

ASX Announcement | 18 June 2026

Whipsaw Copper Project – British Columbia, Canada

Drill Supported Exploration Target, 3.7km x 1.2km Mineralised Zone, Open ~160km east of Vancouver and ~17km west of HudBay’s Copper Mountain

Flagship Minerals Limited (ASX:FLG) (“Flagship” or “the Company”) is pleased to announce the acquisition of the Whipsaw Copper Project (Whipsaw) in British Columbia, Canada.

Whipsaw is a large-scale porphyry copper project located **~17km west of Hudbay Minerals’ Copper Mountain Mine** and approximately 160km east of Vancouver, within one of Canada’s most established and infrastructure-accessible mining regions. Copper Mountain is a long-operating, district-scale open pit copper mine.

Historical drilling, geological mapping, soil geochemistry and geophysical surveys support a substantial JORC (2012) Exploration Target across a mineralised system extending approximately **3.7km in strike length and up to 1.2km in width**.

The acquisition provides Flagship shareholders with exposure to the long-term copper thematic while complementing the Company’s flagship 2.1Moz Isidora Gold Project in Chile.

KEY POINTS


- **Strategic Rational**
 - **Provides Flagship’s shareholders with meaningful exposure to copper** at a time when large-scale copper development opportunities in top-tier jurisdictions are increasingly scarce.
 - **Complements Flagship’s strategy of advancing the Isidora Gold Project** while securing additional development opportunities in Tier-1 jurisdictions.
 - Potential **spin-out of Whipsaw into a dedicated ASX-listed vehicle**, subject to shareholder and ASX approvals.
- **The Project & Exploration Target**
 - **Whipsaw is a Tier 1 copper project in a Tier 1 jurisdiction** and setting, excellent infrastructure provides for easy access.
 - The Whipsaw Exploration Target consists of between **0.51 to 1.02 Billion tonnes @ 0.2% to 0.4% CuEq^{1,2}** being 0.14-0.23% Cu, 86-147ppm Mo, 1-2ppm Ag and 0.01 to 0.02ppm Au.
 - The **Exploration Target is defined predominately by drilling and surface soil sampling** with geological and geophysical support.
 - The Exploration Target is **hosted in large scale porphyry mineral system ~3.7km long and 1.2km wide**.

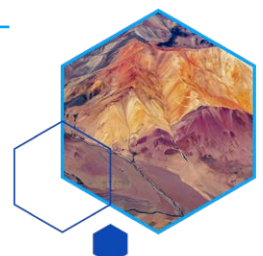
¹ The potential quantity and grade of the Exploration Targets are conceptual in nature and, as such, there has been insufficient exploration drilling conducted to estimate a Mineral Resource. At this stage it is uncertain if further exploration drilling will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource. The Exploration Target has been prepared in accordance with the JORC Code (2012).

² CuEq calculation is shown in Equation 1 below.

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- **Strong geological analogies with other porphyry deposits** including nearby Copper Mountain.
- **Interpretation of Whipsaw system includes four discrete porphyry intrusion zones** where mineralised porphyritic dykes have altered and mineralised the fertile host volcanics and sediments.
- The **Exploration Target represents a potential bulk tonnage porphyry Cu-Mo deposit** where the observed mineralisation is Cu dominant.
- The **Exploration Target remains open**, indicating potential for expansion.
- **Further discovery potential exists adjacent to the Exploration Target** and the broader project.
- **Next Steps**
 - Complete technical review and project advancement studies.
 - Assess spin-out and funding alternatives.
 - Design follow-up drilling programs to test scale and extensions of the system.

Flagship Minerals' Managing Director, Paul Lock, commented:

"We are extremely pleased with the agreement we have struck to acquire the Whipsaw Copper Project, positioning Flagship with a drill supported Exploration Target of 0.51Bt to 1.02Bt @ 0.2% to 0.4% copper equivalent (CuEq).

"Whipsaw provides Flagship's shareholders with exposure to one of the strongest long-term commodity themes in the market. As global copper grades decline and new discoveries become increasingly difficult to find, we believe large-scale copper projects in Tier-1 jurisdictions will become increasingly valuable.

"The Project is located in British Columbia, Canada, one of the world's premier mining jurisdictions, and sits just 17 kilometres from Hudbay's Copper Mountain Mine. Copper Mountain is an important point of reference: given that it is a substantial, long-life operating open pit copper mine, with a 45,000 tonne per day plant, highlighting both the maturity of the district and the regional scale of the copper system³.

"Historical drilling, geophysics and geochemistry indicate the presence of a large-scale porphyry copper system at Whipsaw with significant exploration upside.

"Importantly, Whipsaw complements our strategy of advancing the 2.1Moz Isidora Gold Project in Chile while building a pipeline of quality development opportunities capable of delivering long-term shareholder value.

"We are also evaluating a potential spin-out of Whipsaw into a standalone ASX-listed copper vehicle, which could provide Flagship shareholders with exposure to both Isidora and a dedicated copper growth story. Such an initiative will be subject to the usual shareholder, legal and regulatory approvals."

³ See Hudbay's project description and operational overview: <https://hudbaycoppermountain.com/>

Overview – The Strategy

Global copper mining grades continue to decline, while new large-scale discoveries are becoming increasingly difficult to find. At the same time, demand for copper is expected to grow through electrification, grid expansion, renewable energy infrastructure and broader industrial development.

Against this backdrop, Flagship has been seeking an opportunity to provide shareholders with meaningful exposure to the copper thematic through a project located in a Tier-1 mining jurisdiction.

Flagship's strategy remains twofold:

1. Advance the Company's flagship Isidora Gold Project in Chile towards development and production readiness; and
2. Secure additional gold or copper opportunities capable of delivering scale, long mine lives and strong development potential in established mining jurisdictions.

The Whipsaw Copper Project aligns strongly with this strategy.

Located in British Columbia, Canada, Whipsaw is a large-scale porphyry copper project supported by historical drilling, geological mapping, geochemistry and geophysical surveys. The Project is situated approximately 17km west of Hudbay Minerals' Copper Mountain Mine and approximately 160km east of Vancouver (see Figure 1).

Importantly, Whipsaw provides Flagship with exposure to a commodity facing increasing long-term supply challenges while maintaining the Company's focus on Tier-1 jurisdictions and projects with potential for meaningful scale.

The Company believes Whipsaw has the characteristics required to support a significant copper development opportunity, including:

- Large-scale porphyry copper system extending approximately 3.7km in length and up to 1.2km in width;
- Drill-supported JORC (2012) Exploration Target;
- Established mining jurisdiction with excellent infrastructure access;
- Proximity to operating copper mines and processing infrastructure; and
- Significant exploration upside beyond currently defined target areas.

Flagship is considering a spin-out of Whipsaw into a new ASX listed vehicle, and offering shareholders an in-specie holding in the new listed vehicle. This would be subject to legal review, shareholder approval and ASX and other regulatory approvals.

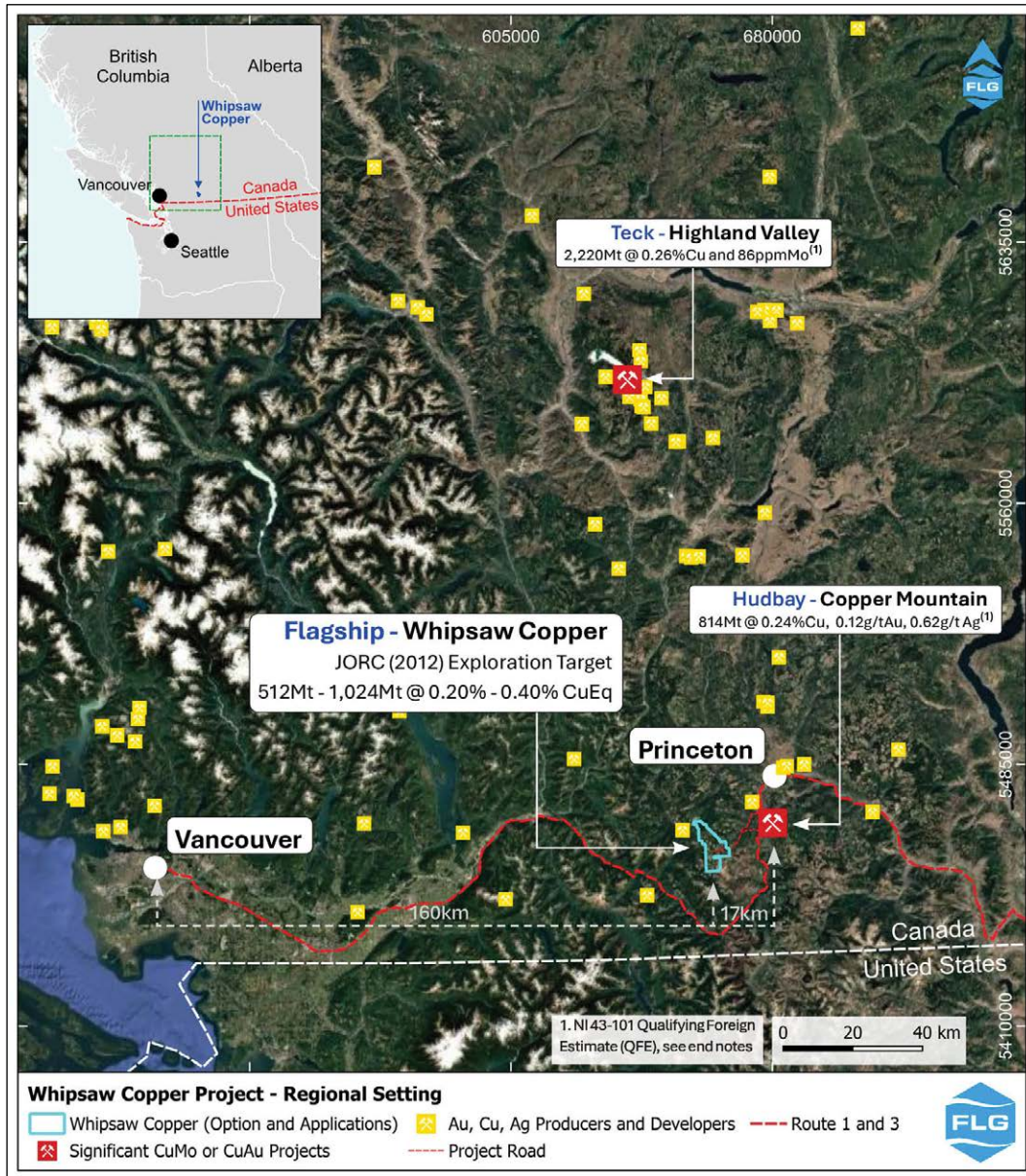


Figure 1: Whipsaw Copper Project – Regional Setting.

Canada is a Tier 1 jurisdiction for exploration and mining investment, combining world-class geology, low political risk, a stable legal framework, excellent infrastructure and low-carbon hydro power options along with a deep pool of skilled labour with a strong mining culture. This gives projects such as Whipsaw a clearer path from discovery to production. Together, these factors create a low-risk, high-confidence environment for developing large, long-life mining assets, making Canada one of the most attractive mining jurisdictions globally.

Figure 2 and Picture1 details Whipsaw’s local setting, showing the proximity to major infrastructure as well as the easy onsite access.

