off grade basis)





Gonneville Resource classification

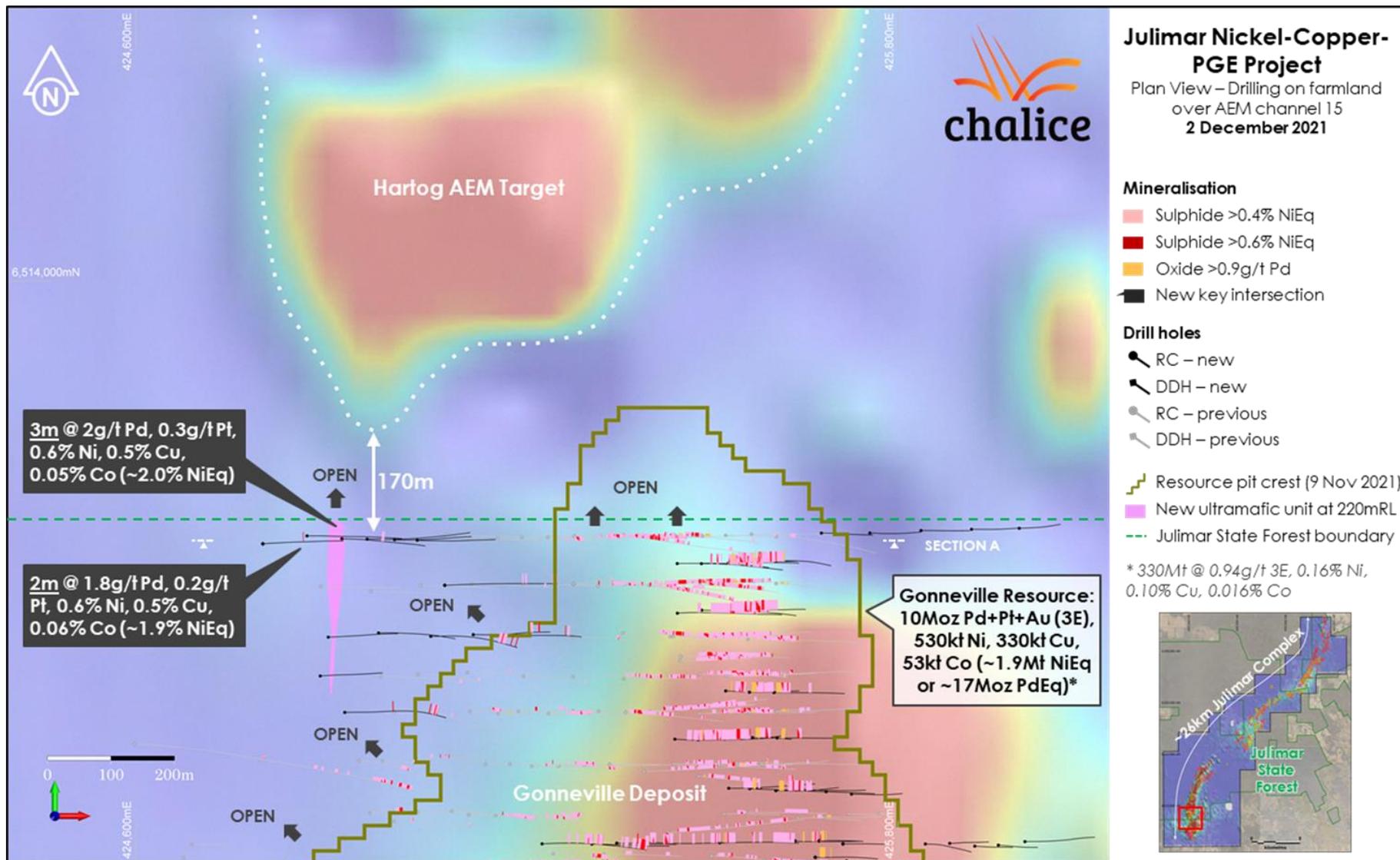
3D view (looking NE) of Gonneville Resource sulphide domains by classification



