

ASX Announcement

30 March 2022



ATO Class Ruling – In-specie Distribution of Orexplore Technologies Limited Shares

DDH1 Limited (**ASX: DDH**) (**DDH** or **the Company**) is pleased to advise that Class Ruling 2022/31 (**Class Ruling**) has been published by the Australian Taxation Office (**ATO**), clarifying the income tax consequences of the return of capital amount, which formed part of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore Technologies Limited shares (**Orexplore**) to former shareholders of Swick Mining Services Limited (**Swick**) (**Former Swick Shareholders**).

The ATO Class Ruling only applies to Former Swick Shareholders that were registered on the Swick share register at the record date of 30 December 2021 and who received Orexplore shares on 7 January 2022, by way of the In-Specie Distribution by Swick and who held Swick shares on capital account (but are not subject to the taxation of financial arrangement rules).

Subsequent to the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares by Swick, Swick was acquired by DDH1 on 7 February 2021. Accordingly, DDH1 provides this update to Former Swick Shareholders.

Section 3.16 of Swick's Notice of General Meeting (as filed with ASX by Swick on 23 November 2021) set out the income tax consequences of the In-Specie Distribution for Former Swick Shareholders (which will depend upon the relevant Former Swick Shareholders' individual circumstances). The comments below set out the position for resident Former Swick Shareholders who held their Swick shares on a capital account (i.e. have not been held for the purpose of resale or as trading stock). The views expressed in the summary below are not intended as specific advice to Former Swick Shareholders. The application of tax legislation may vary according to the individual circumstances of Former Swick Shareholders, and they should obtain their own tax advice in relation to the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares.

The In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares received by Former Swick Shareholders comprised two elements:

- a return of capital of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share; and
- a fully franked dividend of 0.80363108 cents per Swick share.

In summary, the ATO's Class Ruling confirms that for Australian tax resident Former Swick Shareholders who received Orexplore shares that:

- The return of capital of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share received by Former Swick Shareholders as part of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares is **not** a dividend;
- The return of capital received by Former Swick Shareholders as part of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares is not assessable as ordinary income;
- Demerger roll-over relief in respect of any capital gain made as a result of the In-Specie distribution is not available;
- A capital gains tax event occurred when Swick made the return of capital in respect of Swick shares, and capital gain arose if the return of capital was more than the cost base of the Swick shares. The capital gain is equal to the difference between the return of capital and the cost base of Swick shares, and the cost base of Swick shares is reduced to nil. If the return of capital is not more than the cost base of the Swick shares, the cost base is reduced by the amount of return of capital;
- The fully franked dividend of 0.80363108 per Swick share received by Former Swick Shareholders as part of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares is assessable to Former Swick Shareholders;
- For the purposes of the subsequent disposal of Orexplore shares, Former Swick Shareholders are taken to have acquired the Orexplore shares on 7 January 2022; and



- The first element of the cost base and reduced cost base of each Orexplore share received by the Former Swick Shareholders is 13.58 cents per Orexplore share, which the Commissioner accepts as being the market value of each Orexplore share.

The above is summarised in the table below:

Return of Capital	Fully Franked Dividend	Cost base of Orexplore share
3.72381718 cents per Swick share	0.80363108 cents per Swick share	13.58 cents per Orexplore share

Former Swick Shareholders will receive a Distribution Statement outlining the amounts received as part of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares (including any franking credits attached) to assist them in completing their income tax returns at the appropriate time.

The ATO Class Ruling is available on the ATO website at:

<https://www.ato.gov.au/law/view/document?docid=CLR/CR202231/NAT/ATO/00001>

A copy is also attached to this announcement.

Former Swick Shareholders should consult the ATO Class Ruling when considering the tax implications of the In-Specie Distribution of Orexplore shares. Former Swick Shareholders are encouraged to seek independent taxation advice relevant to their particular circumstances.

This announcement is a summary only and does not constitute tax advice or take into account the individual circumstances of each Former Swick Shareholder.

This ASX announcement has been authorised for release by Sy van Dyk, Managing Director and CEO of DDH1 Limited.

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About DDH1 Limited

DDH1 Limited (ASX: DDH) is Australia's largest mineral drilling contractor providing high quality surface and underground drilling services to a diverse group of exploration and mining houses across a balanced spread of mineral commodities. Established in 2006, DDH1 is an industry leader in enabling its clients to secure quality mineral samples with exceptional spatial accuracy.