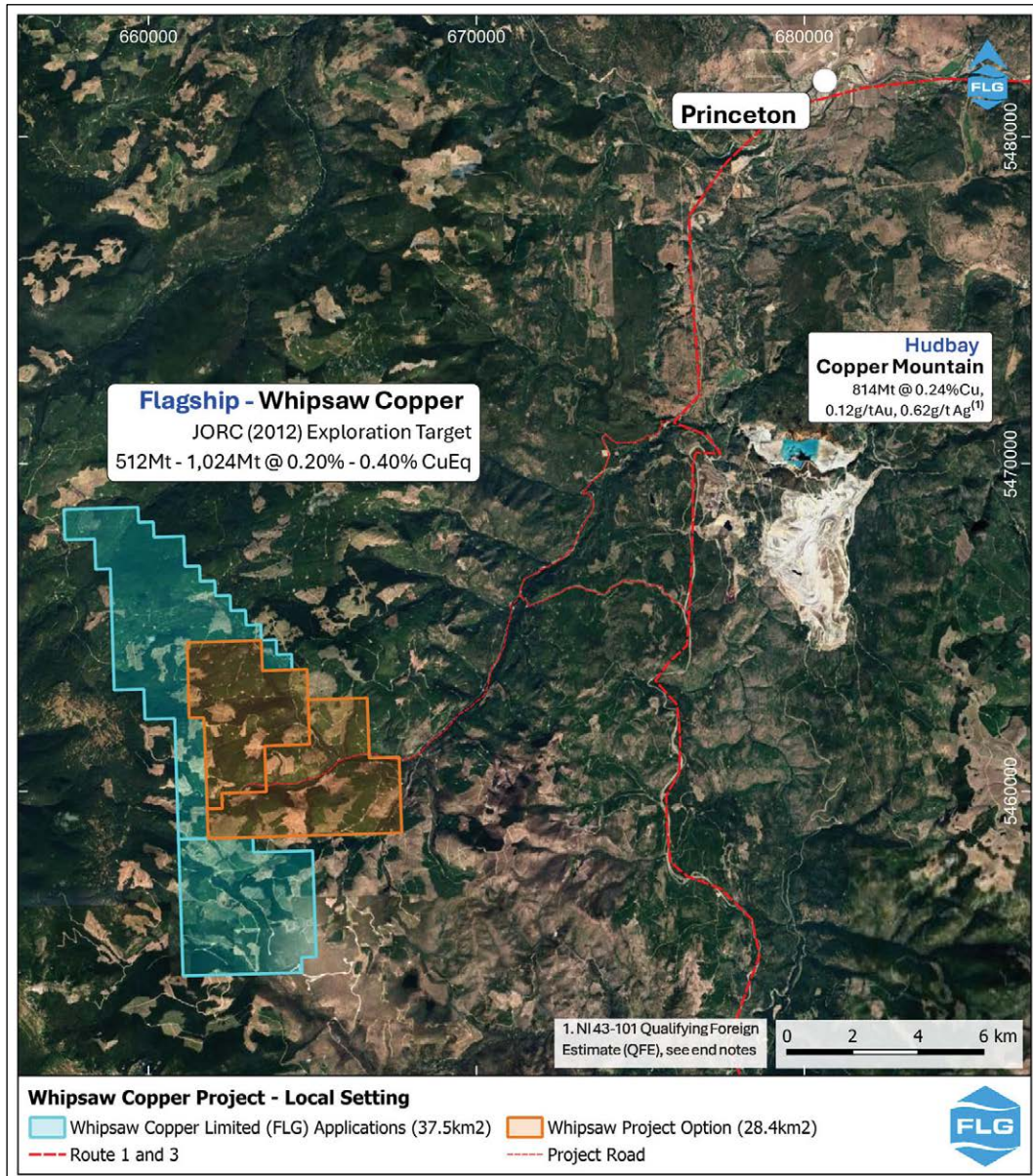
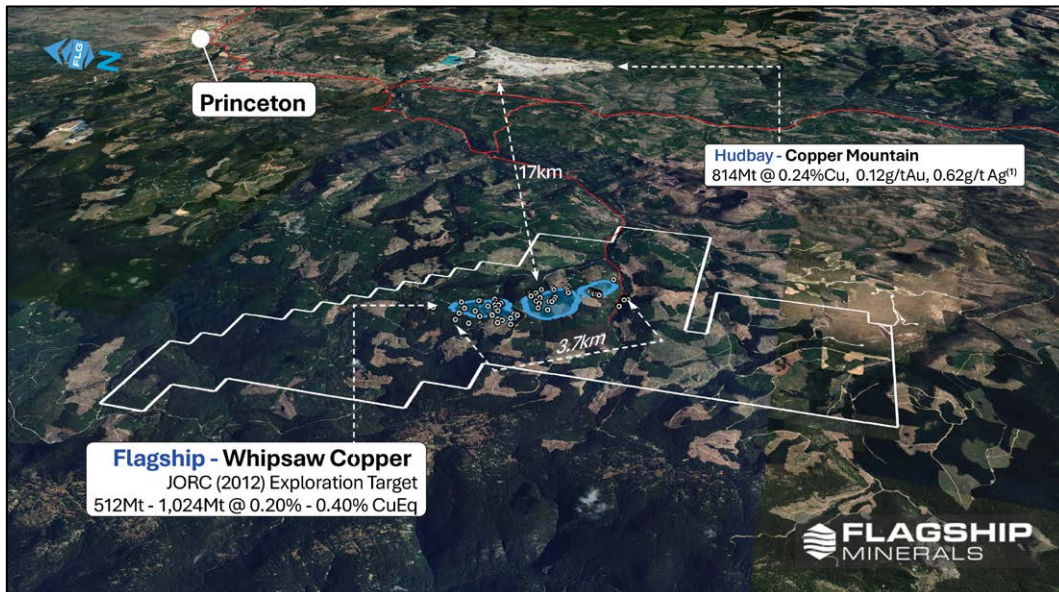


Figure 2: Whipsaw Copper Project – Local Setting showing the Mineral Claims under the Option Agreement (orange) and the Mineral Claims under application (blue) via FLG’s subsidiary Whipsaw Copper Limited.



Picture 1: Whipsaw Copper Project – Local Setting. I think image below is better (with a bit of work) ?

Overview – General Geology

The Whipsaw property consists of two Mineral Claims, being MCX 1097589 and MCX 1097590 which combined encompass 28.4km², these claims fall under the agreement between the vendors and Flagship’s wholly owned Canadian subsidiary Whipsaw Copper Limited (WCL). WCL has also lodged three Mineral Claim applications which encompass approximately 37.5km². The applications are located to the north, west and south of the Whipsaw property, see Figure 2.

The Whipsaw property lies near the southern end of the Quesnel Terrane which is an island arc fragment consisting of Palaeozoic and Mesozoic volcanic, sedimentary, and plutonic rocks. The southern Quesnel Terrane is dominated by the late Triassic Nicola Group, a subaqueous island-arc assemblage composed of volcanic and sedimentary rocks that make up the Nicola Volcanic Arc. The Whipsaw porphyry is an Upper Cretaceous or Tertiary intrusive emplaced into Upper Triassic Nicola rocks, at the eastern contact of the Jurassic-Cretaceous Eagle Granodiorite Batholith. Copper, molybdenum, gold and silver mineralization has been found mainly in the Nicola rocks and appears to be spatially related to the margins of the Whipsaw Porphyry and the contact zone with the Eagle Granodiorite.

Porphyry style mineralization consisting of disseminated and vein controlled pyrite, chalcopyrite and molybdenite is present in all rock types surrounding and along trend of the Whipsaw Stock, especially in the Nicola Volcanics. This zone is approximately 3.7km long and 1.2km wide, and is defined by drilling, soil geochemistry, IP geophysics and prospective geology. Flagship has estimated an Exploration Target for this zone. The Exploration Target range is 0.51Bt to 1.02Bt @ 0.2% to 0.4% copper equivalent (CuEq). Mineralisation is dominated by copper, with accessory molybdenum and minor silver and gold.

The Whipsaw project has strong geological similarities to other porphyry copper deposits in the Quesnel Belt. The Exploration Target reflects this.

The Exploration Target

The Exploration Target shown in Table 1 was generated by integrating the existing drillhole database with interpreted mineralisation extents derived from surface geology, geochemistry and geophysical datasets. A Leapfrog implicit model was constructed to define mineralised volumes based on CuEq continuity, lithological controls and porphyry geometry, after which a three-pass inverse distance estimation was used to populate a block model with CuEq and supporting metal grades. This base-case model provided the foundation for applying upper and lower geological uncertainty modifiers reflecting grade determination, depth potential, lateral continuity and drill spacing. The resulting Exploration Target ranges represent a high-level assessment of the potential scale of the Whipsaw porphyry system in accordance with JORC reporting requirements. The four interpreted zones are shown spatially in Figure 3.

Table 1: Summary of the Whipsaw Exploration Target Tonnes and Copper Equivalent Grade Ranges.

Tonnes (Bt) Lower-Upper	CuEq¹ (%) Lower/Upper	Cu (%) Lower/Upper	Mo (ppm) Lower/Upper	Ag (ppm) Lower/Upper	Au (ppm) Lower/Upper
0.51-1.02	0.2 to 0.4	0.14 to 0.23	86 to 147	1 to 2	0.01 to 0.02