New zone of shallow high-grade mineralisation discovered directly south of the Hartog AEM anomaly, within a new intrusive unit



Gonneville and Hartog Plan View – drilling results and Resource pit crest over airborne EM



- New **shallow high-grade PGE-Ni-Cu-Co sulphide zone** has no EM response
- Hosted in an ultramafic intrusive unit to the west of Gonneville (separated by ~70m of metasediments)
- Zone is immediately south of the ~6.5km long Hartog Airborne EM (AEM) anomaly
- Potential that **Hartog anomaly may stem from its northern extension**
- First ever **diamond drilling now underway** at the Hartog Target within the Julimar State Forest (currently restricted to lower priority targets on existing tracks)



Long Term PGE Demand Forecast: Supporting Assumptions & Calculations

The long term PGE demand impact from the Hydrogen economy have been generated by Company analysis using assumptions and forecasts that have been informed by recent third party research. The assumptions used below relate to the year 2040. Note: There is the potential risk that these projections will not be achieved should the adoption of a hydrogen economy be less than expected or if major technological developments reduce the PGE loadings required for electrolyzers and fuel cells.

Key Model Inputs (2040)

Technology	Input	Unit	Assumption	PGE Demand Calculation
PEM electrolyser	Capacity	GW	70	$70 \times 75\% \times 0.5 / 31.1^{(1)} = \sim 0.8\text{Moz}$
	Market share	%	75	
	PGE loading	g/kW	0.5	
Light Vehicles	Light vehicle market	million per annum	100	$100 \times 12\% \times 80 \times 0.13 / 31.1^{(1)} = \sim 4.0\text{ Moz}$
	Light FCEV market share	%	12	
	Light vehicle rating	kW	80	
	PGE loading	g/kW	0.13	
Heavy Vehicles	Heavy vehicle market	million per annum	7	$7 \times 40\% \times 250 \times 0.13 / 31.1^{(1)} = \sim 2.9\text{ Moz}$
	Heavy FCEV market share	%	40	
	Heavy vehicle rating	kW	250	
	PGE loading	g/kW	0.13	

Source: 'Provision of PGM market intelligence and long-term metal price forecasts', SFA Oxford, April 2020 & 2021

'Strategy Update', AngloAmerican Platinum, 22 February 2021

'Australian and Global Hydrogen Demand Growth Scenario Analysis', Deloitte & COAG Energy Council, November 2019

'Fuelling the Future of Mobility' Deloitte & Ballard, 2020

'Committed to producing green metals', Green Metals & Hydrogen Conference, Sibanye Stillwater, 26 Nov 2021

(1) Calculations use a grams to ounce conversion ratio of 31.1.