DDH1 employs around 1,600 people and operates a fleet of 176 highly specified mineral drilling rigs across its four brands, namely DDH1 Drilling, Ranger Drilling, Strike Drilling, and Swick Mining Services. Offering clients, the full suite of mineral drilling services including air core, reverse circulation, and both surface and underground core drilling.

DDH1's drill rig fleet is a strategically important asset within the Australian mining industry. Surface drilling is performed across Australia by DDH1 Drilling, Ranger Drilling, and Strike Drilling while Swick Mining Services has a global presence performing underground drilling services across Australia, North America, and Western Europe. DDH1 has a strong reputation for innovation in rig design and drilling practices that deliver improvements in productivity, safety, and value.

Central to DDH1's strategic approach is the pursuit of long-term relationships with clients, built on quality drilling services and a deep understanding of their business needs.

For more information, please visit www.ddh1.com.au





Status: **legally binding**

Class Ruling

Swick Mining Services Ltd – in specie distribution of Orexpl ore Technologies Limited shares

📌 Relying on this Ruling

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

If this Ruling applies to you, and you correctly rely on it, we will apply the law to you in the way set out in this Ruling. That is, you will not pay any more tax or penalties or interest in respect of the matters covered by this Ruling.

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What this Ruling is about

1. This Ruling is about the in specie distribution of shares in Orexpl ore Technologies Limited (Orexpl ore) issued to shareholders of Swick Mining Services Ltd (Swick) on 7 January 2022 (Implementation Date).
2. This Ruling sets out the income tax consequences of the return of capital amount which formed part of the in specie distribution. This Ruling does not address the income tax consequences of the dividend amount which also formed part of the in specie distribution.
3. Full details of this scheme are set out in paragraphs 24 to 56 of this Ruling.
4. All legislative references in this Ruling are to provisions of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* or the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (as detailed in the table in Appendix 2 of this Ruling), unless otherwise indicated.

Who this Ruling applies to

5. This Ruling applies to you if you:
 - held shares in Swick on 30 December 2021 (Record Date), and

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- held your shares on capital account; that is, you did not hold your Swick Shares as revenue assets (as defined in section 977-50) or as trading stock (as defined in subsection 995-1(1)).

6. This Ruling does not apply to anyone who is subject to the taxation of financial arrangements rules in Division 230 in relation to the scheme outlined in paragraphs 24 to 56 of this Ruling.

Note: Division 230 will not apply to individuals, unless they have made an election for it to apply.

When this Ruling applies

7. This Ruling applies from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

Ruling

Demerger relief not available

8. Demerger relief (being demerger roll-over pursuant to Division 125 and demerger dividend treatment under subsections 44(3) and (4)) is not available as the scheme does not satisfy the requirements of a demerger under section 125-70.

Return of capital not a dividend

9. The return of capital amount of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share you received as part of the in specie distribution of shares in Orexplora is not a dividend as defined in subsection 6(1).

Return of capital not assessable as ordinary income

10. The return of capital amount you received as part of the in specie distribution of shares in Orexplora is not assessable as ordinary income under section 6-5.

Sections 45B and 45C do not apply

11. The Commissioner will not make a determination under paragraph 45B(3)(b) that section 45C applies to the whole, or any part, of the return of capital you received as part of the in specie distribution of shares in Orexplora.

Capital gains tax consequences

CGT event G1

12. CGT event G1 happened to you when Swick made the return of capital in respect of each Swick share you owned on the Record Date and continued to own on the Implementation Date (section 104-135).

13. You made a capital gain when CGT event G1 happened if the return of capital amount of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share you received was more than the cost base of your Swick share. The capital gain is equal to the difference, and the cost base and reduced cost base of your Swick shares are reduced to nil (subsection 104-135(3)).

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14. You cannot make a capital loss from CGT event G1 happening (Note 1 to subsection 104-135(3)).

15. If the return of capital amount of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share you received was not more than the cost base of your Swick share, each of the cost base and reduced cost base of your Swick shares is reduced by the amount of the return of capital (but not below nil) (subsection 104-135(4)).

CGT event C2

16. CGT event C2 happened to you if you held Swick shares at the Record Date but disposed of them prior to the Implementation Date (section 104-25). This event happened when Swick made the in specie distribution of an Orexplore share to you in satisfaction of your right to receive the Orexplore share.

17. You received capital proceeds of 13.58 cents in satisfaction of the right to receive an Orexplore share (paragraph 116-20(1)(a)).