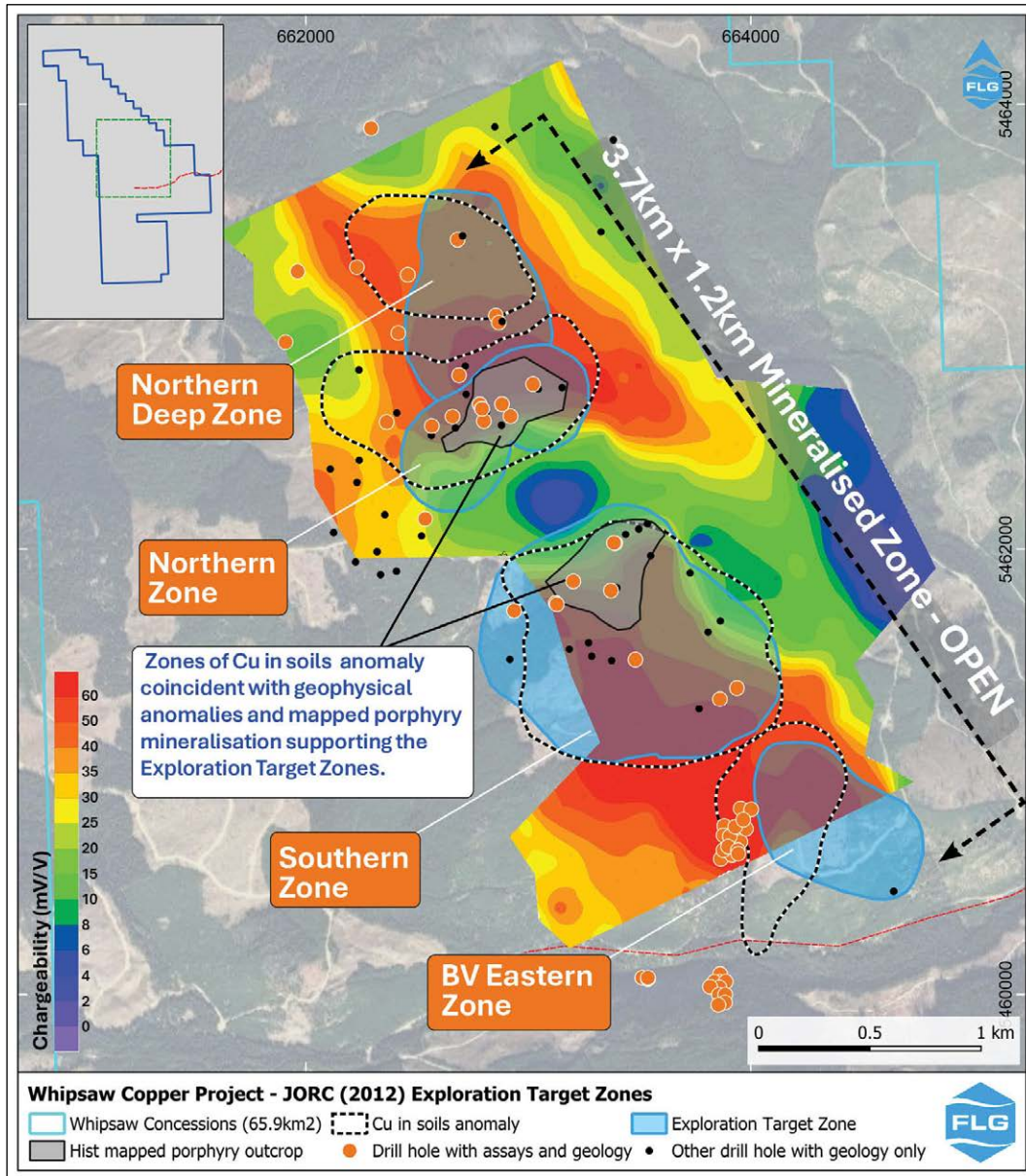


Figure 3: Plan view showing extent of the four Exploration Target Zones.

The base-case geological model for the Whipsaw Project combines four interpreted mineralised domains, each supported by either drilling, geochemistry, geophysics and lithological controls. The base case model forms the foundation from which the Exploration Target ranges were derived. The resulting lower to upper tonnage and grade outcomes for each domain is summarised in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Breakdown of four Exploration Target zones and polymetallic grades from the base-case.

Base Case Model	Tonnes (Mt)	CuEq ¹ (%)	Cu (%)	Mo (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Au (ppm)
	Lower/Upper	Lower/Upper	Lower/Upper	Lower/Upper	Lower/Upper	Lower/Upper
Northern Deep Zone	210 to 420	0.20 to 0.35	0.14 to 0.23	108 to 185	0.7 to 1.2	0.01 to 0.02
Northern Zone	42 to 86	0.21 to 0.36	0.13 to 0.23	65 to 111	1.3 to 2.3	0.01 to 0.02
Southern Zone	155 to 310	0.22 to 0.37	0.14 to 0.24	67 to 113	1.3 to 2.2	0.01 to 0.03
BZ Eastern Zone	105 to 210	0.21 to 0.36	0.14 to 0.24	80 to 136	1.1 to 1.9	0.01 to 0.02

The following geology summary is adapted and interpreted from NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Whipsaw Creek Property, Similkameen Mining Division, British Columbia (Chapman, J. P. Geo 2019).

Local Geology

The Whipsaw project straddles an 8 km segment of the regionally mineralised contact zone between the Upper Triassic Nicola Group and the Jurassic–Cretaceous Eagle Granodiorite Batholith. The central feature is the Whipsaw Porphyry, a multiphase feldspar–hornblende porphyry stock emplaced along this contact. The porphyry intrudes Nicola volcanics and schists, with dykes and sills extending north and south parallel to the contact. The Nicola Group comprises schistose andesitic volcanics, argillites, and minor limestones, typically strongly foliated at 150–160°/moderate–steep west dips. Localised skarn horizons occur near carbonate-bearing Nicola units, hosting epidote–magnetite and epidote–grossular assemblages with associated Cu–Mo or Zn–Pb–Ag–Au mineralisation. The Whipsaw Porphyry displays intrusive breccias containing fragments of Nicola, Eagle granodiorite, and altered porphyry in a shattered porphyritic matrix.

Structure

The dominant structural grain is a northwest-trending (300–340°), west-dipping foliation shared by both Nicola and Eagle Granodiorite units. Multiple generations of faults cut the property, including north, northwest, and northeast trending steep normal faults interpreted as pre-Oligocene block faults. A major east–west strike-slip fault is inferred along Whipsaw Creek, with up to 1 km of displacement of the Nicola–Eagle contact.

Mineralisation

Disseminated and veinlet-hosted chalcopyrite, pyrite, and molybdenite occur within and adjacent to the Whipsaw Porphyry but are strongest in the surrounding Nicola volcanics. Mineralisation is associated with B-type quartz veinlets, stockworks, and fine biotite alteration. The North Porphyry Zone (~1,200 × 700 m) and South Porphyry Zone (~1,300 × 1,000 m) both coincide with strong IP chargeability highs and copper-in-soil anomalies. Historical drilling has returned long intervals of 0.15 to 0.35% Cu, with local higher-grade zones up to 0.48% Cu in core and 1% Cu in trench samples. The BZ West Zone occurs further south and has historic drilling and trenching results in the order of 0.10–0.25% Cu.

Numerous mineralised structurally controlled and skarn zones generally trending north–south have been identified west, east and south of the porphyry trend. The main prospects are known as BZ East, Marion, Metestoffer, Five Fissures,

Knight & Day, Silvertip, S&M, Spencer and Mae 40 occurrences. None of these zones are part of the declared Exploration Target. These structural corridors provide enhanced permeability for hydrothermal fluids and are spatially associated with porphyry, skarn and vein-style mineralisation and are the principal controls on Au-Ag +/- base metal bearing quartz-carbonate-sulphide veins.

Exploration History

The Whipsaw Creek area has been the focus of intermittent exploration for more than a century, beginning with the discovery and working of gold and platinum placer deposits in the Tulameen and Similkameen river systems during the 1860s. By the 1880s, rich placer deposits were identified in Granite Creek and subsequently in Whipsaw Creek downstream of the present property, prompting early prospecting for bedrock sources. This led to the staking of the first gold-bearing quartz-sulphide veins in 1908, and between 1910 and 1930 several small underground workings were developed on narrow galena and sphalerite bearing quartz veins. Early government documentation describes mineralisation containing “sphalerite, pyrite, chalcopyrite and moly in a limestone gangue” with grab samples returning notable gold, silver, copper and zinc values.

Modern exploration began in 1959 when Texas Gulf Sulphur recognised the porphyry potential of the area through stream-sediment and soil sampling in 45 and 47 Mile Creeks, identifying anomalies up to 1.8% copper. This discovery attracted major companies including Newmont, Amax, and Dome, each conducting geological mapping, soil and stream geochemistry, IP and EM geophysics, and both diamond and percussion drilling. These programs returned significant copper intervals in the 0.2–0.3% Cu range and established the presence of a large porphyry system centred on the Whipsaw stock. However, because the ground was held by multiple unrelated owners, exploration remained fragmented and focused on small, isolated targets rather than the property as a whole, targeting the porphyry system.

A major turning point occurred in 1987 when Charles R. Martin consolidated the various claim blocks under single ownership, enabling systematic exploration for the first time. That same year, World Wide Minerals undertook extensive trenching, mapping, and drilling across the BZ, Metestoffer, Silvertip, and Northern Porphyry targets, confirming widespread Cu–Mo mineralisation in Nicola volcanic rocks adjacent to the Whipsaw Porphyry. Additional drilling in 1990, 1995, 2004, and 2005 continued to refine the geometry of the porphyry system and consistently intersected broad intervals of 0.15–0.35% Cu with local higher-grade zones.

From the early 2000’s onward, exploration shifted toward property-scale geochemical and geophysical surveys and the digital compilation of more than five decades of historical data. Soil sampling outlined extensive copper anomalies associated with the porphyry system, as well as large, untested precious-metal anomalies south of Whipsaw Creek. Modern IP surveys completed between 2016 and 2018 confirmed strong chargeability highs coincident with known mineralisation and highlighted several untested targets along the North and South Porphyry Zones.

Exploration Target Determination

The Exploration Target for the Whipsaw Project has been developed from a geological model constructed in Leapfrog (2025.3) using drilling, surface geochemistry, geophysical datasets and mapped geology. Mineralisation at Whipsaw is interpreted to represent a large, low-grade Cu–Mo–Au–Ag porphyry system associated with porphyritic dykes intruding

Nicola Group sediments, consistent with the geological setting described in the 2019 NI 43-101 Technical Report. Four mineralised domains were modelled, these are:

- Northern Deep Porphyry;
- Northern Porphyry;
- Southern Porphyry; and
- BZ Eastern Zone.

These were developed using implicit intrusion modelling workflows. The domains were constrained by lithological boundaries, CuEq grade continuity, geophysical responses and anomalous surface soil extents. A density of 2.7 t/m³ was applied across all domains. No top-cuts were required as the grade distribution is not skewed and contains limited extreme outliers across all four domains.

The base-case model was populated using a CuEq calculation incorporating copper, molybdenum, gold and silver, with metal prices of US\$6/lb Cu, US\$40/lb Mo, US\$4,500/oz Au and US\$75/oz Ag. Recoveries of 85% Cu, 80% Mo, 70% Au and 65% Ag were applied, with no smelter terms or payabilities included. Molybdenum was treated as Mo metal. The CuEq formula normalises all metal contributions back to copper value and was applied consistently across the block model. The resulting base-case tonnage and grade estimates form the foundation of the Exploration Target ranges. The CuEq calculation used was:

Equation 1: CuEq used at the drill hole level to determine wireframes and grade distribution.

$$\text{CuEq} = \{[(\text{Cu_ppm} / 10,000) \times 22.0462 \times \text{Cu_price} \times \text{Cu_recovery}] + [(\text{Mo_ppm} / 10,000) \times 22.0462 \times \text{Mo_price} \times \text{Mo_recovery}] + [(\text{Au_ppm} / 31.1035) \times \text{Au_price} \times \text{Au_recovery}] + [(\text{Ag_ppm} / 31.1035) \times \text{Ag_price} \times \text{Ag_recovery}]\} \div (22.0462 \times \text{Cu_price} \times \text{Cu_recovery})$$

Appropriate rounding has been applied to the tonnage and grade range estimates for the Exploration Target. Upper and lower ranges were then factored against the base-case model in accordance with JORC Clauses 17, 18, and 19. The lower range reflects uncertainties in depth extent, lateral continuity beyond drill coverage and metal zonation within the system where Cu to Mo-Ag-Au ratios vary. The deepest mineralised intercept at Whipsaw used in the Exploration Target is 359m (hole 2005-07). The lower Exploration Target range assumes a conservative reduction to 70% of the base-case tonnage and grade model. The upper range of the Exploration Target reflects the fact that mineralisation remains open at depth and along strike in all domains, supported by geophysical responses, geological continuity, and elevated Cu in soils. Importantly, the nearby Copper Mountain porphyry system exhibits mineralisation to depths exceeding 600 m (Hudbay, December 2023), providing a strong analogue for potential depth extensions at Whipsaw. The upper range therefore applies a 140% tonnage increase factor and a 120% grade increase factor to the base-case model, while remaining more than comparable to known porphyry geometries in the region. A long section of the Exploration Target interpretation is shown in Figure 4.