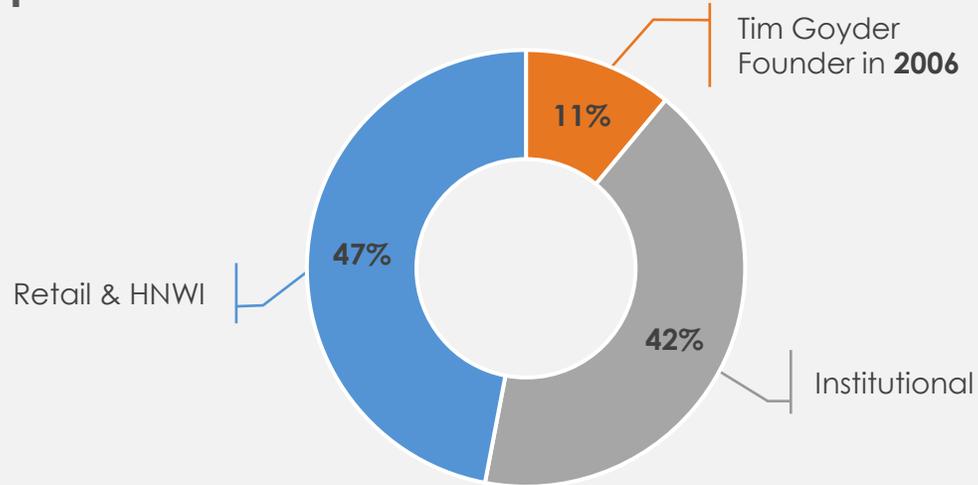
The Chalice Story

Appendix



Corporate Snapshot

Top Shareholders¹



Board of Directors

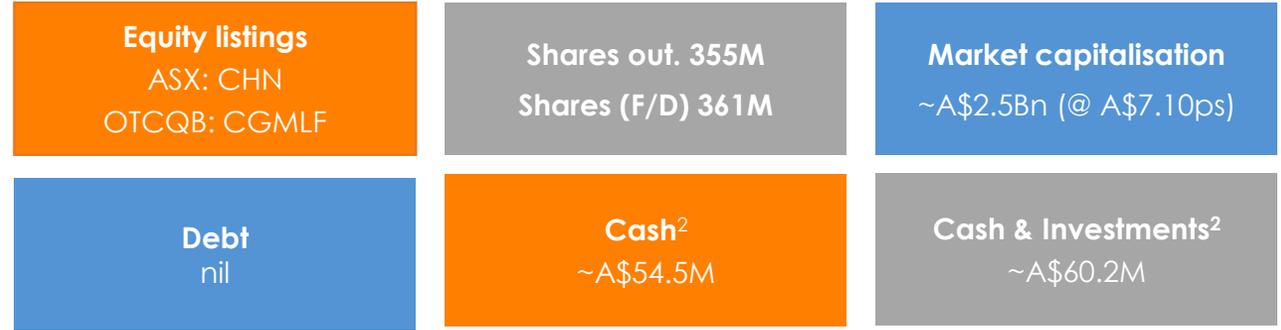
Derek La Ferla (*Chairman*)
 Alex Dorsch (*MD & CEO*)
 Morgan Ball (*NED*)
 Garret Dixon (*NED*)
 Stephen McIntosh (*NED*)
 Linda Kenyon (*NED*)

Management

Richard Hacker (*CFO*)
 Kevin Frost (*GM Discovery & Growth*)
 Bruce Kendall (*GM Exploration*)
 Soo Carney (*GM Env and Comm*)
 Michael Elias (*Study Mgr – Julimar*)
 Chris MacKinnon (*BD and Legal Mgr*)
 Jamie Armes (*Co Sec*)

¹ As of 31 March 2022 (estimate based on top 20 extract of the share register)

Capital Structure and Financials



Key Investments

Caspin Resources (ASX: CPN)

Position

6.9M shares (9.24%)

Research Analyst Coverage

Argonaut Securities	Royce Haese
Bell Potter	David Coates
J.P. Morgan	Al Harvey
Jefferies	Mitch Ryan
Macquarie Bank	Hayden Bairstow
Red Cloud Securities	Timothy Lee

² As of 31 Mar 2022



Board of Directors



Derek La Ferla, Chairman

- Highly regarded ASX200 chair and company director with 30+ years experience as a corporate lawyer
- Chair of Poseidon Nickel and formerly Chair of Sandfire Resources



Alex Dorsch, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

- Diverse experience in consulting, engineering and corporate advisory in the energy and resources sectors
- Previously a Specialist consultant with McKinsey & Company



Morgan Ball, Non-Exec Director

- Chartered Accountant with 25+ years experience in the resources, logistics and finance industries
- Formerly CFO of Northern Star Resources and Saracen Mineral Holdings



Garret Dixon, Non-Exec Director

- 30+ years experience in resources and mining contracting sectors
- Formerly Executive VP Alcoa & President Bauxite



Stephen McIntosh, Non-Exec Director

- Highly regarded mining executive with 30+ years experience in exploration, major project studies and execution
- Formerly Group Executive and Head of Exploration & Development Projects at Rio Tinto



Linda Kenyon, Non-Exec Director

- Corporate lawyer and senior executive with 30+ years experience
- Formerly Company Secretary and member of Executive Leadership Team at Wesfarmers

Management



Richard Hacker, CFO

- Chartered Accountant with 20+ years experience in junior company financing, corporate and commercial management
- Company CFO since 2006