18. You made a capital gain when CGT event C2 happened equal to the amount of the capital proceeds as you did not pay, or were not required to pay, for the right to receive an Orexplore share (subsection 104-25(3)).

19. Your capital gain is reduced by the dividend amount of 2.41 cents (0.80363108 cents per Swick share), which formed part of the proceeds you received in satisfaction of your right to receive the Orexplore share (section 118-20).

Discount capital gain

20. You can treat a capital gain made when CGT event G1 or CGT event C2 happened in respect of the return of capital as a discount capital gain if you acquired your Swick share at least 12 months before the Implementation Date (subsection 115-25(1)), provided the other conditions in Subdivision 115-A are satisfied.

Cost base and reduced cost base of Orexplore Technologies Limited share

21. The first element of the cost base and reduced cost base of each Orexplore share you received is 13.58 cents, which the Commissioner accepts as being the market value of each Orexplore share¹ (subsections 110-25(2) and 110-55(2)).

22. You are taken to have acquired the Orexplore share on the Implementation Date (Table Event number A1 (case 1) in subsection 109-5(2)).

Foreign-resident shareholders

23. If you were a foreign resident or the trustee of a foreign trust for CGT purposes as defined in subsection 995-1(1), you disregard any capital gain made from CGT event G1 or any capital gain made from CGT event C2 under subsection 855-10(1) as a Swick share

¹ Calculated based on a five-day volume-weighted average price of an Orexplore share on the first five days of trading.

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or your right to receive the Orexplora share is not an 'indirect Australian real property interest' (table item 2 of section 855-15), provided that:

- you did not use your Swick share or right at any time in carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Australia (table item 3 of section 855-15), or
- your Swick share or right was not covered by subsection 104-165(3) about individuals who defer capital gains upon ceasing to be an Australian resident (table item 5 of section 855-15).

Scheme

24. The following description of the scheme is based on information provided by the applicant. If the scheme is not carried out as described, this Ruling cannot be relied upon.

Background

25. Swick is an Australian-resident public company incorporated in Australia. Shares in Swick were listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) on 1 November 2006.

26. Swick specialised in providing underground and surface mineral drilling services to the resource and mining industry in Australia and overseas.

27. In 2013, Swick acquired a minority stake in Orexplora AB, a Swedish incorporated entity, and has since undertaken progressive investment to fund its product development focused on the digital transformation of the mining industry. In 2017, Swick acquired the remaining minority interests to hold 100% of Orexplora AB.

28. In 2018, Orexplora Australia Pty Ltd was incorporated.

29. On 30 July 2020, Swick announced, following a strategic review, that a separation of the drilling business and the Orexplora business would deliver the greatest return to shareholders and allow each business to pursue their respective strategies.

30. On 29 October 2020, Swick also incorporated Orexplora, an Australian resident company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Swick.

31. On 5 February 2021, Swick announced that the separation of Orexplora would be deferred to allow greater time to seed the commercialisation pathway with initial commercial projects.

32. On 21 June 2021, Swick announced it would recommence the separation of Orexplora.

33. On 22 November 2021, Swick released the Notice of Meeting to Swick shareholders for a general meeting to approve:

- the sale of the Orexplora business to Orexplora (to transfer all the shares in Orexplora Australia Pty Ltd and Orexplora AB to Orexplora and facilitate the separation of Orexplora), and
- the reduction of capital and in specie distribution of Orexplora shares.

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In specie distribution

34. On 22 December 2021, Swick shareholders approved the sale of the Orexplora business to Orexplora, and the reduction of capital and in specie distribution of Orexplora shares at the general meeting.

35. On 7 January 2022, Swick implemented the in specie distribution of 93,914,196 Orexplora shares to Swick shareholders. Swick shareholders received one Orexplora share for every three Swick shares held on the Scheme Record Date. Fractions were rounded up to the next whole number.

36. The in specie distribution received by shareholders for each Orexplora share comprised two elements:

- a return of capital of 3.72381718 cents per Swick share, and
- a fully franked dividend of 0.80363108 cents per Swick share.

37. The total return of capital amount of \$10,491,506 was debited against Swick's share capital account.

38. The balance of the in specie distribution was debited against Swick's retained earnings.

39. As at the Implementation Date, the value of an Orexplora share received by a Swick shareholder and the sale agent (in the case of an Ineligible shareholder) was determined to be 13.58 cents calculated on a five-day volume-weighted average price of an Orexplora share on the first five days of trading.