The Competent Person's assessment considers the consistency of mineralisation across multiple datasets, the strong geological analogy with Copper Mountain and Ingerbelle, and the robustness of the implicit model. The primary limitation is drill spacing, with surface geochemistry providing only partial constraint due to the known mobility of copper in soils. No assumptions have been made regarding economic viability, mining selectivity or metallurgical performance beyond

the stated recovery assumptions and comparison to tonnage, grade, geology and geometry of porphyry mines in the region.

In accordance with JORC Clause 18, the Company emphasises that the Exploration Target is conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain whether further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource.

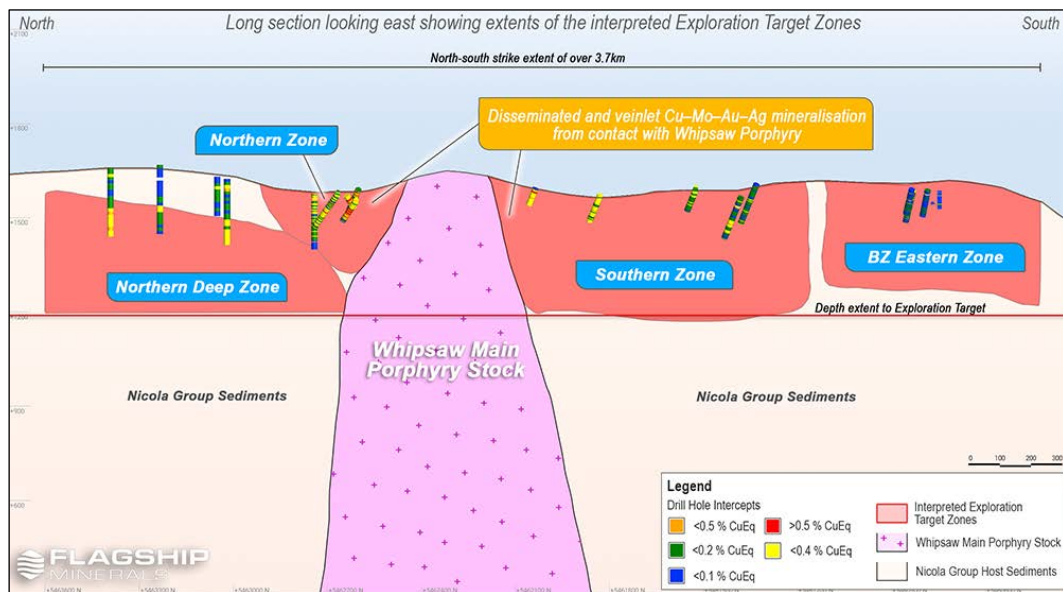


Figure 4: Plan view showing extent of the four Exploration Target Zones

Proposed Exploration

It is intended that future exploration initiatives will be tied in with Flagship's proposed consideration of a spin-out of Whipsaw into a new ASX listed vehicle. This would be subject to legal review, shareholder approval and ASX and other regulatory approvals.

To advance the Whipsaw Exploration Target toward potential Mineral Resource classification, the Company proposes a focused diamond drilling programme comprising 15 drillholes for approximately 4,500 metres. The programme has been designed to directly test the geological assumptions underpinning the Exploration Target, including the interpreted geometry of the four modelled porphyry domains, the continuity of Cu-Mo-Au-Ag mineralisation, and the potential for depth and lateral extensions indicated by geophysical and geochemical datasets. Drillhole locations have been selected to intersect the majority of each modelled zone comprising the Exploration Target.

The planned drilling will provide critical information on grade distribution, mineralisation style, alteration patterns, and lithological relationships within the intrusion system. Importantly, the program is designed to validate the continuity of mineralisation both within and between the Southern Porphyry, Northern Porphyry, Northern Deep Porphyry and BZ Eastern zones. Several holes are positioned to test depth extensions beneath the deepest historical mineralised

intercept of 359m (drill hole 2005-07), providing the first opportunity to confirm whether Whipsaw exhibits the same deep-rooted mineralisation style observed at the nearby Copper Mountain system. The drilling will also refine the CuEq and component metals model by providing modern validated multi-element assay data and improved geological control.

Results from this program will materially improve the geological confidence of the Whipsaw system and allow the Company to assess whether portions of the Exploration Target can be advanced toward a maiden Mineral Resource estimate. The drill samples produced can also be used for metallurgical testwork and geotechnical assessment to inform any Mineral Resource estimate. The drilling will also support refinement of the Leapfrog geological model, validation of geophysical interpretations, and improved understanding of structural controls on mineralisation.

Figure 5 shows the planned drill holes relative to the interpreted Exploration Target. Additional drilling will be considered subject to the results of the initial program. Additional exploration is recommended more broadly across the project area.

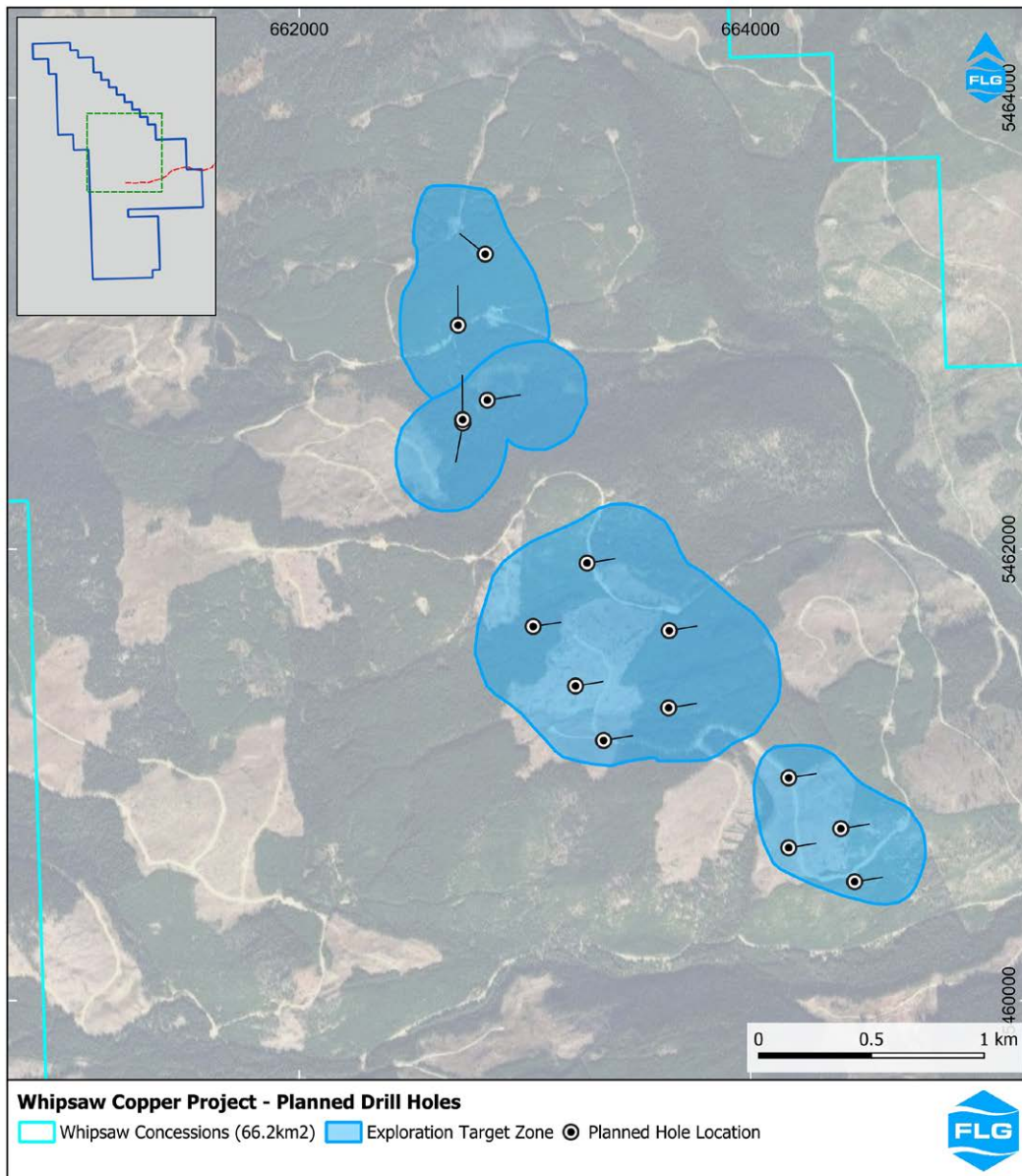


Figure 5: Plan map showing proposed diamond drilling holes relative to the Exploration Target

Transaction Economics

The Whipsaw Copper Project has been secured via an Option Agreement between Flagship's 100% owned Canadian subsidiary Whipsaw Copper Limited and two vendors. Vendor 1 is a Canadian citizen and holds the project area comprising the two Mineral Claims (MCX 1097589 and MCX 1097590) in orange in Figure 2⁴. Vendor

⁴ Flagship's 100% owned Canadian subsidiary Whipsaw Copper Limited has applied for an additional 37.5km² of Mineral Claims which are in blue in Figure 2. The Option Agreement includes an 'Area of Mutual Interest' clause which captures

2 is an Australian entity which has an option to purchase the Whipsaw Copper Project from Vendor 1. Reference to 'Vendors' means Vendor 1 and/or Vendor 2.

Flagship has entered into an Option Agreement with Vendor 2 and has agreed to meet Vendor 2's obligations under its agreement with Vendor 1. The terms of these agreements are back to back and essentially identical except for the payment terms. As a result the Option Agreement is in two currencies, Canadian dollars (CAD) to Vendor 1 and Australian dollars (AUD) to Vendor 2. For ease the following description references AUDs only as the AUD/CAD FX rate is essentially at parity at 0.9878⁵.

Flagship has management control over the Whipsaw Copper Project and no obligations to the Optionor (Vendor 2) for minimum drilling or spending commitments.

Flagship entered into a non-binding Heads of Agreement (HOA) on the 14th of April to conduct due diligence, which has been completed. The HOA required a non-refundable payment of A\$100,000 to the Vendors.

Following completion of due diligence Flagship entered into a binding Option Agreement to purchase 100% of the Whipsaw Copper Project on the 17th of June, 2026. The Option Agreement required a non-refundable cash payment of A\$250,000 to the Vendors, which has been paid, and a \$500,000 payment in cash or shares at Flagship's option to the Vendors within 15 days of entering the Agreement, shares will be escrowed for 90 days. The share price will be based on the 30 day VWAP as at the 17th of June, 2026. Thereafter, Flagship will be required to pay periodical payments and concession maintenance fees as outlined in Appendix 1 – Option Agreement Terms.

The total option fee payable is A\$6,500,000, including the above A\$350,000 in HOA and Option Agreement fees paid on the 14th of April and 17th of June respectively, and the \$500,000 payable in shares. The remaining A\$5,650,000 is payable over the following 24 months in near equal semi annual payments, with A\$3,650,000 payable in cash and \$2,000,000 payable in Flagship shares or the shares in the Company that lists on the ASX should that path be chosen and approved by shareholders and meet regulatory requirements. Upon payment of the remaining A\$5,650,000, 100% of the Whipsaw Copper Project will be transferred to Flagship.

Should Flagship elect not to make any of the outstanding 4 semi-annual option payments with a total value of A\$5,650,000 (inclusive of A\$2,000,000 in share based payments), Flagship will retain a 0% interest in the Project and the Company would have no ability to recover any payments made, including the A\$350,000 paid to date.