Dr Kevin Frost, GM Discovery & Growth

- Co-recipient of AMEC's Prospector of the Year Award in 2009 for the discovery of the Spotted Quoll nickel sulphide deposit in WA (Western Areas)



Bruce Kendall, GM Exploration

- Co-recipient of AMEC's Prospector of the Year Award in 2012 for the discovery of the world-class Tropicana gold deposit in WA (AngloGold Ashanti)



Dr Soolim Carney, GM Environment and Community

- Environment, health and safety, indigenous affairs, govt relations and community specialist with 20+ years experience
- Former Regional Environment Manager for Alcoa Australia



Michael Elias, Study Manager – Julimar

- Study Director with 30+ years experience in mining sector
- Specialist in study management, project development and management consulting



Chris MacKinnon, Business Development and Legal Manager

- 15 years experience as a corporate lawyer and finance advisor in the resources industry



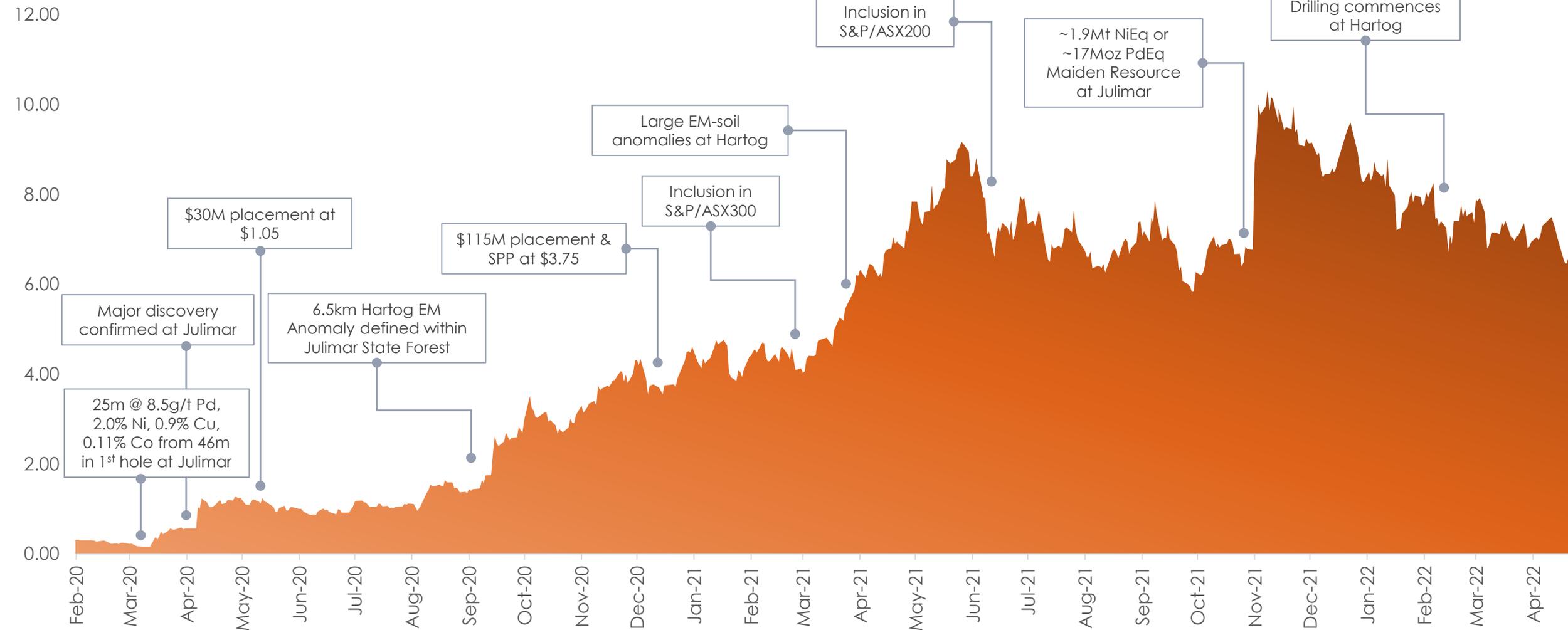
Jamie Armes, Company Secretary

- Chartered Accountant with 20+ years experience within the accounting profession and administration of public listed companies in the mining and exploration industry