40. The following is a summary of the key dates for the in specie distribution:

Date	Event
22 November 2021	Orexplora lodged prospectus with Australian Securities and Investments Commission
1 December 2021	Orexplora opened the priority offer
22 December 2021	General meeting to approve the in specie distribution of Orexplora shares
22 December 2021	Orexplora closed the priority offer
30 December 2021	Record Date
7 January 2022	In specie distribution to shareholders of Orexplora shares (Implementation Date)
7 January 2022	Dispatch of holding statements for in specie distribution
19 January 2022	Orexplora admitted to the official list of the ASX
21 January 2022	Orexplora shares commenced trading on ASX

41. Swick issued distribution statements to its shareholders on or around 23 February 2022.

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Ineligible shareholders

42. Swick shareholders with a registered address outside Australia, or in Australia but have not declared their tax file number, tax file number exemption or Australian business number to the Swick Share Registry, were ineligible to receive the in specie distribution of Orexpl ore shares.

43. The Orexpl ore shares which Ineligible shareholders were otherwise entitled to were transferred to the sale agent on the Record Date and sold on their behalf when Orexpl ore was admitted to the ASX and a market for Orexpl ore shares established. The net proceeds were then paid to the Ineligible shareholders.

Priority offer

44. On 22 November 2021, Swick also announced that Orexpl ore will undertake a priority offer to raise between \$1 million and \$2.5 million of additional equity. The Orexpl ore Prospectus was lodged on the same date with details regarding the priority offer.

45. The priority offer was only open to eligible Swick shareholders on the share register as at 9.00am (AWST) on 1 December 2021 and was priced at 25 cents per Orexpl ore share.

46. The priority offer was voluntary, and shareholders had the right, but not the obligation, to participate.

47. The priority offer was for a minimum subscription of \$2,000 per Swick shareholder.

48. Swick also contributed an additional seed-funding payment to Orexpl ore of \$12 million at completion of the in specie distribution.

49. On the Implementation Date, Swick also announced that Orexpl ore had successfully raised \$2,437,500 at 25 cents per share under the priority offer.

Capital structure of Swick Mining Services Ltd

50. As at 7 January 2022, Swick's share capital account balance was \$92,165,558.

51. Just prior to the in specie distribution of Orexpl ore shares, Swick had 281,740,622 ordinary shares on issue.

52. Swick's share capital account (as defined in section 975-300) was not tainted for the purpose of section 197-50.

Other matters

53. Swick's shareholder profile included a mix of shareholder types. A small percentage of Swick shares were held by non-residents.

54. Warrants on issue to a number of Orexpl ore employees were cancelled prior to the in specie distribution.

55. Swick also entered into a separate Scheme Implementation Agreement (SIA) on 22 October 2021 by way of a scheme of arrangement. Under the SIA, Swick had an equity value of \$99.3 million, not including the value of Orexpl ore. The implementation of the SIA was subject to certain conditions which included the approval by Swick shareholders of the separation of Orexpl ore by way of the in specie distribution.

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56. The market value of the assets of Swick that are taxable Australian real property is less than the market value of Swick's other assets for the purposes of section 855-30.

Commissioner of Taxation

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 Status: **not legally binding**

Appendix 1 – Explanation

❶ *This Explanation is provided as information to help you understand how the Commissioner's view has been reached. It does not form part of the binding public ruling.*

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Demerger relief not available

57. Demerger relief (being demerger roll-over under Division 125 and demerger dividend treatment under subsections 44(3) and (4)) is not available as the scheme does not satisfy the requirements of a demerger under subsection 125-70(1). This is because the restructuring of the demerger group headed by Swick was taken to include a subsequent scheme of arrangement that resulted in the condition in paragraph 125-70(1)(c) and subsection 125-70(2) not being satisfied.

Return of capital is not a dividend

58. The term 'dividend' is defined in subsection 6(1) to include any distribution made by a company to any of its shareholders but excludes a distribution debited against an amount standing to the credit of the company's share capital account.

59. As the return of capital was debited to Swick's untainted share capital account, it is not a dividend.

60. As the return of capital is not a dividend, as defined in subsection 6(1), no part of the return of capital is included in your assessable income under subsection 44(1).

Sections 45B and 45C do not apply

61. Section 45B is an anti-avoidance provision which applies where, having regard to the relevant circumstances of the scheme as set out in subsection 45B(8), a company provided certain capital payments to its shareholders for a more than incidental purpose of enabling a taxpayer to obtain a tax benefit.