In addition to the option agreement there is a milestone payment of A\$5,000,000 payable upon a 300Mt Mineral Resource in accordance with JORC (2012) being generated with an average grade of 0.40%CuEq. This is a milestone payment and is not related to the option fees to enable a 100% transfer of the Project to Flagship.

The Option Agreement includes a 2% Net Smelter Royalty. Flagship can purchase back half this royalty (1%) for A\$3,000,000 and has a first right of refusal on the second half (1%). This is a milestone payment and is not related to the option fees to enable a 100% transfer of the Project to Flagship.

that area that is within two (2) kilometres of the outermost boundaries of the Mineral Claims (MCX 1097589 and MCX 1097590) that are under option.

⁵ Where CADs were payable these have been converted at the AUD/CAD rate of 1.0 as the published rate by the RBA on the 16th of June, 2026, was 0.9878, meaning each AUD bought 0.9878 CAD. As the difference is immaterial a rate of 1.0 has been used. See <https://www.rba.gov.au/statistics/historical-data.html>.

The Agreement is purposely back ended, providing Flagship time to assess the Project before it commits to the individual option payments.

The maximum number of shares to be issued to the Vendors will be determined by the share price at the time using a simple VWAP calculation. Given there are four semi annual payments due over a two year period, it is difficult to determine what share price would be used and the maximum number of shares that could be issued to the Vendor, and any estimate would be based on a number of assumptions which would be far from accurate. However, based on the last close price for Flagship shares (A\$0.18), the maximum number of securities that could be issued to the vendor for the A\$2,500,000 in share payments, including the first share based payment of A\$500,000 due in 15 days, would be 13,888,889 shares. Note, Flagship would obtain all necessary regulatory approvals prior to issuing any shares to the Vendor that would take the Vendor's shareholding above 19.9% of issued capital, which is unlikely.

Under the Option Agreement Flagship is not obligated to meet minimum annual expenditure requirements or minimum activity requirements such as minimum drilling, providing Flagship maximum flexibility

The Option Agreement fee structure is detailed in Appendix 1.

- Ends -

Authorised by the Board of Directors

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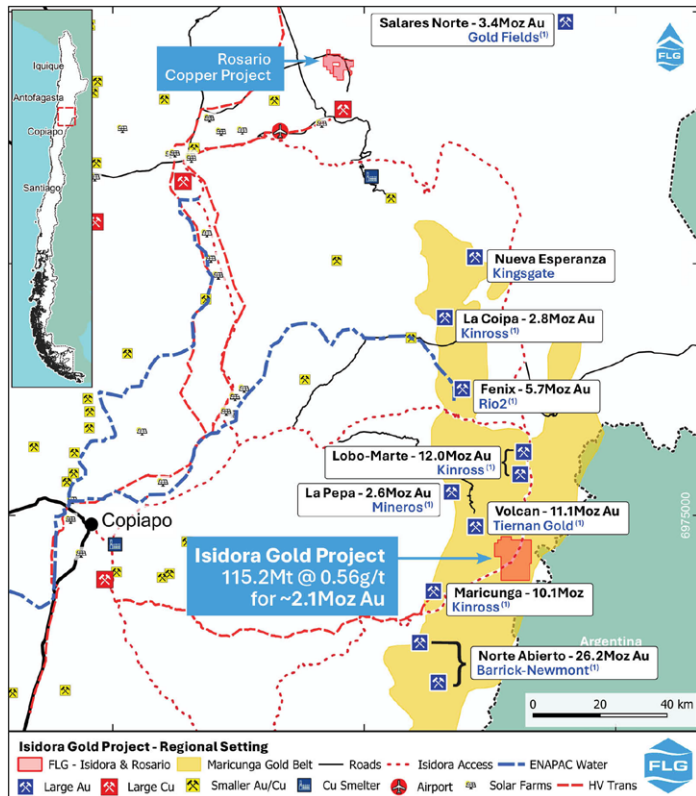
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ISIDORA GOLD PROJECT



About the Isidora Gold Project

Flagship’s Isidora Gold Project is located east of Copiapo in the Atacama region, northern Chile. Isidora covers ~120km² comprising two Exploitation Concessions and 34 Exploration Concessions. See Flagship’s ASX announcement dated 14 April 2025 and titled “*Pantaniillo Gold Project - Advanced Large Scale Oxide Gold Project - Maricunga Gold Belt, Chile - Binding Option Agreement to Purchase 100%*”.

Mineral Resource Estimate, Isidora Norte²

Type	Mt	Au (g/t)	Au (koz)	%
Measured	84.26	0.56	1,505	71.9
Indicated	21.07	0.59	399	19.1
Inferred	9.86	0.60	190	9.1
Total	115.2	0.56	2,093	100

Cut-off grade: Oxide 0.16 g/t Au; transitional 0.27g/t; and sulphide 0.31g/t.

1. See map references in ‘Important Information’ below.
2. The above JORC (2012) Mineral Resource was first reported in the Company’s ASX announcement dated 14 May 2026 and titled “*Isidora Gold Project – 2.1 Million oz Gold Resource Defined*”.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Forward Looking Statements

Various statements in this document constitute statements relating to intentions, future acts and events which are generally classified as “forward looking statements”. These forward looking statements are not guarantees or predictions of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors (many of which are beyond the Company’s control) that could cause those future acts, events and circumstances to differ materially from what is presented or implicitly portrayed in this document. For example, future reserves or resources or exploration targets described in this document may be based, in part, on market prices that may vary significantly from current levels. These variations may materially affect the timing or feasibility of particular developments. Words such as “anticipates”, “expects”, “intends”, “plans”, “believes”, “seeks”, “estimates”, “potential” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Flagship Minerals Limited cautions security holders and prospective security holders to not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect the view of Flagship Minerals Limited only as of the date of this document. The forward-looking statements made in this document relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. Except as required by applicable regulations or by law, Flagship Minerals Limited does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events. Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.

Compliance Statement

With reference to previously reported Exploration results, Exploration Targets and Mineral Resources, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Competent Persons Statement – Isidora Norte Mineral Resource Estimate

The information in this announcement that relates to the Mineral Resource Estimate for the Isidora Norte Project is based on, and fairly represents, information compiled by Mr Luis Rodrigo Peralta FAusIMM (CP) Geo, a Competent Person who is an employee of INSA Consultora on behalf of Bmining Chile. INSA Consultora has acted as an independent consultant to Flagship Minerals Limited in relation to the Isidora Norte Mineral Resource Estimate. Mr Peralta is a Fellow and Chartered Professional of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM) and has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation, type of deposit under consideration and the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Mr Peralta consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

I, Armando Simon Mendez, confirm that I am a Competent Person for the Report and: I have read and understood the requirements of the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code, 2012 Edition); I am a Competent Person as identified by the JORC Code (2012 Edition), having more than five years' experience that is relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit described in the Report and to the activity for which I am accepting responsibility. I am a Registered Professional Geoscientist of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. I have reviewed the Report to which this Consent Statement applies. I have disclosed to the reporting company the full nature of the relationship between myself and the company, including any issue that could be perceived by investors as a conflict of interest. I verify that the Report is based on and fairly accurately reflects in the form and context on which it appears, the information in my supporting documentation relating to Mineral Resources.

Competent Persons Statement – Whipsaw Exploration Target

The information in this report that relates to the Exploration Target is based on information reviewed and interpreted by Mr Andrew Dawes, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (RPGeo). Mr Andrew Dawes is employed by AHD Resources and consults to Flagship Minerals Limited. Mr Andrew Dawes has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources. Mr Andrew Dawes consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Competent Persons Statement – Exploration

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results, is based on information compiled by Mr. David Hobby, is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr. Hobby is a full time employee, Director and Shareholder of Flagship Minerals Limited. Mr. Hobby has sufficient experience, relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Mr. Hobby consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Important

To the extent permitted by law, Flagship Minerals Limited and its officers, employees, related bodies corporate and agents (Agents) disclaim all liability, direct, indirect or consequential (and whether or not arising out of the negligence, default or lack of care of Flagship Minerals Limited and/or any of its Agents) for any loss or damage suffered by a Recipient or other persons arising out of, or in connection with, any use or reliance on this document or information.

Map References

Gold Fields Limited (NYSE-GFI) – Salaris Norte:

Mineral Resource effective as at 2025, source document dated 2025 and titled 'Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves Supplement to the Integrated Annual Report 2025' viewed on 20/05/2026 from <https://www.goldfields.com/pdf/investors/integrated-annual-reports/2025/gold-fields-mrrm-2025-supplement.pdf>

Rio2 (TSX-RIO) - Fenix:

Mineral Resource effective as at April 2023, source document dated 16/10/2023 and titled 'NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Feasibility' viewed on 20/05/2026 from <https://www.rio2.com/fenixgold/geology-resources>

Kinross Gold (NYSE-KGC) – La Coipa, Maricunga and Lobo:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31/12/2025, source document dated 31/12/2025 and titled '2025 Annual Mineral Reserve and Resource Statement ' viewed on 20/05/2026 from <https://www.kinross.com/operations/default.aspx#exploration>

Tiernan Gold (TSX-TNGD) – Volcan:

Mineral Resource effective as at 22/07/2022, source document dated 08/12/2025 and titled 'Website - Mineral Resource Estimate' viewed on 20/05/2026 from https://www.tiernangold.com/_resources/pdfs/Volcan-Project-NI-43-101-PEA.pdf

Mineros (TSX-MSA) - La Pepa:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31/10/2021, source document dated 30/06/2024 and titled 'Website – Reserves and Resources' viewed on 20/05/2026 from <https://www.mineros.com.co/operations/growth-projects/la-pepa-project-chile>

Barrick (NYSE-B) - Norte Abierto:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31/12/2025 (26.2Moz Au), source document dated 31/12/2025 and titled '2025 Annual Mineral Reserve and Resource Statement ' viewed on 20/05/2026 from <https://www.barrick.com/English/operations/mineral-reserves-and-resources/default.aspx>

Newmont (NYSE-NEM) – Norte Abierto:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31/12/2024 (26.8Moz Au), source document dated 20/02/2025 and titled '2025 Annual Mineral Reserve and Resource Statement ' viewed on 06/02/2026 from <https://operations.newmont.com/doc/Newmont-2024-Reserves-and-Resources-Release.pdf>

HudBay Minerals (TSX0HBM) – Copper Mountain:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31 Dec 2024, source document dated 31 Dec 2024 and titled 'Website - Reserves & Resources' viewed on 15/06/2026 from <https://hudbayminerals.com/investors/reserves-and-resources/default.aspx>

Teck Resources (NYSE-TECK) - Highland Valley:

Mineral Resource effective as at 31 Dec 2025, source document dated 18 Feb 2026 and titled ' Annual Information Form' viewed on 15/06/2026 from <https://www.teck.com/media/Teck-AIF-2025.pdf>