Chalice has been one of the **standout performers** in the sector, with a **~4,000%** TSR since the Julimar discovery in March 2020

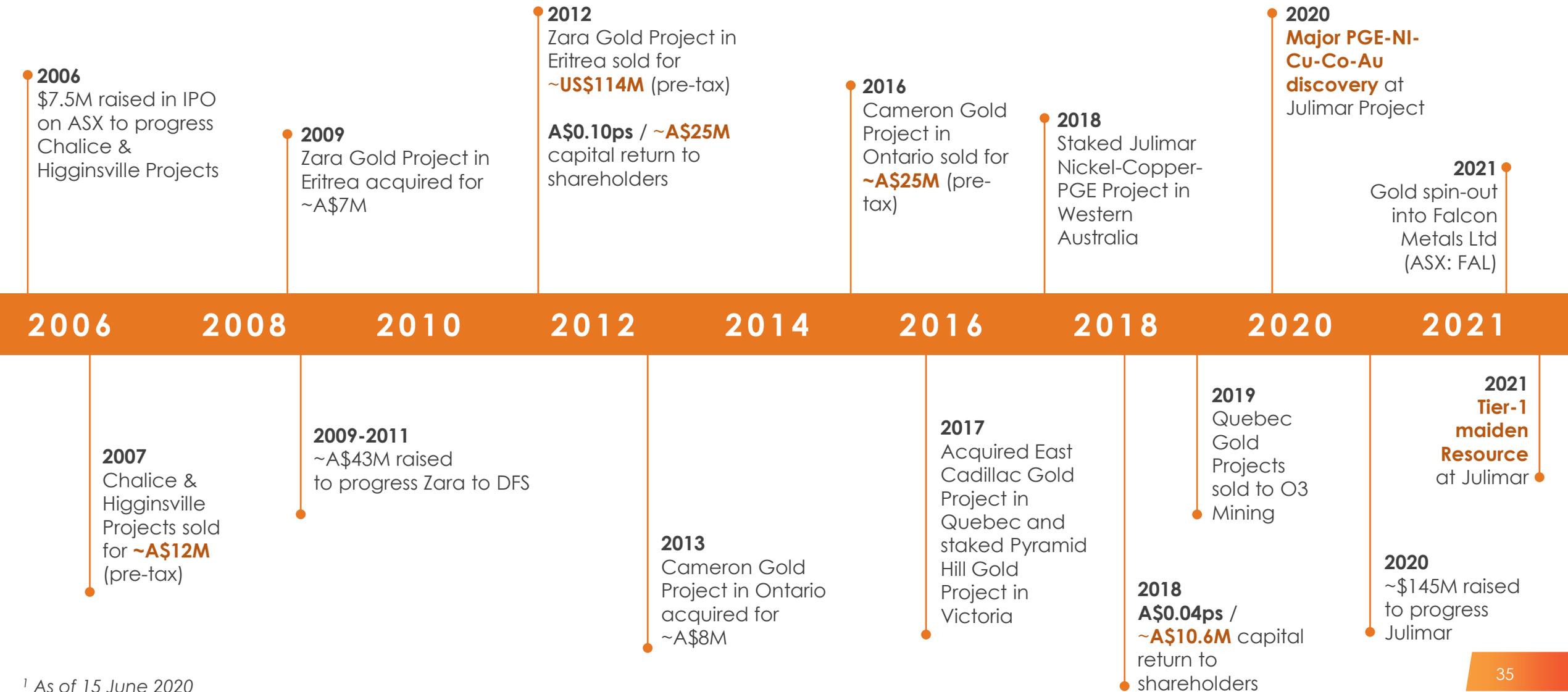


ASX:CHN (A\$/share)





Since our 2006 IPO, we have acquired quality assets, advanced projects quickly and generated **>A\$110M in after-tax proceeds¹** from asset sales



¹ As of 15 June 2020



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