62. Having regard to the relevant circumstances of the scheme, it cannot be concluded that it was entered into or carried out for a more than incidental purpose of enabling Swick shareholders to obtain a tax benefit. Accordingly, section 45B does not apply.

Status: **not legally binding**

Capital gains tax consequences**CGT event G1**

63. Paragraphs 12 to 15 of this Ruling sufficiently explain the consequences where CGT event G1 happened to you. Therefore, no further explanation is required.

CGT event C2

64. CGT event C2 (section 104-25) happened to you, in respect of your right to receive the in specie distribution, when Swick made the in specie distribution of an Orexplora share for each three Swick shares that you owned on the Record Date and no longer owned on the Implementation Date. That is, CGT event C2 happened, and not CGT event G1, if you disposed of your Swick shares after the Record Date but before the Implementation Date.

65. The cost base of your right to receive the in specie distribution is worked out under Division 110 (modified by Division 112). As you did not pay, or were not required to pay for the right, the cost base of the right is nil. The cost base of the right does not include the cost base or reduced cost base of the Swick share you previously owned which was applied in working out a capital gain or capital loss when CGT event A1 happened when you disposed of your Swick share after the Record Date but before the Implementation Date (section 104-10).

66. You made a capital gain when CGT event C2 happened equal to the amount of the capital proceeds of 13.58 cents as you did not pay, or were not required to pay, for the right to receive an Orexplora share (subsection 104-25(3)).

67. Your capital gain is reduced to the extent that some part of the CGT event C2 capital gain is also included in your assessable income, is exempt income, or is non-assessable non-exempt income (section 118-20). Your capital gain is therefore reduced by the dividend amount of 2.41 cents (0.80363108 cents per Swick share) which formed part of the proceeds you received in satisfaction of your right to receive the Orexplora share.

68. For the purposes of Subdivision 109-A, you are considered to have acquired the right at the time when you acquired your Swick share. Therefore, you can treat a capital gain made when CGT event C2 happened on the ending of the right as a discount capital gain under Subdivision 115-A if you acquired your Swick share at least 12 months before the Implementation Date (subsection 115-25(1)) provided the other conditions in Subdivision 115-A are satisfied.

Foreign-resident shareholders

69. A capital gain from a CGT event G1 or a CGT event C2 is disregarded if:
- just before the CGT event happened, you are a foreign resident, or the trustee of a foreign trust for capital gains tax purposes, and
 - the CGT event happens in relation to a CGT asset that is not taxable Australian property (subsection 855-10(1)).

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70. The term 'taxable Australian property' is defined in the table in section 855-15. Your Swick share or right to receive an Orexplore share was not an 'indirect Australian real property interest' (table item 2 in section 855-15). Therefore, your Swick share or right will constitute taxable Australian property if:

- you used your Swick share or right at any time in carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Australia (table item 3 in section 855-15), or
- your Swick share or right was covered by subsection 104-165(3) about individuals who defer capital gains upon ceasing to be an Australian resident (table item 5 in section 855-15).

Status: **not legally binding**

Appendix 2 – Legislative provisions

71. This paragraph sets out the details of the provisions ruled upon or referenced in this Ruling.

<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	subsection 6(1)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	subsection 44(1)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	subsection 44(3)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	subsection 44(4)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	section 45B
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	paragraph 45B(3)(b)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	subsection 45B(8)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i>	section 45C
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 6-5
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-10
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-25
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-25(3)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 104-135
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-135(3)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-135(4)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 104-165(3)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Subdivision 109-A
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 109-5(2)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Division 110
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 110-25(2)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 110-55(2)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Division 112
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Subdivision 115-A
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 115-25(1)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	paragraph 116-20(1)(a)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 118-20
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Division 125
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 125-70
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 125-70(1)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	paragraph 125-70(1)(c)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 125-70(2)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 197-50
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	Division 230

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<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 855-10(1)
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 855-15
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 855-30
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 975-300
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	section 977-50
<i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	subsection 995-1(1)

Status: **not legally binding**

References

Legislative references:

- TAA 1953
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ATO references

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Income tax ~ Capital management ~ Anti avoidance rules ~ Section 45B

Income tax ~ Capital management ~ Anti avoidance rules ~ Section 45C

Income tax ~ Capital management ~ Returning capital ~ Share capital return

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