Appendix 1 – Option Agreement Terms

Option Agreement Terms			
Date	17 June, 2026		
Term	2 Years		
Earn-in	100%		
Vendors	Mr Kerry Martin (Canadian) and Davcha Pty Ltd (Australian)		
Management	Flagship Minerals Limited and its 100% owned Canadian subsidiary Whipsaw Copper Limited		
Licensing	Meet all obligations including annual licensing payments to maintain titles in good standing		
Minimum Annual Spend	No minimum expenditure set		
Minimum Annual Drilling	No minimum meters set		
Option Payment Schedule	Date	Cash	Shares
	Non-binding HOA:	A\$100,000 [PAID]	A\$500,000
	Option Agreement:	A\$250,000 [PAID]	
	05 Dec 2026	C\$650,000	A\$1,000,000 C\$500,000
	17 Jun 2027	A\$500,000	
	05 Dec 2027	C\$1,500,000	A\$500,000
17 Jun 2028	A\$1,000,000		
	Total Unpaid	A\$/C\$ 3,650,000	A\$/C\$ 2,500,000
Royalty	2% NSR with 50% buyback option ¹		
Milestone	A\$5,000,000 upon a 300Mt Mineral Resource in accordance with JORC (2012) being generated with a grade of 0.40% in copper equivalents		
¹ Flagship has an option to buy back 1% of the NSR for A\$3,000,000			

Appendix 2 – JORC Table 1, Sections 1 and 2

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Historical sampling on the Whipsaw Project includes soil geochemistry, stream sediment sampling, rock grab samples, trench channel sampling, and diamond and percussion drilling. No sampling QAQC, calibration of field instruments, or laboratory preparation protocols are noted in the previous documents provided. Mineralisation at Whipsaw has been determined through a combination of historical drilling (diamond and percussion), soil and stream-sediment geochemistry, trench sampling, geophysical surveys (IP and EM), and geological mapping undertaken by multiple operators since 1959. These datasets consistently define a porphyry-style Cu–Mo–Au–Ag system centred on the Whipsaw Porphyry. Previous authors of the 2019 NI 43-101 describe mineralisation as being associated with B-type quartz veinlets, stockworks and fine biotite alteration, and notes that extensive intervals of 0.15–0.35% Cu with significant molybdenum have been intersected in drilling. Chargeability highs from IP surveys and broad copper-in-soil anomalies further support the interpreted mineralised footprint. No information is available in the source data regarding potential sampling bias, coarse-gold effects, or metallurgical recoveries. The 2019 NI 43-101 provides only high-level descriptions of historical sampling and does not include the level of operational detail typically used to describe industry-standard sampling procedures. No information is reported regarding RC sample interval lengths, sample weights, riffle-splitting procedures, laboratory pulp weights, or analytical methods such as fire assay or ICP-AES. Drilling methods are described only in general terms, noting that multiple diamond-drilling campaigns were completed between 1969 and 2005 and that Phelps Dodge undertook a percussion drilling program. No unusual commodities or mineralisation styles are identified that would require specialised sampling protocols, and the mineralisation is consistently described as a conventional porphyry Cu–Mo–Au–Ag system. As such, while drilling and sampling were clearly undertaken over several decades, the specific procedural details required to describe industry-standard sampling practices are not available in the source data.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Historical drilling on the Whipsaw Project comprises both diamond drilling and percussion drilling, completed by multiple operators between 1969 and 2005. The 2019 NI 43-101 identifies these drill types and documents significant intersections from each program, including the Phelps Dodge percussion drilling campaign. The core diameter, whether triple-tube or standard-tube drilling was used, the presence or absence of diamond tails, bit type, or whether any percussion drilling utilised face-sampling hammers is unknown.
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. • Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. • Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Information related to drill sample recovery is not known for the historical drill holes at this stage.
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. • Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. • The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geological logging was completed across multiple historical drilling campaigns, and that the historical datasets were “conducted in a professional manner” and are “well documented with many original assay certificates.” While the NI 43-101 includes descriptions of lithologies, alteration styles, mineralisation types, and structural features observed across the property, it does not specify the logging methodology, the level of detail recorded, or whether any geotechnical parameters (such as RQD, fracture frequency, or core recovery measurements) were collected. No information is provided regarding the total length of drilling logged or the percentage of intervals that were geologically or geotechnically logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. • If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. • For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. • Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. • Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. • Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sub sampling techniques and sample preparation methods are not known at this stage for the historical drill holes.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. • For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quality of assay data and laboratory tests are not known at this stage for the historical drill holes or other geochemical programs.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p>reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No verification of the sampling and assaying has been completed.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Several versions of maps were used to confirm location of various data sets. This include the cross confirmation from previous authors of the 2019 NI 43-101.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data spacing of the drilling is sufficient to infer an Exploration Target. The quality of the drilling, spacing, and age of the drilling makes it unsuitable for the declaration of Mineral Resources. No sample compositing has been applied.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drilling was seemingly conducted at suitable dips and azimuths to test the bulk style mineralisation. The potential for sampling bias is unknown at the stage.
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No information on sample security is known at this stage.
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No audits have been completed, however there has been several NI 43-101 reports reviewing the drilling, interpretation, and data available for the Whipsaw Project.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Whipsaw property consists of two Mineral Claims, being MCX 1097589 (1285ha) and MCX 1097590 (1581ha). The claims are registered to Mr Kerry Martin and are in the process of being transferred to Whipsaw Copper Limited (a Canadian subsidiary 100% owned

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	<p>by Flagship). Flagship has an option agreement with Davcha Holdings Pty Ltd “the optionor” with consent from the “underlying optionor” Mr Kerry Martin for Davcha to enter into an option agreement with Flagship. To acquire 100% of the Whipsaw Project, Flagship will be required to pay \$4.0 Million in cash and \$2.5 Million in cash or shares at the optionees election over 24 months, after which 100% of the project will be transferred to Flagship. \$5 Million in cash is payable following the delineation of a Mineral Resource of at least 300Mt @ 0.4% CuEq. There is a 2% NSR held by Davcha, 50% of which can be purchased for \$3 Million. Further details of the Option Agreement are contained in the report.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flagship is aware of some potential historic profit royalties that may apply to part of the Whipsaw project. At this stage, the status and legal effect of the reviewed documents and the royalties referred to in these documents is uncertain. The tenure is secure under a robust titles system, so long as fees and expenditure commitments are met, and operations are conducted in accordance with Claim conditions. There are no known impediments to obtaining a license to operate in the area. Whipsaw Copper Limited has recently lodged three Mineral Claim applications which encompass approximately 3751ha. The applications are located to the north, west and south of the Whipsaw property.
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Whipsaw Project has a long history of exploration undertaken by numerous parties over more than six decades, and the 2019 NI 43-101 has reviewed and summarized this. Early exploration was conducted by Texas Gulf Sulphur in 1959, whose stream-sediment and soil sampling first identified significant copper anomalies (up to 1.8% Cu). Major mining companies including Newmont, Amax, and Dome subsequently carried out geological mapping, soil and stream geochemistry, IP and EM geophysical surveys, and both diamond and percussion drilling programs. These programs returned significant copper intervals in the 0.2–0.3% Cu range and established the presence of a large porphyry system centered on the Whipsaw Stock. In 1987, World Wide Minerals undertook extensive trenching, mapping, and drilling across several targets, confirming widespread Cu–Mo mineralisation in Nicola volcanic rocks. Additional drilling campaigns were completed in 1990, 1995, 2004, and 2005 by various operators, further refining the understanding of the porphyry system. The 2019 NI 43-101 notes that historical exploration programs were generally conducted in a professional manner and are well documented, with many original assay certificates available. Overall, the historical work completed by

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>these parties provides a substantial foundation for the current geological interpretation. No deficiencies or concerns regarding the credibility of prior exploration are identified in the source data.</p>
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Whipsaw Project is interpreted to host a porphyry Cu–Mo–Au–Ag system associated with the multiphase Whipsaw Porphyry stock, which intrudes Upper Triassic Nicola Group volcanic and sedimentary rocks along the contact with the Jurassic–Cretaceous Eagle Granodiorite Batholith. The Whipsaw Porphyry has been described as the source of a large hydrothermal system responsible for disseminated and veinlet-hosted chalcopyrite, pyrite and molybdenite mineralisation, which is strongest within the surrounding Nicola volcanoclastics. Mineralisation is associated with B-type quartz veinlets, stockworks and fine biotite alteration, and is spatially coincident with broad copper-in-soil anomalies and strong IP chargeability responses along both the Northern and Southern Porphyry Zones. Localised skarn mineralisation also occurs where carbonate-bearing Nicola units are present near the intrusive contact, hosting epidote–magnetite and epidote–grossular assemblages with Cu–Mo or Zn–Pb–Ag mineralisation. The geological setting, alteration styles and metal associations are consistent with a conventional calc-alkaline porphyry system, and no unusual or atypical mineralisation styles are reported in the source data.
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ easting and northing of the drill hole collar ○ elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar ○ dip and azimuth of the hole ○ down hole length and interception depth ○ hole length. • If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drill hole information is provided in Appendix 3 as part of the main report. • No exclusions have been provided in this preliminary interpretation for the Exploration Target. However, the continuity of CuEq has been taken into account and wireframed appropriately. • All drill hole, soil sampling, geophysical surveys are presented in NAD83 / UTM Zone 10N (EPSG:26910).
Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. • Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No top-cuts, compositing, or material changes to the data has been completed to report the Exploration Target. • No compositing was completed for the estimation of grades for the Exploration Target base-case model. • Metal equivalent values reported for the Whipsaw Exploration Target are based on a copper-equivalent (CuEq) calculation that incorporates copper,

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p>aggregations should be shown in detail.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	<p>molybdenum, gold and silver. The assumptions used in this calculation are fully disclosed in the Public Report and include metal prices of US\$6/lb Cu, US\$40/lb Mo, US\$4,500/oz Au, and US\$75/oz Ag, together with metallurgical recoveries of 85% Cu, 80% Mo, 70% Au, and 65% Ag. No smelter terms or payabilities were applied, and molybdenum was treated as Mo metal. The calculation is $CuEq = \left\{ \left[\frac{Cu_ppm}{10,000} \times 22.0462 \times Cu_price \times Cu_recovery \right] + \left[\frac{Mo_ppm}{10,000} \times 22.0462 \times Mo_price \times Mo_recovery \right] + \left[\frac{Au_ppm}{31.1035} \times Au_price \times Au_recovery \right] + \left[\frac{Ag_ppm}{31.1035} \times Ag_price \times Ag_recovery \right] \right\} \div (22.0462 \times Cu_price \times Cu_recovery)$</p>
Relationships between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only downhole lengths in key lithologies are observed. No true widths are known simply due to the magnitude of the potential mineralisation and the relatively shallow drilling completed to date.
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All maps, long sections, and summaries are provided in the main report.
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Results were included in the estimation process where no top cut or bottom cut was applied. The results reported in the Exploration Target were checked for representivity of the input data histogram the resultant block model histogram to ensure balance reporting and representation.
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Whipsaw Project has been the subject of multiple geophysical, geochemical, and geological programs that provide additional context to the mineralisation model. Historical IP surveys completed by Amax and later operators identified strong chargeability anomalies along both the Northern and Southern porphyry zones, which correlate spatially with mapped alteration, copper-in-soil anomalies, and known mineralised drill intersections. These chargeability highs are interpreted in the 2019 NI 43-101 as reflecting disseminated sulphide mineralisation associated with the porphyry system. Additional exploration datasets include extensive soil and stream-sediment geochemistry, which delineated broad copper anomalies up to 1.8% Cu. Geological mapping that defined intrusive phases, alteration assemblages, and structural controls as well as trench sampling that returned copper grades up to 1% Cu. No known bulk sampling, metallurgical

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>testwork, bulk density measurements, groundwater data, or geotechnical characterization has been completed. All available ancillary datasets support the interpretation of a large calc-alkaline porphyry Cu–Mo–Au–Ag system centred on the Whipsaw Porphyry only.</p>
<p>Further work</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). • Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planned further work comprises a focused diamond drilling program designed to test both lateral and depth extensions of the interpreted porphyry Cu–Mo–Au–Ag system at Whipsaw. The program consists of 15 diamond drillholes for approximately 4,500 metres, targeting the four modelled porphyry domains and key structural and lithological controls identified in historical datasets. Several holes are positioned to test the continuity of mineralisation between the North and South porphyry zones, while others are designed to evaluate depth extensions beneath the deepest historical intercepts. The drilling will provide new geological, structural, alteration and assay information required to validate the Exploration Target, refine the 3D geological model, and assess the potential to advance portions of the system toward a maiden Mineral Resource estimate. Additional follow-up work may include updated geophysical interpretation, expanded soil geochemistry, and further mapping to support ongoing target refinement.

Appendix 3 Drill Hole Information

Table 1 - Drill hole collar information

Hole_ID	UTM_E_NAD83	UTM_N_NAD83	Elev_m	Length_m	Type	Azimuth	Dip
W01	663,374.68	5,461,500.82	1,657.80	66.16	DDH	-	- 90.00
W02	663,123.26	5,461,759.56	1,681.36	84.76	DDH	60.00	- 50.00
W03	662,917.05	5,461,506.33	1,707.11	57.32	DDH	60.00	- 50.00
W04	662,936.27	5,461,723.93	1,719.41	202.44	DDH	65.00	- 45.00
W05	663,202.26	5,461,856.06	1,660.00	135.67	DDH	245.00	- 45.00
69W01	662,879.53	5,462,556.34	1,604.95	121.95	DDH	155.00	- 45.00
69W02	663,390.24	5,462,027.00	1,607.75	151.68	DDH	155.00	- 45.00
69W03	663,727.03	5,461,893.76	1,551.76	92.23	DDH	-	- 90.00
69W04	663,398.08	5,461,827.04	1,599.46	91.46	DDH	-	- 90.00
72W01	662,810.31	5,462,616.27	1,599.63	110.67	DDH	129.00	- 45.00
WH 81-01	662,125.00	5,462,075.00	1,750.00	100.60	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-02	662,110.00	5,462,360.00	1,710.00	100.60	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-03	662,240.00	5,462,400.00	1,695.00	51.80	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-04	662,230.00	5,462,300.00	1,710.00	79.20	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-05	662,355.00	5,462,155.00	1,730.00	73.20	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-06	662,520.00	5,462,060.00	1,730.00	76.20	PDH	-	- 90.00
WH 81-07	663,285.00	5,461,520.00	1,670.00	100.60	PDH	-	- 90.00
W87-001	663,865.11	5,460,608.28	1,593.18	93.98	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-002	663,915.55	5,460,625.84	1,579.63	56.08	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-003	663,953.42	5,460,685.39	1,585.28	69.49	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-004	663,978.48	5,460,743.06	1,586.85	59.44	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-005	663,880.75	5,460,755.35	1,603.59	124.36	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-006	663,877.53	5,460,714.02	1,603.28	151.79	DDH	70.00	- 57.00
W87-007	663,905.55	5,460,708.59	1,597.15	80.77	DDH	70.00	- 50.00
W87-008	663,877.08	5,460,647.77	1,600.40	125.58	DDH	70.00	- 52.00
W87-009	663,929.64	5,460,752.15	1,596.23	68.58	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-010	663,898.14	5,460,663.14	1,591.25	90.22	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-011	663,941.80	5,460,647.60	1,578.95	76.81	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-012	663,954.26	5,460,833.83	1,594.10	99.06	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-013	664,001.74	5,460,830.01	1,589.53	123.14	DDH	70.00	- 55.00
W87-014	663,943.57	5,460,631.32	1,570.18	93.57	DDH	70.00	- 60.00
W87-015	663,966.26	5,460,783.80	1,590.00	96.62	DDH	70.00	- 60.00
W87-101	663,862.14	5,460,091.14	1,455.00	95.40	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-102	663,860.21	5,460,057.20	1,460.00	69.40	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-103	663,836.13	5,460,056.56	1,460.00	69.49	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-104	663,887.28	5,460,057.66	1,460.00	64.92	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-105	663,858.73	5,460,031.24	1,470.00	138.68	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-106	663,816.85	5,460,034.62	1,472.00	90.83	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-107	663,856.91	5,459,999.29	1,475.00	124.25	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-108	663,884.98	5,459,999.70	1,472.00	132.89	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-109	663,883.93	5,459,963.70	1,475.00	139.60	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-110	663,854.29	5,459,953.36	1,478.00	138.99	DDH	-	- 90.00
W87-401	663,512.65	5,460,074.98	1,465.00	89.31	DDH	315.00	- 60.00
W87-402	663,512.65	5,460,074.98	1,465.00	85.65	DDH	135.00	- 60.00
W90-07	662,919.94	5,462,597.22	1,598.12	130.75	DDH	63.00	- 46.00
W90-08	662,800.05	5,462,575.64	1,601.12	153.46	DDH	45.00	- 46.00

Hole_ID	UTM_E_NAD83	UTM_N_NAD83	Elev_m	Length_m	Type	Azimuth	Dip
W90-09	662,781.53	5,462,650.61	1,598.51	183.33	DDH	45.00	- 45.00
W90-403	663,537.65	5,460,069.98	1,464.17	61.26	DDH	280.00	- 45.00
W90-404	663,537.65	5,460,069.98	1,464.11	85.34	DDH	280.00	- 60.00
W90-405	663,537.65	5,460,074.98	1,464.19	68.88	DDH	233.00	- 45.00
91-01	663,385.18	5,462,028.65	1,609.48	78.60	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-02	663,371.57	5,461,814.55	1,607.78	138.70	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-03	663,808.10	5,461,628.32	1,579.65	138.70	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-04	663,481.22	5,461,504.81	1,636.99	133.20	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-05	663,861.15	5,461,327.53	1,613.65	151.80	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-06	663,128.14	5,461,753.75	1,680.45	140.20	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-07	662,536.48	5,462,136.72	1,713.24	52.70	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-08	663,937.77	5,461,377.15	1,572.19	157.90	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-09	662,363.30	5,462,570.70	1,670.95	157.80	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91-10	663,863.45	5,461,678.43	1,618.19	78.90	DDH	45.00	- 60.00
91P11	662,853.84	5,463,051.20	1,630.68	125.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P12	662,415.59	5,462,973.07	1,679.43	150.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P13	662,458.21	5,463,234.45	1,668.62	20.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P13A	662,458.21	5,463,234.45	1,668.62	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P14	662,229.50	5,463,268.55	1,652.03	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P15	661,962.88	5,463,250.13	1,635.47	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P16	662,681.96	5,463,392.14	1,660.00	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P18	662,238.73	5,462,804.73	1,661.22	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P19	661,908.74	5,462,932.14	1,649.64	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
91P21	662,867.34	5,463,019.95	1,624.00	220.00	PDH	-	- 90.00
M95-01	662,882.78	5,463,025.05	1,626.03	99.36	DDH	-	- 90.00
M95-02	662,564.30	5,462,510.92	1,652.55	150.26	DDH	65.00	- 45.00
M95-03	662,409.04	5,462,611.99	1,660.51	132.58	DDH	45.00	- 45.00
M95-04	663,437.50	5,462,066.91	1,609.13	86.86	DDH	60.00	- 45.00
M95-05	663,202.26	5,461,856.06	1,660.00	141.72	DDH	64.00	- 45.00
M95-06	663,270.71	5,461,580.97	1,671.84	99.36	DDH	64.00	- 45.00
M95-07	663,767.89	5,461,282.73	1,609.12	122.52	DDH	90.00	- 45.00
M97-08	663,496.53	5,462,091.08	1,607.75	60.96	DDH	64.00	- 48.00
M98-09	663,535.32	5,462,114.69	1,606.81	72.23	DDH	65.00	- 45.00
M98-10	663,549.94	5,461,971.34	1,574.62	68.58	DDH	65.00	- 45.00
W04-11	662,791.60	5,462,630.55	1,599.58	117.03	DDH	135.00	- 70.00
W04-12	662,790.94	5,462,631.13	1,599.58	128.01	DDH	180.00	- 45.00
2005-01	662,792.26	5,462,629.96	1,599.58	304.80	DDH	-	- 90.00
2005-02	662,659.26	5,462,595.96	1,621.27	206.96	DDH	135.00	- 70.00
2005-03	662,566.26	5,462,552.96	1,644.76	189.59	DDH	135.00	- 70.00
2005-04	662,881.26	5,462,650.96	1,592.39	131.68	DDH	135.00	- 85.00
2005-05	662,881.84	5,462,651.62	1,592.39	79.86	DDH	135.00	- 50.00
2005-06	663,021.15	5,462,740.91	1,580.00	180.75	DDH	-	- 90.00
2005-07	662,688.82	5,462,781.05	1,610.69	359.06	DDH	-	- 90.00

Table 2 - Drill hole intersections (CuEq > 0.1% and Consecutive Waste < 5m)

HoleID	From	Thickness	CuEq (%)	Ag (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
2005-01	6.10	182.88	0.30	1.69	0.02	1,908.04	117.76
2005-01	195.07	9.15	0.12	0.63	0.01	340.67	108.67
2005-01	216.41	3.05	0.12	0.40	0.00	405.00	106.00
2005-01	234.70	3.05	0.12	0.70	0.01	796.00	34.00
2005-02	4.42	193.70	0.30	1.97	0.01	2,026.18	87.46
2005-03	7.92	34.75	0.13	1.04	0.01	1,048.45	15.34
2005-03	48.77	27.43	0.18	1.03	0.01	1,401.52	33.78
2005-03	82.30	97.53	0.26	1.46	0.02	1,917.19	57.30
2005-05	27.43	52.43	0.39	2.47	0.02	2,319.23	169.55
2005-06	3.66	148.74	0.18	1.60	0.01	1,224.18	45.37
2005-07	3.66	2.44	0.12	0.90	0.01	936.00	9.00
2005-07	15.24	6.10	0.12	0.60	0.01	961.50	23.50
2005-07	27.43	3.05	0.11	0.30	0.01	722.00	40.00
2005-07	36.58	18.28	0.12	0.40	0.01	943.27	32.00
2005-07	70.10	283.47	0.28	0.97	0.01	1,848.03	115.14
91-01	20.40	58.20	0.36	2.26	0.03	2,477.26	90.01
91-02	39.60	99.10	0.28	1.29	0.01	1,968.16	78.19
91-04	36.60	96.40	0.19	1.07	0.02	1,285.18	46.83
91-05	12.00	39.00	0.13	1.36	0.01	834.23	32.77
91-05	57.00	94.80	0.15	1.77	0.01	1,001.70	20.49
91-06	21.00	119.20	0.17	1.13	0.01	1,169.51	56.93
91-07	3.00	12.00	0.13	0.75	0.03	767.25	18.50
91-07	21.00	15.00	0.14	1.08	0.01	877.40	52.00
91-08	6.10	23.90	0.14	1.83	0.01	941.72	23.19
91-08	36.00	15.00	0.22	1.62	0.16	571.60	7.80
91-08	57.00	15.00	0.13	1.82	0.01	936.60	5.40
91-08	78.00	69.00	0.20	3.13	0.02	1,373.09	7.35
91-08	153.00	4.90	0.13	2.99	0.02	572.06	14.29
91-09	15.00	19.00	0.12	0.33	0.01	493.53	101.53
91-09	43.00	69.00	0.16	0.79	0.01	765.61	90.22
91-09	124.00	30.80	0.20	0.91	0.01	1,347.24	68.55
91P11	20.00	60.00	0.16	1.05	0.01	1,264.50	16.17
91P11	100.00	10.00	0.11	0.90	0.00	866.00	21.00
91P12	0.00	10.00	0.12	0.60	0.00	745.00	61.00
91P12	20.00	40.00	0.18	0.35	0.00	1,330.00	61.75
91P13	0.00	10.00	0.13	0.60	0.01	1,163.00	7.00
91P13A	100.00	20.00	0.10	0.40	0.00	809.50	24.00
91P13A	130.00	60.00	0.15	0.47	0.01	1,175.00	37.00
91P13A	200.00	10.00	0.11	0.40	0.01	901.00	12.00
91P14	30.00	10.00	0.11	1.60	0.00	832.00	6.00
91P14	60.00	10.00	0.12	0.40	0.00	996.00	14.00
91P14	100.00	10.00	0.11	0.20	0.05	643.00	9.00
91P14	120.00	30.00	0.12	0.30	0.00	1,071.67	13.67
91P14	160.00	60.00	0.15	0.35	0.00	1,215.83	26.50
91P16	0.00	40.00	0.16	0.25	0.01	872.25	91.50
91P16	50.00	20.00	0.13	0.30	0.01	733.50	72.00
91P16	90.00	130.00	0.27	0.68	0.00	1,439.85	172.92
91P17	80.00	20.00	0.14	0.25	0.00	530.50	131.50

91P17	110.00	20.00	0.11	0.10	0.03	435.00	72.00
91P21	10.00	40.00	0.25	1.05	0.01	1,892.00	55.75
91P21	60.00	10.00	0.14	0.40	0.00	945.00	56.00
91P21	80.00	20.00	0.16	0.50	0.00	1,270.50	29.50
91P21	110.00	100.00	0.28	1.07	0.00	2,090.10	85.60
W04	15.85	19.82	0.29	5.34	0.00	624.12	249.55
W04	42.68	14.64	0.21	3.51	0.00	349.39	203.79
W04	76.22	4.57	0.39	4.45	0.00	1,097.59	338.92
W04	94.51	1.53	0.22	4.46	0.01	300.00	191.80
W04	136.89	1.52	0.39	5.49	0.00	1,150.00	317.70
W04-11	6.10	64.76	0.34	1.79	0.01	2,359.35	104.33
W04-11	76.07	40.96	0.38	1.81	0.02	2,464.29	154.45
W04-12	6.10	121.91	0.30	1.99	0.01	2,017.11	97.77
W87-001	3.66	1.00	0.12	4.20	0.03	383.00	1.00
W87-001	77.85	2.85	0.13	2.35	0.06	475.15	4.51
W87-002	7.74	6.36	0.21	5.82	0.09	435.11	3.05
W87-002	35.97	4.03	0.16	5.36	0.08	145.77	1.97
W87-002	45.95	5.26	0.11	3.53	0.02	463.35	1.29
W87-003	11.58	1.18	0.76	32.90	0.25	825.00	2.00
W87-003	19.08	7.92	0.81	19.95	0.54	421.16	1.21
W87-003	39.21	13.79	0.23	6.54	0.10	496.95	2.73
W87-004	8.00	9.19	0.14	3.21	0.03	585.25	4.50
W87-004	42.06	4.14	0.18	3.40	0.08	641.29	2.01
W87-005	5.35	10.15	0.15	4.04	0.03	660.81	2.49
W87-005	24.68	64.52	0.19	4.23	0.07	655.13	8.47
W87-005	96.90	27.46	0.68	14.34	0.41	1,138.67	5.02
W87-006	0.00	18.86	0.16	3.18	0.09	320.01	0.82
W87-006	35.42	20.18	0.26	6.29	0.09	887.93	12.16
W87-006	61.12	6.13	0.11	2.08	0.02	572.17	13.66
W87-006	84.95	1.72	0.11	2.61	0.02	528.05	3.13
W87-006	95.75	2.20	0.43	8.10	0.32	264.00	1.00
W87-006	108.00	1.50	0.12	3.10	0.04	419.00	1.00
W87-006	114.00	1.50	0.13	3.40	0.04	457.00	2.00
W87-006	123.00	13.85	0.18	4.31	0.04	733.37	2.31
W87-007	9.00	3.55	0.61	24.92	0.23	551.22	0.65
W87-007	21.40	16.20	0.13	2.85	0.01	735.16	6.27
W87-007	59.87	5.51	0.56	12.76	0.31	997.16	7.39
W87-007	75.10	3.00	0.20	2.85	0.01	1,347.00	23.50
W87-008	29.76	3.82	0.15	3.52	0.10	144.97	3.30
W87-008	48.00	8.40	0.17	4.85	0.08	232.21	3.28
W87-008	61.66	19.60	0.20	4.44	0.03	1,069.24	1.95
W87-008	91.28	1.32	0.16	2.23	0.13	191.14	1.23
W87-008	112.17	1.13	0.13	2.27	0.02	789.72	1.25
W87-009	2.44	1.56	0.10	2.10	0.01	405.00	45.00
W87-009	10.00	1.50	0.13	2.40	0.02	659.00	22.00
W87-009	16.00	1.50	0.13	3.80	0.01	635.00	15.00
W87-009	29.47	11.48	0.12	2.90	0.02	563.76	7.05
W87-009	47.61	7.31	0.11	2.30	0.02	632.43	3.60
W87-009	66.54	1.12	0.10	1.00	0.01	790.00	3.00
W87-010	11.58	8.12	0.18	4.97	0.10	229.09	1.61
W87-010	39.72	8.44	0.32	10.09	0.10	912.83	2.12

W87-010	53.84	7.04	0.12	3.57	0.03	357.09	1.41
W87-010	69.49	16.70	0.25	6.35	0.12	508.39	3.29
W87-011	6.40	1.52	0.30	11.00	0.11	475.00	1.00
W87-011	16.60	12.66	0.27	7.37	0.06	1,143.31	1.35
W87-011	34.44	22.12	0.24	6.46	0.08	731.10	3.65
W87-011	74.36	2.45	0.11	2.16	0.02	533.96	6.22
W87-012	9.72	6.96	0.14	3.52	0.07	234.04	6.38
W87-012	25.20	62.45	0.12	1.49	0.02	775.77	9.24
W87-012	94.92	4.14	0.11	1.52	0.02	689.72	3.90
W87-013	3.87	118.35	0.16	2.17	0.03	984.54	9.68
W87-014	16.20	9.70	0.45	6.01	0.32	738.74	1.00
W87-014	41.28	7.79	0.17	3.88	0.09	320.45	1.19
W87-014	62.20	11.33	0.15	3.29	0.06	435.67	1.13
W87-015	1.64	2.02	0.19	6.00	0.06	470.00	9.00
W87-015	12.44	24.25	0.14	2.01	0.02	859.08	20.38
W87-015	44.87	1.21	0.14	1.30	0.02	676.00	56.00
W87-015	61.83	30.08	0.10	1.20	0.01	737.42	10.12
W87-101	9.00	31.54	0.21	4.92	0.14	179.73	1.44
W87-101	55.00	9.45	0.40	8.77	0.27	335.39	2.35
W87-102	7.17	1.33	0.18	4.50	0.12	127.00	1.00
W87-102	40.54	1.58	1.15	25.38	0.85	350.59	2.48
W87-102	54.61	13.36	0.73	16.64	0.53	251.68	1.82
W87-103	25.80	7.45	0.27	5.45	0.20	92.90	1.40
W87-103	50.82	9.43	0.84	17.29	0.63	312.95	1.81
W87-104	13.53	3.52	0.21	4.78	0.15	90.91	1.00
W87-104	28.35	2.45	0.19	7.99	0.08	65.90	1.61
W87-104	51.73	11.02	0.17	3.93	0.11	86.54	1.03
W87-105	17.68	9.87	0.17	4.88	0.10	85.20	1.22
W87-105	60.90	2.60	0.11	3.89	0.04	105.05	1.00
W87-105	67.22	1.03	0.31	1.60	0.31	93.00	1.00
W87-105	89.20	1.50	0.12	1.80	0.10	101.00	1.00
W87-105	100.00	1.85	5.76	152.88	3.80	1,983.00	3.14
W87-105	120.90	1.01	0.57	19.30	0.30	321.00	3.00
W87-105	137.30	1.38	0.22	2.20	0.20	66.00	2.00
W87-106	32.40	1.92	0.16	4.91	0.09	146.17	1.73
W87-106	46.00	1.43	0.17	6.10	0.08	109.00	1.00
W87-106	63.84	1.16	0.18	5.50	0.11	55.00	1.00
W87-106	71.47	5.56	0.43	16.41	0.19	332.42	1.36
W87-107	26.21	1.15	0.16	4.30	0.10	103.00	1.00
W87-107	36.25	1.24	0.66	26.00	0.31	211.00	1.00
W87-107	56.75	1.08	0.62	21.20	0.33	299.00	2.00
W87-107	99.97	4.63	0.20	5.80	0.11	197.93	1.33
W87-107	111.85	6.85	1.38	34.50	0.86	1,211.70	3.60
W87-108	12.75	6.35	0.10	1.43	0.08	90.57	1.23
W87-108	80.74	6.44	0.13	2.99	0.09	127.58	1.00
W87-108	99.79	2.32	0.55	13.21	0.37	397.06	1.00
W87-108	110.36	7.90	1.28	34.20	0.83	497.30	1.15
W87-109	16.28	1.36	0.11	1.50	0.09	73.00	1.00
W87-109	49.72	7.20	0.22	6.00	0.13	162.77	1.00
W87-109	78.09	1.36	0.16	10.90	0.00	73.00	1.00
W87-109	106.07	2.03	0.73	22.22	0.40	610.97	1.00

W87-109	120.65	5.20	0.42	11.93	0.25	249.31	1.13
W87-110	3.66	1.47	0.10	1.50	0.07	157.00	1.00
W87-110	28.19	11.40	0.64	24.55	0.31	188.25	1.51
W87-110	56.77	2.77	0.23	7.43	0.11	255.62	1.00
W87-110	118.40	8.85	0.44	12.84	0.26	244.48	1.75
W87-110	133.90	2.65	0.21	6.99	0.11	163.52	2.00
W87-401	3.10	35.16	0.75	15.83	0.54	474.87	1.01
W87-402	5.94	46.42	0.32	7.78	0.20	318.09	1.00
W87-402	69.78	1.52	0.11	2.70	0.06	177.00	3.00
W90-07	9.14	72.86	0.31	2.07	0.01	2,025.18	109.76
W90-08	17.90	2.10	0.24	1.80	0.01	1,866.00	22.00
W90-08	26.30	124.93	0.33	1.99	0.01	2,232.41	109.12
W90-09	10.50	172.83	0.25	1.31	0.01	1,597.01	92.20
W90-403	0.00	50.00	0.27	6.10	0.18	210.82	1.43
W90-404	25.00	24.27	0.31	7.05	0.19	356.86	0.00
W90-405	19.20	1.20	0.51	10.60	0.38	207.00	0.00
W90-405	32.00	29.75	0.42	8.20	0.32	187.64	0.00